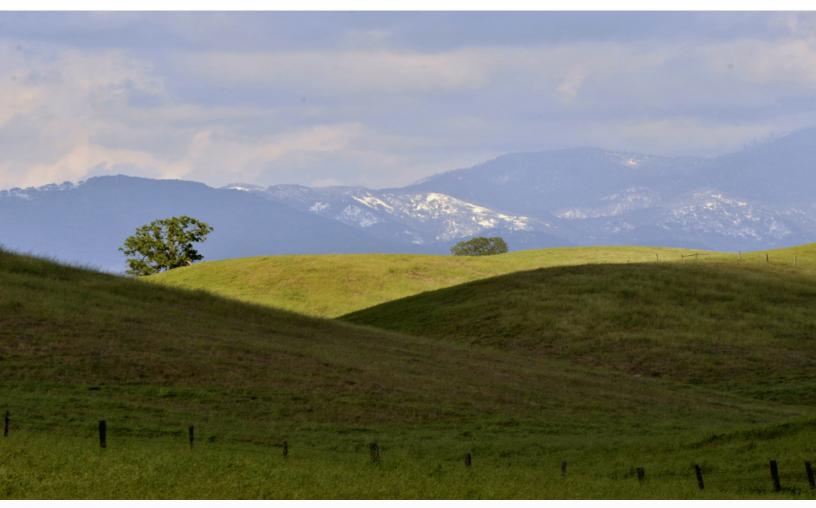


Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

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County of Tulare State of California

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COUNTY OF TULARE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Prepared for the Board of Supervisors by:

Rita A. Woodard
Tulare County Auditor-Controller

Under the Direction of:
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Chief of Financial Reporting and Audits

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL		Page
CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING	INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING	LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	2
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART		
LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS 8 FINANCIAL SECTION INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT. 10 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) 12 BASIC PINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position 22 Statement of Net Position 22 Statement of Activities 25 Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds 25 Balance Sheet 27 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 27 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 30 Proprictary Funds 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 32 Statement of Fiduciary Funds 33 Fiduciary Funds 34 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 35 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 35 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 36 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 37 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) 37 Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress 78 Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress 79 COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds 28 Combining Balance Sheet 88 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Cha		
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT		
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) 12	FINANCIAL SECTION	
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) 12	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	10
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position		
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position		
Statement of Net Position		
Statement of Activities		23
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		
Balance Sheet		
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 30 Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 31 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 32 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 33 Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 35 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 36 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 37 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association - Schedule of Funding Progress 78 Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress 79 COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Balance Sheet Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 82 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Balance Sheet Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 84 Combining Balance Sheet 85 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 87 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 88 RDA Successor Agency Housing 89 Library Fund 90 Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97		26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		
General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual		
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position		30
Statement of Net Position		
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position		31
Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.	32
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		35
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association - Schedule of Funding Progress		
Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association - Schedule of Funding Progress		,
Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress	e de la companya de	78
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet		
Combining Balance Sheet		
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		81
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet		
Combining Balance Sheet		
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 86 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 88 Indigent Health Fund 88 RDA Successor Agency Housing 89 Library Fund 90 Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97	J 1	84
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 88 Indigent Health Fund 88 RDA Successor Agency Housing 89 Library Fund 90 Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97		
Indigent Health Fund 88 RDA Successor Agency Housing 89 Library Fund 90 Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97		
RDA Successor Agency Housing 89 Library Fund 90 Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97		
Library Fund 90 Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97		
Fish and Game Fund 91 Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97	· ·	
Aviation Fund 92 Structural Fire Fund 93 Roads Fund 94 Workforce Investment Fund 95 Child Support Services Fund 96 Mental Health Realignment Fund 97		
Structural Fire Fund		
Roads Fund		
Workforce Investment Fund	Roads Fund	94
Child Support Services Fund		
Mental Health Realignment Fund		
	**	
	Health Realignment Fund	98

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Tobacco Settlement Revenue Fund. 100 Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority Fund 101 Flood Control Fund. 103 CDBG Grants Fund. 103 HOME Program Fund. 104 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds 104 Slatement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance 107 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 108 Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 106 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 108 Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 116 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 112 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds 116 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 112 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds 116 Combining Statement of Net Position 114 Combining Statement of Net Position 114 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 116 Internal Service Funds 116 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 118 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 119 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 120 Fiduciary Funds 120 Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities 122 Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds 125 Comparative Schedule by Source 125 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 126 Changes in Net Position and Activity 126 Changes in Pund Balances of Governmental Funds 133 Revenue Capacity 134 Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Payaers 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Property Tax Levies and Collections 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity 134 Capital Bandoyees by Function 144 Capital Bandoyees by Function 144 Capital Bandoyees by Function 144	Social Services Realignment Fund	99
Flood Control Fund. 102 CDBG Grants Fund. 103 HOME Program Fund. 104 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds 104 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance 107 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 108 Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 108 Balance Sheet 116 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 117 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 118 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 119 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 119 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 119 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 110 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 110 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position 114 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. 115 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. 116 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 116 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 117 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 118 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 119 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 112 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 112 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 112 Schedule by Function of Governmental Funds 112 Comparative Schedule by Source 112 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 112 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 112 Schedule of Changes of Governmental Funds 113 Changes in Fund Balances of		
CDBG Grants Fund.	Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority Fund	101
HOME Program Fund. 104	Flood Control Fund	102
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds 106	CDBG Grants Fund	
Balance Sheet	HOME Program Fund	104
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance 107 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual 108 Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 116 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 111 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual 112 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds 112 Combining Statement of Net Position 114 Combining Statement of Net Position 115 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 115 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 116 Internal Service Funds 116 Combining Statement of Net Position 118 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 119 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 119 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 119 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 120 Fiduciary Funds 120 Comparative Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities 122 Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds 125 Comparative Schedule by Source 125 Schedule by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 127 STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends 129 Funds Balances of Governmental Funds 133 Revenue Capacity 134 Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Principal Property Taxpayers 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity 134 Comparative and Collections 137 Debt Capacity 134 Ratios of Oustanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 140 Demographic and Economic Statistics 141 Principal Employees by Function 144 Operating Information 144	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual 112 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Combining Statement of Cash Flows Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Comparative Schedule by Source Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Comparative Schedule by Function and Activity STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Statement of Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds State Position by Component Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds State Position Security State Internal Security Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property June 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Frincipal Property Taxpayers Just Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Demographic and Economic Information Employees by Function 144 Operating Indicators by Function 144 Operating Indicators by Function	Balance Sheet	106
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet 110 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 111 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 112 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds 112 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds 114 Combining Statement of Net Position 114 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 115 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 116 Internal Service Funds 115 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 118 Combining Statement of Net Position 118 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position 119 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 120 Fiduciary Funds 120 Fiduciary Funds 120 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 120 Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities 122 Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds 120 Comparative Schedule by Source 125 Schedule by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 127 STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends 129 Changes in Net Position 130 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 131 Sevenue Capacity 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Principal Property Tax payers 134 Principal Property Tax payers 136 Principal Property Tax payers 136 Principal Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Poperty Tax Statistics 140 Penographic and Economic Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 144 Operating I	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	107
Balance Sheet	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	108
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	110
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	111
Combining Statement of Net Position	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	112
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows 116	Combining Statement of Net Position	114
Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	115
Combining Statement of Net Position	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	116
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows 120 Fiduciary Funds 122 Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities 122 Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds 125 Comparative Schedule by Source 125 Schedule by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 127 STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends 1 Net Position by Component 129 Changes in Net Position 136 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 132 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 133 Revenue Capacity 133 Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Principal Property Taxpayers 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity 138 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographics and Economic	Combining Statement of Net Position	118
Fiduciary Funds 122 Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities 122 Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds 125 Comparative Schedule by Source 125 Schedule by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 127 STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends Net Position by Component 129 Changes in Net Position 136 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 133 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 133 Revenue Capacity 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Taxalete 135 Principal Property Taxpayers 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographics and Economic Statistics 141 Principal Employers 142 Operating Information 142 Operating Information 143		
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities		120
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedule by Source		
Comparative Schedule by Source	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Schedule by Function and Activity 126 Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity 127 STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends Net Position by Component 129 Changes in Net Position 130 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 132 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 133 Revenue Capacity 134 Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Principal Property Taxpayers 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographics and Economic Information 140 Demographics and Economic Statistics 141 Principal Employees 142 Operating Information 143 Employees by Function 143 Operating Indicators by Function 144		
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	•	
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) Financial Trends Net Position by Component		
Financial Trends Net Position by Component	Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	127
Net Position by Component129Changes in Net Position130Fund Balances of Governmental Funds132Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds133Revenue Capacity134Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property134Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates135Principal Property Taxpayers136Property Tax Levies and Collections137Debt Capacity138Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type138Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt139Legal Debt Margin Information140Demographic and Economic Information140Demographics and Economic Statistics141Principal Employers142Operating Information142Employees by Function143Operating Information143Employees by Function144Operating Indicators by Function144	STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Changes in Net Position	Financial Trends	
Changes in Net Position	Net Position by Component	129
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		
Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Principal Property Taxpayers 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 141 Principal Employers 141 Principal Employers 142 Operating Information 142 Operating Information 143 Operating Indicators by Function 144		
Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property 134 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates 135 Principal Property Taxpayers 136 Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 141 Principal Employers 141 Principal Employers 142 Operating Information 142 Operating Information 143 Operating Indicators by Function 144	Revenue Capacity	
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property	134
Property Tax Levies and Collections 137 Debt Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 138 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt 139 Legal Debt Margin Information 140 Demographic and Economic Information 141 Principal Employers 141 Principal Employers 142 Operating Information 143 Operating Indicators by Function 143		
Debt Capacity Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	Principal Property Taxpayers	136
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	Property Tax Levies and Collections	137
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	Debt Capacity	
Legal Debt Margin Information	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	138
Demographic and Economic Information Demographics and Economic Statistics Principal Employers Operating Information Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function 143	Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	139
Demographics and Economic Statistics	Legal Debt Margin Information	140
Principal Employers		
Operating Information Employees by Function		
Employees by Function		142
Operating Indicators by Function		
·		
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	·	
± · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Capital Asset Statistics by Function	148

Introductory Section



AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/ TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR

CALIFORNIA

Rita A. Woodard COUNTY OF TULARE

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December 5, 2014

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Tulare County:

The comprehensive annual financial report for the County of Tulare (the County) for the year ended June 30, 2014, is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California (the State). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of the various funds and component units of the County. All disclosures necessary for an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included. Dollar amounts are expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted.

This comprehensive annual financial report has been prepared by the Department of the Auditor-Controller in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as set forth in the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We believe that the data, as presented, are accurate in all material respects, that they are presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and changes in financial position of the County as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The financial reporting entity includes all of the funds of the County, as well as its component units, including the Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District, the Tulare County Flood Control District, the Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation, the Tulare County Public Financing Authority, the Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority, and the First 5 Tulare County. Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

The County provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; health and sanitation services; social services; construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructures; recreational activities; and cultural events.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The County is a general law county created by the State Legislature in 1852. The County is located in the San Joaquin Valley. The Sierra Nevada mountain range provides its eastern boundary line. The County ranks seventh among California counties in land area. The County has a population of approximately 454,143 residents, and its County Seat, the City of Visalia, has a population of approximately 127,763.

California is the leader amongst the top 10 milk producing U.S. states, and Tulare County is the nation's number one ranking County with regard to total agriculture and livestock production. The County's total crop acreage is over 1.7 million acres. The climate of the County is such that it produces outstanding citrus crops. Among these crops, navel oranges are the most prominent with a total bearing acreage of 76,700. The highest valued crop, in the fruit and nut crop category, are grapes totaling just over \$984,000. Table grapes grown here are shipped worldwide, while other grapes are processed for wine making and raisins. The County is also famous for its olives, almonds, pistachio nuts, walnuts, plums, peaches, and nectarines, which account for hundreds of millions of dollars in farm income each year. The beef industry is an important component of the County's economy, as are turkey and hog production. The County's geographical location presents easy access to markets around the world for all commodities produced.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the year. The Board of Supervisors' (the Board) commitment to effectively serving the residents of the County is demonstrated by the following:

- The County will lead the charge to improve its goal for a better, healthier life through its own Health & Wellness Program and by implementing strategies under the California Community Transformation Initiative. In collaboration with the Tulare County Health Advisory Committee, the County has begun implementation of its plans for Tobacco Free Living, Healthy Eating and Active Living, and Healthy and Safe Physical Environments.
- Began the design and engineering phase for the construction of a new South County Detention Facility in Porterville. This project will cost approximately \$65,000, will be completed within five years, and will be a state of the art facility to provide additional housing of inmates in the southern portion of the County.
- Continued undertaking new projects to support improvements at Sequoia Field to facilitate future commercial development.
- Began the third and final phase of the Tulare Lake Basin Disadvantaged Community Water Study which included
 completing pilot projects and drafting the Final Report. The study is aimed at developing recommended solutions to
 water issues facing disadvantaged communities.
- Sponsored 10 Step Up community events in collaboration with the Tulare County Gang Prevention Task Force in the communities of Goshen, Ivanhoe, Porterville, Woodlake and newcomer Strathmore.
- Implemented the third annual Step Up Youth Challenge, a Youth Activities Grant Program that targeted the involvement of 21 Junior High and High schools throughout the County with \$30 in grants being awarded.
- Continued the Summer Night Lights Program aimed at curbing violence and other negative activities by keeping selected parks and recreational activities open on designated evenings throughout the summer. The program continued within the communities of Alpaugh, Allensworth, Cutler-Orosi, Dinuba, Porterville, Tulare, Visalia and Woodlake and expanded to include the communities of Earlimart, Exeter, Ivanhoe and Lindsay resulting in a 72% increase in attendance (20,341) over the 2013 season (11,837).
- Started the Step Up #LEAD (Leading, Educating, Advocating and Dedication) program in the community of Visalia for Junior and Senior high school students. The goal of the school-year long program is to inspire participants to learn the skills to become a mentor and leader within their communities.
- Approximately half of all County employees have completed the customer service training course including 93% of all managers and supervisors. Surveys indicate that 80% of participants feel the course is personally beneficial and 83% believe the course is beneficial for County employees.
- The Board, in conjunction with the County Administrative Office, advocate throughout the year for increased Superior Court funding and an equitable allocation of Assembly Bill 109 (AB 109) funding through the inclusion of relevant demographic data in future year calculations. The Governor's Office included supplemental Superior Court funding in the May Budget Revise. A revised AB 109 funding allocation formula is still pending.
- The Board held two workshops, on October 22, 2013 and June 3, 2014, to receive updates and consider options related to the enforcement of the Tulare County Ordinance Code pertaining to the cultivation and distribution of marijuana. Due to ongoing public safety concerns, the Board voted for a revision of the Ordinance Code to include a ban on all medical marijuana cultivation and dispensaries.

For the future. The Board continues to prioritize programs to effectively serve the needs of the residents of the County of Tulare, and the following projects are a demonstration of that commitment:

- Assess the current and long term facility and space needs of County departments. Identify available space in the County's
 current inventory, as well as the necessary development or acquisition of space to accommodate current and future needs.
 Transition the selected departments into the space currently occupied by the Tulare County Office of Education, which
 allows for additional space to be created in the County's inventory.
- Identify and begin the process of acquiring and/or developing property in Porterville for a long term solution to the County's criminal justice needs in that community.
- Finalize the funding approved by the State of California Board of State and Community Corrections for the County's Sequoia Field Program Facility to be funded by the SB 1022 Jail Construction Program.
- Finalize the design and engineering phase of the construction of a new Fire Station at the County's central yard facility south of Visalia.
- Continue to work with community partners to identify communities' water needs, propose feasible solutions, and work to secure funding from various state and federal sources.
- Expand the Summer Night Lights program to include the communities of Tipton and Pixley.
- Expand the Step Up #LEAD program to include the city of Tulare.
- Identify permanent office space for Porterville Justice Partners.

LONG - TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Local assessed property values for fiscal year 2014-2015 increased 5.1 percent above fiscal year 2013-2014; this will increase property tax revenues in the County. The budget was adopted reflecting an increase in property taxes when compared against fiscal year 2013-2014 actual revenues.

The County's Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a 10 year plan that identifies capital projects and equipment purchases, provides a planning schedule, and identifies options for financing the plan. For fiscal year 2014-2015, the capital projects fund adopted budget is \$29,037. Significant projects for fiscal year 2014-2015 include the remediation of toxic substances at Harmon Field Airport at \$4,715, the South County Detention Facility at \$3,500, improvements to the electrical system at Bartell Park in Porterville at \$600, and improvements to the restrooms at Balch Park at \$289.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments of management.

As a recipient of United States' Federal Government (Federal), State and local financial assistance, the County is also responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control structure that will ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the County.

As part of the County's single audit, tests were made of the County's internal control structure and of its compliance with applicable laws and regulations relating to Federal awards. Although this testing was not sufficient to support an opinion on the County's internal control system or its compliance with laws and regulations related to nonmajor Federal awards, the audit for the year ended June 30, 2014, disclosed no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations.

In addition, the County maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level which cannot be exceeded without action by the Board) is the fund level, with the exception of the general fund in which the legal level of control is the department level. The Administrative Officer may approve transfers of appropriations between expenditure appropriation classifications within the same budget unit.

The County utilizes an automated accounting system (Advantage Financial) maintained on the County's Client Server computers. The system allows the County to restrict each department's expenditures to the amount of the budgeted appropriation. Changes in budget appropriation must be approved by the Board as a transfer from contingency reserve, transfer from another budget unit, or as an appropriation of unanticipated or over realized revenue. Any unencumbered appropriation balances remaining at the end of the fiscal year automatically lapse except by approval of the County Administrative Officer (CAO). The fund balances along with projected revenues become available for appropriation in the following year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The financial records and transactions of the County and its blended component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, have been audited by Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation and their opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report.

In addition, the County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to the single audit (including a schedule of expenditures of Federal awards), the independent auditor's reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in a separately issued single audit report.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the eighteenth consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Auditor-Controller's Office, as well as the efforts and input of every department of the County, and by Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation for their professional assistance. Each participating member has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. Finally, we would like to thank the Board for its continued efforts in planning and conducting the County's financial operations in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

JEAN M. ROUSSEAU
County Administrative Officer

Jean M. Roesseur

RITA A. WOODARD

Auditor-Controller / Treasurer-Tax Collector



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

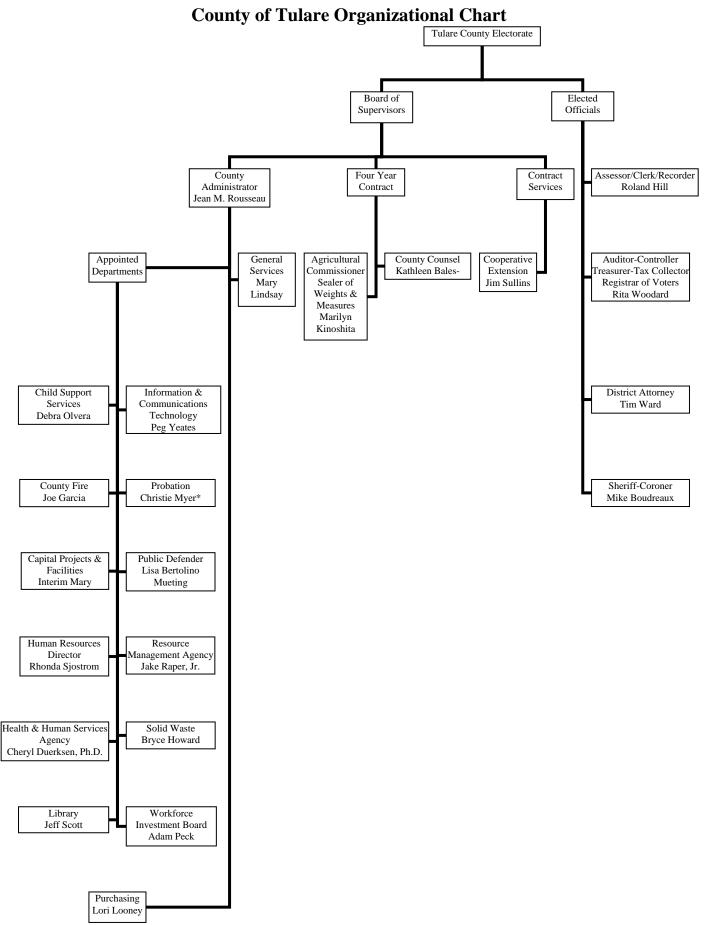
County of Tulare California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2013

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Executive Director



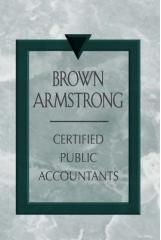
^{*}Appointed by Tulare County Superior Court

COUNTY OF TULARE List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2014

Department/Agency/District	Elected Official
Assessor/Clerk-Recorder	Roland P. Hill
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector/Elections	Rita A Woodard
Board of Supervisors District No. 1	
Exeter, Farmersville, Lindcove, Lindsay, Poplar,	Their Ishida
Strathmore, Three Rivers, (Part) Visalia, and Woodville	
Board of Supervisors District No. 2	Pete Vander Poel
Allensworth, Alpaugh, Earlimart, Pixley, Tipton	
Tulare, and Waukena	
Board of Supervisors District No. 3	Phillip Cox, Chairman
Visalia	r
Board of Supervisors District No. 4	J. Steven Worthley, Vice Chairman
Badger, Cutler, Dinuba, Goshen, Ivanhoe, Orosi,	
Traver, (Part) Visalia, and Woodlake	
Board of Supervisors District No. 5	Mike Ennis
Camp Nelson, Ducor, Kennedy Meadows,	
Poplar-Cotton Center, Porterville, Posey, Richgrove	
Springville, and Terra Bella	
District Attorney	Timothy Ward
Sheriff-Coroner	
Department/Agency	Appointed Official
Agricultural Commissioner	Marilyn Kinoshita
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim)
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D.
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology Law Library	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates Anne Bernardo
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology Law Library Library Probation	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates Anne Bernardo Jeff Scott Christie Myer
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology Law Library Library Probation Public Defender	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates Anne Bernardo Jeff Scott Christie Myer Lisa Bertolino Mueting
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology Law Library Library Probation Public Defender Purchasing	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates Anne Bernardo Jeff Scott Christie Myer Lisa Bertolino Mueting Lori Looney
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology Law Library Library Probation Public Defender Purchasing Solid Waste	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates Anne Bernardo Jeff Scott Christie Myer Lisa Bertolino Mueting Lori Looney Bryce Howard
Agricultural Commissioner Child Support Services Capital Projects and Facilities Cooperative Extension County Administrative Office County Counsel Fire Protection Services General Services Grand Jury Health & Human Services Agency Human Resources & Development Information Technology Law Library Library Probation Public Defender Purchasing	Marilyn Kinoshita Debra Olvera Mary Lindsay (Interim) Jim Sullins Jean M. Rousseau Kathleen Bales-Lange Joe Garcia Mary Lindsay Milton D. Morrison, Foreman Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D. Rhonda Sjostrom Peg Yeates Anne Bernardo Jeff Scott Christie Myer Lisa Bertolino Mueting Lori Looney Bryce Howard Jake Raper Jr.

Financial Section





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REGISTERED with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and MEMBER of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Tulare, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Tulare, California, (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the First 5 Tulare County, which represents 100 percent of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit for the fiscal year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the First 5 Tulare County, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2014, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 65, 66, 67, and 70 during the fiscal year 2014. Among these new GASB Statements, GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, had a significant impact over the County's financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2014, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Grown Armstrong Secountaincy Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 5, 2014

As management of the County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,840,557 (net position). Of this amount, \$92,963 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$15,847.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$258,679, an increase of \$16,084 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 28.5% of this amount, \$73,687, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed, assigned*, and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the general fund was \$77,164, or approximately 13.8% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's total outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$10,609 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's Basic Financial Statements. The County's Basic Financial Statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to basic financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, and Culture and Recreation. The business-type activities of the County include Solid Waste, Transit, and many sewer and water operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also six legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable. Financial information for five of these *blended component units* is combined with the financial information presented for the primary government itself. First 5 Tulare County is a *discretely presented component unit*.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the Basic Financial Statements section following the Management's Discussion and Analysis of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation, and the Tulare County Public Financing Authority, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 19 governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found following the government-wide financial statements in the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Solid Waste, Transit, and many sewer and water operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its central services, such as mailroom, print shop, and motor pool and insurance coverage. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Solid Waste, which is considered to be a major fund of the County. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the fund financial statements section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County maintains three different types of fiduciary funds. The *Investment trust funds* are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity. The *Private-Purpose trust fund* is used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Tulare County

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency). The *Agency funds* are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the fund financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements can be found following the fund financial statements of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the Basic Financial Statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *Required Supplementary Information (RSI)* concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to its employees. RSI can be found immediately following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, and capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds are presented immediately following the Required Supplementary Information of this report.

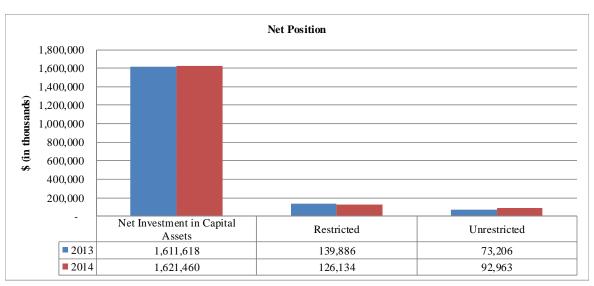
GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,840,557 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion (\$1,621,460) of the County's net position (88.1%) for the current year reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and vehicles), less any related, outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (\$126,134) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used (*restricted net position*). The remaining balance of \$92,963 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



Key elements of the County's calculation of net position for both governmental activities and business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

Net Position June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands)

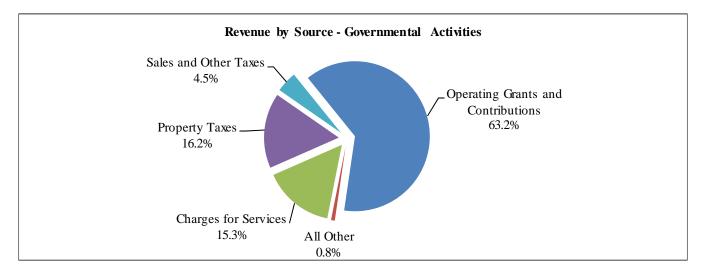
	Government	tal Ac	tivities	Business-ty	pe Acti	vities	To	tal	
	2014		2013	2014		2013	2014		2013
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$ 425,222	\$	495,028	\$ 57,788	\$	54,205	\$ 483,010	\$	549,233
Capital assets	1,611,746		1,609,943	26,955		28,710	1,638,701		1,638,653
Total assets	2,036,968		2,104,971	84,743		82,915	2,121,711		2,187,886
Liabilities:									
Long-term liabilities	128,057		130,101	42,237		41,536	170,294		171,637
Other liabilities	92,896		190,673	947		866	93,843		191,539
Total liabilities	220,953		320,774	43,184		42,402	264,137		363,176
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue	17,017		-	_		-	17,017		-
Total deferred inflows of resources:	17,017		-			-	17,017		-
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	1,595,822		1,584,261	25,638		27,357	1,621,460		1,611,618
Restricted	121,118		134,870	5,016		5,016	126,134		139,886
Unrestricted	82,058		65,066	10,905		8,140	 92,963		73,206
Total net position	\$ 1,798,998	\$	1,784,197	\$ 41,559	\$	40,513	\$ 1,840,557	\$	1,824,710

Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

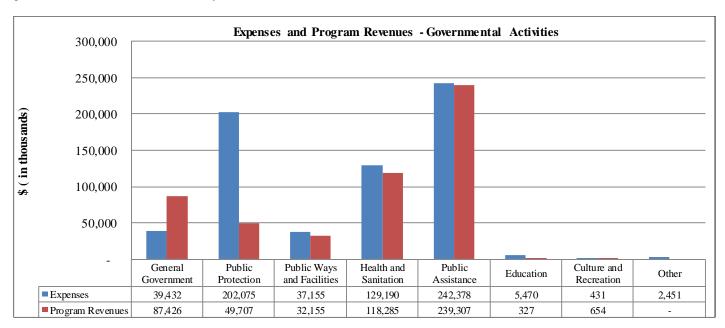
	 Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	 Business-ty	pe Acti	ivities		To	otal	
	2014		2013	2014		2013		2014		2013
Revenues:										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 103,140	\$	98,798	\$ 10,325	\$	9,820	\$	113,465	\$	108,618
Operating grants and contributions	424,721		421,514	3,270		504		427,991		422,018
Capital grants and contribution	-		6	-		-		-		6
General Revenues:										
Property taxes	109,266		107,101	-		-		109,266		107,101
Sales and other taxes	30,524		31,951	2,084		2,328		32,608		34,279
Other	 5,467		7,438	660		163		6,127		7,601
Total revenues	 673,118		666,808	16,339		12,815		689,457		679,623
Expenses:										
General government	39,432		42,343	-		-		39,432		42,343
Public protection	202,075		190,904	-		-		202,075		190,904
Public ways and facilities	37,155		33,767	-		-		37,155		33,767
Health and sanitation	129,190		124,681	-		-		129,190		124,681
Public assistance	242,378		228,148	-		-		242,378		228,148
Education	5,470		5,112	-		-		5,470		5,112
Culture and recreation	431		329	-		-		431		329
Unallocated depreciation	511		520	-		-		511		520
Interest expense	1,940		1,990	-		-		1,940		1,990
Solid waste	-		-	10,873		10,812		10,873		10,812
Water/Sewer services	-		-	1,046		992		1,046		992
Transit	-		-	3,029		2,813		3,029		2,813
Other business-type activities			_	 80		39		80		39
Total expenses	658,582		627,794	 15,028		14,656		673,610		642,450
Change in net position before extraordinary										
items and transfers	14,536		39,014	1,311		(1,841)		15,847		37,173
Transfers	265		378	(265)		(378)				
Hansiers	203		378	 (203)		(376)	_		_	
Change in net position	14,801		39,392	1,046		(2,219)		15,847		37,173
Net position, July 1	1,784,197		1,744,805	40,513		42,732		1,824,710		1,787,537
Net position, June 30	\$ 1,798,998	\$	1,784,197	\$ 41,559	\$	40,513	\$	1,840,557	\$	1,824,710

The County's overall net position increased \$15,847 during the year ended June 30, 2014. The dominant factor was an approximate \$4,847 increase in Charges for Services.

