

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report CAFR



County of Tulare State of California

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

This page intentionally left blank.



COUNTY OF TULARE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Prepared for the Board of Supervisors by:

Rita A. Woodard
Tulare County Auditor-Controller

Under the Direction of:
Tara Freitas, CPA
Chief of Financial Reporting and Audits

COUNTY OF TULARE

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
	2
LETTER OF TRANSMITTALCERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING	
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART	
LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS	
FINANCIAL SECTION	0
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	10
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)	12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	2.5
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	28
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position.	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of	, 32
Activities	33
General Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	34
Realignment – Social Services Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	35
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows.	38
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	40
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Notes to Financial Statements	43
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)	0.0
Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association - Schedule of the County's Contributions	90
Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association - Schedule of the County's Proportionate	00
Share of Net Pension Liability Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits - Schedule of Funding Progress	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	91
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	94
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	98
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	102
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	106
Indigent Health Fund	
RDA Successor Agency Housing Fund	
Library Fund	
Fish and Game Fund	
Aviation Fund	
Structural Fire Fund	
Roads Fund	112

COUNTY OF TULARE

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Workforce Investment Fund	
Child Support Services Fund	
Mental Health Realignment Fund	
Health Realignment Fund	
Tobacco Settlement Fund	
Flood Control Fund	
Community Development Block Grant Fund	
HOME Program Fund	120
Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	
Balance Sheet	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	124
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	
Balance Sheet	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	128
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	130
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	132
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	134
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	138
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	139
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	140
Fiduciary Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	142
TISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	146
Changes in Net Position.	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Revenue Capacity	1 5 2
Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property	15/
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	
Principal Property Taxpayers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
· ·	133
Debt Capacity Paties of Outstanding Debt by Type	160
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Legal Debt Margin Information	
	162
Demographic and Economic Information	1.60
Demographics and Economic Statistics	
Principal Employers.	164
Operating Information	4
Employees by Function	
Operating Indicators by Function	

This page intentionally left blank.



Introductory Section



AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/ TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR

CALIFORNIA

Rita A. Woodard COUNTY OF TULARE

221 South Mooney Blvd., Room 101-E Visalia, CA 93291-4593

CASS COOK Assistant Auditor-Controller (559) 636-5200 FAX (559) 730-2547 RITA A. WOODARD Auditor-Controller/ Treasurer-Tax Collector (559) 636-5200 FAX (559) 730-2547 HILEY WALLIS Chief Deputy Treasurer-Tax Collector (559) 636-5250 FAX (559) 730-2532

December 21, 2016

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Tulare County:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Tulare (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California (the State). Management assumes responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of the various funds and component units of the County. All disclosures necessary for an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included. Dollar amounts throughout the CAFR, with the exception of this letter of transmittal, are expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted.

This CAFR has been prepared by the Auditor-Controller's Office in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as set forth in the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements. We believe that the data, as presented, are accurate in all material respects, that they are presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and changes in financial position of the County as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The financial reporting entity includes all of the funds of the County, as well as its component units, including the Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District, the Flood Control District, the Public Facilities Corporation, the Public Financing Authority, and the First 5 Tulare County. Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

The County provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; health and sanitation services; social services; construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructures; recreational activities; and cultural events.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The County, located in the San Joaquin Valley, is a general law county created by the State Legislature in 1852. It ranks seventh among California counties in land area and has a population of approximately 466,339 residents, with its County Seat, the City of Visalia, having a population of approximately 131,299. The County is the nation's number one ranking County with regard to total agriculture value, primarily due to its Mediterranean climate that is conducive to growing specialty crops such as pistachios and walnuts, citrus and grapes, as well as a variety of grains.

The County's total harvested acreage is over 1.7 million with a mild climate, allowing production of outstanding citrus varieties. Navel oranges are the most prevalent, with a total bearing acreage of 72,700 and a value exceeding \$614 million. The next highest acreage crop, in the fruit and nut crop category, are pistachios totaling just over 51,700 acres, closely followed by grapes at 51,160 acres. Table grapes grown here are shipped worldwide, while other grapes are processed for wine and raisins. The County is also famous for its olives, almonds, pecans, plums, peaches, and nectarines, which account for hundreds of millions of dollars in farm income each year. The beef industry is also an important component of the County's bustling economy, as are turkey and hog production. The County's geographical location presents easy access to markets around the world for all commodities produced.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the year, the Board of Supervisors' (the Board) commitment to serve the residents of the County effectively is demonstrated by the following:

- The County's space planning process was initiated in February 2015 through the release of a Request for Proposals. The County selected an architect and contracts were executed in fiscal year 2015/16. Multiple County departments and a variety of sites will be involved in the space planning process as it continues.
- The Board approved a reorganization of the County Administrative Office (CAO) in March of 2016 encompassing a Strategic Management System and Economic Development Strategy.
- Construction began on the South County Detention Facility in early 2016. The project will continue to move forward with a targeted completion date of August 2018.
- Executed agreements with the State Water Resources Control Board and Department of Water Resources to bring safe and reliable drinking water to disadvantaged communities.
- Collaborated with Tulare County