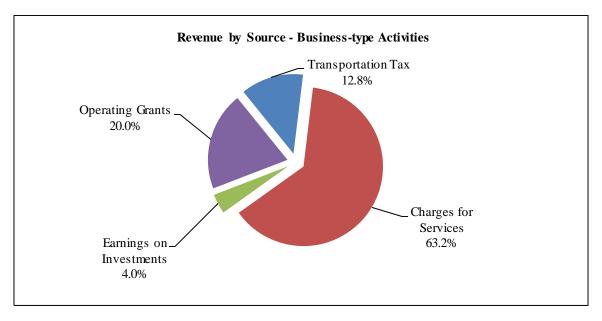
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$14,801 to \$1,784,197 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Charges for Services revenue increased by \$4,342, and General Government expenses decreased by \$3,066. Also, due to contractions in the economy, the County has responded by cutting back on all other general expenses, which is why the reverse effect is realized on total net position. Key elements of revenues in governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014, are as follows:



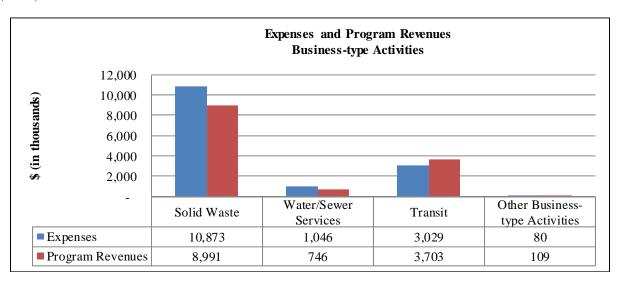
Whereas most governmental activities require some general revenues to cover costs in excess of program revenues, the largest segment of uncovered costs are in the area of public protection. A comparison of expenses and program revenues for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:



Business-type Activities. The net position of business-type activities increased by 2.5%, or \$1,046, to \$41,559, which indicates these activities did generate revenues sufficient to cover the cost of operations. Contributing factors are increases in Operating Grants and Contributions of \$2,766. The largest source of business-type revenue continues to be Charges for Services, which represents 63.2% of all business-type activities revenue.



Total fee revenues for Solid Waste, which represents 87.1% of Charges for Services for business-type activities, represent a smaller percentage of revenues compared with the prior year – continuing a 10-year trend. Solid Waste continues to have a disparity between expenses of \$10,873 and fee revenue of \$8,991, which is primarily due to an unchanging fee structure and steadily rising expenses. A comparison of expenses and program revenues for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:



Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Board.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$258,679, an increase of \$16,084 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 28.5% of the total fund balances, or \$73,687, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$1,419), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$159,380), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$4,980), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$19,213).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$76,284 while total fund balance reached \$111,706. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 13.6% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 20.0% of that same amount.

Spending from the general fund increased by \$26,585, or 5.0%. Contributing factors include an 8.1%, or \$12,586 increase in spending for Public Protection primarily due to an increase in Sheriff's salaries. There also was a \$5,483, or 4.5% increase in Health and Sanitation due to medical services provided and an increase in workers' compensation. Public Assistance spending increased by \$15,800, or 7.3% due to receiving additional State Aid funds that were passed on to aid recipients.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position of all proprietary funds was \$52,659, with \$41,559 of that in enterprise funds. Of the \$41,559 in enterprise funds, 69.4%, or \$28,855 was in Solid Waste. There was a reduction of \$1,516, or 5.0%, of the prior year net position of Solid Waste. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. The total change between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$20, or .10%. Primarily these changes were not significant. The most notable change was an increase of \$253 in the public assistance function.

Final budget compared to actual results. The variance between the final budget and actual revenue resulted in a decrease of \$21,229. The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

	Final		
Revenues Source	Budget	Actual Revenues	Difference
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 106,147	\$ 116,371	\$ 10,224
Intergovernmental revenues	355,848	323,124	(32,724)
Charges for services	72,468	59,276	(13,192)
Other revenues	6,733	15,800	9,067

• Taxes and special assessments revenue was higher than anticipated due to an increase in assessed property values as well as the redistribution of excess Redevelopment Agency (RDA) funds.

COUNTY OF TULARE Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

- Intergovernmental revenues were less than expected due to the State's realignment of the Mental Health Managed Care program and Early Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) program as well as the elimination of the vehicle license fee.
- Charges for services revenue declined due to a delay in payment from the State for Medi-Cal and Healthy Families claims.
- Other revenues increased primarily due to a fluctuation in Health and Human Services caseloads and repayments.

The variance between the final budget and actual expenditures resulted in \$89,214 of unspent appropriations. The most significant differences are as follows:

- Public protection expenditures decreased by \$15,696 due to unfilled positions in the Probation, District Attorney, and Sheriff departments.
- Health and sanitation expenditures decreased by \$44,099 due to fewer clients and unfilled positions.
- Public assistance expenditures decreased by \$14,236 due to fewer client services offered in Health and Public Health programs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at current year-end amounts to \$1,638,701 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, and some construction in progress and infrastructure in progress. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was less than 1%.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in thousands)

	Government	tal Activ	rities	Business-type	e Activi	ties	To	tal	
	2014		2013	2014		2013	2014		2013
Land	\$ 934,604	\$	911,450	\$ 6,726	\$	6,726	\$ 941,330	\$	918,176
Infrastructure	420,502		404,271	-		-	420,502		404,271
Buildings and improvements	128,562		133,066	15,709		17,153	144,271		150,219
Equipment and vehicles	22,995		21,176	4,520		4,831	27,515		26,007
Construction in progress	6,808		744	-		-	6,808		744
Infrastructure in progress	 98,275		139,236	 _		-	 98,275		139,236
Total	\$ 1,611,746	\$	1,609,943	\$ 26,955	\$	28,710	\$ 1,638,701	\$	1,638,653

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- South County Detention Facility Project totaled \$2,376 for the year.
- New Mental Health Facility Project totaled \$1,986 for the year.
- Purchased infrastructure equipment, such as tractors, for a total of \$238.
- Purchased vehicles for public safety departments at a cost of \$2,151.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note IV.E. of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding debt of \$54,616. Of this amount, 23.5% (\$12,835) comprises debt for Certificates of Participation (COPs) issued by the Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Another 68.4% (\$37,382) is the outstanding balance of Variable Rate Demand Bonds issued by the Tulare County Public Financing Authority to provide financing for future acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The remaining balance is for loans used for new equipment and vehicles used in the general operations of the County.

Outstanding Debt (in thousands)

	 Governmen	tal Acti	vities	Business-ty	pe Acti	vities	 1	otal	
	2014 2013 2014 2013		2013	2014		2013			
Loans	\$ 4,399	\$	9,332	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,399	\$	9,332
Variable Rate Demand Bonds	37,375		38,190	7		7	37,382		38,197
Certificates of Participation	 11,525		16,350	1,310		1,346	 12,835		17,696
Total	\$ 53,299	\$	63,872	\$ 1,317	\$	1,353	\$ 54,616	\$	65,225

The overall decrease of current fiscal year outstanding debt of the County over the prior fiscal year is \$10,609 (16.3%). The largest reductions occurred with payments of \$4,933 against the Loans and \$4,861 paid on the COPs.

The County maintains a long-term credit rating of A1 Issuer (General Obligation equivalent) by Moody's Investors Service.

Constitutional Amendment XIIIA, passed by a vote of the people and effective July 1, 1978, prohibits the County from raising ad valorem property taxes above 1% of full cash value. Thus, the legal debt margin (\$357,621) is 1.25% of assessed valuation (\$28,609,710). As of June 30, 2014, the County had no tax supported general obligation bonded debt outstanding.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note IV.K. of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The following economic factors currently affect the County and were considered in developing the 2014/15 fiscal year budget:

- The County's economy is stabilizing and rebounding from the "Great Recession" of 2008, which is reflected in the improvement of the County's finances. The downward spiral in Fiscal Year 2008/09 caused the decline in the housing market, the closing of local retail businesses, a reduction in sales tax, and an increase to the County's unemployment rate. The County is now showing improvement in those areas and a strong carryover fund balance is allowing the County to pay down debt, cover a variety of one-time appropriations, and increase general fund reserves by \$2 million. The County's assessed valuation has increased (2.987%) for Fiscal Year 2013/14 when compared to Fiscal Year 2012/13. Current unemployment rate of 11.6% is an improvement from last year's rate of 13.4%, showing a decrease of 1.8%. State and local sales tax revenues are recovering at a rate of around 10%, which comprise approximately of 24% of the County's discretionary revenue.
- The Governor's Fiscal Year 2013/14 State Budget shows California in its most stable footing in over a decade and expected to continue on its current growth pace. Due to tough spending cuts/reductions, a recovering California economy, and temporary revenues provided to the State from Proposition 30 the budget is projected to remain balanced. However, unforeseeable uncertainties, liabilities, and substantial risks remain. These uncertainties, risks, and reductions that impact the County include:
 - o The State projected a downward revision in the short-term economic outlook due to recent Federal actions to not extend the 2% payroll tax reduction.
 - Medi-Cal health care program is experiencing higher cost due to Federal and court actions. Federal health care reform will significantly expand this coverage. This will impact counties by shifting funds and shifting more financial responsibility for certain human services programs.

- O California's current recovery status is uncertain and projected forecasts in Fiscal Year 2013/14 have dimmed due to Federal actions that have slowed the pace of the State's economic growth. These uncertainties, coupled with State actions that are set to begin with the Governor's Budget for Fiscal Year 2014/15 and the severe drought condition that has plagued California could cause the current recovery to fail and begin to reverse direction. Counties that are agricultural based economies, such as Tulare County, are impacted especially hard by the drought, because water generates jobs, produces crops and other agricultural industries, and grows an overall healthy agricultural economy.
- The County is moving forward guardedly. The County has negotiated a 3% salary increase with certain bargaining units and unrepresented employees that had expired contracts, and gave targeted increases to specific classifications. The County's general revenue, sometimes referred to as discretionary revenue has increased as mentioned above due to increases in property taxes, State sales taxes, and local sales taxes. The State's economic and budget outlook over its multi-year plan is optimistic but the potential risks and uncertainties are still a concern for the County.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those interested in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Auditor-Controller's Office, 221 S. Mooney Blvd., Suite 101-E, Visalia, CA 93291. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Tulare for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, can also be found at the County's website: www.co.tulare.ca.us/government/auditor/finrpt.

Basic Financial Statements

COUNTY OF TULARE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Primary Governme	nt	Component Unit
	Governmenta	l Business-type		First 5 Tulare
	Activities	Activities	Total	County
ASSETS				
Cash in banks	\$ 95		\$ 342	\$ 153
Investment in treasury pool	291,017	- 2	301,951	8,387
Investments	8,906		8,906	-
Cash on hand	500		500	-
Imprest cash	77	7 3	80	-
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				
Accounts	6,266		7,724	1,008
Taxes	1,973	-	1,973	-
Deposits with others	25.100		- 25.452	6
Due from other governments	35,108		35,452	-
Internal balances	889	` '	-	-
Prepaid items	1,034		1,034	34
Notes receivable	18,283		18,283	-
Inventories	435		435	-
Lease payments receivable, net of interest	297		297	-
Restricted assets	60,342		106,033	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	1,039,687	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,046,413	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	572,059		592,288	-
Total assets	2,036,968	84,743	2,121,711	9,588
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	30,533	826	31,359	1,345
Due to other governments	17,601	-	17,601	-
Deposits from others	432	2 8	440	-
Salaries and benefits payable	11,263	3 113	11,376	13
Advances	32,827	7 -	32,827	-
Interest payable	240)	240	-
Total current liabilities	92,896	5 947	93,843	1,358
Noncurrent liabilities - Due within one year:				
Claims payable	7,099	-	7,099	-
Compensated absences	1,521	1 9	1,530	-
Loans payable	461	-	461	-
Bonds payable	915	5 1	916	-
COPs payable	5,065	5 37	5,102	-
Noncurrent liabilities - Due in more than one year:				
Claims payable	28,510) -	28,510	-
Net OPEB obligation	13,851	-	13,851	-
Compensated absences	19,062	2 220	19,282	22
Closure/post closure costs payable		40,691	40,691	
Accrued remediation costs	4,715	-	4,715	-
Loans payable	3,938	-	3,938	-
Bonds payable	36,460) 6	36,466	-
COPs payable	6,460	1,273	7,733	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	128,057		170,294	22
Total liabilities	220,953	3 43,184	264,137	1,380
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	17,017		17,017	
Total deferred inflows of resources	17,017	7	17,017	-
				Continued

COUNTY OF TULARE Statement of Net Position (continued) June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type	,	First 5 Tulare
	Activities	Activities	Total	County
NET POSITION	<u> </u>			•
Net investment in capital assets	1,595,822	25,638	1,621,460	-
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Debt service	32,073	-	32,073	-
Roads projects	25,760	-	25,760	-
Low & moderate income housing	19	-	19	-
Public protection	16,133	-	16,133	-
Education	2,334	-	2,334	-
Health and sanitation	30,694	-	30,694	-
Public assistance	7,737	-	7,737	-
Landfill ground water contingencies	-	5,016	5,016	-
Other purposes	6,368	-	6,368	-
Unrestricted	82,058	10,905	92,963	8,208
Total net position	\$ 1,798,998	\$ 41,559	\$ 1,840,557	\$ 8,208

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

					Progr	ram Revenues			Net (Expense) R	evenue	and Change	s in Ne	et Position		ponent Init
Functions / Programs:	E	Expenses		narges for services		rating Grants	Capital Grants and Contributions	(overnmental Activities		ness-type tivities		Total		5 Tulare unty
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$	39,432	\$	24,138	\$	63,288	\$ -	\$	47,994	\$	-	\$	47,994	\$	_
Public protection		202,075		23,741		25,966	-		(152,368)		-		(152,368)		_
Public ways and facilities		37,155		3,599		28,556	-		(5,000)		-		(5,000)		-
Health and sanitation		129,190		42,588		75,697	-		(10,905)		-		(10,905)		-
Public assistance		242,378		8,566		230,741	-		(3,071)		-		(3,071)		-
Education		5,470		202		125	-		(5,143)		-		(5,143)		-
Culture and recreation		431		306		348	-		223		-		223		-
Unallocated depreciation		511		-		-	-		(511)		-		(511)		-
Interest expense		1,940		-					(1,940)		-		(1,940)		-
Total governmental activities		658,582		103,140		424,721	-		(130,721)		-		(130,721)		-
Business-type activities:															
Solid waste		10,873		8,991		46	-		-		(1,836)		(1,836)		_
Water/Sewer services		1,046		746		_	_		_		(300)		(300)		_
Transit		3,029		479		3,224	_				674		674		-
Other business-type activities		80		109			_				29		29		_
Total business-type activities		15,028		10,325		3,270	-		-		(1,433)		(1,433)		-
Total primary government	\$	673,610	\$	113,465	\$	427,991	\$ -	\$	(130,721)	\$	(1,433)	\$	(132,154)	\$	-
								_							
Component unit:															
First 5 Tulare County	\$	5,680	\$	-	\$	5,519	\$ -								(161)
Total component unit	\$	5,680	\$	-	\$	5,519	\$ -								(161)
	(General reve	miles.												
		Taxes:	nucs.												
			v taxes.	levied for ge	neral p	urnoses			97,244		_		97,244		_
		•		levied for flo	•	•			525		-		525		
		•		levied for fir					7,762		_		7,762		_
		•		levied for lib	•				3,735				3,735		
		-	nd other		rar y				30,524		2.084		32,608		
		Earnings							1,517		660		2,177		105
		Miscellan		unents					1,517		000		2,177		6
				nt revenues					3,894				3,894		0
		Extinguisl							(183)		-		(183)		
				of capital asse	ote				239		_		239		
	т	Transfers	ырозаі (n capitai asst					265		(265)		- 439		-
	,		eral reve	nues and trar	sfers				145,522		2,479		148,001		111
		Change ir						_	14,801		1,046	_	15,847	_	(50)
			sition, Ju						1,784,197		40,513		1,824,710		8,258
		•	sition, Ju	•				\$	1,798,998	\$	41,559	\$	1,840,557	\$	8,208
		rice po	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	50				Ψ	1,770,770	Ψ	11,007	Ψ	1,010,557	Ψ	3,200

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

ASSETS	Ge	neral Fund	ic Facilities rporation	Public Financi Authority	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash in banks	\$	94	\$	\$	- \$	1	\$	95
Investment in treasury pool	Ť	168,340	92	T		77,690	_	246,122
Investments		-	5,794	3,1	12	-		8,906
Imprest cash		76	-	-,	_	1		77
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Accounts		3,754	-			2,501		6,255
Taxes		1,973	-		-	-		1,973
Due from other funds		1,825	-		-	360		2,185
Due from other governments		27,363	-		-	7,636		34,999
Prepaid items		395			_	589		984
Advances to other funds		880	-		-	-		880
Notes receivable		-	-		-	18,283		18,283
Inventories		-	-		-	435		435
Lease payments receivable, net of interest		-	-			297		297
Restricted assets		-	-	55,6	27	4,715		60,342
Total assets	\$	204,700	\$ 5,886	\$ 58,7	39 \$	112,508	\$	381,833
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	23,840	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	4,581 1,762	\$	28,421 2,122
Due to other governments		17,493	8		-	100		17,601
Deposits from others		375	57		-	-		432
Salaries and benefits payable		9,449	-		-	1,175		10,624
Advances		30,072	-		-	2,755		32,827
Advances from other funds		2,360			<u>-</u>	-		2,360
Total liabilities		83,949	65		-	10,373		94,387
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		9,045	 			19,722		28,767
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,045	 -		-	19,722		28,767
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		395	-		-	1,024		1,419
Restricted		34,147	5,820	55,2		64,174		159,380
Committed		880	-		-	4,100		4,980
Assigned		-	1	3,5)()	15,712		19,213
Unassigned		76,284	-			(2,597)		73,687
Total fund balances	<u> </u>	111,706	 5,821	58,7		82,413	_	258,679
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	204,700	\$ 5,886	\$ 58,7	39 \$	112,508	\$	381,833

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	258,679
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental			
funds.			
Those assets, including those reported in internal service funds, consist of:			
Land	\$	934,604	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$78,297 accumulated depreciation	Ψ	128,562	
Equipment and vehicles, net of \$58,357 accumulated depreciation		22,995	
Infrastructure, net of \$268,499 accumulated depreciation		420,502	
Construction in progress		6,808	
Infrastructure in progress		98,275	
Total capital assets		, ,,,,,,,	1.611.746
The future revenue resulting from a direct financing lease between the County (as lessor) and the City of Dinuba for the			2,022,710
Courthouse/Police Station is categorized as deferred for the fund statements, but is recognized for the government-wide			
statements.			574
The future revenue resulting from the delay in reimbursements from the State for mandated programs (SB-90) is categorized as			
deferred for fund statements because the funds will not be available for more than one year.			5,265
			1, 11
Tobacco Settlement revenue, delinquent property tax penalties, and delinquent code violation fines are categorized as deferred			
inflows of resources for fund statements because the revenues will not be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.			
However, the revenue is recognized for the government-wide statements.			5,855
Ag. Commissioner deferred inflows of resources from farmer fees; revenues were already recognized in government-wide			2,000
statements in prior year.			56
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period and,			
accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is			
recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. Balances, including those			
reported in internal service funds, at June 30 are:			
Accrued interest on debt		(240)	
Loans payable		(4,399)	
Bonds payable		(37,375)	
COPs payable		(11,525)	
Claims payable		(35,609)	
Accrued remediation cost		(4,715)	
Net OPEB obligation		(13,851)	
Compensated absences		(20,583)	
Total long-term liabilities			(128,297)
The pension assets resulting from contributions in excess of the Annual Required Contribution in fiscal year ended June 30,			, , ,
1997 are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of various central services to individual funds. The assets			
(except capital assets included above) and liabilities (except long-term liabilities included above) of the internal service funds			
are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			45.163
· ·			45,120
Total net position of governmental activities		\$	1,798,998

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

DEVENUEC	Ge	neral Fund	Fac	ublic cilities coration	Fina	iblic incing hority	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments	\$	116,371	\$	_	\$	_	\$	23,419	\$	139,790
Licenses and permits	Ψ	10,371	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	19	Ψ	10,514
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		6,655		_		_		2,546		9,201
Interest, rents and concessions		3,703		43		267		1,338		5,351
Intergovernmental revenues		323,124		2		207		103,361		426,487
Charges for services		59,276		_				3,938		63,214
Other revenues		15,800		-		_		4,627		20,427
Total revenues		535,424		45	-	267		139,248		674,984
EXPENDITURES Current:										,
General government		24,308		_		_		4,584		28,892
Public protection		168,787				_		26,773		195,560
Public ways and facilities		100,707		_		_		22,167		22,167
Health and sanitation		126,496		_		_		1,116		127,612
Public assistance		232,818		_		_		8,020		240,838
Education Debt service:		1,109		-		-		4,079		5,188
Principal retirement		-		4,840		815		5,117		10,772
Interest and fiscal charges		280		726		228		925		2,159
Capital outlay		5,545		-		-		20,796		26,341
Total expenditures		559,343		5,566		1,043		93,577		659,529
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	_	(23,919)		(5,521)		(776)		45,671		15,455
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of general capital assets		239		-		-		-		239
Transfers in		70,714		5,522		3,893		37,212		117,341
Transfers (out)		(31,813)		-		(2,500)		(82,638)		(116,951)
Total other financing sources (uses)		39,140		5,522		1,393		(45,426)		629
Net change in fund balances		15,221		1		617		245		16,084
Fund balances, July 1		96,485		5,820		58,122		82,168		242,595
Fund balances, June 30	\$	111,706	\$	5,821	\$	58,739	\$	82,413	\$	258,679

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		\$	16,084
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense differs from capital outlay expenditures in the current period.			
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Combined adjustment	\$ 26,34		2,287
Governmental funds report proceeds or losses from the sale of capital assets as revenues when received. However, in the statement of activities, proceeds of the sale must be offset by the book value of the asset sold (or otherwise disposed of) to determine a gain or loss on disposition. This is the book value of the capital assets sold in the current period.			(911)
Governmental funds report the future resources as the result of a direct financing lease between the County (as lessor) and the City of Dinuba for the Courthouse/Police Station as a deferred inflows of resources until received. However, for the government-wide statements, the revenue was recognized upon the signing of the direct financing lease agreement. Therefore, subsequent receipt of previously recognized revenue is not recognized in the government-wide statements.			(368)
Governmental funds report the future resources as the result of delayed collection of reimbursements from the State for mandated programs (SB-90) as a deferred inflows of resources because the delay will exceed one year. However, for government-wide statements, the revenue is recognized when earned.			(42)
Neighborhood Stabilization Program's future program revenues meet the revenue recognition for the government-wide statement, but not for the fund statements.			(233)
To account for the remediation cost for Harmon. Tobacco Settlement revenue, delinquent property tax penalties, and delinquent code violation fines are categorized as deferred for			130
fund statements because the revenues will not be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. However, for government-wide statements, the revenue is recognized when earned.			(1,741)
Current year collections of previously delayed reimbursements for Ag. Commissioner programs are reported as current year revenue for governmental funds. However, for government-wide statements, current year collections cannot be recognized a second time.			(6)
Governmental funds report the principal portion of debt service payments as expenditures. However, repayment of principal reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position and has no effect on the statement of activities.			10,573
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported when amounts are due and payable. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes for the current period.			
Compensated absences Amortization of net OPEB obligation Accrued interest on debt	(3,1	21) 84) 35	
Combined adjustment			(2,970)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of various insurance coverage and central services to individual funds. The net cost of internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.			(8,002)
Changes in net position		\$	14,801

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			W. dan exactd.	
		Original		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments	\$	106,147	\$	106,147	\$	116,371	\$	10,224
Licenses and permits		9,095		9,095		10,495		1,400
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		4,942		5,152		6,655		1,503
Interest, rents and concessions		1,210		1,210		3,703		2,493
Intergovernmental revenues		342,476		355,848		323,124		(32,724)
Charges for services		71,422		72,468		59,276		(13,192)
Other revenues		6,610		6,733		15,800		9,067
Total revenues		541,902		556,653		535,424		(21,229)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		36,100		36,260		24,308		11,952
Public protection		182,275		184,483		168,787		15,696
Health and sanitation		159,854		170,595		126,496		44,099
Public assistance		247,307		247,054		232,818		14,236
Education		1,205		1,205		1,109		96
Debt service:								
Interest and fiscal charges		250		250		280		(30)
Capital outlay		6,154		8,710		5,545		3,165
Total expenditures		633,145		648,557		559,343		89,214
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(91,243)		(91,904)		(23,919)		67,985
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S)							
Sale of general capital assets		175		175		239		64
Transfers in		104,105		106,867		70,714		(36,153)
Transfers (out)		(32,703)		(34,784)		(31,813)		2,971
Total other financing sources (uses)		71,577		72,258		39,140		(33,118)
Net change in fund balance		(19,666)		(19,646)		15,221		34,867
Fund balance, July 1		96,485		96,485		96,485		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	76,819	\$	76,839	\$	111,706	\$	34,867

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Business-	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Nonmajor		Activities Internal					
	Solid Waste	Enterprise	Total	Service Funds					
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash in banks	\$ 238	\$ 9	\$ 247	\$ -					
Investment in treasury pool	3,108	7,826	10,934	44,895					
Imprest cash	3	-	3	500					
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1.220	220	1.450						
Accounts	1,230	228	1,458	11					
Prepaid items	-	-	-	50					
Due from other funds	-	244	244	600					
Due from other governments Total current assets	4,579	344 8,407	12,986	46,165					
Total current assets	4,517	0,407	12,700	40,100					
Noncurrent assets:									
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	2,360					
Restricted assets	45,691	-	45,691						
Capital assets:									
Land	6,115	611	6,726						
Buildings and improvements, net	11,633	4,076	15,709	2.22					
Equipment and vehicles, net	2,457	2,063	4,520	2,333					
Construction in progress Total capital assets	20,205	6,750	26,955						
Total noncurrent assets	65,896	6,750	72,646	5,20					
Total assets	70,475	15,157	85,632	51,36					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	604	222	826	2,112					
Due to other funds	8	1	9	654					
Deposits from others	-	8	8						
Salaries and benefits payable	108	5	113	639					
Compensated absences payable	9	-	9	10					
Claims payable	-	-	-	7,099					
Bonds payable	-	1	1						
COP payable	-	37	37						
Total current liabilities	729	274	1,003	10,612					
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Compensated absences payable	200	20	220	1,14:					
Advances from other funds	-	880	880						
Closure/post closure costs payable	40,691	-	40,691						
Claims payable	-	-	-	28,510					
Bonds payable	-	6	6						
COP payable	40.001	1,273	1,273	20.65					
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	40,891 41,620	2,179 2,453	43,070 44,073	29,655 40,26					
Total natinues	41,020	2,433	44,073	40,20					
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	20,205	5,433	25,638	2,842					
Restricted for:									
Landfill ground water contingencies	5,000	16	5,016	0.05					
Unrestricted	3,650	7,255	10,905	8,258					
Total net position	\$ 28,855	\$ 12,704	\$ 41,559	\$ 11,100					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Interest, rents and concessions 24 3 Other revenues 242 14 Total operating revenues 8,991 1,334 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - -	Activ	overnmental vities Internal ervice Funds 49,649
Charges for services \$ 8,725 \$ 1,317 \$ 1,317 \$ 3 Other revenues 242 14 Total operating revenues 8,991 1,334 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	27 256	-
Interest, rents and concessions 24 3 Other revenues 242 14 Total operating revenues 8,991 1,334 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	27 256	-
Other revenues 242 14 Total operating revenues 8,991 1,334 Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	256	1.242
Total operating revenues 8,991 1,334 Operating expenses: 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337		1 0 42
Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	10,325	1,243
Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337		50,892
Salaries and benefits 2,554 141 Services and supplies 5,602 3,254 Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337		
Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	2,695	15,953
Insurance premiums paid - - Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	8,856	27,914
Landfill closure and post closure costs 755 - Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	-	5,891
Depreciation 1,962 714 Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	755	_
Claims incurred - - Total operating expenses 10,873 4,109 Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	2,676	507
Operating income (loss) (1,882) (2,775) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	=	9,050
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	14,982	59,315
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	(4,657)	(8,423)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets - - Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337		
Intergovernmental revenues 46 3,224 Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	_	(1)
Taxes and special assessments - 2,084 Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	3,270	35
Investment earnings 585 75 Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	2,084	-
Interest expense - (46) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 631 5,337	660	468
	(46)	_
	5,968	502
	1,311	(7,921)
Capital contributions	-	44
Transfers in	_	20
Transfers (out) (265) -		(145)
Change in net position (1,516) 2,562	(265)	(8,002)
Net position, July 1 30,371 10,142	(265) 1,046	19,102
Net position, June 30 \$ 28,855 \$ 12,704 \$,

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users	Solid Waste			Governmental Activities
Receipts from customers and users		Nonmajor Enterprise	Total	Internal Service Funds
	\$ 8,565	\$ 1,875	\$ 10,440	\$ 652
Receipts from interfund services provided	302	(15)	287	49,124
Receipts from rents and concessions	24	3	27	-
Other revenues	242	(273)	(31)	1,134
Payments to employees	(2,578)	(139)	(2,717)	(16,007)
Payments to suppliers	(3,129)	(2,886)	(6,015)	(27,180)
Payments for interfund services used	(2,263)	(480)	(2,743)	(6,240)
Payments for claims				(3,288)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1,163	(1,915)	(752)	(1,805)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities	46	3,224	3,270	35
Receipts from taxes and assessments	-	2,084	2,084	-
Transfers to other funds	(264)	-	(264)	(125)
Advance from other funds	-	55	55	-
Advance to other funds				(816)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(218)	5,363	5,145	(906)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	s			
Sales of capital assets	-	2	2	-
Purchases of capital assets	(176)	(747)	(923)	(892)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	(36)	(36)	-
Interest paid on capital debt		(60)	(60)	
Net cash (used for) capital and				
related financing activities	(176)	(841)	(1,017)	(892)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends received	585	75_	660	468
Net cash provided by investing activities	585	75	660	468
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,354	2,682	4,036	(3,135)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	47,686	5,153	52,839	48,530
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 49,040	\$ 7,835	\$ 56,875	\$ 45,395

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
Displayed as:	So	lid Waste	Nonmajo	r Enterprise		Total		mental Activities l Service Funds
Cash in banks	\$	238	\$	9	\$	247	\$	-
Investment in treasury pool	Ψ	48,799	Ψ	7,826	Ψ	56,625	Ψ	44,895
Imprest cash		3				3		500
Total cash displayed	\$	49,040	\$	7,835	\$	56,875	\$	45,395
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,882)	\$	(2,775)	\$	(4,657)	\$	(8,423)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Landfill closure and post closure costs		755		-		755		-
Depreciation expense		1,962		714		2,676		507
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(156)		566		410		116
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		298		-		298		(600)
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds		-		(23)		(23)		611
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-		-		-		150
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		210		(112)		98		235
Increase (decrease) in salaries and								
benefits payable and compensated absences		(24)		2		(22)		(54)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable				-		-		5,762
Total adjustments		3,045		860		3,905		6,618
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	1,163	\$	(1,915)	\$	(752)	\$	(1,805)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:								
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44
								Concluded

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

ASSETS	Investr Trust Fu		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Ageı	ncy Funds
Current assets:						
Cash in bank	\$	1 9	\$		\$	4.582
Investment in treasury pool		5,152	•	- 589	Ф	43,831
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		2,518	1,.	009		45,651
Prepaid items	1	30		-		93
Deposits with others		30	1	44		_
•		19	J	.44		-
Due from other governments		19		-		-
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Infrastructure		-	2,5	67		-
Equipment and vehicles, net		-	1	.38		-
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		-	2,7	705		-
Total assets	55	7,720	4,4	138		48,508
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		8,982		-		10,071
Due to other governments		248		_		7,523
Advances		963		-		
Note payable	2	1,632	5.7	65		_
Agency obligations		<u> </u>	,	-		30,914
Total liabilities	3	1,825	5,7	65	\$	48,508
NET POSITION						
Net position held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	\$ 52	5,895	\$ (1,3	327)		

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Investment Funds		vate-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions to pooled investments	\$ 4,23	12,052 \$	218
Investment income		7,368	14
Total additions	4,2	19,420	232
DEDUCTIONS			
Distributions from pooled investments	4,20	07,682	683
Total deductions	4,20	07,682	683
Change in net position	:	11,738	(451)
Net position, July 1	5	14,157	(876)
Net position, June 30	\$ 52	25,895 \$	(1,327)

Notes to the Financial Statements



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The County of Tulare (the County) is a general law political subdivision of the State of California (the State) and as such can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State. An elected five member Board of Supervisors (the Board) governs the County. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units.

Component Units Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are either financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of six component units have been included and combined with financial data of the County. Five component units have an integral relationship with and serve as an extension of the County. Using the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, management has determined that each entity is presented as a blended component unit due to the composition of each governing board and the control of the day-to-day activities through the budget process. One component unit is presented discretely.

Blended Component Units The Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District, the Tulare County Flood Control District, the Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation, the Tulare County Public Financing Authority, and the Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority are entities legally separate from the County. For financial reporting purposes, these entities are considered component units and their individual financial information is presented as part of the County's operations. The blended component units discussed herein have a June 30 year-end.

- 1. Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District (TBSMD) is an entity legally separate from the County. However, the County Board serves as the governing Board of TBSMD and has control over the day-to-day operations of TBSMD through budget approvals. For financial reporting purposes, the TBSMD is reported as if it were part of the County's operations. The TBSMD is operated by the County's Resource Management Agency and its Engineering Division. The purpose of the TBSMD is to develop, expand, and maintain the TBSMD Wastewater Treatment and Disposal facility. This component unit's financial information is included as an enterprise fund.
- 2. Tulare County Flood Control District The members of the governing board of the Tulare County Flood Control District (TCFCD), an entity legally separate from the County, are members of County's Board and have control over the day-to-day operations of TCFCD through budget approvals. For financial reporting purposes, the TCFCD is reported as if it were part of the County's operations. The TCFCD's primary responsibility is to provide flood control related services to the residents of the County. The component unit's financial information is included as a special revenue fund accounting for reimbursement for flood control related services and projects within the County.
- 3. Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation The board members of the Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation (TCPFC), a nonprofit public benefit corporation, which is legally separate from the County, are appointees of the County's Board that can impose its will upon TCPFC by its authority to remove TCPFC Board members. For financial reporting purposes, the TCPFC is reported as if it were part of the County's operations as it serves to assist the County by acquiring equipment and facilities financed by the proceeds of borrowings. The equipment and facilities are then leased to the County. This component unit's financial information is included as a major governmental fund.

- 4. Tulare County Public Financing Authority The Tulare County Public Financing Authority (TCPFA), which is legally separate from the County, was established through a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the County and the County Redevelopment Agency. The County Board serves as the governing Board of the TCPFA. For financial reporting purposes, TCPFA is reported as if it were part of the County's operations as it serves to assist the County through borrowings, which are used for the acquisition and construction of public capital improvements and the repair and maintenance thereof. Lease payments to TCPFA are payable through the County. This component unit's financial information is included as a major governmental fund.
- 5. Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority The Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority (TCIHSSPA), which is legally separate from the County, was established according to the provisions of Welfare and Institutions Code Section 12301.6 to serve as the employer of record of providers of in-home supportive services for purposes of the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act. The County Board serves as the governing Board of TCIHSSPA and has control over the day-to-day operations of TCIHSSPA through budget approvals, and the hiring or dismissal of management. For financial reporting purposes, TCIHSSPA is reported as if it were part of the County's operations. The component unit's financial information is included as a special revenue fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit The members of the governing board of the First 5 Tulare County (F5TC), an entity legally separate from the County, are appointees of the County's Board, that can impose its will upon F5TC through the approval of the F5TC's annual budget, by its authority to remove F5TC Board members, and the hiring or dismissal of management. F5TC was created by County Ordinance No. 3217 on December 8, 1998. The purpose of the F5TC is to develop, promote, and implement local early childhood development programs administered by the California Children and Families First Commission. For financial reporting purposes, the F5TC is discretely presented because the resources of F5TC are not used to support County operations. Complete audited financial statements for F5TC are available at the County of Tulare Auditor-Controller's Office, 221 S. Mooney Boulevard, Room 101-E, Visalia, California 93291.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, the financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund intra-function activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column. The Statement of Activities presents function revenue and expenses of governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the Statement of Activities, internal service funds' revenues and expenses related to interfund services have been eliminated. Revenue and expenses related to services provided to external customers have not been eliminated and are presented within governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include policy and executive, public safety, health and public assistance, community resources and public facilities, general government and support services, and general county programs. The business-type activities of the County include resource recovery and waste management and sanitation operations.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated based on the annual Countywide Cost Allocation Plan which allocates the cost of central

service departments to service user departments. Costs allocated in the Cost Allocation Plan include administrative and support costs such as budget preparation and oversight, county counsel, landscaping, payroll, utilities, and facilities maintenance. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions, including special assessments, that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items properly excluded from among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Solid Waste, Transit, Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District, Assessment Districts, County Service Area #1, and County Service Area #2 enterprise funds and the County's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The basis of accounting determines when transactions and economic events are reflected in financial statements. Measurement focus identifies which transactions and events should be recorded.

The County legally adopts an annual budget for the general fund and all of its special revenue funds, debt service funds, and its capital projects fund. Component units TBSMD, TCFCD, and the TCIHSSPA each adopt an annual budget. TCPFC and TCPFA do not adopt budgets.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers expenditure-driven grant revenues available if they are collected within one year. All other revenues are considered available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims, and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are due and payable.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Property tax revenues recognized are only those levied for the current fiscal year that have been collected or expect to be collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the County and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grant revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred, all other grant requirements have been met, and reimbursement is expected within one year.

The County reports the following major individual governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *Public Facilities Corporation* accounts for the activities of the TCPFC that assists the County by acquiring equipment and facilities financed from the proceeds of borrowing. Such equipment and facilities are leased to the County.

The *Public Financing Authority* accounts for the activities of the TCPFA, which assists the County through borrowings, which are used for construction, acquisition, and/or maintenance of capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following governmental fund types:

The special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including private purpose funds or major capital projects).

The *debt service funds* account for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or permanent funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for all major maintenance, improvements, acquisition, or construction of capital assets not being financed by proprietary or permanent funds.

Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The County reports the Solid Waste Fund as its only major individual proprietary fund.

The *Solid Waste Fund* is an enterprise fund that is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfill and disposal sites for solid waste, and to prepare for future closure and post closure expenses.

Additionally, the County reports the following proprietary fund types:

The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The activity is financed with debt secured solely by a pledge of net revenues of the activity, or laws or regulations require that the cost of providing services be recovered through fees and charges.

The *internal service funds* are used to account for operations that provide mailroom, motor pool, print shop, utilities, custodial and maintenance, data processing, telecommunications, and insurance services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the County and its component units, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. An internal service fund operates in a manner similar to an enterprise fund, but is used when the reporting government itself is the predominant participant in the fund.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the County under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The investment trust funds are used to account for assets held for external investment pool participants, such as schools and local special districts, and do present changes in financial position. Investment Trust Funds are accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting.

The *private–purpose trust fund* is a fiduciary fund type used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits and other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency).

The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present changes in financial position or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

D. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Recently released standards by GASB affecting future fiscal years are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 60 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements address accounting and financial reporting issues related to public-private and public-public partnership. The statement is effective for periods beginning December 15, 2011. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.
- GASB Statement No. 61 The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34 modifies a number of provisions with regard to reporting of component units within a financial reporting entity. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements incorporated into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Upon implementation, there was no effect on the County's accounting or financial reporting.

- GASB Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position modifies current financial reporting of those elements. The largest change will be the replacement of the current Statement of Net Assets with a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Net Position instead of the current Statement of Changes in Net Assets upon implementation for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 64 Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions amends current accounting and financial reporting related to terminations of swap agreements due to default or other termination events. In certain instances where swap counterparties or credit support providers are replaced, hedge accounting may continue, rather than cease. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 64 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2011. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.
- GASB Statement No. 65 *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2012. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.
- GASB Statement No. 66 Items Technical Corrections 2012 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 66 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2012. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.
- GASB Statement No. 67 Financial Reporting for Pension Districts an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 67 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2013. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.
- GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 as of the date of the basic financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 69 Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 69 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2013. The County has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 69 as of the date of the basic financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 70 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 70 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2013. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in Treasury pool, and other short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County and the Districts to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, federal agencies, municipal securities, commercial paper, corporate notes and bonds, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The County Treasurer's Office administers a pooled investment program for the County and for certain special purpose authorities including school districts. As of June 30, 2014, the special purpose authorities' cash and pooled investments were approximately 65.7% of the County Treasurer's Office pooled investment portfolio.

GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, require governmental entities, including governmental external investment pools, to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet / statement of net position and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The fair value of pooled investments is determined quarterly and is based on current market prices received from the County's securities custodian. The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is required to invest in accordance with State statutes. No investments are reported at amortized cost.

The value of the deposits of the County's pooled investment program is equal to the dollars deposited in the program, plus increases and less decreases (unrealized gains and losses) required to record investments at their fair market value as of June 30, 2014. The dollars deposited in the program have been increased by \$3,356 to reflect the increase in the fair value of the Investment in the Treasury Pool at June 30, 2014.

In addition, investments outside the Investment Pool were adjusted to fair market value as of June 30, 2014 resulting in an increase of \$60.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of noncurrent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "Advances to / from other County funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "Due to / from other County funds." Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources.

All trade and property taxes receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible accounts.

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions, including the schools and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as of September 1 for property values assessed on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments.

The first property tax installment is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10 and the second property tax installment is due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1.

Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid after August 31. Property taxes are accounted for in the Unapportioned Tax Resources Fund, an agency fund, until apportionment and disbursement to taxing jurisdictions. In fiscal year ended June 30, 1994, the County adopted the alternative method of secured property tax apportionment available under the Revenue and Taxation Code of the State of California (also known as the "Teeter Plan") whereby secured property taxes were distributed to participating taxing entities (including the County and related Component Units) on the basis of the tax levy, including any uncollected amounts at fiscal year-end. The County, as administrator, benefited from future collections of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes. Transactions of the Teeter Plan (including outstanding debt borrowed for the annual Teeter buyout) were accounted for in the general fund. Taxes receivable are recorded as of the date levied. The County opted out of the Teeter Plan June 30, 2009.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund type inventories not held for resale are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Thus, in governmental funds, prepaid totals are reported as nonspendable.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are regularly recurring costs of operations recorded as prepaid items (e.g., prepaid rent and prepaid employee retirement contributions).

The costs associated with debt issuance are reported as an expenditure of the period in which they are incurred in governmental funds.

4. Restricted Assets

Resources that will not be used in current operations that are restricted for acquisition or construction of noncurrent assets, or that are restricted for liquidation of long-term debt beyond the next year are restricted assets.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets (e.g., land easements and computer software). They are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. The capitalization thresholds are \$5 for equipment and vehicles, and \$100 for land improvements, buildings improvements, infrastructure, and computer software. Land and buildings are capitalized regardless of cost.

All capital asset additions are reported in the fiscal year in which the asset is acquired, except for infrastructure assets which use a business cycle extending from May to April, with all additions of the business cycle being reported in the fiscal year in which April is included. In the case of donations, capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets of the County, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20-50
Infrastructure roadway:	
Pavement	10-40
Bridges	50
Pipe crossings	30
Traffic control devices	25
Signs	10
Sewer/water systems	7-20
Landfill site improvements	15
Vehicles/heavy equipment	3-20
Office equipment	3-16

Depreciation expense related to infrastructure assets is calculated by applying an annual depreciation rate to the cost of the grouping of subsystems. Depreciation expense in all other categories of capital assets is calculated on an item-by-item basis.

Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures of the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold is met. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Amortization of assets acquired under capital leases is included in depreciation and amortization.

6. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacations and sick leave and are permitted to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. The portion relating to the proprietary funds is expensed as salaries in the year earned. The benefit amounts relating to governmental funds, which will be paid from future resources, are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Benefit amounts due and payable at year-end are recorded in the governmental funds as part of salaries and benefits payable. In the event of separation of employment or death, an employee, or the employee's estate, is compensated for 100% of accumulated vacation at the employee's current payroll rate.

Most covered employees (eligible for overtime compensation) receive either compensatory time off (CTO) in lieu of overtime or paid overtime. An employee earns CTO hours in lieu of paid overtime until a certain CTO balance is reached; thereafter, an employee receives paid overtime for overtime hours worked. In the event of separation of employment or death, an employee, or the employee's estate, is compensated for 100% of their accumulated CTO hours at the employee's current payroll rate.

Employees in Bargaining Units 2, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 & 22 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 250 converted hours.

Employees in Bargaining Unit 23 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 350 converted hours.

Employees in Bargaining Units 1, 3, 4, 6 & 7 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 250 converted hours. Employees in these same Units leaving County service in good standing, other than by retirement, after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 20 converted hours.

Employees in Bargaining Units 9, 10, 11, 19, 20, 21, 40 & 45 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 250 converted hours. Employees in these same Units leaving County service in good standing, other than by retirement, after five years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 40 converted hours.

7. Short-term Borrowing (Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes Payable)

Each fiscal year, the County issues Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes to provide money to meet the general fund's current year expenditures and to discharge its obligations and indebtedness. The principal of the notes and the interest thereon will be paid from pledged property taxes and other revenues the County expects to receive during the fiscal year. The County issued a Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note for the year ended June 30, 2014.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net positions that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has various deferred inflows of resources that have not met the County revenue recognition policy, which originate from various sources.

10. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

Assigned fund balance – amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the County's special revenue funds. The Board, by board resolution, delegates the authority to assign fund balances to the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO).

Unassigned fund balance – the residual classification for the County's general fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Board establishes, modifies, or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution (ordinances and resolutions are considered of equal authority with respect to fund balance). This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

11. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A reconciliation of the total fund balances for governmental funds to the total net position of governmental activities has been prepared as part of the basic financial statements, including explanations of differences on page 27.

A reconciliation of the total net change in fund balances for governmental funds to the total changes in net position of governmental activities has been prepared as part of the basic financial statements including explanations of differences on page 29.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

In accordance with the provision of Sections 29000 through 29132, inclusive, of the Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a final budget on or before October 2 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, operations are governed by an operating budget approved by the Board.

A balanced operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for the County's general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects fund. A balanced operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for the TCFCD, which is governed by the Board and of which the Auditor-Controller is the ex-officio Finance Officer. The Tulare County Public Financing Authority and the Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation do not adopt a budget.

A spending plan is adopted each fiscal year for the County's enterprise funds and internal service funds, as well as the Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District (blended component unit), which is governed by the Board and of which the Auditor-Controller is the exofficio Finance Officer.

Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and spending plans to review all appropriations and the sources of financing. Because the adopted budget for governmental fund types must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

All governmental fund type budgets and the spending plans for proprietary fund types are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. County department heads, with the approval of the CAO, may make transfers of appropriations within a department without the approval of the Board for specific object or sub-object accounts under Administrative Regulation (AR) No.4. Transfers of appropriations to or from any budget unit, transfers of appropriations between funds, and transfers from the Contingency Reserve are approved by the Board. Supplemental appropriations necessary and normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must be approved by the Board. The Board per Government Code 29125 has legally delegated authority under AR No. 4 to the CAO to approve transfers of appropriations within any budget unit among the object or sub-object accounts, with the following restrictions: 1) Overall appropriations of the budget unit are not increased, 2) Transfers cannot create a Capital Asset appropriation, 3) Increases to existing Capital Asset appropriation cannot exceed 10%, and 4) Increases from the County's allocated salaries account may be approved for unspent salaries that are tied to a regular position that is vacant or under-filled. Budgeted amounts are reported both as adopted and as amended.

The Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the fiscal year, including additional appropriations for new programs, additional positions, and unanticipated obligations. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, appropriations in the general fund were increased by \$15,412.

B. INDIVIDUAL FUND DEFICITS

There are not any individual fund deficits for the fiscal year 2013-2014.

C. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control for the fund, Tulare County In- Home Support Services Public Authority Fund. The excesses of expenditures over appropriations is was due to the Tulare County In- Home Support Services Public Authority Fund being closed and transferred into the general fund.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As provided by Government Code Government Code Section 53600, the cash balances of substantially all County funds and participating County schools and agencies are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on the pooled funds is apportioned quarterly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund. Certain funds, which have deposits in the County's pooled investment program, do not receive the interest earnings on their deposits. The earnings on the investments related to those funds are assigned to the County's general fund, as permitted by Government Code. "Investments" in the governmental funds' balance sheet (Exhibit 3) represent the investment of assets associated with the TCPFC and the TCPFA, which are not invested by the County Treasurer but are held by fiscal agents.

<u>Deposits.</u> Deposits consist of cash in banks as well as non-negotiable certificates of deposits. As of June 30, 2014, the County's bank deposits had a carrying amount of \$41,459 and the balance per the financial institutions totaled \$48,927. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance includes temporary reconciling items such as cash on hand, outstanding checks, and deposits in transit. Of the balance in the financial institutions, \$1,275 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and \$47,652 was collateralized pursuant to California Government Code. California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the County's deposits by pledging government securities or first trust deed mortgage notes. The market value of the pledged government securities and first trust deed mortgage notes must be a least 110% and 150% of the County's deposits, respectively. The collateral is held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or its agent and is considered to be held in the County's name.

COUNTY OF TULARE Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

<u>Investments.</u> The pool's cash and investments are invested pursuant to investment policy guidelines established by the County Treasurer. The objectives of the policy are, in order of priority: preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield. The Treasurer reports on a monthly basis to the Board. Additionally, there is an Oversight Committee established under California Code Government Code Section 27130 to Section 27137 comprised of County Officials, representatives from various pool participants, and members of the public, whose function is to monitor compliance with the County's Investment Policy. Investments made outside the County Treasury are invested pursuant to governing bond covenants or California Government Code provisions.

The County's Investment Policy, in compliance with California Government Code Section 53601 and Section 53635, authorizes the Treasurer to invest in permissible types of instruments. These include:

- (A) Obligations issued by the County
- (B) Obligations of the U.S. Treasury
- (C) Obligations of the State and local agencies
- (D) Obligations of Federal Agencies or U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises
- (E) Bankers Acceptances eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System
- (F) Commercial Paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record
- (G) Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- (H) Medium-Term Corporate Notes rated "A" or better
- (I) Pass-Through Securities
- (J) Money Market Mutual Funds
- (K) Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- (L) Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

<u>Credit Risk.</u> Credit risk exists when there is the possibility that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. To mitigate this risk, the Investment Pool's Investment Policy, which is more restrictive than the Government Code, places a minimum standard on the rating of investments held in the Investment Pool. Investments in securities other than those guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury or Government Sponsored Enterprises must have a credit rating of no less than "A" for long term or A-1 for short-term. Securities that are fully guaranteed as to payment by an agency, or government sponsored enterprise of the U.S. Government were rated AA+ by national recognized statistical-rating organizations. As of June 30, 2014, the County invested in primarily high quality investments as shown below:

Credit Ratings						
AAA	4%					
A-1 (short-term rating)	6%					
AA	70%					
A	12%					
SP-1+	2%					
Not Rated**	6%					
Total	100%					

Standard & Poor's Ratings [includes all ratings in this category (e.g., A-, A, A+)].

^{**} The portion of the portfolio that is not rated represent the \$50,000 deposit in LAIF, the State investment fund. The remaining portion not rated is issued by John Deere Owners Trust; it is not rated by S&P, however it is rated AAA by Moody's and Fitch.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk.</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment with a single issuer. The Treasury mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments and limits the percentage of the total investments to the type of investment and to any one issuer by type of allowable investment instrument. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the County held investments in excess of 5% of the total year-end investments for the following issuers:

Issuer	Amount	Percentage
United States Treasury	\$ 201,775	20.6%
Federal National Mortgage Association	140,772	14.4%
Federal Home Loan Bank	84,764	8.7%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	81,142	8.3%
Local Agency Investment Fund	50,015	5.1%
Total	\$ 558,468	57.1%

<u>Custodial Credit Risk.</u> Custodial credit risk for an investment exists when, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Treasury has limited its custodial credit risk on investments by having all investments in the name of the County. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements*, the County's investments have been classified into the following three categories of custodial credit risk:

- (1) Insured or registered, or securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name.
- (2) Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the County's name.
- (3) Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the County's name.

As of June 30, 2014, the entire portfolio is under category (1) except for Money Market Funds, which do not fall under any of the above categories of credit risk as the investment in these funds is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

<u>Foreign Currency Credit Risk.</u> The County does not have any foreign currency risk as all investments are in U.S. dollar-denominated assets.

<u>Interest Rate Risk.</u> Interest rate risk is the risk that fluctuations in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, investments of longer maturities are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. The Treasury mitigates this risk limiting the dollar-weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to 3.5 years and invests in longer-term securities only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes.

The County's investments as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

					Weighted		
]	Reported	Average		
	(Carrying	Ar	mount/Fair	Maturity		
		Value Value		(days)	Stated Interest Rate	Maturity Range	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	200,974	\$	201,775	990	0.500% - 5.125%	07/31/2015 - 02/28/2019
Federal Agency Obligations		332,728		333,745	1,050	0.375% - 2.500%	09/10/2015 - 02/19/2019
Corporate Notes/Bonds		272,493		273,910	908	0.207% - 6.000%	07/28/2014 - 04/25/2019
Municipal Obligations		36,419		36,553	483	0.991% - 5.750%	02/01/2016 - 05/15/2018
Commercial Paper		32,738		32,754	78	0.190% - 0.245%	07/22/2014 - 01/05/2015
Negotiable Time Deposits		38,554		38,527	691	0.250% - 0.716%	04/15/2016 - 06/13/2016
		913,906		917,264			
Other Investments:							
Money Market Funds		10,227		10,227			
LAIF Managed Pool		50,000		50,015			
Other Managed Pool		180		180			
Total Other Investments		60,407		60,422			
Total Investments	\$	974,313	\$	977,686			

The County's total report investments \$977,686. Of that amount, 97.41% is invested in non-derivative financial products and 2.59% of the portfolio is invested in AAA rated Asset-backed securities.

<u>California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)</u>. The State Treasurer's LAIF is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee comprised of State officials and various participants provide oversight to the management of the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within twenty-four hours without penalty or loss of interest. The value of the County's shares in LAIF that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which may be different from the fair value of the County's position in the pool. As of June 30, 2014, the County's investment in LAIF is \$50,015. The total amount recorded by all public agencies in LAIF at that date was \$21,119,834. Of that amount, 98.14% is invested in non-derivative financial products and 1.86% of the portfolio is invested in Medium-term and Short-term Structured notes and Asset-backed securities.

Repurchase Agreements. Repurchase Agreements are contracts in which a broker/dealer sells securities to the Investment Pool with an agreement to repurchase those securities for a fixed price at an agreed-upon date. Government Code requires that California public entities that utilize repurchase agreements collateralize the investments that underlay the repurchase agreements with amounts that exceed cost. The market value of the securities underlying the repurchase agreements must be valued at 102% or greater. The Pool's Investment Policy reflects this requirement. As of June 30, 2014, the County had no outstanding repurchase agreements.

COUNTY OF TULARE Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Treasury Pool Income and Participant Withdrawals. Treasury Pool investments are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair market value in the balance sheet and the statement of net position and recognize the corresponding change in value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The value of the participant's shares in the pool that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair market value of the participant's position in the Pool. The fair market value fluctuates with interest rates, and increasing rates could cause the value to decline below original cost; however, County management believes the liquidity in the portfolio is more than adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the County from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Treasury Pool investment income was comprised of the following:

Investment Income	A	mount
Interest and Dividends	\$	9,729
Net Increase in the Fair Value		4,188
Less: Investment Expenses		(1,444)
Total Treasury Pool Income	\$	12,473

The net increase in the fair market value of investments during fiscal year 2013-2014 was \$4,188. This amount takes into account all changes in fair value (including sales resulting in a net gain of \$2,098) that occurred during the year. The net fair value adjustment on investments held as of June 30, 2014 was a gain of \$2,090.

<u>Summary of Cash and Investments Balances.</u> Following is a reconciliation of the County's cash and investment balances to the balance sheets/statements of net position for the governmental, enterprise, internal service, fiduciary funds, and the discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2014:

	Gov	vernmental Funds	nterprise Funds	5	nternal Service Funds	iduciary Funds	 Total	- Fi	ponent Unit rst 5 Tulare County
Cash in Banks	\$	95	\$ 247	\$	-	\$ 4,583	\$ 4,925	\$	153
Investment in Treasury Pool		246,122	10,934		44,895	590,572	892,523		8,387
Restricted Investments in Pool		4,715	45,691		-	-	50,406		-
Investments		8,906	-		-	-	8,906		-
Restricted Investments		55,627	-		-	-	55,627		-
Imprest Cash		77	-		-	-	77		-
Deposits with Others		-	-		-	144	144		6
Cash on Hand		-	3		500	-	503		-
Cash Overdraft		-	-		-	_	_		-
	\$	315,542	\$ 56,875	\$	45,395	\$ 595,299	\$ 1,013,111	\$	8,546

Summary of total cash investments is as follows:

	Inv	estment in					
	Tre	Treasury Pool		Other	Total		
Cash and Bank Deposits	\$	43,075	\$	5,576	\$	48,651	
Cash in Transit		(7,165)		(27)		(7,192)	
Interest Receivable		2,709		43		2,752	
Investments		912,936		64,749		977,685	
Due to Pool Participants		(239)		-		(239)	
Total	\$	951,316	\$	70,341	\$	1,021,657	

The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasury Pool as of June 30, 2014:

Statement of Net Position	
Net position held in trust for all pool participants	\$ 951,316
Equity of internal pool participants Equity of external pool participants	\$ 326,149 625,167
Total Equity	\$ 951,316
Statement of Changes in Net Position Net position as of July 1	\$ 976,447
Net Additions/Withdrawals by Pool Participants Net Increase in the Investment Fair Value: Realized Gains/Losses from Sales	(39,048)
Market Value Gain on Investments Held at Year-end Interest and Dividends Earned	2,090 9,729
Net Position as of June 30, 2014	\$ 951,316

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of the fiscal year-end for the County's individual major funds and for nonmajor and Internal Service Funds (ISF) are as follows:

				Solid	No	onmajor			Non	ımajor	
	General	TCI	PFA	Waste	Gov	ernmental]	SF	Ente	erprise	Total
Receivables:											
Accounts	\$ 3,754	\$	-	\$ 1,230	\$	2,501	\$	11	\$	228	\$ 7,724
Property taxes	1,973		-	-		-		-		-	1,973
Lease payments	-		-	-		297		-		-	297
Notes	-		-	-		18,283		-		-	18,283
Due from other governments	 27,363					7,636		109		344	35,452
Total Receivables	\$ 33,090	\$		\$ 1,230	\$	28,717	\$	120	\$	572	\$ 63,729

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets in the governmental funds include \$55,627 in the TCPFA for future debt service and \$4,715 in a capital projects fund for the future cleanup of toxic ground at the Harmon Field airstrip. Restricted assets in the business-type funds include \$45,691 in the Solid Waste fund for future closure/post closure expenses for disposal sites and landfill groundwater contingencies.

D. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the County recognized deferred inflows of resources in the entity-wide and government-wide fund statements. These items are an acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized in the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Governmental funds report revenues not susceptible to accrual as deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred inflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Government-wide Deferred Inflows	Balance June 30, 2014			
Governmental Activities				
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	\$ 5,893			
Home Program Grant	11,124			
Total Governmental Activities	17,017			
Total Government-wide Deferred Inflows	\$ 17,017			
Governmental Fund Deferred Inflows				
General Fund	\$ 9,045			
Total General Fund	9,045			
Debt Service Fund Building Loans Fund	296			
Total Debt Service Fund	296			
Special Revenue Funds				
Tobacco Settlement	2,409			
CDBG	5,893			
Home Program Grant	11,124			
Total Special Revenue Funds	19,426			
Total Governmental Fund Deferred Inflows	\$ 28,767			

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Capital Assets - Primary Government	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Current Period Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:		-			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 911,450	\$ 23,227	\$ (71)	\$ (2)	\$ 934,604
Construction in Progress	744	6,111	(34)	(13)	6,808
Infrastructure in Progress	139,236	10,875	(51,124)	(712)	98,275
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,051,430	40,213	(51,229)	(727)	1,039,687
Capital assets, being depreciated:		-			
Infrastructure	659,376	29,822	(197)	-	689,001
Buildings and Improvements	206,752	107	-	_	206,859
Equipment/Vehicles	76,746	8,284	(3,697)	19	81,352
Total capital assets being depreciated	942,874	38,213	(3,894)	19	977,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(255,105)	(13,551)	134	23	(268,499)
Buildings and Improvements	(73,686)	(4,610)	-	(1)	(78,297)
Equipment/Vehicles	(55,570)	(6,402)	5,037	(1,422)	(58,357)
Total accumulated depreciation	(384,361)	(24,563)	5,171	(1,400)	(405,153)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	558,513	13,650	1,277	(1,381)	572,059
Governmental activities capital assets, net:	1,609,943	53,863	(49,952)	(2,108)	1,611,746
					
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 6,726	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,726
Construction in Progress					
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,726				6,726
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	31,501	98	_	_	31,599
Equipment/Vehicles	14,631	821	(106)	1	15,347
Total capital assets being depreciated	46,132	919	(106)	1	46,946
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(14,348)	(1,543)	-	1	(15,890)
Equipment/Vehicles	(9,800)		106	-	(10,827)
Total accumulated depreciation	(24,148)		106	1	(26,717)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,984	(1,757)		2	20,229
Business-type activities capital assets, net:	\$ 28,710	\$ (1,757)	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 26,955

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Depreciation	
Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,473
Public protection	4,833
Public ways and facilities	14,875
Health and sanitation	1,195
Public assistance	999
Education	257
Culture and recreation	420
Unallocated depreciation expense	 511
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 24,563
Business-type activities:	
Solid Waste	\$ 1,962
Nonmajor enterprise funds	714
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,676

The County has active construction and other projects as of June 30, 2014, including the new Orosi Sheriff's Substation, remodeling of the Downtown Annex, landfill site improvements, construction of the Ivanhoe Community Center, rehabilitation of the airport, improvements to Fire Station #1, and various infrastructure projects.

At fiscal year-end, the County's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spe	nt-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Governmental Funds					
Fire Station #1	\$	221	\$	-	
Porterville Mental Health Services Administration Facility		1,988		-	
Emergency Generators		46		2,355	
South County Detention Facility		2,756		224	
Bob Wiley Detention Facility Boiler Replacement Project		30		595	
Sequoia Field Program Facility		25		2,175	
Harmon Field Remediation		285		4,715	
Purchasing Department Relocation		28		272	
Apron & Taxi Lane Construction at Sequoia Field Airport		920		-	
Enterprise Software License		509		-	
Roads:					
Environmental Review of Existing Roads		22,425		-	
Turnouts		-		-	
Shoulder Stabilization		-		-	
Other Improvements		56,045		-	
Repair or Replace Bridge		19,805		-	
Total Governmental Funds		105,083		10,336	
Total Construction in Progress	\$	105,083	\$	10,336	

F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Advances to/from other County funds

Advances to/from other funds are representative of noncurrent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

The composition of advances to/from other funds balances as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount		
General	Nonmajor Enterprise		\$	880	
Internal Service Fund	General			2,360	
		Total	\$	3,240	

Due to/from other County funds

Due to/from other County funds represents current outstanding balances between funds at the end of the fiscal reporting period. The County's computerized general ledger only allows for the transfer of cash between funds until mid-July following the end of the fiscal year. Therefore, the recording of interfund activity which occurred during the fiscal year, but which is entered into the system after mid-July, results in an interfund payable/receivable.

The composition of due to/from other County fund balances as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds							
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Α	mount				
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	1,762				
	Internal Service		54				
	Nonmajor Enterprise		1				
	Solid Waste		8				
	Sub-total		1,825				
Nonmajor Governmental	General		360				
	Sub-total		360				
Internal Service	Internal Service		600				
	Sub-total		600				
	Total	\$	2,785				

G. TRANSFERS

Transfers to/from other County funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, consist of transfers for normal operations, including the accumulation of debt service payments, and support of other funds resources.

The schedule of transfers to/from other County funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Transfers From:	Transfers To:										
	 General TCPFC TCPFA		Nonmajor Governmental		Internal Service		Total Transfers				
General TCPFA	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,793 2,500	\$	20	\$	31,813 2,500
Nonmajor Governmental	70,449		5,522	3	,893		2,774		-		82,638
Solid Waste	265		-		-		-		-		265
Internal Service							145				145
Total transfers	\$ 70,714	\$	5,522	\$ 3	,893	\$	37,212	\$	20	\$	117,361

H. ARBITRAGE

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage regulations and restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage rebate requirements stipulate, in general, that the excess of earnings from the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds over related interest expenditures on the bonds must be remitted to the Federal government on every fifth anniversary of each bond issue. The County has evaluated each outstanding debt obligation that is subject to the arbitrage rebate requirements and deferred interest income for future payment on two of the County's Bond issues.

I. LEASES

Operating Leases (County as Lessor) The County has entered into long-term operating lease agreements leasing land and buildings to others. Leased assets represent a cost of \$2,007 with \$1,640 of accumulated depreciation for a net carrying amount of \$367. The revenues realized for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were \$1,530. The minimum future rentals for noncancellable operating leases are as follows:

Future Rentals						
Year Ending June 30,	A	mount				
2015	\$	486				
2016		481				
2017		480				
2018		478				
2019		476				
2020-2024		839				
Total	\$	3,240				

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Operating Leases (County as Lessee) The County has commitments under long-term operating lease agreements for facilities used in operations. These lease agreements provide for cancellation in the event the board of the respective entity does not appropriate funding in subsequent fiscal years. The expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were \$7,857. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Operating Leases						
Year Ending June 30,	, Amount					
2015	\$ 6,563					
2016	4,239					
2017	2,048					
2018	1,488					
2019	917					
2020-2024	230					
Total	\$ 15,485					

In addition to real property leases, the County has also entered into long-term leases for personal property, the majority of which is leased by Roads, Solid Waste, the District Attorney's Office, and the General Services division of the Resource Management Agency. Most of these leases also provide for cancellation in the event that the Board does not appropriate funding, and are subject to annual adjustments based upon negotiations. Total rent and lease expense for these operating leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was approximately \$175.

Direct Financing Lease The County has entered into a lease agreement as lessor for the lease purchase of the Dinuba Courthouse/Police Station by the City of Dinuba in March 1997. This lease agreement qualifies as a direct financing lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded as lease payments receivable with no allowance for uncollectible payments and net of interest. The net investment in this direct financing lease as of June 30, 2014, is \$296. Minimum lease payments receivable for each of the two succeeding fiscal years are as follows:

Direct Financing Lease Receivable							
Year Ending June 30,	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest			
2015	\$	194	\$	15			
2016		102		3			
Total	\$	296	\$	18			

J. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes In July of fiscal year ended, June 30, 2014, the County issued Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) to provide financing of seasonal cash flow requirements for the general fund's current year expenditures and to discharge its obligations and indebtedness during this period. The principal of the notes and the interest thereon was paid from pledged property taxes and revenues the County received during the fiscal year.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	В	eginning				End	ling
	E	Balance	Iss	ued	Redeemed	Bal	ance
Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes	\$	53,933	\$	_	\$ (53,933)	\$	-

K. LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificates of Participation The TCPFC issues Certificates of Participation (COPs) to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and repair and maintenance of major capital facilities. COPs have been issued for both governmental and proprietary activities. These COPs are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, COPs have been issued to refund earlier certificates with higher interest rates.

COPs are obligations of the County's component units. However, the County is indirectly obligated under lease agreements it has signed with its component units. The County's obligation is limited to including in its annual budget lease payments called for in the lease agreements. These COPs generally are issued as 20 to 40-year certificates with increasing amounts of principal maturing each year.

COPs currently outstanding are as follows:

Outstanding	Certificate	of Participa	ntion

Date Issued	Purpose of Debt	Interest Rates	Amount
October 8, 1998	Governmental activities - Refunding	3.35% - 5.00%	\$ 11,525
September 2, 1993	Business-type activities	5.00%	423
February 23, 1994	Business-type activities	5.00%	61
August 16, 1994	Business-type activities	4.50%	45
September 14, 1994	Business-type activities	4.50%	36
May 28, 1996	Business-type activities	4.50%	745
		Subtotal	1,310
		Total	\$ 12,835

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for COPs are as follows:

Certificates of Participation

	Governmental Activities			Bus	iness-type	e Acti	vities
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	In	terest	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest
2015	\$ 5,065	\$	450	\$	37	\$	62
2016	6,460		162		37		60
2017	-		-		43		58
2018	-		-		45		57
2019	-		-		46		54
2020-2024	-		-		260		237
2025-2029	-		-		325		172
2030-2034	-		-		411		88
2035-2036	_		_		106		11
Total	\$ 11,525	\$	612	\$	1,310	\$	799

Variable Rate Demand Bonds On December 17, 1999, the TCPFA issued Variable Rate Demand Bonds of \$45,000 with a variable rate not to exceed 12%. Each fiscal year up to \$3,000 will be transferred to the County to provide financing for the acquisition and construction of public capital assets and repair and maintenance costs related thereto. A lease agreement in which the County is leasing four existing buildings to TCPFA was used as security for the bonds. On December 1, 2006, these bonds were refunded with private placement Tobacco Settlement Asset Backed Bonds of \$42,360, which will mature on August 1, 2034.

The variable rate shall be the rate of interest per annum, determined by the Remarketing Agent, to be the lowest rate which in its judgment, on the basis of prevailing financial market conditions, is necessary as of the date such rate becomes effective to remarket the bonds in a secondary market transaction at the price equal to par, but no greater than the Maximum Rate.

These bonds are treated as a long-term liability in accordance with GAAP as the County entered into a take-out agreement before the financial statements were issued. The take-out agreement does not expire within one year of the fiscal period end. Neither the take-out agreement itself nor the obligations issued pursuant to the agreement are cancelable by the lender within one year of the fiscal period end, and the lender is expected to be financially capable of honoring the take-out agreement.

These bonds are the obligation of the County's component unit. However, the County is obligated under the leaseback agreement it has signed with its component unit. The County's obligation is limited to including in its annual budget the lease payments called for in this leaseback agreement payable from a pledge of the County's share of the Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement. These bonds were issued with a final maturity date of August 1, 2034.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activitie					
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest				
2015	\$ 915	\$ 154				
2016	915	151				
2017	1,010	146				
2018	1,110	142				
2019	1,110	137				
2020-2024	6,925	599				
2025-2029	9,465	421				
2030-2034	12,870	180				
2035	3,055					
Total	\$ 37,375	\$ 1,930				

Loans Payable In September 2002, the County borrowed \$10,920 at 4.49% for energy improvement projects. This loan extended to November 2017, however, the full remaining principal balance of \$4,489 was paid off on October 22, 2013, along with a buyout penalty in the amount of \$183. In 2006, an additional loan of \$7,084 was taken at 3.9% to fund energy improvement projects. This loan extends to September 2022.

The debt payment schedule for the following fiscal years ending June 30 is as follows:

Loans Payable Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending June 30,	Pri	Principal Inte					
2015	\$	461	\$	163			
2016		479		145			
2017		499		126			
2018	518			106			
2019		539		86			
2020-2023		1,903		126			
Total	\$	4,399	\$	752			

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt In prior years, the County defeased certain COPs by placing the proceeds of new COPs in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old COPs. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased COPs are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2014, there are no longer any bonds outstanding considered to be defeased.

Other Payables El Rancho Sewer District, part of County Service Area #1, issued revenue bonds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1988. Farmers Home Administration purchased the bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for a sewer construction project. The original bonds payable of \$11 have a current principal balance of \$7 and bear interest at 5% per annum. This matures in 2027, a 40-year period. The bonds were issued under Health & Safety Code Section 49000. The bonds will be redeemed with monies raised from service charges associated with the sewer system operation.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

	Business-type Activities						
Year Ending June 30,	Prin	cipal	Inte	erest			
2015	\$	1	\$	1			
2016		1		1			
2017		-		-			
2018		-		-			
2019		1		-			
2020-2024		2		1			
2025-2027		2					
Total	\$	7	\$	3			

Changes in Long-term Liabilities Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Ac	dditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Governmental activities:						<u>.</u>	
COPs payable	\$ 16,350	\$	-	\$	(4,825)	\$ 11,525	\$ 5,065
Variable rate demand bonds	38,190		-		(815)	37,375	915
Loans payable	9,332		-		(4,933)	4,399	461
Net OPEB obligation	10,667		4,007		(823)	13,851	-
Compensated absences	20,715		1,389		(1,521)	20,583	1,521
Liability claims payable	29,847		9,050		(3,288)	35,609	7,099
Accrued remediation cost	5,000		-		(285)	4,715	-
Total Governmental activities	\$ 130,101	\$	14,446	\$	(16,490)	\$ 128,057	\$ 15,061
Business-type activities:							
COPs payable	\$ 1,346	\$	-	\$	(36)	\$ 1,310	\$ 37
Bonds payable	7		-		-	7	1
Closure/postclosure costs payable	39,935		756		-	40,691	-
Compensated absences	 248				(19)	 229	 9
Total Business-type activities	\$ 41,536	\$	756	\$	(55)	\$ 42,237	\$ 47

The liability for compensated absences has typically been liquidated using the County's governmental funds and the Solid Waste Fund. The value of accumulated vacation at June 30, 2014, was \$16,434. Of this amount, \$152 is recorded in business-type funds. The value of accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2014 was calculated using a termination payment method and is accrued at \$2,959. Of this amount, \$44 is recorded in business-type funds. The value of accumulated compensated time off (CTO) at June 30, 2014 was \$1,419. Of this amount, \$32 is recorded in business-type funds.

The liabilities for claims and judgments payable include both General Liability and Workers' Compensation Liability and have been liquidated using the General Liability Insurance Internal Service Fund and the Workers' Compensation Insurance Internal Service Fund.

L. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

The County is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt for the outstanding bond issues totaling \$386,781 for School Bonds, 1915 Improvement Act Bonds, and Special District General Obligation Bonds at June 30, 2014. The County Auditor-Controller acts as an agent for the property owners and bond holders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments, with the exception of the Kaweah Delta Hospital Bond. The School Bonds totaling \$248,308 include bonds for Buena Vista, Burton, Earlimart, Exeter, Liberty, Kings River, Richgrove, Stone Corral, Sundale, Traver, and Woodlake Elementary Schools; Exeter, Strathmore, Tulare Joint Union, and Woodlake High Schools; Cutler-Orosi, Dinuba, Farmersville, Lindsay, Porterville, and Visalia Unified Schools; and College of the Sequoias Community College. The 1915 Improvement Act Bonds totaling \$141 include bonds for Ducor Community Service District (CSD) and Ducor CSD Supplemental. The Special Districts General Obligation Bonds totaling \$134,591 are for the Kaweah Delta Hospital Bond and the Tulare Healthcare Bond.

M. LANDFILLS

State and Federal laws and regulations require that County Solid Waste Fund place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill sites, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfills no longer accept waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfills used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs has a balance of \$35,369 as of June 30, 2014, which is based on an average of 36% usage (filled) of all landfill sites (remaining capacity determined as of August 18, 1989). It is estimated that an additional \$35,848 will be recognized as closure and post closure care expenses between the date of the statement of net position and the date the landfills are currently expected to be filled to capacity. The estimated remaining life of landfill sites ranges from 23.2 years for Teapot Dome, to 74.8 years for Woodville, to 140.6 years for the Visalia site. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post closure care of \$71,218 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfills were acquired as of June 30, 2014. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

In addition, the County is required by State and Federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post closure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at June 30, 2014, investments of \$35,371 are part of the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on investments held by the Treasurer. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in post closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill site users, taxpayers, or both.

Funds are set aside in accordance with the State Water Resources Control Board through the Regional Water Quality Control Board under California Governmental Code Regulations, title 27, subchapter 2, Article 4, and Sections 22220 through 22222. The funds are the financial assurance mechanism for corrective actions and are there to be used to clean up or otherwise remediate a release (e.g. plume of groundwater contamination) from the County's landfills. CalRecycle specifies what annual inflation rate should be applied to the amount required for corrective action, along with closure and post closure maintenance at the landfills. The County is in compliance with these requirements and, at June 30, 2014, investments of \$5,320 are part of the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer.

As of June 30, 2014, the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer's Department for financial assurance and closure/post closure maintenance total \$40,691 to offset the total liability.

N. REMEDIATION CONTINGENCIES

The County owns a 40 acre site used as a base for crop duster activities from 1952 to 1994. As a result of a site assessment, pesticides were identified at or near the surface. The County entered into an agreement with the State Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to perform interim remedial measures to comply with Health and Safety Code Section 25355.5 (a)(1)(c). The County has performed the following: (1) construction and maintenance of a site perimeter fence; (2) maintenance of a surface soil sealant over affected soils; (3) periodic inspections by both County and DTSC staff; (4) maintenance of a liner system over the former pond area; and (5) removal and proper closure of underground storage tanks and concrete sumps. As of June 30, 2014, the governmental activities reflects a \$4,715 accrued remediation liability. The liability has been calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The liability is subject to change over time. Cost may vary due to price fluctuations, changes in technology, results of environmental studies, changes to statute or regulations, and other factors that could result in revisions to these estimates. The County continues to work with DTSC staff and provides them with semiannual summary reports of the tests performed at the site. The semiannual testing will continue until the full scale remediation commences or until DTSC authorizes County in writing to discontinue or modify some or all of the interim remedial measures. The County spent \$287 for interim remedial expenditures and an additional \$285 was spent on the final remediation phase for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

O. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Net Position Restricted for Laws or Regulations of Other Governments:

Community Development Block Grants	\$ 2,665
County Children's	103
Social Security Truncation Program	357
Title IV-E Federal	102
Memo Trust Deferred Comp	88
Dairy Inspection Program	56
Public Guardian	312
Children's Wraparound Plan	319
Community Corrections Performance	
Incentive	677
Local Revenue Fund 2011 (AB118)	1,176
Courthouse	278
Retirement Contributions	117
Various Others	118
Total Net Position Restricted: Other Purposes	\$ 6,368

P. CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The TCPFC issued COPs to finance its sewage and water projects. These water and sewer projects are accounted for in separate funds. However, investors in the COPs rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual activities for repayment. Summary financial information for these funds is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Ten					
	S	ewer				
	Maiı	Maintenance		CSA #1		SA #2
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	959	\$	724	\$	127
Capital assets		1,013		3,193		313
Total assets		1,972		3,917		440
Liabilities:				<u>.</u>		
Current liabilities		91		75		16
Noncurrent liabilities		725		1,323		111
Total liabilities		816		1,398		127
Net Position:						
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,156		2,519		313
Total net position	\$	1,156	\$	2,519	\$	313

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Ter	ra Bella				
	S	ewer				
	Mair	ntenance	CS	SA #1	CS	SA #2
Water and sewer charges	\$	165	\$	512	\$	64
Other operating revenues		1		4		-
Depreciation expense		(53)		(170)		(15)
Other operating expenses		(158)		(499)		(105)
Operating income (loss)		(45)		(153)		(56)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Investment earnings		10		3		1
Special assessments		31		-		-
Interest expense		(34)		(11)		(1)
Change in net position		(38)		(161)		(56)
Beginning net position		1,194		2,680		369
Ending net position	\$	1,156	\$	2,519	\$	313

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

		a Bella ewer				
	Main	tenance	CSA #1		#1 CSA	
Net cash provided (used) by:						
Operating activities	\$	(58)	\$	37	\$	(32)
Noncapital financing activities		31		20		35
Capital and related financing activities		-		(43)		(2)
Investing activities		10		3		1
Net increase (decrease)		(17)		17		2
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		844		516		111
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	827	\$	533	\$	113

The County maintains three nonmajor enterprise funds that account for the maintenance and operations of a sewer system (Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District) and clean and safe water systems (County Service Areas #1 and #2).

Q. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned (see Note I. for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2014, is as follows:

		Major Special	Revenue Funds	Nonmajor	
	General Fund	TCPFC Fund	TCPFA Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 435	\$ 435
Prepaid items	395	_	-	589	984
Nonspendable subtotal	395	_		1,024	1,419
Restricted for:					
Alcohol and drug programs	4,240	_	-	_	4,240
Child support services	-	_	-	2,515	2,515
County clerk	7,611	_	-	-	7,611
Debt service	-	5,820	55,239	5,980	67,039
Education programs	-	-	-	1,745	1,745
Environmental programs	1,189	-	-	-	1,189
Fire department programs	_	_	-	2,070	2,070
Health care programs	483	_	-	16,217	16,700
Highways	_	_	-	-	-
Lease payments receivable	_	_	-	-	-
Law enforcement	8,640	_	_	_	8,640
Mental health care programs	8,565	_	-	-	8,565
Notes receivable	, -	_	-	4,640	4,640
Other purposes	3,293	_	_	955	4,248
Parks and recreation programs	, -	_	-	12	12
Proposition 69	126	_	-	-	126
Public ways and facilities programs	_	_	-	25,325	25,325
Remediation of Harmon Field	_	_	-	4,715	4,715
Restricted subtotal	34,147	5,820	55,239	64,174	159,380
Committed to:					
Advances to others	880	_	-	_	880
CalWORKs information network system	_	_	-	_	_
Dairy	_	_	-	-	-
Law enforcement	_	_	-	_	_
Health care programs	_	_	-	_	_
Sheriff projects	_	_	-	_	_
Goshen transportation plan	_	_	-	_	_
District Attorney programs	_	_	-	_	_
Federal legislative services	_	_	-	_	_
South County detention facility	_	_	-	4,100	4,100
Government Plaza generators	_		-	-	_
Committed to subtotal	880			4,100	4,980
Assigned to:					
Imprest cash	_	_	-	1	1
Other capital projects	_	1	3,500	14,084	17,585
Other purposes	_	_		1,627	1,627
Property tax administration fees court case	-	-	_	-	-
Assigned subtotal		1	3,500	15,712	19,213
Unassigned:	76,284			(2,597)	73,687
Total fund balances	\$ 111,706	\$ 5,821	\$ 58,739	\$ 82,413	\$ 258,679
	, ,				

V. Other Information

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to tort claims arising out of various types of loss such as automobile losses, operations losses, professional errors and omissions. The County is exposed to property loss and destruction of assets from theft, natural disasters, and other hazards. The County is also exposed to workers' compensation claims and liability arising out of job related injuries to County employees. The County uses a combination of self-insurance, commercial excess insurance, and pooled retentions with other counties to provide protection from loss. Premiums are collected from County agencies and deposited into the internal service funds for workers' compensation and liability to pay claims, build reserves, pay insurance premiums, and pay the administrative costs associated with risk management and claim administration.

The Risk Management Division self-administers the County's liability claim program. Losses and incidents of potential loss are reported to Risk Management. If appropriate after initial evaluation, a claim is established that includes a reasonable estimate of the ultimate cost of the claim to the County. The County has and continues to utilize a \$250 self-insured retention (SIR) for its Liability Insurance Program since 2003. The County purchases Excess Insurance above the SIR to cover general liability, auto liability and error and omissions claims. Total liability coverage limits for the fiscal year 2013-2014 were \$35 million. Property coverage is fully insured with a \$10 deductible applying to real property and contents. Insurance coverage for automobiles, aviation, water craft and medical malpractice claims pays for all claim and expense costs, with deductibles that apply as follows: automobiles \$20, aviation \$1, water craft \$1, and medical malpractice \$10. The Crime Bond deductible is \$25 and the Boiler and Machinery deductible is \$5 with coverage under the basic Property Program coverage.

Liability costs/settlements have occasionally exceeded the self-insured retention. For fiscal year 2013-2014, no payments were made that exceeded the self-insured retention.

The County is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC EIA), a California Joint Powers Authority. The purpose of CSAC EIA is to develop and fund insurance programs for California counties, cities, and other public agencies. CSAC EIA was formed in October 1979 and has operated without interruption since that time.

In 2001, the California Public Entities Insurance Authority was formed to allow other California public entities access to CSAC EIA's programs and services. In 2006, the Joint Powers Agreement was amended to allow public entities to join CSAC EIA directly. Through the restructure, two categories of membership were established: counties and public entities. CSAC EIA's Board of Directors consists of one representative from each of the 54 County members and seven elected representatives from the other public entities. County and public entity members serve together on the Executive and other committees that support CSAC EIA. CSAC EIA issues its own audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained from them at 75 Iron Point Circle, Suite 200, Folsom, CA 95630.

CSAC EIA operates public entity risk pools for Workers' Compensation, Comprehensive Liability, Property, and Medical Malpractice. CSAC EIA also purchases primary and excess insurance, actuarial services, and claims audits; and provides loss prevention and other services and subsidies for its members.

	Self	-Insured	C	overage
Excess Insurance Program	Re	tention		Limits
Excess Workers' Compensation	\$	125	;	Statutory
General Liability Programs I & II		250	\$	25,000
Optional Excess General Liability		25,000		25,000
Property		10		600,000
Medical Malpractice		10		21,500

Liability reserves include an amount for estimated claims payable, including expenses and an accrual for claims incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and the amount of payouts as well as economic and social factors affecting claim values. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the insurance internal service funds.

The County returned to a Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Program on July 1, 2005. American International Group provided a fully insured Workers' Compensation policy for the previous six years. The Workers' Compensation Program utilizes a \$125 SIR and includes statutory coverage limits. The Workers' Compensation fund covers the cost of the Safety Officer, Safety and Claim Officer and safety programs. The Risk Management Division self-administers the Safety Program for the County.

The County renewed its workers' compensation administration service agreement with the third party claim administrator CorVel Corporation on April 1, 2014 for one, three-year term. CorVel Corporation staff administers claims and payments from a \$500 revolving fund, which is reconciled at least monthly by the County.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	V	Workers'		neral and			
	Con	Compensation		rty Damage	Total		
Liability - June 30, 2012 Claims incurred Claims payments	\$ 27,891 1,583 (3,504)		\$	3,728 3,224 (3,075)	\$	31,619 4,807 (6,579)	
Liability - June 30, 2013 Claims incurred Claims payments		25,970 6,362 (3,016)		3,877 2,688 (272)		29,847 9,050 (3,288)	
Liability - June 30, 2014	\$	29,316	\$	6,293	\$	35,609	

B. JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is defined by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as "a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain either (a) an ongoing financial interest, or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility." Aside from the County's membership in the CSAC as described in Note V.A, the County also participates in other joint ventures as follows:

California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) The CSCDA is a California Joint Exercise of Powers Authority, organized and existing under the California Government Code Section 6500 and following, and is sponsored by the League of California Cities and the California State Association of Counties. The CSCDA is comprised of nearly 500 California cities, counties, and special districts, including the County. The CSCDA is authorized to assist in the financing of 501(c) (3) nonprofit projects; however, the CSCDA may only issue debt with the approval of the governing body of the jurisdiction in which the project is located. There are no financial obligations placed on the County for project financing costs or debt repayment.

Central Valley Immunization Information System (CVIIS) On January 1, 2001, the Counties of Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Mono, and Tulare entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by which they created and established CVIIS as a separate public agency. CVIIS was created to provide a client-oriented, automated immunization system so that residents of member counties will have access to and receive age appropriate immunizations pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 120440 (b) (1)1. The County acts as its own fiscal agent with respect to funds provided to it directly from the State. The County's financial interest is based upon joint ownership of money and property owned by CVIIS.

Consolidated Waste Management Authority (CWMA) On December 14, 1999, the cities of Visalia, Porterville, Lindsay, Dinuba, and Tulare entered into a Joint Powers Agreement by which was created and established the CWMA as an independent public agency to comprehensively plan, develop, operate, and manage the transformation, recycling, processing and disposal of solid waste within the members' jurisdictions per Assembly Bill (AB) 939. In November 2002, the Cities of Exeter and Farmersville were added as members of the CWMA. In April 2006, the County was added as a member. Aside from annual membership dues, the County has no financial responsibilities. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from Consolidated Waste Management Authority, 707 West Acequia, Visalia, California 93291.

Goshen Public Financing Authority (GPFA) On September 17, 1996, the Tulare County Redevelopment Agency (a blended component unit of the County) and the Goshen Community Services District formed the legally-separate GPFA as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement. The County has pledged \$53 each year for 40 years against United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) bonds secured by GPFA for a sewer project in Goshen. Tulare County Successor Agency was formed because of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA) dissolution, the pledge has transferred over to the Successor Agency as detailed in Note V.

Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (KTAAA) KTAAA was established in 1980 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement between Kings and Tulare Counties for the purpose of spending Older Americans Act and Older Californians Act monies in support of seniors. The County is responsible for a minimum of 79% of the required administrative match each year, but all resources would revert to the California Department of Aging. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the County Health and Human Services Agency, 5957 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277.

Lake Kaweah Enlargement Project The Lake Kaweah Enlargement Project was established in 1999 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement between the Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District and the County for the purpose of constructing a spillway at Lake Kaweah in order to provide greater flood protection. The County is responsible for 12% of non-Federally-supported costs of the project and retains a 12% interest in the completed project. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District, 2975 Farmersville Boulevard, Farmersville, California 93292.

San Joaquin Valley Library System The entity was established in 1970 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement among library jurisdictions in the San Joaquin Valley for the purpose of reducing the costs of operations and improving services to the public. The County is responsible for staffing and minor purchases in support of the system. The County's financial interest is based upon its percentage of contributions to the system. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Fresno County Library, 2420 Mariposa Street, Fresno, California 93721.

San Joaquin Valley Power Authority (SJVPA) The entity was established on November 15, 2006, by the Board that adopted subsection(s) to Section 105 of the County Ordinance Code which approved the Joint Powers Agreement to join the SJVPA. The other members of SJVPA are: the Cities of Clovis, Corcoran, Dinuba, Fresno, Hanford, Kerman, Kingsburg, Lemoore, Parlier, Reedley, Sanger, Selma, and Kings County. The SJVPA will set electrical generation rates for customers within its service area and will purchase power from the Kings River Conservation District and seek to offer a 5% reduction in generation charges to its customers. The total cost incurred by the County to date is \$27,655. There is no ongoing cost for membership in the SJVPA. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Kings River Conservation District, 4886 East Jensen Avenue, Fresno, California 93725.

Tulare County Association of Governments (TCAG) TCAG was established in 1971 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement among incorporated Cities and the County for the purpose of providing a forum for the coordination of transportation and air quality maintenance programs. The County is responsible for staffing and for a pro rata share of operating costs. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the County Resource Management Agency, 5961 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277.

Tulare County Service Authority for the Abatement of Abandoned Vehicles The Tulare County Service Authority for the Abatement of Abandoned Vehicles was established in 1991 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement among incorporated Cities and the County for the purpose of removing and disposing of abandoned vehicles deemed to be public nuisances. The County is responsible for the collection and disbursement of authorized funds and meeting State reporting requirements for which the County receives 1% of the annual funds collected. The authority has no resources other than cash, which is distributed immediately upon receipt. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the State of California Controller's Office, Post Office Box 942850, Sacramento, CA 94250.

Tule River Improvement Project The Tule River Improvement Project was established in 1998 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement between the Lower Tule River Irrigation District and the County for the purpose of acquiring and maintaining entrance facilities and channels in order to provide flood control and water conservation. The project's support costs are shared equally among participants with specific project costs shared according to separate agreements per project. The County's interest in the project is calculated based on contributions to individual projects. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Lower Tule River Irrigation District, 357 East Olive Avenue, Tipton, California 93272.

San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority (SJVIA) On September 29, 2009, the Counties of Tulare and Fresno entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by which they created the SJVIA as a separate public agency charged with the responsibility of providing health and medical benefits for over 10,000 Fresno and Tulare County employees. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Fresno County Auditor-Controller at 2281 Tulare Street #105, Fresno, CA 93721.

Upper Kings Basin Integrated Regional Water Management Authority (UKBIRWMA) On May 18, 2010, the County became a full voting member of the UKBIRWMA at a cost of \$5 per year. The purpose of the UKBIRWMA is to engage in the management of water resources under the Integrated Regional Water Management Planning Act of 2002. The UKBIRWMA has brought in over \$11,000 of funding to the region for planning and expanding local groundwater projects.

California Rural Home Mortgage Finance Authority (CRHMFA) On January 27, 2009, the County became an associate member of the CRHMFA in order to meet the demand from mortgage consultants expressing interest in utilizing National Homebuyer Fund (NHF) loan programs. There are no annual membership dues, so the County has no financial responsibilities with respect to this organization.

C. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 2, 2014 a \$56,000 2014-2015 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note (TRAN) was issued at 2% with a one year maturity of June 30, 2015.

D. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although, the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Counsel (other than the claims included in Note V. Other Information, sub-section A. Risk Management), resolution of these matters would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

In the opinion of the County Counsel, a large majority of tax assessment appeals will be withdrawn by the applicants or settled by a stipulation of value and the County's Tax Assessor will prevail in the majority of appeals.

Program Compliance Requirements The County participates in a number of Federal and State assisted grant programs, principal of which are the Family Support Payments, Child Support Enforcement, Community Development Block Grants, Workforce Investment Act, Justice Subvention programs, and Local Public Works programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors and audits conducted under the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Termination Fee Presently, the County is not engaged in any contracts containing contingent liability for an early termination.

Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency In accordance with AB 1X 26 and AB 1434, all redevelopment agencies in the State were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities as of February 1, 2012. It is reasonably possible that the State Department of Finance could invalidate any of the obligations reported on the Successor Agency's Recognized Obligations Payment Schedule. The range of potential loss of revenue to pay these obligations is between \$0 and \$5,694 over the remaining life of the Successor Agency (23 years).

E. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available for distribution until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Since an outside party in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, administers the plan assets, these assets are not included in the financial statements of the County.

F. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description The Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association (TCERA) was established July 1, 1945 under the provisions of the County Employees Retirement Act of 1937 (Government Code Sections 31450 et seq.). TCERA operates as a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with special funding circumstances and provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for qualified employees of the County, the County Courts, and the Strathmore Public Utility District. TCERA was integrated with Social Security in 1956. TCERA is administered by a nine-member Board of Retirement. TCERA issues a separate Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Copies of the annual financial report may be obtained from TCERA, 136 North Akers Street, Visalia, California 93291, or from TCERA's website at www.tcera.org.

Funding Policy Active plan members in TCERA are required to contribute a percentage of their annual covered salary based upon age at entry into the plan and plan Tier. Currently, General Tier I members contribute between 3.79% and 8.07% of salary. General members of Tiers II and III contribute between 5.56% and 12.32% of covered salary. Safety Tier I members contribute between 6.01% and 8.86% of salary. Safety Tier II and III members contribute 8.78% and 13.54% of covered salary. Due to a collective bargaining agreement, the County has a legal obligation to contribute 50% of the contributions required for active Tier I plan members. The rates reflected above for Tier I members do not reflect the County "pickup." The required employer aggregate contribution rate for all Tier I, II and III members combined in fiscal year 2013-2014 was 11.21% for General employees and 19.67% for Safety employees of total payroll. Effective January 1, 2013, the County Board established a new Tier IV for plan members impacted by the provisions of the California Public Employee's Pension Reform Act (PEPRA). Tier IV General Members contribute between 2.98% and 9.24% of covered salary to the pension plan. Safety members contribute between 6.81% and 13.22% of salary. County employer rates for Tier IV are equal to 6.09% for General employees and 8.69% for Safety employees.

Annual Pension Cost (APC) For fiscal year 2013-2014, the County's annual pension cost for TCERA was \$27,257 and the County actually contributed \$27,257. The projected contribution for the fiscal year was determined as part of the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percentage of pay as projected by the County. The actuarial assumption included (a) 7.85% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 5.5%, and (c) life expectancy – the employee portion of the cost-of-living provisions is expressed as a percentage of the employee's contribution rates, ignoring the cost-of-living provisions. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 4%. The actuarial value of TCERA's assets was determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 10-year period. TCERA unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or excess assets) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open/rolling 15-year basis.

The County's annual pension cost and pension assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Three Year Trend Information									
Year Ended	Annı	ual Pension	Requi	ired Annual	Percentage				
June 30		Cost		ntribution	Contributed	Pensi	ion Assets		
2012	\$	28,166	\$	22,189	78.78%	\$	7,504		
2013		31,334		24,197	77.22%		367		
2014		25,953		25,953	100.00%		_		

As of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the plan was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 1,251,179
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	1,101,929
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 149,250
Funded Ratio	88.1%
Covered Payroll	\$ 234,439
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	63.7%

G. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The County's postemployment benefit plan is an agent multiple-employer plan. The County allows retirees who participate in the County administered medical plan and retire directly from active service under the TCERA to continue to participate in the County administered medical plan at the retirees' expense. The same premiums are charged to both active employees and retirees. Although the County does not explicitly subsidize retirees medical plan premiums, allowing retirees to participate in the same plan at the same premium rate results in an "implied subsidy." Including the "implied subsidy" on the government-wide statements is done solely for purposes of complying with accounting standards and is not an admission by the County that the benefit is in any way a vested benefit to which any current or former employee is or will be entitled. Under GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the value of this implied subsidy must be included in the employer's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) to the extent that the employers pay at least that amount in active employee premiums.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation as well as the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets (if any), consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the County's June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25% investment rate of return (net of investment expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend of 8.6% and declines to 5.25% over nine years. Both rates include an inflation assumption of 3.25%. The AAL is the cumulative value of the projected benefits. The unfunded AAL is amortized as a level percent of payroll over a closed 30 year period from June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2012 there are 25 years remaining.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing OPEB Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the OPEB Plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the County's OPEB is presented as required supplementary information following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This schedule will, in the subsequent fiscal year, present multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of OPEB Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

Using a 4.25% discount rate, the actuarial values are as follows:

As of June 30, 2012	
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 25,597
Actuarial value of plan assets	· <u>-</u>
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 25,597
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 204,009
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	12.55%
Plan Cost for the year ended June 30, 2014	
Normal Cost (NC)	\$ 2,712
UAAL Amortization	1,376
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 4,088
Projected Payroll	\$ 210,639
ARC as % Payroll	1.9%
•	
OPEB Cost for the year ended June 30, 2014	
Annual required contribution	\$ 4,088
Interest on net OPEB obligation	436
Adjustment to ARC	(517)
Annual OPEB cost	4,007
Contributions made	(823)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,184
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	10,667
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 13,851

|--|

	Α	nnual	Percentage of Annual OPEB	Ne	et OPEB
Year Ended	OP	EB Cost	Cost Contributed	Ot	oligation
6/30/2012	\$	2,264	36%	\$	7,769
6/30/2013		3,771	23%		10,667
6/30/2014		4,007	21%		13,851

H. TRIAL COURT FUNDING

AB 233, which was adopted by the State Legislature in 1997 and became effective January 1, 1998, transfers responsibility from the counties to the State for local trial court funding commencing in the 1997-1998 fiscal year. Under this legislation, the State assumed a greater degree of responsibility for trial court operations costs from fiscal year 1997-1998 forward.

The County will continue to be obligated to provide court facilities for all judicial officers and support positions authorized prior to July 1, 1996. This includes those judicial officers and positions, which replace those officers and positions created prior to July 1, 1996. However, AB 233 does not require that the County finance new capital facility expenditures related to judicial officers and support staff required for any judgeships authorized during the period from January 1, 1998 to June 30, 2003. The County remained obligated to fund capital expenditures with respect to capital needs of existing judicial officers and support positions located in several of its courthouse facilities until an agreement can be reached for each specific facility.

In fiscal year 2006-2007, the County began negotiations with the State of California Judicial Council for individual facilities. Per the agreements, the County would be obligated to contribute an ongoing quarterly Court Facilities Payment to the State which will be adjusted annually.

In addition, there would be a Joint Occupancy Agreement between Judicial Council and the County. The primary occupant would be determined for each facility based upon square footage occupied. The responsibilities of each occupant would be outlined in the agreements and the secondary occupant would be required to reimburse the primary occupant a predetermined percentage of such expenses as utilities and repairs. The secondary occupant would be invoiced quarterly.

As of June 30, 2009, Joint Occupancy Agreements have been signed for the Tulare Courthouse (in which the County was originally a 30% occupant but no longer occupies due to closure of the courthouse), the Porterville Courthouse (in which the County was originally a 46% occupant but now occupies approximately 23% due to the closure of the courthouse), the Visalia Courthouse (in which the County is a 68% occupant), the William Silveira Jr. Juvenile Justice Center (in which the County is a 87% occupant), and the Dinuba Courthouse (which the County does not occupy). The County is currently initiating the process of selling the now vacant Tulare Courthouse and is coordinating this effort with the Administrative Office of the Courts.

I. PROPOSITION 1A BORROWING BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-2010 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State borrowed 8% of the amount of property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in-lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties, and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The State was required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to the County was \$8,270.

Authorized with the 2009-2010 State budget package, the Proposition 1A Securitization Program was instituted by the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (California Communities), a joint powers authority sponsored by the California State Association of Counties and the League of California Cities, to enable local governments to sell their Proposition 1A receivables to California Communities. Under the Securitization Program, California Communities simultaneously purchased the Proposition 1A receivables and issued bonds (Prop 1A Bonds) to provide local agencies with cash proceeds in two equal installments, on January 15, 2010, and May 3, 2010. The County opted to receive the two equal payments and received the entire \$8,270 prior to the year ended June 30, 2010. The purchase price paid to the local agencies equaled 100% of the amount of the property tax reduction. All transaction costs of issuance and interest were paid by the State. Participating local agencies have no obligation on the bonds and no credit exposure to the State. California Communities participated in the securitization program and accordingly property taxes have been recorded in the same manner as if the State had not exercised its rights under Proposition 1A. The receivable sale proceeds were equal to the book value and, as a result, no gain or loss was recorded.

The Fire and Library funds did not securitize in fiscal year 2009-2010 and instead received payment plus interest from the State in fiscal year 2012-2013. The amount Fire received in fiscal year 2012-2013 was \$581. The amount the Library received in fiscal year 2012-2013 was \$280.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association (TCERA) Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

			A	ctuarial	Ţ	Infunded			UAAL/S
		Actuarial	A	Accrued	Actu	arial Accrued			as a % of
Actuarial		Value of	Liab	ility (AAL)	Liabi	lity/(Surplus)		Covered	Covered
Valuation		Assets	E	ntry Age	(UAAL/S)	Funded	Payroll	Payroll
Date		(A)		(B)		(B-A)	Ratio (A/B)	(C)	(B-A)/C
6/30/2007	\$	800,967	\$	846,030	\$	45,063	94.67%	\$ 204,803	22.0%
6/30/2008		879,051		946,414		67,363	92.88%	226,836	29.7%
6/30/2009		919,179		996,747		77,568	92.22%	227,306	34.1%
6/30/2010		946,640		1,033,211		86,571	91.62%	217,811	39.7%
6/30/2011		969,681		1,072,144		102,463	90.44%	219,854	46.6%
6/30/2012		981,946		1,101,456		119,510	89.15%	222,635	53.7%
6/30/2013		1,048,160		1,186,057		137,898	88.37%	230,955	59.7%
6/30/2014	*	1,101,929		1,251,179		149,249	88.07%	234,439	63.7%

^{*}Data provided by Buck Consultants "Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association Report on the Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2014."

Note to Required Supplementary Information

1. The schedule for TCERA, a cost-sharing, multiple employer retirement system, relates to the association as a whole. The County represents a majority of TCERA's covered payroll.

Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

OPEB Schedule of Funding Progress

				,	or LD belieu	uic of i u	manig i rogicss				
				A	ctuarial	U	nfunded			UAAL/S	
		Actuarial		Α	ccrued	Actua	rial Accrued			as a % of	
Actuarial		Value of		Liabi	lity (AAL)	Liabil	ity/(Surplus)		Covered	Covered	
Valuation		Assets		Er	ntry Age	J)	JAAL/S)	Funded	Payroll	Payroll	
Date		(A)			(B)		(B-A)	Ratio (A/B)	(C)	(B-A)/C	
6/30/2006		\$	-	\$	13,744	\$	13,744	0.00%	\$ 194,399	7.07%	
6/30/2008			-		12,411		12,411	0.00%	214,673	5.78%	
6/30/2010			-		12,596		12,596	0.00%	205,008	6.14%	
6/30/2012	*		-		25,597		25,597	0.00%	204,009	12.55%	

^{*} Data provided by Bartel Associates, LLC. "County of Tulare Retiree Healthcare Plan Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2012"

Note to Required Supplementary Information

1. The OPEB schedule presented relates solely to the County.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	tal Special enue Funds		otal Debt vice Fund	al Capital ects Fund	l Nonmajor mental Funds
ASSETS		•			
Cash in banks	\$ 1	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1
Investment in treasury pool	53,073		5,998	18,619	77,690
Imprest cash	1		-	-	1
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					• •
Accounts	2,501		-	-	2,501
Due from other funds	360		-	-	360
Due from other governments	7,636		-	-	7,636
Prepaid items	589		-	-	589
Notes receivable	18,283		-	-	18,283
Inventories	435		-	-	435
Lease payments receivable, net of interest	-		297	-	297
Restricted assets	 -		-	4,715	4,715
Total assets	\$ 82,879	\$	6,295	\$ 23,334	\$ 112,508
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,167	\$	-	\$ 414	\$ 4,581
Due to other funds	1,760		-	2	1,762
Due to other governments	100		-	-	100
Salaries and benefits payable	1,156		-	19	1,175
Advances	2,755		-	-	2,755
Total liabilities	9,938		-	435	10,373
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue-special assessments	 19,426		296		19,722
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,426		296		19,722
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	1,024		-	-	1,024
Restricted	53,479		5,980	4,715	64,174
Committed	-		-	4,100	4,100
Assigned	1,609		19	14,084	15,712
Unassigned	 (2,597)		_	 	 (2,597)
Total fund balances	53,515		5,999	22,899	82,413
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 82,879	\$	6,295	\$ 23,334	\$ 112,508

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

EVENUES Taxes and special assessments \$ 23,419 \$ - \$ 2,449 Liceness and permits 19 - 6 - 19 Fines, forfeitures and penalties 907 1,639 - 2,546 Interest, rents and concessions 886 216 236 1,388 Intergovernmental revenues 103,346 - 15 103,361 Charges for services 3,938 2 3,938 Other revenues 4,392 21 214 4,627 Total revenues - 36,007 1,876 465 139,248 EXPENDITURES Current: - 2,988 4,584 General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 2,88 4,584 Public assistance 8,020 2,988 4,584 Public assistance 8,020 4,079 2,167 Principal retirement 5,117 - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges 925 - 925 - 925 <th></th> <th>Total Special Revenue Funds</th> <th>Total Debt Service Fund</th> <th>Total Capital Projects Fund</th> <th colspan="2">Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</th>		Total Special Revenue Funds	Total Debt Service Fund	Total Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Licenses and permits 19 - - 19 Fines, forfeitures and penalties 907 1,639 - 2,546 Interest, rents and concessions 886 216 236 1,338 Interpovermental revenues 103,346 - 15 103,611 Charges for services 3,938 - - 3,938 Other revenues 4,392 21 214 4,627 Total revenues 136,907 1,876 465 139,248 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public protection 26,773 - - 2,988 4,584 Public assistance 80,200 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984	REVENUES					
Fines, forfeitures and penalties 907 1,639 - 2,546 Interest, rents and concessions 886 216 236 1,338 Intergovernmental revenues 103,46 - 15 103,361 Charges for services 3,938 - - 3,938 Other revenues 4,392 21 214 4,627 Total revenues 136,907 1,876 465 139,248 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 4,079 Debt service: - - 925 - 925 Capital cuttage and facilities - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest	Taxes and special assessments	\$ 23,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,419	
Interest, rents and concessions 886 216 236 1,338 Intergovernmental revenues 103,346 - 15 103,361 Charges for services 3,938 - - 3,938 Other revenues 4,392 21 214 4,627 Total revenues 136,907 1,876 465 139,248 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 2,167 Health and sanitation 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: - - 5,117 - 5,117 Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay	Licenses and permits	19	-	-	19	
Intergovernmental revenues	Fines, forfeitures and penalties	907	1,639	-	2,546	
Charges for services 3,938 - - 3,938 Other revenues 4,392 21 214 4,627 Total revenues 136,907 1,876 465 139,248 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 4,079 Debt service: - - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers	Interest, rents and concessions	886	216	236	1,338	
Other revenues 4,392 21 214 4,627 Total revenues 136,907 1,876 465 139,248 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212	Intergovernmental revenues	103,346	-	15	103,361	
Total revenues 136,907 1,876 465 139,248	Charges for services	3,938	-	-	3,938	
Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 8,020 Education 4,079 4,079 Debt service:	Other revenues	4,392	21	214	4,627	
Current: General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: - - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 4,166 (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127)	Total revenues	136,907	1,876	465	139,248	
General government 1,596 - 2,988 4,584 Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: - - 5,117 - 5,117 Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES					
Public protection 26,773 - - 26,773 Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: - - 5,117 - 5,117 Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 4,166 (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8						
Public ways and facilities 22,167 - - 22,167 Health and sanitation 1,116 - - 1,116 Public assistance 8,020 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025)			-	2,988	,	
Health and sanitation	*		-	-	<u> </u>	
Public assistance 8,020 - - 8,020 Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	•	,	-	-		
Education 4,079 - - 4,079 Debt service: Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168		*	-	-	*	
Debt service: Frincipal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 - 5,117 - 5,117 - 5,117 - 5,117 - 5,117 - 925 - 925 - 925 - 925 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures - 79,735 6,042 - 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1			-	-		
Principal retirement - 5,117 - 5,117 Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925 Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168		4,079	-	-	4,079	
Interest and fiscal charges - 925 - 925	Debt service:					
Capital outlay 15,984 - 4,812 20,796 Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Principal retirement	-	5,117	-	5,117	
Total expenditures 79,735 6,042 7,800 93,577 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Interest and fiscal charges	-	925	-	925	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Capital outlay	15,984		4,812	20,796	
over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Total expenditures	79,735	6,042	7,800	93,577	
over (under) expenditures 57,172 (4,166) (7,335) 45,671 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Eyess (deficiency) of revenues					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168		57 172	(4 166)	(7 335)	45 671	
Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	over (under) expenditures	37,172	(4,100)	(1,333)	43,071	
Transfers in 18,847 8,268 10,097 37,212 Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (out) (72,640) (8,127) (1,871) (82,638) Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168		18,847	8,268	10,097	37,212	
Total other financing sources (uses) (53,793) 141 8,226 (45,426) Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Transfers (out)		(8,127)	(1,871)	(82,638)	
Net change in fund balances 3,379 (4,025) 891 245 Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168						
Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168						
Fund balances, July 1 50,136 10,024 22,008 82,168	Net change in fund balances	3,379	(4,025)	891	245	
	Fund balances, July 1	50,136	10,024	22,008	82,168	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Indigent Health Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies paid to hospitals and doctors for services rendered to individuals who cannot pay. This fund was established in 1989-90 to receive the County's share of Proposition 99 monies per Assembly Bill (AB) 75. The primary source of revenue are tobacco taxes.

<u>Redevelopment (RDA) Successor Agency Housing Fund</u> - The Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency Housing Fund was created on February 1, 2012, pursuant to the provisions of the Redevelopment Restructuring Act. Under this act, the County elected to assume the housing functions and take over the housing assets of the former RDA, along with the related rights, powers, liabilities, duties, and obligations. The primary source of revenue are property taxes.

<u>Library Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for informational, cultural, and recreational services to the public through library outlets. The primary sources of revenue are charges for services, ad valorem property taxes, and State funds.

<u>Fish and Game Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for improving the habitat for wildlife propagation and for incidental administrative matters. The primary source of revenues are the County's share of fines levied for violations of fish and game laws within its boundaries.

<u>Aviation Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for aviation services to the public and governmental agencies. The primary source of revenue are Aircraft taxes.

<u>Structural Fire Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for public structural fire protection. The primary sources of revenue are charges for services, ad valorem property taxes, and State funds.

Roads Fund - This fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services to other governmental units and the public. The primary sources of revenue are the County's share of State highway users taxes, Transportation Development Act and Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act revenues.

<u>Workforce Investment Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for services providing training and employment opportunities for the public. The primary sources of revenue are State and Federal Grants.

<u>Child Support Services Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the costs of administering Child Support services to families in the County. The primary source of revenue is charges for services.

<u>Mental Health Realignment Fund</u> - These State mandated funds were established to account for County match, sales tax revenues, and transfers to/from the general fund for certain mental health program expenditures. The primary sources of revenue are State funds.

<u>Health Realignment Fund</u> - These State mandated funds were established to account for County match, sales tax revenues, and transfers to/from the general fund for certain health program expenditures. The primary sources of revenue are State funds.

<u>Social Services Realignment Fund</u> - These State mandated funds were established to account for County match, sales tax revenues, and transfers to/from the general fund for certain welfare program expenditures. The primary sources of revenue are State funds.

<u>Tobacco Settlement Fund</u> - This fund was established to receive the County's share of the Tobacco Settlement litigation proceeds. The primary source of revenue are tobacco taxes.

<u>Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority (TCIHSSPA) Fund</u> - TCIHSSPA was established according to the provisions of the Welfare and Institutions Code Section 12301.6 to serve as employer of record of providers of in-home supportive services for purposes of the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act. The primary sources of revenue are State funds.

<u>Flood Control Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for flood control services provided in the County. The primary sources of revenue are ad valorem property taxes, assessments, and State funds.

<u>Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Fund</u> - This fund was set up to collect and recycle repayment of CDBG loan funds. The primary sources of revenue are Federal Grants.

<u>HOME Program Fund</u> - This fund is used to collect and recycle repayment of home loan funds. The primary sources of revenue are Federal Grants.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

			Succe	levelopment essor Agency				and				uctural				orkforce		ld Suppo
COPPE	Indig	ent Health		Housing		Library	Ga	me	Aviat	ion]	Fire		Roads	Inv	restment	Se	ervices
ASSETS Cash in banks	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	¢	1	\$	-	\$	
Investment in treasury pool	φ	1.033	. P	37	Ф	2,177	φ	13	. P	808	φ	2,495	φ	21.993	Ф	360	Ф	3,22
Imprest cash		1,055		3/		2,1//		13		000		2,493		21,993		300		3,22
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		-		1		-		-		-		-		-		
Accounts										5.4		20		18				
		-		-		-		-		54						-		
Due from other funds		=		-		-		-		-		-		360		-		41
Due from other governments		-		=		-		-		895		20		5,786		20		41
Prepaid items		-		-		589		-		-		-		-	_			
Notes receivable		-		1,973		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Inventories						-				-		-		435				
otal assets	\$	1,033	\$	2,010	\$	2,767	\$	13	\$	1,757	\$	2,535	\$	28,593	\$	380	\$	3,63
JABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$	966	\$	-	\$	13	\$	1	\$	535	\$	72	\$	1,993	\$	324	\$	3
Due to other funds		-		-		6		-		1,100		49		27		5		3
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		100		-		
Salaries and benefits payable		4		-		79		-		-		344		341		51		33
Advances		-		1,991		_		-		-		-		32		-		72
Total liabilities		970		1,991		98		1		1,635		465		2,493	=	380		1,12
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-					=	-	=			
TUND BALANCES																		
Nonspendable		_		_		589		_		_		_		435				
Restricted		63		19		1,745		12		122		2,070		25,325		_		2,51
Assigned		-		- 17		335		- 12		122		2,070		340		_		2,31
Unassigned		_				-		-		-		-		J-10				
					_					122		2.070	_	26,100	_			2,51
Total fund balances		63		19		2,669		12										

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

S	al Health ignment	Health Realignment	Social Service Realignm	s	Tobacco Settlement	TCIHSS Public Authority	Fl	ood Control	Community Development Block Grant	Н	OME Program		Fotal Special evenue Funds	ASSETS
	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	\$	-	\$	1	
Receivables, net Receivables, net Receivables, net Receivables, net Receivables, net Receivables, net Receivables Receivables	5,141	4,105	6,	908	1	-		3,768	888		120		53,073	Investment in treasury pool
Company	-	-		-	-	-		-			-		1	
Company	-	-		-	2,409	-		-			-		2,501	
Section Sect	-	_		-	-	-		_			_			Due from other funds
Social S	-	-		-	-	-		-	478		27		7,636	Due from other governments
\$ 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 82,879 Total assets LIABLITIES	-	-		-	-	-		-			-		589	Prepaid items
\$ 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 82,879 Total assets LIABILITIES	-	-		-	-	-		-	5,296		11,014		18,283	Notes receivable
LABILITIES Capabilities Capabi	-			-		-	,	-		. ,	-	,		
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 48 \$ 183 \$ - \$ 4,167 Accounts payable 517 26 1,760 Due to other funds 100 Due to other governments 100 2,755 Advances 10 2,755 Advances 48 700 36 9,938 Total liabilities 2,409 5,893 11,124 19,426 Unavailable revenue-special assessments 1,024 Nonspendable 9,34 1,609 Assigned 9,34 1,609 Assigned 9,34 1,609 Assigned (2,596) (1) (2,597) - 5,141 4,105 6,908 1 1 3,3720 69 1 1 3,3515 Unassigned (2,596) (1) (2,597) - 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 8,82,879 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 5,141	\$ 4,105	\$ 6,	908	\$ 2,410	\$ -	\$	3,768	\$ 6,662	\$	11,161	\$	82,879	Total assets
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 48 \$ 183 \$ - \$ 4,167 Accounts payable 517 26 1,760 Due to other funds 100 Due to other governments 100 2,755 Advances 10 2,755 Advances 48 700 36 9,938 Total liabilities 2,409 5,893 11,124 19,426 Unavailable revenue-special assessments 1,024 Nonspendable 9,34 1,609 Assigned 9,34 1,609 Assigned 9,34 1,609 Assigned (2,596) (1) (2,597) - 5,141 4,105 6,908 1 1 3,3720 69 1 1 3,3515 Unassigned (2,596) (1) (2,597) - 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 8,82,879 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	 													
Signature Sign														LIABILITIES
Due to other governments Salaries and benefits payable Advances	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	48	\$ 183	\$	-	\$	4,167	Accounts payable
Salaries and benefits payable Advances Advances Advances Advances	-	-		-	-	-		-	517		26			
Control of the cont	-	-		-	-	-		-			-			
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-special assessments Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-		-	-	-		-			-			
DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-special assessments 1,124 19,426 Unavailable revenue-special assessments Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-		-				-						
Control of the Cont		-		-			_	48	700		36		9,938	Total liabilities
Control of the Cont														
Total deferred inflows of resources FUND BALANCES FUND B														
FUND BALANCES 5,141 4,105 6,908 1 - 2,786 2,665 2 53,479 Restricted	-	-		-				-						
S,141	 	-		-	2,409				5,893		11,124		19,426	Total deferred inflows of resources
5,141 4,105 6,908 1 - 2,786 2,665 2 53,479 Restricted														
Second	-	-		-	-	-		-			-			
5,141 4,105 6,908 1 - 3,720 69 1 53,515 Total fund balances \$ 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 82,879 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	5,141	4,105	6,	908	1	-			2,665		2			
5,141 4,105 6,908 1 - 3,720 69 1 53,515 Total fund balances \$ 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 82,879 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	-	-		-	-	-		934						
\$ 5,141 \$ 4,105 \$ 6,908 \$ 2,410 \$ - \$ 3,768 \$ 6,662 \$ 11,161 \$ 82,879 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances											(1)			
					1						1			
Concluded	\$ 5,141	\$ 4,105	\$ 6,	908	\$ 2,410	\$ -	\$	3,768	\$ 6,662	\$	11,161	\$	82,879	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances
		<u> </u>			•							Cor	ncluded	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

REVENUES	Indigent Health	Redevelopment Successor Agency Housing	Library	Fish and Game	Aviation	Structural Fire	Roads	Workforce Investment	Child Support Services
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ 3,735	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,762	\$ 11,359	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits		ψ 36 -	φ 3,733 -		φ - -	14	5	φ - -	ф - -
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	899	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
Interest, rents and concessions	13	1	24	-	28	56	215	374	49
Intergovernmental revenues	144	-	113	-	902	833	27,706	7,546	12,399
Charges for services	-	-	136	-	-	409	3,392	-	-
Other revenues	52	39	50	-	1	136	171	-	24
Total revenues	1,108	78	4,058	8	931	9,210	42,848	7,920	12,472
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public protection	-	-	-	8	-	13,651	-	-	12,632
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-	70	-	22,097	-	-
Health and sanitation	1,116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,020	-
Education	-	-	4,079	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-				920	342	14,660		44
Total expenditures	1,116	6	4,079	8	990	13,993	36,757	8,020	12,676
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(8)	72	(21)	-	(59)	(4,783)	6,091	(100)	(204)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	13	-	-	-	101	4,811	408	100	-
Transfers (out)	-		(159)		-		(20)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	13	-	(159)	-	101	4,811	388	100	-
Net change in fund balances	5	72	(180)	-	42	28	6,479	-	(204)
Fund balances, July 1	58	(53)	2,849	12	80	2,042	19,621		2,719
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 63	\$ 19	\$ 2,669	\$ 12	\$ 122	\$ 2,070	\$ 26,100	\$ -	\$ 2,515
	·								Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

ital Health lignment	Health Realignment	Social Services Realignment	Tobacco Settlement	TCIHSS Public Authority	Flood Control	Community Development Block Grant	HOME Program	Total Special Revenue Funds	REVENUES
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,419 19	Taxes and special assessments Licenses and permits
	-	-	-			-		907	Fines, forfeitures and penalties
_	_	_	_	_	45	64	17	886	Interest, rents and concessions
14,985	2,134	34,957	_	_	90	1,527	10	103,346	Intergovernmental revenues
,,,	_,	- 1,721	_	_	-	1	-	3,938	Charges for services
		_	3,894			25		4,392	Other revenues
 14,985	2,134	34,957	3,894		660	1,617	27	136,907	Total revenues
14,703	2,134	34,731	3,074			1,017		130,707	Total revenues
									EXPENDITURES
									Current:
_	-	-	-	-	-	1,581	9	1,596	General government
-	-	-	-	32	450	-	-	26,773	Public protection
_	-	-	_	_		_	_	22,167	Public ways and facilities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,116	Health and sanitation
_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	8,020	Public assistance
	-	-	_	-		-		4,079	Education
-					18			15,984	Capital outlay
_				32	468	1,581	9	79,735	Total expenditures
14,985	2,134	34,957	3,894	(32)	192	36	18	57,172	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures
14,703	2,134	34,737	3,094	(32)	192		10	37,172	over (under) experiantures
									OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
683	11,040	1,669	-	-	10	-	12	18,847	Transfers in
(19,143)	(13,460)	(35,965)	(3,893)			-		(72,640)	Transfers (out)
(18,460)	(2,420)	(34,296)	(3,893)	-	10	-	12	(53,793)	Total other financing sources (uses)
(3,475)	(286)	661	1	(32)	202	36	30	3,379	Net change in fund balances
8,616	4,391	6,247		32	3,518	33	(29)	50,136	Fund balances, July 1
\$ 5,141	\$ 4,105	\$ 6,908	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 3,720	\$ 69	\$ 1	\$ 53,515	Fund balances, June 30
								Concluded	•

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Indigent Health Fund**

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			
	0	riginal		Final	A	ctual	nce with Budget
REVENUES							
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	936	\$	936	\$	899	\$ (37)
Interest, rents and concessions		37		37		13	(24)
Intergovernmental revenues		151		151		144	(7)
Other revenues		-				52	 52
Total revenues	_	1,124	_	1,124	_	1,108	(16)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Health and sanitation		1,133		1,133		1,116	17
Total expenditures		1,133		1,133		1,116	17
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(9)		(9)		(8)	1
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		9		9		13	4
Total other financing sources (uses)	=	9	_	9	_	13	 4
Net change in fund balance		-		-		5	5
Fund balance, July 1		58		58		58	
Fund balance, June 30	\$	58	\$	58	\$	63	\$ 5

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **RDA Successor Agency Housing Fund** For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Budgeted Amounts					***	***
	Or	iginal	F	inal	A	ctual		nce with Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments	\$	45	\$	45	\$	38	\$	(7)
Interest, rents and concessions		-		-		1		1
Other revenues						39		39
Total revenues		45		45		78		33
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		96		96		6		90
Total expenditures	_	96		96		6		90
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(51)		(51)		72		123
Net change in fund balance		(51)		(51)		72		123
Fund balance, July 1		(53)		(53)		(53)		_
Fund balance, June 30	\$	(104)	\$	(104)	\$	19	\$	123

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Library Fund**

		Budgeted	l Amou	ints		** *	*.4
	C	Original		Final	 Actual		ance with I Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes and special assessments	\$	3,618	\$	3,618	\$ 3,735	\$	117
Interest, rents and concessions		26		26	24		(2)
Intergovernmental revenues		83		83	113		30
Charges for services		150		150	136		(14)
Other revenues		99		99	50		(49)
Total revenues		3,976		3,976	4,058		82
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education		6,022		6,023	4,079		1,944
Total expenditures		6,022		6,023	4,079		1,944
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(2,046)		(2,047)	 (21)		2,026
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (out)		(159)		(159)	(159)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(159)		(159)	(159)		-
Net change in fund balance		(2,205)		(2,206)	(180)		2,026
Fund balance, July 1		2,849		2,849	2,849		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	644	\$	643	\$ 2,669	\$	2,026

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fish and Game Fund

	Budgete	ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8	\$ 8
Total revenues			8	8
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public protection	12	12	8	4
Total expenditures	12	12	8	4
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(12)	(12)	-	12
Net change in fund balance	(12)	(12)		12
Fund balance, July 1	12	12	12	_
Fund balance, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ 12

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Aviation Fund**

		Budgeted	Amounts			** .		
	0	riginal	Fin	al	A	ctual		ance with Budget
REVENUES				_		_		
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	5	\$	5	\$	28	\$	23
Intergovernmental revenues		1,286		1,286		902		(384)
Other revenues		-		_		1		1
Total revenues		1,291		1,291		931		(360)
TV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV-DV								
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities		73		84		70		14
Capital outlay		1,350		1,339		920		419
Total expenditures		1,423		1,423		990		433
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(132)		(132)		(59)		73
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		51		51		101		50
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	51		51		101		50
Net change in fund balance		(81)		(81)		42		123
Fund balance, July 1		80_		80_		80		_
Fund balance, June 30	\$	(1)	\$	(1)	\$	122	\$	123

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Structural Fire Fund**

		Budgeted	l Amoun			• • •	1.4	
	C	Original		Final	1	Actual		ance with Budget
REVENUES	1							
Taxes and special assessments	\$	7,095	\$	7,095	\$	7,762	\$	667
Licenses and permits		15		15		14		(1)
Interest, rents and concessions		62		62		56		(6)
Intergovernmental revenues		508		645		833		188
Charges for services		299		299		409		110
Other revenues		100		100		136		36
Total revenues		8,079		8,216		9,210		994
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public protection		13,968		13,978		13,651		327
Capital outlay		963		1,090		342		748
Total expenditures		14,931		15,068		13,993		1,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(6,852)		(6,852)	_	(4,783)		2,069
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		4,811		4,811		4,811		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,811		4,811	_	4,811		-
Net change in fund balance		(2,041)		(2,041)		28		2,069
Fund balance, July 1		2,042		2,042		2,042		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	1	\$	1	\$	2,070	\$	2,069

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Roads Fund**

		Budgeted	l Amour					
	(Original	Final		Actual			ance with al Budget
REVENUES		10.455	ф	10.465	Φ.	11.050	Φ.	(0.100)
Taxes and special assessments	\$	19,467	\$	19,467	\$ 1	11,359	\$	(8,108)
Licenses and permits		5		5		5		-
Interest, rents and concessions		2		2		215		213
Intergovernmental revenues		28,666		28,666	- 2	27,706		(960)
Charges for services		2,658		2,657		3,392		735
Other revenues		1		1		171		170
Total revenues		50,799		50,798		42,848		(7,950)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities		63,966		63,933	2	22,097		41,836
Capital outlay		5,886		5,951	1	14,660		(8,709)
Total expenditures		69,852		69,884	3	36,757		33,127
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(19,053)		(19,086)		6,091	_	25,177
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		84		116		408		292
Transfers (out)		(10)		(10)		(20)		(10)
Total other financing sources (uses)		74		106		388		282
Net change in fund balance		(18,979)		(18,980)		6,479		25,459
Fund balance, July 1		19,621		19,621		19,621_		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	642	\$	641	\$ 2	26,100	\$	25,459

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Workforce Investment Fund**

	 Budgeted	Amou			* 7		
	 riginal		Final		Actual		iance with al Budget
REVENUES							
Interest, rents and concessions	\$ 616	\$	616	\$	374	\$	(242)
Intergovernmental revenues	9,075		9,075		7,546		(1,529)
Other revenues	 232		549				(549)
Total revenues	 9,923		10,240		7,920		(2,320)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public assistance	10,014		10,331		8,020		2,311
Total expenditures	10,014		10,331		8,020		2,311
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (91)		(91)	_	(100)		(9)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	 100		100		100		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 100		100	_	100		-
Net change in fund balance	9		9		-		(9)
Fund balance, July 1	 						<u>-</u>
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 9	\$	9	\$		\$	(9)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Child Support Services Fund**

	Budgete	d Amounts		
	Original	Original Final		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Interest, rents and concessions	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 49	\$ (11)
Intergovernmental revenues	16,152	16,152	12,399	(3,753)
Other revenues	12	12	24	12
Total revenues	16,224	16,224	12,472	(3,752)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public protection	16,170	16,171	12,632	3,539
Capital outlay	50	50	44	6
Total expenditures	16,220	16,221	12,676	3,545
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	4	3	(204)	(207)
Net change in fund balance	4	3	(204)	(207)
Fund balance, July 1	2,719	2,719	2,719	
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 2,723	\$ 2,722	\$ 2,515	\$ (207)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Mental Health Realignment Fund

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts						
	(Original		Final		Actual		ance with al Budget		
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	18,579	\$	18,579	\$	14,985	\$	(3,594)		
Total revenues		18,579		18,579		14,985		(3,594)		
EXPENDITURES										
Total expenditures	_		_					-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		18,579	_	18,579		14,985		(3,594)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		683		683		683		-		
Transfers (out)		(19,292)		(19,292)		(19,143)		149		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(18,609)		(18,609)		(18,460)		149		
Net change in fund balance		(30)		(30)		(3,475)		(3,445)		
Fund balance, July 1		8,616		8,616		8,616		-		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	8,586	\$	8,586	\$	5,141	\$	(3,445)		

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Health Realignment Fund**

	Budgeted	Amounts		Wasian a said			
	Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues Total revenues	\$ 5,356 5,356	\$ 5,356 5,356	\$ 2,134 2,134	\$ (3,222) (3,222)			
EXPENDITURES							
Total expenditures							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	5,356	5,356	2,134	(3,222)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	10,749	10,749	11,040	291			
Transfers (out)	(16,165)	(16,165)	(13,460)	2,705			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,416)	(5,416)	(2,420)	2,996			
Net change in fund balance	(60)	(60)	(286)	(226)			
Fund balance, July 1	4,391_	4,391	4,391_				
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 4,331	\$ 4,331	\$ 4,105	\$ (226)			

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Social Services Realignment Fund

	Budgeted	l Amounts					
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 30,053	\$ 34,653	\$ 34,957	\$ 304			
Total revenues	30,053	34,653	34,957	304			
EXPENDITURES							
Total expenditures							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	30,053	34,653	34,957	304			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	810	1,810	1,669	(141)			
Transfers (out)	(30,923)	(36,523)	(35,965)	558			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(30,113)	(34,713)	(34,296)	417			
Net change in fund balance	(60)	(60)	661	721			
Fund balance, July 1	6,247	6,247	6,247	-			
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 6,187	\$ 6,187	\$ 6,908	\$ 721			

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Tobacco Settlement Fund**

		Budgeted	Amou	nts					
	Original Final		Final	 Actual		ance with Budget			
REVENUES									
Other revenues	_\$	4,768	\$	4,768	\$ 3,894	\$	(874)		
Total revenues		4,768		4,768	3,894		(874)		
EXPENDITURES									
Total expenditures					 -		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		4,768		4,768	3,894		(874)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers (out)		(4,768)		(4,768)	(3,893)		875		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,768)		(4,768)	(3,893)		875		
Net change in fund balance		-		-	1		1		
Fund balance, July 1		-		_	_		_		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1		

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Tulare County In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority Fund** For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amounts								
	Original Final		Actual			nce with Budget					
REVENUES											
Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-			
EXPENDITURES											
Public protection		30		30		32		(2)			
Total expenditures		30		30		32		(2)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(30)		(30)		(32)		(2)			
Net change in fund balance		(30)		(30)		(32)		(2)			
Fund balance, July 1		32		32		32		-			
Fund balance, June 30	\$	2	\$	2	\$	-	\$	(2)			

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Flood Control Fund**

		Budgeted	Amou	nts					
	C	riginal		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Taxes and special assessments	\$	494	\$	494	\$	525	\$	31	
Interest, rents and concessions		31		31		45		14	
Intergovernmental revenues		85		85		90		5	
Total revenues		610		610		660		50	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public protection		3,364		3,354		450		2,904	
Capital outlay		-		18		18		-	
Total expenditures		3,364		3,372		468		2,904	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	_	(2,754)		(2,762)		192		2,954	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		1		10		10		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1		10		10		-	
Net change in fund balance		(2,753)		(2,752)		202		2,954	
Fund balance, July 1		3,518		3,518		3,518			
Fund balance, June 30	\$	765	\$	766	\$	3,720	\$	2,954	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Community Development Block Grant Fund** For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amou	nts							
	Original Final		Ac	Actual		nce with Budget					
REVENUES											
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64	\$	64			
Intergovernmental revenues		1,355		1,568		1,527		(41)			
Charges for services		-		1		1		-			
Other revenues		71		71		25		(46)			
Total revenues		1,426		1,640		1,617		(23)			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		1,427		1,640		1,581		59			
Total expenditures		1,427		1,640		1,581		59			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(1)				36		36			
Net change in fund balance		(1)		-		36		36			
Fund balance, July 1		33		33		33_		-			
Fund balance, June 30	\$	32	\$	33	\$	69	\$	36			

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **HOME Program Fund**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Or	iginal	F	inal	Ac	ctual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	,	<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>				
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17	\$	17
Intergovernmental revenues		492		492		10		(482)
Total revenues		492		492		27		(465)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		492		492		9		483
Total expenditures		492		492		9		483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures				<u> </u>		18		18
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		12		12_		12		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		12		12		12		
Net change in fund balance		12		12		30		18
Fund balance, July 1		(29)		(29)		(29)		-
Fund balance, June 30	\$	(17)	\$	(17)	\$	1	\$	18

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest from governmental sources when the government is obligated in some manner for the payment.

<u>Building Loans Fund</u> - This fund receives transfers of resources from County building occupants for the payment of the County's lease obligations to Tulare County Public Facilities Corporation (TCPFC).

Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Build	Building Loans			
ASSETS					
Investment in treasury pool	\$	5,998			
Lease payments receivable, net of interest		297			
Total assets	\$	6,295			
LIABILITIES					
Total liabilities	\$	-			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
		20.6			
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		296			
Total deferred inflows of resources		296			
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted		5,980			
Assigned		19			
Total fund balance		5,999			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	6,295			

Debt Service Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Build	ing Loans
REVENUES		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	1,639
Interest, rents and concessions		216
Other revenues		21
Total revenues		1,876
EXPENDITURES		
Debt service:		
Principal retirement		5,117
Interest and fiscal charges		925
Total expenditures		6,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures		(4,166)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in		8,268
Transfers (out)		(8,127)
Total other financing sources (uses)		141
Net change in fund balance		(4,025)
Fund balance, July 1		10,024
Fund balance, June 30	\$	5,999

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts				
	(Original		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$ 1,639	\$	139	
Interest, rents and concessions		209		209	216		7	
Other revenues					21		21	
Total revenues	_	1,709		1,709	1,876		167	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		5,319		5,319	5,117		202	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,011		1,011	 925		86	
Total expenditures		6,330		6,330	6,042		288	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(4,621)		(4,621)	 (4,166)		455	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		8,268		8,268	8,268		-	
Transfers (out)		(5,522)		(8,122)	(8,127)		(5)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,746		146	141		(5)	
Net change in fund balance	_	(1,875)		(4,475)	(4,025)		450	
Fund balance, July 1		10,024		10,024	10,024		-	
Fund balance, June 30	\$	8,149	\$	5,549	\$ 5,999	\$	450	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is used to finance the acquisition and construction of public buildings, including major maintenance and improvements. Revenues are obtained from State funding and from other funds when allocated by the Board. There are no combining statements because the County uses one capital projects fund, which is reported on the nonmajor combining financial statements.

Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet

June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Capi	tal Projects
ASSETS		
Investment in treasury pool	\$	18,619
Restricted assets		4,715
Total assets	\$	23,334
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	414
Due to other funds		2
Salaries and benefits payable		19
Total liabilities		435
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted		4,715
Committed		4,100
Assigned		14,084
Total fund balance		22,899
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	23,334

Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Capit	al Projects
REVENUES		
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	236
Intergovernmental revenues		15
Other revenues		214
Total revenues		465
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government		2,988
Capital outlay		4,812
Total expenditures		7,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures		(7,335)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in		10,097
Transfers (out)		(1,871)
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,226
Net change in fund balance		891
Fund balance, July 1		22,008
Fund balance, June 30	\$	22,899

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		**	**		
	O	riginal		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES		8							
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 236	\$	236		
Intergovernmental revenues		388		388	15		(373)		
Other revenues		_		-	214		214		
Total revenues		388		388	465		77		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		8,491		12,234	2,988		9,246		
Capital outlay		13,263		18,146	 4,812		13,334		
Total expenditures		21,754		30,380	7,800		22,580		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(21,366)		(29,992)	(7,335)		22,657		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		4,075		16,075	10,097		(5,978)		
Transfers (out)		-		(3,372)	 (1,871)		1,501		
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,075		12,703	8,226		(4,477)		
Net change in fund balance		(17,291)		(17,289)	891		18,180		
Fund balance, July 1		22,008		22,008	22,008		-		
Fund balance, June 30	\$	4,717	\$	4,719	\$ 22,899	\$	18,180		

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the Board is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Board has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

<u>Transit Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of a rural transit system and transit related projects.

<u>Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of the Terra Bella Sanitation District governed by the Board.

<u>Assessment Districts Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the costs of maintenance and improvement of the Landscaping Assessment Districts.

<u>County Service Area Funds (#1 and #2)</u> - These funds are used to account for the development, operation, and maintenance of clean and safe drinking water systems in rural communities of the County.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Transit	Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance	Assessment Districts	County Service Area #1	County Service Area # 2	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash in banks	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ 9
Investment in treasury pool Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	5,781	825	580	527	113	7,826
Accounts	1	79	-	138	10	228
Due from other governments	287	-	-	53	4	344
Total current assets	6,070	906	580	724	127	8,407
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:						
Land	-	67	-	503	41	611
Buildings and improvements, net	168	946	-	2,690	272	4,076
Equipment and vehicles, net	2,063					2,063
Total capital assets	2,231	1,013		3,193	313	6,750
Total noncurrent assets	2,231	1,013	-	3,193	313	6,750
Total assets	8,301	1,919	580	3,917	440	15,157
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	131	18	_	58	15	222
Due to other funds	1	-	-	-	-	1
Deposits from others	-	-	8	-	-	8
Salaries and benefits payable	5	-	-	-	-	5
Bonds payable	-	-	-	1	-	1
COP Payable		20		16	1	37
Total current liabilities	137	38	8	75	16	274
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences payable	20			-		20
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	805	75	880
Bonds payable	-	-	-	6	-	6
COP payable		725		512	36	1,273
Total noncurrent liabilities	20	725	-	1,323	111	2,179
Total liabilities	157	763	8	1,398	127	2,453
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	2,231	268		2,658	276	5,433
Restricted for:						
Landfill ground water contingencies	-	-	-	-	16	16
Unrestricted	5,913	888	572	(139)	21	7,255
Total net position	\$ 8,144	\$ 1,156	\$ 572	\$ 2,519	\$ 313	\$ 12,704

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	 Гransit	Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance	ssessment Districts	County Service Area #1	County Service Area # 2	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 467	\$ 165	\$ 109	\$ 512	\$ 64	\$ 1,317
Interest, rents and concessions	-	-	-	3	-	3
Other revenues	12	1	-	1	-	14
Total operating revenues	 479	166	109	516	64	1,334
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	141	-	_	-	-	141
Services and supplies	2,412	158	80	499	105	3,254
Depreciation	476	53	-	170	15	714
Total operating expenses	3,029	211	 80	669	120	4,109
Operating income (loss)	(2,550)	(45)	29	(153)	(56)	(2,775)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental revenues	3,224	-		-	-	3,224
Taxes and special assessments	2,053	31	-	-	-	2,084
Investment earnings	57	10	4	3	1	75
Interest expense	 	(34)	 	(11)	(1)	(46)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	5,334	7	 4	(8)		5,337
Change in net position	2,784	(38)	33	(161)	(56)	2,562
Net position, July 1	5,360	1,194	539	2,680	369	10,142
Net position, June 30	\$ 8,144	\$ 1,156	\$ 572	\$ 2,519	\$ 313	\$ 12,704

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Transit	S	rra Bella Sewer ntenance		essment stricts	Se	ounty ervice rea #1	Se	ounty ervice ea # 2		d Nonmajor prise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,047	\$	140	\$	109	\$	514	\$	65	\$	1,875
Receipts from interfund services provided	Ψ	(15)	Ψ	140	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	(15)
Receipts from rents and concessions		(13)						3				3
Other revenues		(275)		1		_		1		_		(273)
Payments to employees		(139)		-		_		_		_		(139)
Payments to suppliers		(2,294)		(116)		(31)		(368)		(77)		(2,886)
Payments for interfund services used		(249)		(30)		(68)		(113)		(20)		(480)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(1,925)		(5)	=	10	_	37	=	(32)		(1,915)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES											
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities		3,224		-		-		-		-		3,224
Receipts from taxes and assessments		2,053		31		-		-		-		2,084
Advance from other funds		-		-				20		35		55
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		5,277		31		-		20		35		5,363
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIN	G ACTI	VITIES										
Sales of capital assets		-		1		-		-		1		2
Purchases of capital assets		(743)		-		-		(4)		-		(747)
Principal paid on capital debt		-		(20)		-		(15)		(1)		(36)
Interest paid on capital debt	_	<u> </u>		(34)				(24)	_	(2)		(60)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(743)		(53)				(43)		(2)		(841)
related initialiting activities		(743)	_	(33)				(43)		(2)		(641)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
Interest and dividends received	_	57		10		4		3		1		75
Net cash provided by investing activities		57		10		4	_	3	_	1		75
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,666		(17)		14		17		2		2,682
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		3,116		844		566		516		111		5,153
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	5,782	\$	827	\$	580	\$	533	\$	113	\$	7,835
Displayed as:												
Cash in banks	\$	1	\$	2	\$	-	\$	6	\$	-	\$	9
Investment in treasury pool	_	5,781		825		580		527		113		7,826
Total cash displayed	\$	5,782	\$	827	\$	580	\$	533	\$	113	\$	7,835
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net												
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,550)	\$	(45)	\$	29	\$	(153)	\$	(56)	\$	(2,775)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)												
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:												
Depreciation expense		476		53		-		170		15		714
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		588		(25)		-		2		1		566
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds		(23)		-		-		-		-		(23)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(131)		12		(19)		18		8		(112)
Increase (decrease) in salaries and		2										
benefits payable and compensated absences				40		(10)		100		24		2
Total adjustments Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,925)	\$	(5)	\$	(19)	\$	190 37	\$	(32)	\$	(1,915)
,		<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		(=)			Ť		Ė	<u>,/</u>		(-,, -0)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:												
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County and to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Insurance Funds</u> - These funds account for the financing of workers' compensation to applicable bargaining units, general liability, property casualty liability, and malpractice insurances. All other insurance functions are accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Central Services Funds</u> - These funds account for central services, such as mailroom, motor pool, print shop, utilities, custodial and maintenance services, data processing, and telecommunications, which are primarily provided to other departments of the County.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	I	Insurance		Central Services		Total Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Investment in treasury pool	\$	33,624	\$	11,271	\$	44,895	
Imprest cash		500		-		500	
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)							
Accounts		-		11		11	
Prepaid items		-		50		50	
Due from other funds		-		600		600	
Total current assets		34,124		12,041		46,165	
Noncurrent assets:							
Advances to other funds		2,360		-		2,360	
Capital assets:							
Equipment and vehicles, net		-		2,333		2,333	
Construction in progress		-		509		509	
Total capital assets		-		2,842	_	2,842	
Total noncurrent assets		2,360		2,842		5,202	
Total assets		36,484		14,883		51,367	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		614		1,498		2,112	
Due to other funds		-		654		654	
Salaries and benefits payable		-		639		639	
Compensated absences payable		-		108		108	
Claims payable		7,099				7,099	
Total current liabilities		7,713		2,899		10,612	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable		-		1,145		1,145	
Claims payable		28,510		-		28,510	
Total noncurrent liabilities		28,510		1,145		29,655	
Total liabilities		36,223		4,044		40,267	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		-		2,842		2,842	
Unrestricted		261		7,997		8,258	
Total net position	\$	261	\$	10,839	\$	11,100	

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Operating revenues:	In	Insurance Central Ser		al Services	Total Intern Service Fund	
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	13,651	\$	35,998	\$	49,649
Other revenues	Ψ	1.009	Ψ	234	Ψ	1,243
Total operating revenues		14,660		36,232		50,892
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		-		15,953		15,953
Services and supplies		8,586		19,328		27,914
Insurance premiums paid		5,891		-		5,891
Depreciation		1		506		507
Claims incurred		9,050				9,050
Total operating expenses		23,528		35,787		59,315
Operating income (loss)		(8,868)		445		(8,423)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		(1)		(1)
Intergovernmental revenues		28		7		35
Investment earnings		460		8		468
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		488		14		502
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(8,380)		459		(7,921)
Capital contributions		-		44		44
Transfers in		-		20		20
Transfers (out)				(145)		(145)
Change in net position		(8,380)		378		(8,002)
Net position, July 1		8,641		10,461		19,102
Net position, June 30	\$	261	\$	10,839	\$	11,100

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ins	surance	Centr	al Services		al Internal vice Funds
Receipts from customers and users	\$	-	\$	652	\$	652
Receipts from interfund services provided		13,651	·	35,473	·	49,124
Other revenues		1,009		125		1,134
Payments to employees		-,		(16,007)		(16,007)
Payments to suppliers		(12,205)		(14,975)		(27,180)
Payments for interfund services used		(2,591)		(3,649)		(6,240)
Payments for claims		(3,288)		-		(3,288)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(3,424)		1,619		(1,805)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities		28		7		35
		20				
Transfers to other funds Advance to other funds		(916)		(125)		(125)
		(816)		(110)		(816)
Net cash (used for) noncapital financing activities		(788)		(118)	_	(906)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				(00.0)		(000)
Purchases of capital assets				(892)		(892)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		-		(892)		(892)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends received		460		8		468
Net cash provided by investing activities		460		8		468
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,752)		617		(3,135)
Chalada ha Hill		27.076		10.654		40.520
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1 Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	•	37,876 34,124	\$	10,654 11,271	\$	48,530 45,395
Casii and Casii equivarents, June 30	<u> </u>	34,124	\$	11,2/1	3	43,393
Displayed as:	Φ.	22.624	Φ.	11.071	Φ.	44.005
Investment in treasury pool	\$	33,624	\$	11,271	\$	44,895
Imprest cash	•	500	•	11.071	Φ.	500
Total cash displayed	\$	34,124	\$	11,271	\$	45,395
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(8,868)	\$	445	\$	(8,423)
Adjustance to accomplish accomplish in comparison in compa						
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
		1		506		507
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		116		116
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		_		(600)		(600)
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds		-		611		611
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-		150		150
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(319)		554		235
Increase (decrease) in salaries and						
benefits payable and compensated absences		-		(54)		(54)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		5,762		-		5,762
Total adjustments		5,444		1,174		6,618
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(3,424)	\$	1,619	\$	(1,805)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:						
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	44	\$	44

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds include all Investment Trust, Private-Purpose Trust, and Agency Funds.

Investment Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity. External pool participants include local School Districts, Special Districts not included as component units of the County, and the Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association, which maintains a check-clearing account in the Treasury Pool.

The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency).

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

<u>Property Tax Collection and Apportionment Funds</u> - These funds account for property taxes collected and for the apportionment of taxes to the State and others.

<u>State Fines Agency Fund</u> - These funds are used as a clearing fund for penalties, fines, and assessments collected and payable to the State.

<u>Transportation Tax Funds</u> - These funds account for 0.25% sales tax collected by the State Board of Equalization and deposited with the County of origin for local transportation support.

Employee Health Benefits Funds - This fund is used to accumulate premium payments for health, dental, vision, life, long-term disability, and voluntary products collected from employees, retired employees, and Special District employees for distribution to providers.

Education Revenue Augmentation Funds (ERAF) - This fund is used to collect tax revenues shifted from counties, cities, special districts, and redevelopment agencies to augment loss of State funding to local schools.

<u>Other Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for monies held as agent for a variety of purposes.

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

		Balance July 1		Additions		eductions		Balance June 30
Property Tax Collection and Apportionment Funds ASSETS								
Investment in treasury pool	\$	14,503	\$	864,796	\$	(860,014)	\$	19,285
Total assets	\$	14,503	\$	864,796	\$	(860,014)	\$	19,285
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	9,551	\$	235,779	\$	(235,630)	\$	9,700
Due to other governments		-		5,432		- (405.040)		5,432
Agency obligations Total liabilities	\$	4,952 14,503	\$	405,111 646,322	\$	(405,910) (641,540)	\$	4,153 19,285
State Fines Agency Fund								
ASSETS Investment in treasury pool	¢	89	\$	624	¢	(616)	\$	97
Total assets	\$	89	\$	624	\$	(616)	\$	97
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,230	\$	(1,180)	\$	50
Due to other governments		89		(89)		- (5.50)		- 45
Agency obligations Total liabilities	¢	89	<u></u>	615	•	(568)	6	47 97
rotai natimies	\$	89	\$	1,756	\$	(1,748)	\$	97
Transportation Tax Funds ASSETS								
Investment in treasury pool	\$	1,523	\$	14,752	\$	(10,639)	\$	5,636
Total assets	\$	1,523	\$	14,752	\$	(10,639)	\$	5,636
LIABILITIES								
Agency obligations	\$	1,523	\$	4,133	\$	(20)	\$	5,636
Total liabilities	\$	1,523	\$	4,133	\$	(20)	\$	5,636
Employee Health Benefits Funds								
ASSETS Investment in treasury pool	\$	1,380	\$	35,451	\$	(35,292)	\$	1,539
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	Φ	1,946	Ą	37,555	ф	(39,406)	φ	95
Prepaid items		1,947		-		(1,947)		-
Due from other governments		3		-		(3)		-
Total assets	\$	5,276	\$	73,006	\$	(76,648)	\$	1,634
LIABILITIES						(10:
Accounts payable	\$	2,028	\$	65,067	\$	(66,991)	\$	104
Due to other governments Agency obligations		3,248		47 959		(2,724)		1,483
Total liabilities	\$	5,276	\$	66,073	\$	(69,715)	\$	1,634
	-	2,=.3		,	-	(02,1.20)		Continued

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Balance July 1	 Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30
Education Revenue Augmentation Funds						
ASSETS						
Investment in treasury pool	\$ 286	\$ 104,268	\$	(104,550)	\$	4
Total assets	\$ 286	\$ 104,268	\$	(104,550)	\$	4
LIABILITIES						
Agency obligations	\$ 286	\$ 126,486,316	\$	(126,486,598)	\$	4
Total liabilities	\$ 286	\$ 126,486,316	\$	(126,486,598)	\$	4
Other Agency Funds ASSETS						
Cash in bank	\$ 3,786	\$ -	\$	796	\$	4,582
Investment in treasury pool	16,662	45,952		(45,344)		17,270
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	2	-		(2)		-
Due from other governments	 41	 <u>-</u>		(41)		-
Total assets	\$ 20,491	\$ 45,952	\$	(44,591)	\$	21,852
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 452	\$ 4,988	\$	(5,223)	\$	217
Due to other governments	8,081	6,812		(12,849)		2,044
Agency obligations	11,958	48,124		(40,491)		19,591
Total liabilities	\$ 20,491	\$ 59,924	\$	(58,563)	\$	21,852
Total Agency Funds						
ASSETS						
Cash in bank	\$ 3,786	\$ -	\$	796	\$	4,582
Investment in treasury pool	34,443	1,065,843		(1,056,455)		43,831
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,948	37,555		(39,408)		95
Prepaid items	1,947	-		(1,947)		-
Due from other governments	 44	-		(44)		-
Total assets	\$ 42,168	\$ 1,103,398	\$	(1,097,058)	\$	48,508
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 12,031	\$ 307,064	\$	(309,024)	\$	10,071
Due to other governments	8,170	12,202		(12,849)		7,523
Agency obligations	 21,967	 126,945,258	_	(126,936,311)		30,914
Total liabilities	\$ 42,168	\$ 127,264,524	\$	(127,258,184)	\$	48,508
						Concluded

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

These schedules report capital assets acquired for general government operations. These capital assets are tangible and of significant value having a utility which extends beyond the current year. They are broadly classified as land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, construction in progress, and infrastructure in progress.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedule by Source June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Function and Activity	 2014	2013		
Governmental funds capital assets:				
Land	\$ 934,604	\$	911,450	
Infrastructure	689,001		659,376	
Buildings and improvements	206,859		206,752	
Machinery and equipment	29,418		27,662	
Vehicles	51,934		49,084	
Construction in progress	6,808		744	
Infrastructure in progress	 98,275		139,236	
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 2,016,899	\$	1,994,304	
Investment in governmental funds capital assets by source:				
General Fund	\$ 233,254	\$	230,066	
Federal revenue sharing fund	11,242		11,242	
Special revenue funds	1,765,554		1,750,889	
Capital projects fund	6,831		2,089	
Donations	18		18	
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 2,016,899	\$	1,994,304	

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

			Buildings and	Machinery and		
Function and Activity	Land	Infrastructure	Improvements	Equipment	Vehicles	Total
General government						
Administrative	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 29	\$ -	\$ 54
Finance	-	-	-	104	470	574
County Counsel	-	-	1,663	11	-	1,674
Personnel	-	-	25	-	-	25
Elections	-	-	-	1,040	-	1,040
Property management	-	-	22,089	251	15	22,355
Other general	3,135		924	4,956	1,980	10,995
Total general government	3,135	-	24,726	6,391	2,465	36,717
Public protection						
Judicial	-	-	38,395	898	2,004	41,297
Sheriff	2,369	-	4,296	2,576	10,123	19,364
Other protection	-	-	90	234	463	787
Total public protection	2,369		42,781	3,708	12,590	61,448
Detention and correction						
Detention	-	-	73,944	1,415	2,893	78,252
Fire	433	-	3,581	387	10,747	15,148
Inspection	210	-	4,685	141	1,872	6,908
Total detention and correction	643		82,210	1,943	15,512	100,308
Public ways and facilities	924,503	689,001	5,908	5,228	13,931	1,638,571
Public health	2,640	-	26,979	7,433	3,570	40,622
Public assistance	226	-	3,505	3,934	2,302	9,967
Education	122	-	10,227	239	672	11,260
Culture and recreation	966	-	10,523	542	892	12,923
	928,457	689,001	57,142	17,376	21,367	1,713,343
Construction projects in progress	-	-	6,299	509	-	6,808
Infrastructure projects in progress		98,275			-	98,275
	-	98,275	6,299	509	-	105,083
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 934,604	\$ 787,276	\$ 213,158	\$ 29,927	\$ 51,934	\$ 2,016,899

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Function and Activity	Governmental Funds Capital Assets July 1	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30
General government	Assets July 1	Additions	Defetions	Adjustinents	Assets Julie 50
Administrative	\$ 25	\$ 29	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54
Finance	349	121	(16)	120	574
County Counsel	1.674	121	(10)	120	1.674
Personnel	25	-	-	-	25
Elections	1.040	_	-	_	1.040
Property management	22,355	6	(6)	-	22,355
Other general	10,765	448	(219)	1	10,995
Total general government	36,233	604	(241)	121	36,717
Public protection					
Judicial	41,260	258	(221)	-	41,297
Sheriff	17,967	2,435	(1,038)	-	19,364
Other protection	723	118	(54)		787
Total public protection	59,950	2,811	(1,313)		61,448
Detention and correction					
Detention	77,998	440	(106)	(80)	78,252
Fire	14,863	342	(57)	-	15,148
Inspection	6,866	234	(170)	(22)	6,908
Total detention and correction	99,727	1,016	(333)	(102)	100,308
Public ways and facilities	1,584,990	54,927	(1,345)	(2)	1,638,570
Public health	39,332	1,624	(333)	-	40,623
Public assistance	10,329	4	(366)	-	9,967
Education	11,149	136	(25)	-	11,260
Culture and recreation	12,614	318	(9)		12,923
	1,658,414	57,009	(2,078)	(2)	1,713,343
Construction projects in progress	744	6,111	(34)	(13)	6,808
Infrastructure projects in progress	139,236	10,875	(51,124)	(712)	98,275
	139,980	16,986	(51,158)	(725)	105,083
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,994,304	\$ 78,426	\$ (55,123)	\$ (708)	\$ 2,016,899

Statistical Section

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess the County's economic condition.

<u>CONTENTS</u>	PAGE
Financial Trends Information needed to understand and assess how the County's financial position has changed over time.	129-133
Revenue Capacity Information needed to understand and assess the County's ability to generate own-source revenues.	134-137
Debt Capacity Information needed to understand and assess the County's debt burden and its ability to issue new debt.	138-140
Demographic and Economic Information Information needed to understand the County's socio-economic environment and to facilitate comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.	141-142
Operating Information Information needed to understand the County's operations and resources as well as to assess its economic condition.	143-148

Statistical Section

Net Position By Component (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

					F	iscal Year				
		2004-05		2005-06		2006-07		2007-08		2008-09
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,450,065 *	* \$	1,425,580	\$	1,417,765	\$	1,491,566	\$	1,524,38
Restricted		40,051		44,553		45,403		54,086		57,07
Unrestricted		35,459		43,721		57,303		55,866		56,99
Γotal governmental activities net position	\$	1,525,575 *	* \$	1,513,854	\$	1,520,471	\$	1,601,518	\$	1,638,45
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	20,010	\$	20,322	\$	19,860	\$	19,090	\$	28,8
Restricted		5,005		5,005		5,005		5,005		5,00
Unrestricted		24,886		22,914		22,200		22,794		9,30
Total business-type activities net position	\$	49,901	\$	48,241	\$	47,065	\$	46,889	\$	43,17
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,470,075 *	* \$	1,445,902	\$	1,437,625	\$	1,510,656	\$	1,553,19
Restricted		45,056		49,558		50,408		59,091		62,08
Unrestricted		60,345		66,635		79,503		78,660		66,3
Total primary government net position	\$	1,575,476 *	* \$	1,562,095	\$	1,567,536	\$	1,648,407	\$	1,681,6
					F	iscal Year				
		2009-10		2010-11		2011-12		2012-13		2013-14
Governmental activities			_				_		_	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,541,360	\$	1,576,213	\$	1,558,744	\$	1,584,261	\$	1,798,99
Restricted		61,880		57,762		102,657		134,870		
Unrestricted		63,537		74,420		83,404		65,066		
Total governmental activities net position	\$	1,666,777	\$	1,708,395	\$	1,744,805	\$	1,784,197	\$	1,798,99
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	28,172	\$	27,463	\$	29,728	\$	27,357	\$	41,53
Restricted		5,005		5,005		5,005		5,016		
Unrestricted		6,792		7,002		7,999		8,140		-
Total business-type activities net position	\$	39,969	\$	39,470	\$	42,732	\$	40,513	\$	41,55
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,569,532	\$	1,603,676	\$	1,588,472	\$	1,611,618	\$	1,840,55
Restricted	Ψ	66,885	Ψ	62,767	Ψ	107.662	Ψ	139,886	Ψ	1,040,5.
Unrestricted		70,329		81,422		91,403		73,206		
	\$	1,706,746	\$	1,747,865	\$	1,787,537	\$	1,824,710	\$	1,840,55
Γotal primary government net position	<u>\$</u>	1,700,740	•	1,747,003	Φ	1,/0/,33/	Ф	1,024,710	•	1,040,53
*Beginning balances of capital assets restated to include	infrastructure	assets.								

Statistical Section

Changes in Net Position (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Page				Fiscal Year		
Concernation activations		2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
Second second content	•					
Path protection 148,459 155,050 162,337 187,299 197,090 Public ways and facilities 33,404 26,070 115,005 22,045 123,145 Public assistance 215,275 225,755 220,000 223,006 224,335 Education 1,531 1,648 1,372 4,287 5,215 Culture and recreation 1,631 1,148 3,241 3,722 4,287 5,215 Usual Contraction 8,642 9,713 1,138 1,249 6,53,40 5,59 Total powerment activities expenses 8,642 9,713 1,138 1,412 5,59 Business-type activities 10,299 1,104 1,632 6,51,407 6,50,40 5,59 Total point supervenue 11,037 1,387 1,10 2,245 1,413 Column activities 1,038 1,42 1,138 1,42 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 1,43 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$ 25.312</td><td>\$ 44.550</td><td>\$ 03.680</td><td>\$ 71.430</td><td>\$ 28.450</td></td<>		\$ 25.312	\$ 44.550	\$ 03.680	\$ 71.430	\$ 28.450
Public ways and facilities \$3,40 \$2,70 \$15,00 \$2,846 \$22,57 \$12,855 \$	5	. ,	, , , , , , ,	. ,		,
Meth and sanitation 99.669 104.005 120.500 220.505 224.305 224	•					32,342
Education	•	99,669	104,035	120,520	120,195	122,853
Campain 1,488 1,342 3,525 2,139 1,000 1,	Public assistance	215,275	225,735	220,019	227,086	234,329
Carallocated depreciation S89 S88 S10 79 Carallocated depreciation S86 S71, 658 S71, 658 S71, 658 Carallocated interest expenses S8,64 S71, 658 S29,346 C53,949 C52,941 Solid Waste		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	,	5,033
Total governmental activities expenses 8,642 9,713 11,038 11,244 5,999 Total governmental activities expenses 10,249 12,004 13,981 14,265 14,138 0,000 14,000 12,004 13,981 14,265 14,138 0,000 14,000 13,000 13,000 14,20		,	,	,		,
Total governmental activities expenses Solid Waste Other basiness-type activities Total business-type activities Other basiness-type activities Total business-type activities Total government activities Total business-type activities Total busine	•					
Business-type activities	•					
Solid Wase		336,303	371,038	029,340	033,949	029,041
Total primary government expenses	**	10.249	12.004	13.981	14.426	14.138
Total business-type activities expenses		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				2,452
Program Revenues	**		13,876	16,101	16,685	16,590
Covernmental activities: Charges for services: Charges for services: Content government \$2.8,181	Total primary government expenses	\$ 550,322	\$ 585,534	\$ 645,447	\$ 670,634	\$ 646,431
Covernmental activities: Charges for services: Charges for services: Content government \$2.8,181	Program Revenues					
General government \$ 28,181 \$ 21,838 \$ 0,015 \$ 62,391 \$ 28,866 Public protection \$ 22,015 \$ 22,179 \$ 25,846 \$ 28,99 29,368 Public ways and facilities \$ 1,468 \$ 2,783 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 1,788 \$ 1,468 \$ 2,783 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 1,788 \$ 1,468 \$ 2,783 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 1,788 \$ 1,468 \$ 2,783 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 1,788 \$ 1,648 \$ 2,783 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 1,788 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,223 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,223 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,223 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,028 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,223 \$ 2,209 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,200 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,200 \$ 2,000 \$ 3,200	0					
Public protection	Charges for services:					
Public ways and facilities		, -, -				,
Health and sanitation		,		,	,	29,368
Public assistance	*	,	,	,	,	,
Education			,	-,		
Culture and recreation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Capital grants and contributions						
Capital grants and contributions A43,932 A57,807 S14,849 S35,909 S16,606		,		,		
Total governmental activities program revenues \$43,932	1 00	517,210	-	-	- 307,321	-105,071
Business-type activities		443,932	457,807	514,849	535,909	516,696
Solid Waste 9,053 9,705 10,247 9,244 8,284 Other business-type activities 670 696 738 792 925 Operating grants and contributions 373 42 276 1,475 813 Total business-type activities program revenues 10,096 10,443 11,261 11,511 10,022 Total primary government program revenues \$454,028 \$468,250 \$526,110 \$47,420 \$526,718 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities \$(94,433) \$(113,851) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,145) \$(118,040) \$(113,045) \$(118,040) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Other business-type activities 670 696 738 792 925 Operating grants and contributions 373 42 276 1,475 813 Total business-type activities program revenues 10,096 10,43 11,261 11,511 10,022 Total primary government program revenues \$ 454,028 \$ 468,250 \$ 526,110 \$ 547,420 \$ 526,718 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities \$ (1,861) (3,433) \$ (114,497) \$ (118,040) \$ (113,145) 6,568 Total primary government net expense \$ (1,861) (3,433) \$ (119,337) \$ (123,214) \$ (15),713 (6,568 Total primary government net expense \$ 66,738 \$ 78,583 \$ 91,367 \$ 102,198 \$ (19,713) \$ (13,145) \$ (11,497) \$ (13,145) \$ (13,145) \$ (11,497) \$ (13,145) \$ (13,145) \$ (11,497) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (113,145) \$ (Charges for services:					
Operating grants and contributions 373 42 276 1,475 813 Total business-type activities program revenues 10,096 10,443 11,261 11,511 10,022 Net (expense)/revenue 545,028 \$468,250 \$526,110 \$547,420 \$526,718 Net (expense)/revenue 60 0 0 \$113,851 \$ (118,049) \$ (113,045) \$ (118,040) \$ (13,145) \$ (15,144) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) \$ (15,145) <td>Solid Waste</td> <td>9,053</td> <td>9,705</td> <td>10,247</td> <td></td> <td>8,284</td>	Solid Waste	9,053	9,705	10,247		8,284
Total business-type activities program revenues 10,096 10,443 11,261 11,511 10,022 Total primary government program revenues \$454,028 \$468,250 \$526,110 \$547,420 \$526,718 Net (expense)/revenue						925
Total primary government program revenues \$454,028 \$468,250 \$526,110 \$547,420 \$526,718 Net (expense)/revenue	Operating grants and contributions	373	42	276	1,475	813
Net expense Trevenue Governmental activities \$ (94,433) \$ (113,851) \$ (114,497) \$ (118,040) \$ (113,145) \$ (118,040) \$ (6,568) \$ (13,431) \$ (4,840) \$ (5,174) \$ (6,568) \$ (514) primary government net expense \$ (96,294) \$ (117,284) \$ (119,337) \$ (123,214) \$ (119,713) \$ (123,214) \$ (123,		10,096	10,443	11,261	11,511	10,022
Covernmental activities Section	Total primary government program revenues	\$ 454,028	\$ 468,250	\$ 526,110	\$ 547,420	\$ 526,718
Business-type activities						
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position \$ (96,294) \$ (117,284) \$ (119,337) \$ (123,214) \$ (119,713) Governmental activities: Property taxes \$ 66,738 \$ 78,583 \$ 91,367 \$ 102,198 \$ 105,400 Sales and other taxes 8,032 12,311 13,262 19,188 21,299 Earnings on investments 5,402 7,034 11,950 11,439 13,003 Tobacco settlement revenues 4,010 3,651 3,822 4,068 4,471 Extinguishment of debt -		,		, ,		\$ (113,145)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:						
Property taxes \$66,738 \$78,583 \$91,367 \$102,198 \$105,400	Total primary government net expense	\$ (96,294)	\$ (117,284)	\$ (119,337)	\$ (123,214)	\$ (119,713)
Property taxes \$66,738 \$78,583 \$91,367 \$102,198 \$105,400						
Property taxes \$ 66,738 \$ 78,583 \$ 91,367 \$ 102,198 \$ 105,400 Sales and other taxes 8,032 12,311 13,262 19,188 21,299 Earnings on investments 5,402 7,034 11,950 11,439 13,003 Tobacco settlement revenues 4,010 3,651 3,822 4,068 4,471 Extriguishment of debt -						
Earnings on investments 5,402 7,034 11,950 11,439 13,003 Tobacco settlement revenues 4,010 3,651 3,822 4,068 4,471 Extinguishment of debt -		\$ 66,738	\$ 78,583	\$ 91,367	\$ 102,198	\$ 105,400
Tobacco settlement revenues 4,010 3,651 3,822 4,068 4,471 Extinguishment of debt - <td< td=""><td>Sales and other taxes</td><td>8,032</td><td>12,311</td><td>13,262</td><td>19,188</td><td>21,299</td></td<>	Sales and other taxes	8,032	12,311	13,262	19,188	21,299
Extinguishment of debt Cain (loss) on sale of capital assets 29		5,402	7,034	11,950	11,439	13,003
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 29 -		4,010	3,651	3,822	4,068	4,471
Extraordinary item RDA dissolution -			-	-	-	-
Transfers 662 551 713 556 583 Total governmental activities 84,873 102,130 121,114 137,449 144,756 Business-type activities: 855 512 1,033 1,628 379 Earnings on investments 1,555 1,651 3,342 3,864 3,062 Gain on sale of capital assets - 161 2 62 - Transfers (662) (551) (713) (556) (583 Total business-type activities 1,748 1,773 3,664 4,998 2,858 Total primary government 8,6621 103,903 124,778 142,447 147,614 Change in Net Position 8,6621 103,903 124,778 142,447 147,614 Business-type activities 9,560 (11,721) 6,617 19,409 31,611 Business-type activities (13) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government 9,9673 (13,381) 5,441 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities 84,873 102,130 121,114 137,449 144,756 Business-type activities: 855 512 1,033 1,628 379 Earnings on investments 1,555 1,651 3,342 3,864 3,062 Gain on sale of capital assets - 161 2 62 - Transfers (662) (551) (713) (556) (583 Total business-type activities 1,748 1,773 3,664 4,998 2,858 Total primary government \$86,621 \$103,903 \$124,778 \$142,447 \$147,614 Change in Net Position 9,5600 \$(11,721) \$6,617 \$19,409 \$31,611 Business-type activities 9,5600 \$(11,721) \$6,617 \$19,409 \$31,611 Total primary government \$(9,673) \$(13,381) \$5,441 \$19,233 \$27,901	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			712		- 502
Business-type activities: Sales and other taxes 855 512 1,033 1,628 379 Earnings on investments 1,555 1,651 3,342 3,864 3,062 Gain on sale of capital assets - 161 2 62 - Transfers (662) (551) (713) (556) (583) Total business-type activities 1,748 1,773 3,664 4,998 2,858 Total primary government 86,621 \$103,903 \$124,778 \$142,447 \$147,614 Change in Net Position (602) \$(11,721) \$6,617 \$19,409 \$31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710 Total primary government \$(9,673) \$(13,381) \$5,441 \$19,233 \$27,901						
Sales and other taxes 855 512 1,033 1,628 379 Earnings on investments 1,555 1,651 3,342 3,864 3,062 Gain on sale of capital assets - 161 2 62 - Transfers (662) (551) (713) (556) (583 Total business-type activities 1,748 1,773 3,664 4,998 2,858 Total primary government 8,6621 \$103,903 \$124,778 \$142,447 \$147,614 Change in Net Position 60 (11,721) 6,617 \$19,409 \$31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710 Total primary government (9,5673) \$(13,381) \$5,441 \$19,233 \$27,901		04,073	102,130	121,114	137,449	144,730
Earnings on investments 1,555 1,651 3,342 3,864 3,062 Gain on sale of capital assets - 161 2 62 - Transfers (662) (551) (713) (556) (583) Total business-type activities 1,748 1,773 3,664 4,998 2,858 Total primary government \$8,621 \$103,903 \$124,778 \$142,447 \$147,614 Change in Net Position Sovernmental activities \$(9,560) \$(11,721) \$6,617 \$19,409 \$31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government \$(9,673) \$(13,381) \$5,441 \$19,233 \$27,901		855	512	1.033	1.628	379
Gain on sale of capital assets - 161 2 62 - 17 18 17 18 <						3,062
Transfers (662) (551) (713) (556) (583) Total business-type activities 1,748 1,773 3,664 4,998 2,858 Total primary government 8,6621 103,903 124,778 142,447 147,614 Change in Net Position 60vernmental activities (11,721) 6,617 19,409 31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government (9,673) (13,381) 5,441 19,233 27,901		-				
Total primary government \$ 86,621 \$ 103,903 \$ 124,778 \$ 142,447 \$ 147,614 Change in Net Position	Transfers					(583)
Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ (9,560) \$ (11,721) \$ 6,617 \$ 19,409 \$ 31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government \$ (9,673) \$ (13,381) \$ 5,441 \$ 19,233 \$ 27,901	Total business-type activities	1,748	1,773	3,664	4,998	2,858
Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ (9,560) \$ (11,721) \$ 6,617 \$ 19,409 \$ 31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government \$ (9,673) \$ (13,381) \$ 5,441 \$ 19,233 \$ 27,901	Total primary government	\$ 86,621	\$ 103,903	<u>\$ 1</u> 24,778	<u>\$ 1</u> 42,447	\$ 147,614
Governmental activities \$ (9,560) \$ (11,721) \$ 6,617 \$ 19,409 \$ 31,611 Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government \$ (9,673) \$ (13,381) \$ 5,441 \$ 19,233 \$ 27,901	· · · · ·					
Business-type activities (113) (1,660) (1,176) (176) (3,710) Total primary government \$ (9,673) \$ (13,381) \$ 5,441 \$ 19,233 \$ 27,901		\$ (9,560)	\$ (11,721)	\$ 6,617	\$ 19,409	\$ 31,611
Total primary government \$ (9,673) \$ (13,381) \$ 5,441 \$ 19,233 \$ 27,901						(3,710)
Continued	Total primary government	\$ (9,673)			\$ 19,233	\$ 27,901
						Continued

Statistical Section

Changes in Net Position (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Fiscal Year			
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-2014	
					Expenses
\$ 26,587	\$ 39,515	\$ 42,590	\$ 42,343	\$ 39,432	Governmental activities: General government
192,533	182,316	190,402	190,904	202,075	Public protection
29,120	25,485	38,295	33,767	37,155	Public ways and facilities
120,796	117,572	122,305	124,681	129,190	Health and sanitation
236,861	235,547	224,139	228,148	242,378	Public assistance
5,027 2,095	5,412 310	5,020 371	5,112 329	5,470 431	Education Culture and recreation
953	520	520	520	511	Unallocated depreciation
5,806	3,137	2,259	1,990	1,940	Unallocated interest expense
619,778	609,814	625,901	627,794	658,582	Total governmental activities expenses
13,144	10,847	7,365	10.812	10.873	Business-type activities: Solid Waste
2,710	2,856	3,579	3,844	4,155	Other business-type activities
15,854	13,703	10,944	14,656	15,028	Total business-type activities expenses
\$ 635,632	\$ 623,517	\$ 636,845	\$ 642,450	\$ 673,610	Total primary government expenses
					Program Revenues Governmental activities:
					Charges for services:
\$ 26,601	\$ 24,375	\$ 31,271	\$ 24,259	\$ 24,138	General government
23,883	26,349	21,558	21,683	23,741	Public protection
1,971 47,938	3,406 52,666	6,700 43,479	5,083 40,554	3,599 42,588	Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation
3,324	4,299	6,687	6,717	8,566	Public assistance
161	222	209	210	202	Education
293	283	288	292	306	Culture and recreation
418,780	406,398	419,570	421,514	424,721	Operating grants and contributions
522,951	517,998	529,762	6 520,318	424,721 952,582	Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues
322,731	317,770	32),102	320,310	732,362	Business-type activities:
					Charges for services:
8,206	8,130	8,525	8,568	8,991	Solid Waste
955 844	1,064 1,270	1,224 2,222	1,252 504	1,334 3,270	Other business-type activities Operating grants and contributions
10,005 \$ 532,956	\$ 528,462	\$ 541,733	\$ 530,642	13,595 \$ 966,177	Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues
\$ 332,730	Ψ 320,402	ψ 341,733	ψ 330,042	ψ 200,177	Net (expense)/revenue
\$ (96,827)	\$ (91,816)	\$ (96,139)	\$ (107,476)	\$ (130,721)	Governmental activities
(5,849)	(3,239)	1,027	(4,332)	(1,433)	Business-type activities
\$ (102,676)	\$ (95,055)	\$ (95,112)	\$ (111,808)	\$ (132,154)	Total primary government net expense
					General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position
					Governmental activities:
\$ 99,991	\$ 101,519	\$ 105,604	\$ 107,101	\$ 109,266	Property taxes
17,783 7,236	31,937 2,536	23,472 4,324	31,951 1,307	30,524 1,517	Sales and other taxes Earnings on investments
3,728	3,854	3,930	5,923	3,894	Tobacco settlement revenues
-	-	-	-	(183)	Extinguishment of debt
(6,180)	(2,640)	191	208	239	Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets
531	515	(2,658) 466	378	265	Extraordinary item RDA dissolution Transfers
123,089	137,721	135,329	146,868	145,522	Total governmental activities
					Business-type activities:
943	2,486	1,842	2,328	2,084	Sales and other taxes
2,104 123	863 1	857 2	163	660	Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets
(531)	(515)	(466)	(378)	(265)	Transfers
2,639	2,835	2,235	2,113	2,479	Total business-type activities
\$ 125,728	\$ 140,556	\$ 137,564	\$ 148,981	\$ 148,001	Total primary government
					Change in Net Position
\$ 26,262	\$ 45,905	\$ 39,190	\$ 39,392	\$ 14,801	Governmental activities
(3,210)	(404)	3,262	(2,219)	1,046	Business-type activities
\$ 23,052	\$ 45,501	\$ 42,452	\$ 37,173	\$ 15,847 Concluded	Total primary government
				Concluded	

Statistical Section

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 81	\$ 70	\$ 839	\$ 839	\$ 839	\$ 1,173	\$ 439	\$ 1,596	\$ 3,244	\$ 395
Restricted	14,263	13,751	13,890	14,288	19,596	30	844	22,790	28,863	34,147
Committed	18,575	21,246	25,091	25,163	25,414	25,612	22,101	1,833	1,668	880
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,081	-	-
Unassigned	9,528	13,485	17,518	17,213	12,228	31,713	27,146	61,448	62,710	76,284
Subtotal general fund	42,447	48,552	57,338	57,503	58,077	58,528	50,530	88,748	96,485	111,706
PFC and PFA Major Funds										
Restricted	57,080	54,391	53,963	56,670	55,355	56,400	57,249	58,327	60,442	61,059
Assigned	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,500	3,501
Unassigned										
Subtotal PFC and PFA major funds	60,580	57,891	57,463	60,170	58,855	59,900	60,749	61,827	63,942	64,560
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	1,089	1,149	1,154	1,236	2,206	2,044	1,123	1,162	1,025	1,024
Restricted	15,294	20,119	22,189	26,079	28,880	46,742	56,822	76,400	77,102	64,174
Committed	5,576	5,559	5,572	4,118	3,858	210	3,232	4,000	6,000	4,100
Assigned	334	1,306	1,623	4,044	3,197	10,534	11,727	17,987	17,583	15,712
Unassigned	(1,566)	(748)	(767)	(750)	(752)	(12,733)	(19,429)	(20,971)	(19,542)	(2,597)
Subtotal all other governmental funds	20,727	27,385	29,771	34,727	37,389	46,797	53,475	78,578	82,168	82,413
Total governmental fund balance	\$ 123,754	\$ 133,828	\$ 144,572	\$ 152,400	\$ 154,321	\$ 165,225	\$ 164,754	\$ 229,153	\$ 242,595	\$ 258,679

Statistical Section

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

					Fiscal Y	/ear				
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
REVENUES										
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 78,982	\$ 94,401	\$ 108,216	\$ 121,397	\$ 126,699	\$ 117,774	\$ 133,456	\$ 129,076	\$ 139,052	\$ 139,790
Licenses and permits	8,550	8,480	9,060	9,010	9,939	8,355	8,764	8,780	9,191	10,514
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	8,124	8,764	4,219	10,218	13,031	12,429	13,020	15,257	10,364	9,201
Interest, rents, and concessions	5,294	7,146	11,389	12,093	12,177	8,474	3,722	7,239	3,076	5,351
Intergovernmental revenues	346,736	368,768	385,590	389,524	404,262	414,234	401,376	423,230	424,213	426,487
Charges for services	64,196	61,772	71,922	80,188	77,496	70,321	81,196	69,970	65,289	63,214
Other revenues	12,034	11,492	10,965	11,442	14,685	15,205	13,035	15,776	18,253	20,427
Total revenues	523,916	560,823	601,361	633,872	658,289	646,792	654,569	669,328	669,438	674,984
EXPENDITURES										
General government	17,575	17,549	24,318	25,621	29,713	25,525	34,433	36,138	42,838	28,892
Public protection	144,136	153,259	162,811	184,009	189,989	184,477	174,320	183,352	184,406	195,560
Public ways and facilities	14,086	9,890	7,920	12,498	15,489	12,986	8,714	23,711	19,164	22,167
Health and sanitation	98,477	103,075	120,723	119,569	121,340	118,919	114,136	118,063	122,115	127,612
Public assistance	213,979	224,438	219,376	226,227	232,527	234,642	233,388	221,539	226,442	240,838
Education	3,462	3,289	3,831	4,329	4,855	4,722	5,109	4,673	4,875	5,188
Culture and recreation	1,524	1,323	1,740	3,361	1,968	1,920	38	59	-	
Capital outlay	7,630	14,611	29,581	28,979	36,704	37,634	56,075	42,776	46,006	26,341
Debt service:										
Principal	11,443	11,936	51,711	9,737	10,103	11,624	11,726	13,173	6,515	10,772
Interest and fiscal charges	8,388	9,421	10,763	10,778	8,954	5,566	3,096	3,060	2,081	2,159
Total expenditures	520,700	548,791	632,774	625,108	651,642	638,015	641,035	646,544	654,442	659,529
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	3,216	12,032	(31,413)	8,764	6,647	8,777	13,534	22,784	14,996	15,455
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of general capital assets	148	497	1,468	297	169	107	158	191	208	239
Bond proceeds	-	-	43,987	-	231	1,669	-	-	-	-
Capital lease proceeds	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Direct financing lease	105	114	121	128	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan proceeds	1,775	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	102,141	116,185	114,577	100,925	102,189	96,795	76,575	108,739	104,796	117,341
Transfers (out)	(102,404)	(118,798)	(117,996)	(102,286)	(103,720)	(97,392)	(77,105)	(107,764)	(106,558)	(116,951)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,765	(1,958)	42,157	(936)	(1,131)	1,179	(372)	1,166	(1,554)	629
Extraordinary Items										
RDA dissolution assets transfers	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	(5,726)	-	_
RDA dissolution liability transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	-
Total extraordinary items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,652)	-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,981	\$ 10,074	\$ 10,744	\$ 7,828	\$ 5,516	\$ 9,956	\$ 13,162	\$ 18,298	\$ 13,442	\$ 16,084
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	3.87%	4.00%	10.36%	3.44%	3.10%	2.86%	2.53%	2.69%	1.41%	2.04%

Statistical Section

Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Real Property Assessed Value	Personal Property Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (%)
2004-05	\$ 17,971,651	\$ 1,087,362	\$ 19,059,013	1.00000
2005-06	19,714,530	1,174,747	20,889,277	1.00000
2006-07	22,463,149	1,142,461	23,605,610	1.00000
2007-08	25,190,040	1,522,742	26,712,782	1.00000
2008-09	26,632,559	1,616,099	28,248,658	1.00000
2009-10	26,317,008	1,692,118	28,009,126	1.00000
2010-11	26,525,428	1,516,586	28,042,014	1.00000
2011-12	26,377,210	1,596,844	27,974,054	1.00000
2012-13	26,186,643	1,628,687	27,815,330	1.00000
2013-14	27.022.893	1.655.360	28.678.253	1.00000

^{*} Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13), the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13, property is assessed at the 1978 market value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2% or the Consumer Price Index (CPI) on properties not involved in a change of ownership or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date of purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.

Statistical Section

Direct Overlapping Property Tax Rates (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
County-Wide Rates										
General	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
School District Rates	0.044	0.011	0.044	0.010						
Allensworth Elementary	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.018	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alta Vista Elementary	0.048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buena Vista Elementary	0.031	0.026	0.031	0.027	0.027	0.025	0.016	0.010	0.008	0.008
Burton Elementary *	0.022	0.023	0.021	0.018	0.019	0.023	0.023	0.024	0.026	0.026
College of the Sequoias - Hanford Schools Facility Improvement District	-	-	-	0.025	0.020	0.012	0.025	0.014	0.019	0.024
College of the Sequoias - Tulare Schools Facility Improvement District	-	-	-	-	-	0.012	0.025	0.028	0.028	0.023
College of the Sequoias - Visalia Schools Facility Improvement District	-	-	-	-	-	0.005	0.013	0.025	0.025	0.015
Cutler - Orosi Unified *	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.050	0.040	0.011	0.035	0.040	0.055	0.060
Delano Joint High	0.097	0.097	0.163	0.117	0.100	0.119	0.155	0.133	0.121	0.106
Dinuba Unified	0.055	0.074	0.057	0.060	0.151	0.107	0.151	0.116	0.107	0.101
Earlimart Elementary	0.048	0.039	0.035	0.031	0.032	0.034	0.030	0.025	0.020	0.044
Exeter Elementary	-	-	-	-	0.029	0.028	0.032	0.037	0.034	0.030
Exeter High	0.038	0.034	0.030	0.049	0.040	0.037	0.040	0.042	0.046	0.057
Farmersville Elementary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farmersville Unified *	0.148	0.133	0.095	0.074	0.072	0.098	0.090	0.080	0.076	0.076
Hanford Joint High *	0.033	0.039	0.058	0.049	0.054	0.053	0.055	0.054	0.060	0.060
Kern Community College Schools Facility Improvement District *	0.009	0.010	0.005	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.009	0.009	0.013
Kings Canyon Joint Unified *	0.058	0.035	0.045	0.082	0.064	0.091	0.109	0.103	0.097	0.159
Kings River Elementary				0.030	0.052	0.053	0.060	0.077	0.064	0.063
Kingsburg Joint Elementary	0.065	0.013	0.054	0.072	-	0.022	0.056	0.032	0.049	0.067
Kingsburg Joint High	0.050	0.059	0.089	0.625	0.009	0.074	0.068	0.060	0.056	0.066
Liberty Elementary	0.084	0.057	0.054	0.044	0.041	0.054	0.050	0.040	0.030	0.034
Lindsay Unified	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.055	0.055	0.092	0.122	0.125	0.120	0.165
Linns Valley Poso - Flat Joint Elementary	0.026	0.025	0.016	0.015	-	0.015	0.017	0.010	0.010	0.010
Porterville Elementary	0.020	0.025	0.010	0.013	-	- 0.013	- 0.017	0.010	0.010	0.010
Porterville Schools Facility Improvement District *	0.056	0.060	0.052	0.055	0.050	0.005	0.052	0.047	0.057	0.060
Richgrove Elementary	0.051	0.043	0.032	0.004	0.038	0.041	0.032	0.028	0.037	0.028
State Center Comm College Schools Facility Improvement District *	0.031	0.045	0.005	0.016	-	0.010	0.010	0.028	0.009	0.028
Stone Corral	0.014	-	- 0.003	- 0.010	0.030	0.022	0.025	0.025	0.015	0.015
	0.086	0.070	0.062	0.052	0.053	0.022	0.023	0.023	0.040	0.013
Strathmore High Sundale Elementary	0.080	0.039	0.034	0.032	0.033	0.033	0.030	0.020	0.040	0.030
	0.040	0.039	0.034			0.026	0.024		0.020	0.013
Terra Bella	•	-	-		-			0.030		
Three Rivers Elementary	- 0.000	- 0.055	- 0.050	-	-	-	- 0.050	-	-	-
Traver Elementary *	0.028	0.057	0.053	0.060	0.051	0.049	0.052	0.058	0.058	0.050
Tulare High *	0.053	0.060	0.047	0.043	0.020	0.039	0.039	0.053	0.058	0.069
Visalia Unified *	0.050	0.042	0.034	0.028	0.030	0.036	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
Woodlake Elementary	0.049	0.046	0.040	0.036	0.035	0.043	0.035	0.033	0.029	0.029
Woodlake High	0.037	0.034	0.030	0.027	0.056	0.066	0.060	0.055	0.052	0.040
Special District Rates										
Kaweah Delta Healthcare District	0.040	0.040	0.035	0.031	-	0.028	0.029	0.027	0.025	0.028
Kaweah Delta Water Conservation	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	-	-	0.001	0.001	-	0.001
Kings Joint Mosquito Abatement	-	-	-	-	0.005	-	-	-	-	-
Lindsay Hospital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Patterson Tract Community Service Districts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tulare County Pest Control	1.250	1.250	1.250	1.250	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000 *
Tulare Healthcare District	-	-	-	0.019	0.039	0.083	0.113	0.113	0.082	0.082
C ATT C C C P C ATT	11 122	11 400		11 100	11 100			11 100	11 100	11 400
South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423	11.423 *

^{*} School rates have been combined with educational facilities.

Note 1: All tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of net assessed valuation of taxable property, as assessed by the County Assessor, except for Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District (KDWC) and South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates. KDWC tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of land and improvement assessed valuation of taxable property. South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of land and improvement assessed valuation of taxable property. South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates are levied and collected upon each 100 trees per acre valuation as assigned by the County Assessor.

Note 2: The County-Wide tax rate is distributed to tax revenue districts according to California State law, specifically AB8. This includes the County of Tulare, Library Fund, Fire Fund, all cities, all schools, and special districts that set tax rates prior to Proposition 13.

Note 3: Method used to Calculate Overlapping- The amount of debt of each unit applicable to the reporting unit is arrived at by (1) determining what percentage of the total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the reporting unit, and (2) applying this percentage to the total debt of the overlapping jurisdiction.

^{**} Trees Per Acre

Statistical Section

Principal Property Taxpayers (unaudited) June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2005 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year 2013-14

Faxable Assessed	Percentage of Tota Taxable Assessed			
 Value	Rank	<u>Value</u>		
\$ 635,583	1	2.22%		
263,640	2	0.92%		
245,954	3	0.86%		
162,036	4	0.57%		
155,369	5	0.54%		
95,668	6	0.33%		
88,256	7	0.31%		
85,865	8	0.30%		
80,782	9	0.28%		
77,608	10	0.27%		
\$ 1,890,761		6.60%		
A	Assessed Value \$ 635,583 263,640 245,954 162,036 155,369 95,668 88,256 85,865 80,782 77,608	Assessed Rank \$ 635,583 1 263,640 2 245,954 3 162,036 4 155,369 5 95,668 6 88,256 7 85,865 8 80,782 9 77,608 10		

Fiscal Year 2004-05

	Faxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	 Value	Rank	Value
Land O' Lakes, Inc./Cheese & Protein Intnl, LLC	\$ 261,999	1	1.37%
Southern California Edison Company	220,334	2	1.16%
Kraft Foods, Inc.	95,627	3	0.50%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	88,357	4	0.46%
Southern California Gas Company	68,311	5	0.36%
SBC California	64,790	6	0.34%
Recot, Inc.	63,149	7	0.33%
California Milk Producers	62,000	8	0.33%
Best Buy Stores, LP	59,528	9	0.31%
Ruiz Foods Products, Inc.	46,206	10	0.24%
Total	\$ 1,030,301		5.40%

Statistical Section

Property Tax Levies and Collections (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of **Total Collections to Date** Collection in Percentage of Subsequent Percentage of Fiscal Year Taxes Levied Levy Years* Levy Amount Amount \$ 2004-05 183,896 178,233 96.92% \$ 4,905 183,138 99.59% 99.21% 2005-06 202,601 195,336 96.41% 5,666 201,002 2006-07 231,424 221,428 95.68% 5,616 227,044 98.11% 2007-08 261,193 245,387 93.95% 7,022 252,409 96.64% 2008-09 279,176 93.23% 11,208 271,470 97.24% 260,262 2009-10 276,919 259,724 93.79% 12,440 272,164 98.28% 2010-11 275,625 258,384 93.74% 9,766 268,150 97.29% 2011-12 268,816 258,049 95.99% 99.87% 10,406 268,455 2012-13 100.00% 261,866 251,629 96.09% 10,237 261,866 2013-14 101.43% 275,497 268,255 97.37% 11,189 279,444

^{*}Collections in Subsequent Years represents monies collected for all previous years excluding the current fiscal year.

Statistical Section

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

			Governmental .	Activities		Business-type	Activities				
			Pension	Tax						Percentage of	
Fiscal	Certificates of	Variable Rate	Obligation	Allocation	Loans and	Capital	Certificates of		Total Primary	Personal	Per
Year	Participation	Demand Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Notes	Leases	Participation	Bonds	Government	Income *	Capita *
2004-05	\$ 56,870	\$ 43,300	\$ 31,355	\$ -	\$ 16,352	\$ 133	\$ 1,584	\$ 8	\$ 149,602	1.72%	365
2005-06	50,300	42,800	28,495	-	20,954	68	1,558	8	144,183	1.59%	343
2006-07	46,165	42,360	25,175	1,627	18,927	38	1,531	8	135,831	1.44%	317
2007-08	41,790	41,665	21,345	1,586	17,219	6	1,503	8	125,122	1.28%	286
2008-09	37,210	41,050	16,955	1,778	15,730	-	1,476	8	114,207	1.05%	272
2009-10	32,290	40,435	11,955	1,689	14,351	-	1,474	7	102,201	0.86%	228
2010-11	26,315	49,260	6,313	-	13,199	-	1,416	7	96,510	1.38%	235
2011-12	20,820	39,005	_	-	10,544	654	1,382	7	72,412	0.98%	177
2012-13	16,350	38,190	-	-	9,332	-	1,346	7	65,225	0.43%	143
2013-14	11,525	37,375	_	-	4,399	-	1,310	7	54,616	0.35%	119

st Personal income and populations used for these calculations appear in the Demographic Statistics section.

Source: County of Tulare/Auditor-Controller

Statistical Section

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt (unaudited) June 30, 2014 (in thousands)

2013-14 Assessed Valuation: Redevelopment Incremental Valuation: Adjusted Assessed Valuation: \$ 28,678,253 (2,851,226) \$ 25,827,027 (includes unitary utility valuation)

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	% Applicable	Debt
College of the Sequoias Hanford School Facilities Improvement District	0.991%	\$ 210
College of the Sequoias Tulare School Facilities Improvement District	88.447	27,653
College of the Sequoias Visalia School Facilities Improvement District	100.000	26,714
Other Community College District	2.259-7.190	9,892
Dinuba Joint Unified School District	99.142	24,913
Lindsay Unified School District	100.000	18,739
Porterville Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District	100.000	19,550
Visalia Unified School District	100.000	34,000
Other Unified School Districts	10.398-100.000	12,377
Delano Joint Union High School District	26.512	14,822
Exeter Union High School District	100.000	7,961
Tulare Joint Union High School District	99.830	34,996
Other Union High School Districts	1.166-100.000	10,598
Exeter Union School District	100.000	5,985
Other School Districts	7.434-100.000	13,815
Kaweah Delta Hospital District	100.000	49,636
Tulare Local Healthcare District	100.000	84,955
Special District 1915 Act Bonds	100.000	141
Special District Revenue Bonds	100.000	3,741
City 1915 Act Bonds	100.000	352
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	-	401,050
VERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:		
Tulare County General Fund Obligations	100.000	72,412
College of Sequoias Community College District General Fund Obligations	76.799	6,958
Kern Community College District General Fund and Benefit Obligations	6.920	12,279
Dinuba Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	98.781	8,061
Lindsay Unified School District General Fund Obligations	100.000	13,655
Porterville Unified School District Certificates of Participation	100.000	32,275
Visalia Unified School District Certificates of Participation	100.000	7,750
Other Unified School District Certificates of Participation	92.593-100.000	5,138
Union High School District Certificates of Participation	1.166-100.000	1,808
School District Certificates of Participation	7.434-100.000	13,657
City of Porterville Certificates of Participation	100.000	21,300
City of Dinuba General Fund Obligations	100.000	21,295
City of Tulare General Fund Obligations	100.000	31,530
City of Visalia Certificates of Participation	100.000	13,595
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		261,713
IRECT GENERAL FUND DEBT:		
Tulare County General Fund Obligations	100.000%	53,299
TOTAL DIRECT GENERAL FUND DEBT		53,299
OTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	- ;	\$ 716,062 (

⁽¹⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Note 1: During bond issuance the County receives a repayment schedule from the entities and allocates the overlapping debt based on the percentage of the assessed values.

Ratio to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:

 Combined Direct Debt (\$72,412)
 0.21%

 Combined Total Debt
 2.77%

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/14: \$0

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. and Tulare County Auditor/Property Tax

Statistical Section

Legal Debt Margin Information (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2013-14

Net Assessed Value	\$ 28,609,710
Debt Limit - 1.25 Percent of Taxable Property (1)	\$ 357,621
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit (2) Legal Debt Margin (3)	\$ 357,621

		Fiscal Year								
	2	2004-05		2005-06		2006-07		2007-08		2008-09
Debt limit	\$	260,486	\$	296,389	\$	333,044	\$	352,369	\$	340,733
Total net debt applicable to limit								-		-
Legal debt margin	\$	260,486	\$	296,389	\$	333,044	\$	352,369	\$	340,733
									_	
Total debt limit										
as a percentage of the legal debt margin		100%		100%		100%		100%		100%

	Fiscal Year									
	2009-10		2010-11		2011-12		2012-13			2013-14
Debt limit	\$	337,442	\$	341,335	\$	338,976	\$	346,886	\$	357,621
Total net debt applicable to limit				-				-		
Legal debt margin	\$	337,442	\$	341,335	\$	338,976	\$	346,886	\$	357,621
Total debt limit										
as a percentage of the legal debt margin		100%		100%		100%		100%		100%

⁽¹⁾ Constitutional Amendment XIIIA, passed by a vote of the people and effective July 1, 1978, prohibits the County from raising ad valorem property taxes above 1% of full cash value. Thus, the legal debt is 1.25% of assessed valuation.

⁽²⁾ As of 6/30/14, the County had no tax supported general obligation bonded debt outstanding.

⁽³⁾ Legal debt margin is computed by subtracting the County legal general obligation bonded debt from the legal debt limit.

Statistical Section

Demographics and Economic Statistics (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)(5)	Personal Income (in millions) (1)(5)	Median Age (1)(3)	School Enrollment (4)(5)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2004-05	409,871	\$ 21,275	\$ 8,720	29	92,126	9.0%
2005-06	420,131	21,596	9,073	29	93,424	7.9%
2006-07	429,006	21,995	9,436	29	94,407	8.6%
2007-08	436,839	22,464	9,813	29	95,344	9.8%
2008-09	441,481	25,920	10,865	29	96,811	14.7%
2009-10	447,814	26,545	11,887	29	97,321	14.7%
2010-11	436,946	16,999	6,973	29.6	97,889	15.9%
2011-12	449,253	17,966	7,370	29.6	98,831	15.2%
2012-13	455,599	33,648	15,330	29	99,964	12.8%
2013-14	459,446	33,495	15,389	29	101,099	11.6%

⁽¹⁾ Source: California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit; Census every 10 years.

⁽²⁾ Source: State Department of Employment Development

⁽³⁾ Median age is the age at which there are as many residents older as there are younger.

⁽⁴⁾ California Department of Education, Educational Demographics Unit

⁽⁵⁾ Amounts are estimated based on historical percentages.

Statistical Section

Principal Employers (unaudited) June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2005

	2013-2014			2004-2005							
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Rank Employment Employer Employees		Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment				
County of Tulare	4,800	1	2.72%	County of Tulare	4,320	1	2.63%				
Kaweah Delta Healthcare District	2,000	2	1.13%	Porterville Development Center	2,014	2	1.23%				
Ruiz Food Products	1,800	3	1.02%	Kaweah Delta Healthcare District	2,000	3	1.22%				
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	1,692	4	0.96%	Ruiz Food Products	1,800	4	1.10%				
Porterville Development Center	1,300	5	0.74%	Wal-Mart Distribution Center	1,692	5	1.03%				
College of the Sequoias	1,160	6	0.66%	College of the Sequoias	1,160	6	0.71%				
Sierra View District Hospital	725	7	0.41%	CIGNA HealthCare	900	7	0.55%				
Jostens	720	8	0.41%	Sierra View District Hospital	724	8	0.44%				
CIGNA HealthCare	700	9	0.40%	Jostens	720	9	0.44%				
Land O'Lakes	600	10	0.34%	Land O'Lakes	600	10	0.37%				
Total	15,497		8.79%	Total	15,930		9.72%				

Statistical Section

Employees by Function (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
Function	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
General Government										,
Administration	45	48	50	53	52	49	51	50	50	50
County Counsel	38	39	41	45	48	48	50	50	52	50
Risk Management	8	8	9	9	6	4	6	4	6	11
Elections	7	7	8	7	7	7	5	4	7	5
Finance	126	130	133	144	144	143	157	148	146	152
Purchasing	5	5	6	6	6	7	5	8	8	8
Planning and Development	61	64	61	78	77	67	54	75	85	81
Other General	163	165	204	322	297	257	254	231	244	255
Public Protection										
Child Support Services	269	269	269	269	269	226	194	212	211	211
District Attorney	178	165	175	196	201	215	233	194	205	212
Fire Protection	24	20	27	111	114	114	122	117	114	114
Probation	302	309	315	327	335	348	345	340	377	377
Public Defender	69	71	75	83	83	83	78	83	89	89
Sheriff / Coroner	662	710	748	772	751	733	743	721	799	811
Trial Courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	2
Other Protection	57	57	57	58	58	60	102	93	94	87
Public Ways and Facilities	133	133	133	134	134	149	200	151	156	157
Health and Sanitation	581	625	650	575	475	443	439	483	488	477
Public Assistance	1,618	1,623	1,687	1,721	1,366	1,404	1,392	1,564	1,574	1,559
Education	38	38	41	45	45	47	59	47	45	45
Culture and Recreation	15	15	15	16	15	18	19	9	9	-
Solid Waste Management	72	72	75	76	75	64	66	61	52	47
Total Number of Employees	4,471	4,573	4,779	5,047	4,558	4,486	4,575	4,647	4,813	4,800
Total Gross Salaries*	152,349	156,554	162,093	172,488	192,779	205,703	192,090	190,554	202,177	204,484

*Gross Salaries Rounded to Thousands

Source: County of Tulare / Auditor-Controller

Statistical Section

Operating Indicators by Function (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Function	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09			
PUBLIC PROTECTION								
Child Support Services								
Number of Caseloads	36,712	35,687	35,678	34,960	37,498			
Number of Orders Established	2,009	2,085	1,810	2,211	2,347			
District Attorney								
Number of Adult Felony Cases Filed	4,474	4,960	5,702	5,547	4,742			
Number of Adult Misdemeanor Cases Filed	12,437	12,747	12,943	14,192	14,028			
Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor Cases Filed	1,390	1,196	886	877	640			
Number of Juvenile Felony Cases Filed	1,268	754	829	733	719			
Total Cases Tried (Excluding Juvenile Trials)	186	196	207	173	217			
Fire Protection								
Number of Fires	2,492	2,383	3,156	3,227	1,890			
Medical Aids	8,298	8,330	8,997	7,408	7,395			
Assist Other Agencies	1,534	1,622	1,204	1,383	597			
Public Defender								
Felony New Cases Opened	5,066	6,074	6,274	5,526	5,549			
Misdemeanor New Cases Opened	6,055	6,457	9,251	8,620	7,638			
Juvenile Delinquency New Cases Opened	2,629	2,451	2,170	1,879	1,904			
Other New Cases	<u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	_	-	585			
Sheriff/Coroner								
Homicide	9	_	20	13	28			
Rape	28	30	38	29	31			
Robbery	68	86	92	78	92			
Aggravated Assault	470	-	854	388	369			
Burglary	1,219	1,328	1,017	906	1,076			
Larceny Theft	2,071	2,117	2,173	2,247	2,106			
Warrants Processed	19,916	22,743	19,813	21,195	22,761			
Jail Population - Admissions	20,943	22,675	29,241	26,183	25,376			
Other Protection - Auto Theft		,	,	,				
Number of Vehicles Recovered	92	73	68	96	116			
Other Protection - Environmental Health	,-	,5	00	, ,	110			
Small Water System Inspections	280	240	59	18	50			
Food Facility Inspections	1,647	1,620	2,337	1,403	2.415			
Swimming Pool Inspections	113	134	114	126	345			
Dairy Inspections	999	1,014	952	952	1,043			
Hazardous Materials Inspections	247	308	379	414	427			
Hazardous Waste Inspections	139	156	225	214	201			
Underground Tank Inspections	255	277	316	269	274			
Animal Control Field Calls	5,246	4,899	4,239	4.022	4,199			
Rabies Investigations	143	105	148	112	156			
Animal Control Intake	8,453	8,829	9,172	9,151	9,221			
Solid Waste Inspections	275	277	293	237	263			
Liquid Waste Inspections	51	54	47	60	63			
Tire Facility Inspections	265	181	222	-				
Illegal Tire Pile Inspections	29	23	24	-	-			
Medical Waste Inspections	25	25	25	25	25			
Body Arts	-	-	-	-	-			

Continued

Statistical Section

Operating Indicators by Function (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Year

		Fiscal Year			
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	Function
					PUBLIC PROTECTION
					Child Support Services
36,109	31,621	29,055	27,633	26,136	Number of Caseloads
3,972	1,638	1,277	1,185	1,167	Number of Orders Established
					District Attorney
4,074	4,085	4,275	5,374	5,481	Number of Adult Felony Cases Filed
11,606	10,228	10,511	10,272	9,966	Number of Adult Misdemeanor Cases Filed
526	364	288	205	242	Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor Cases Filed
674	607	629	505	544	Number of Juvenile Felony Cases Filed
175	137	139	124	138	Total Cases Tried (Excluded Juvenile Trials)
					Fire Protection
4,429	1,735	3,292	4,647	1,280	Number of Fires
6,949	7,529	6,927	7,235	7,336	Medical Aids
861	512	361	277	268	Assist Other Agencies
					Public Defender
4,767	4,663	5,339	6,758	8,380	Felony New Cases Opened
6,911	7,374	7,409	7,224	7,649	Misdemeanor New Cases Opened
1,443	1,214	1,095	993	1,004	Juvenile Delinquency New Cases Opened
990	827	828	855	993	Other New Cases
					Sheriff/Coroner
12	21	19	22	13	Homicide
26	32	37	31	17	Rape
90	91	72	96	90	Robbery
415	398	441	511	391	Aggravated Assault
1,186	1,132	1,272	1,109	1,010	Burglary
2,041	2,164	1,964	1,799	1,401	Larceny Theft
19,079	22,548	17,079	17,538	19,650	Warrants Processed
24,348	23,444	22,251	22,660	22,563	Jail Population - Admissions
					Other Protection - Auto Theft
133	72	34	62	44	Number of Vehicles Recovered
					Other Protection - Environmental Health
94	98	125	55	33	Small Water System Inspections
2,916	3,156	2,924	2,526	2,631	Food Facility Inspections
485	462	279	382	335	Swimming Pool Inspections
1,027	1,065	1,013	1,025	988	Dairy Inspections
386	387	427	358	339	Hazardous Materials Inspections
212	221	233	218	181	Hazardous Waste Inspections
263	256	272	268	254	Underground Tank Inspections
3,876	3,843	4,530	4,955	5,184	Animal Control Field Calls
238	205	257	210	230	Rabies Investigations
8,787	9,316	9,269	9,269	8,945	Animal Control Intake
282	251	266	272	263	Solid Waste Inspections
74	84	80	88	84	Liquid Waste Inspections
-	-	-	-	-	Tire Facility Inspections
44	39	41	40	42	Illegal Tire Pile Inspections Medical Waste Inspections
44	39	41	40	77	Body Arts
			_	- 11	200, 110

Continued

Statistical Section

Operating Indicators by Function (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Function	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09			
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES				·				
Roads								
Total Maintained Mileage	3,057	3,048	3,008	3,006	3,046			
Miles of Road Re-oiled	55	45	52	68	74			
Miles of Chip Seals	94	75	113	105	105			
Miles of Surface Seals	70	70	62	57	-			
Miles of Road Striped	-	1,276	1,758	1,758	1,650			
HEALTH AND SANITATION								
Mental Health Clients Served								
Outpatient	8,511	8,870	9,343	9,530	9,568			
Impatient	675	613	558	579	365			
Conserved	277	278	264	229	180			
Day Treatment	4	5	8	8	2			
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE								
Community Based Programs								
Congregate Meals Served	121,932	125,007	125,167	107,509	82,240			
Home Delivered Meals	94,026	108,794	121,672	99,140	47,953			
Information & Assistance Contacts	49,692	52,346	49,607	72,148	61,389			
Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program	359	297	363	259	318			
Number of People Served through Area Agency on Aging Funds	266,009	286,444	296,809	217,876	182,252			
Number of Adult Protective Services Cases Opened	930	976	784	942	916			
Number of Enrolled Participants in Cal Works	7,198	-	5,243	6,274	6,452			
CULTURE AND RECREATION								
Library								
DVD Books	-	-	-	1,502	-			
Volumes	352,184	372,000	317,532	288,035	-			
Parks and Recreation								
Total Number of Cars Entered Parks	29,066	22,266	20,393	20,351	19,511			
Total Amount of Park Reservations	1,529	1,697	1,902	1,735	1,636			
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT								
Sanitation-Landfills								
Landfill Tonnage Gross Total	250,254	281,830	310,099	271,245	235,162			
Landfill Tonnage Recycled Total	20,680	26,408	36,181	48,892	50,117			
OTHER ENTERPRISES								
Transit								
Total Route Miles	410,767	444,855	441,358	517,947	631,960			
Number of Passengers	86,828	89,952	105,715	130,266	155,151			
					Continued			

Statistical Section

Operating Indicators by Function (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fisca	ıl Y	ear

		Fiscal Year			_
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	Function
					PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES
					Roads
3,046	3,041	3,041	3,039	3,038	Total Maintained Mileage
91	53	52	30	12	Miles of Road Re-oiled
94	69	80	80	114	Miles of Chip Seals
-	3,540	-	-	1	Miles of Surface Seals
500	750	1000	1,011	1,125	Miles of Road Striped
					HEALTH AND SANITATION
					Mental Health Clients Served
9,757	9,652	9,427	9,637	10,577	Outpatient
671	772	608	710	812	Impatient
186	178	184	199	190	Conserved
1	5	5	2	2	Day Treatment
					PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
					Community Based Programs
69,851	71,261	70,150	60,743	60,890	Congregate Meals Served
51,692	65,260	59,460	63,089	64,470	Home Delivered Meals
9,182	10,802	10,710	9,497	15,179	Information & Assistance Contacts
348	351	575	1,156	974	Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program
184,815	133,068	137,104	137,104	110,992	Number of People Served through Area Agency on Aging Funds
893	768	1,249	1,198	1,423	Number of Adult Protective Services Cases Opened
6,519	7,335	7,686	7,843	8,370	Number of Enrolled Participants in Cal Works
					CULTURE AND RECREATION
					Library
1,100	2,100	3,400	4,215	5,988	DVD Books
341,774	343,928	285,915	294,513	289,830	Volumes
					Parks and Recreation
17,639	25,702	19,234	13,963	17,297	Total Number of Cars Entered Parks
1,036	837	1,095	789	734	Total Amount of Park Reservations
					SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
					Sanitation-Landfills
225,337	246,965	261,828	257,262	251,826	Landfill Tonnage Gross Total
49,207	56,128	54,712	43,171	46,301	Landfill Tonnage Recycled Total
					OTHER ENTERPRISES
					Transit
676,359	794,963	842,636	929,804	1,009,061	Total Route Miles
188,999	244,500	308,293	351,697	356,560	Number of Passengers
				Concluded	

Source: County of Tulare / Auditor-Controller

Statistical Section Capital Asset Statistics by Function (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Public Protection										
Sheriff/Coroner										
Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire Protection										
Stations	28	29	28	28	29	26	27	27	27	27
Building Permits Issued	3,643	6,428	5,847	5,118	3,925	3,353	3,494	3,333	3,581	3,474
Public Ways and Facilities										
Roads (miles)	3,072	3,048	3,008	3,006	3,046	3,540	3,041	3,041	3,041	3,038
Streetlights	1,454	1,384	1,459	1,468	1,384	1,472	1,537	1,541	1,542	1,471
Culture and Recreation										
Park acreage	604	688	688	688	688	688	628	628	628	628
Parks	10	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10
Museum (square feet)	25,919	25,919	25,919	25,919	25,919	42,919	42,919	42,919	42,919	42,919
Lake Success Capacity (acre feet)	82,300	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000
Lake Kaweah Capacity (acre feet)	185,600	185,600	185,600	185,600	165,600	185,600	185,600	185,600	185,600	185,600
Solid Waste Management										
Landfill Sites	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	3	3
Transfer Stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6

Source: County of Tulare / Auditor-Controller

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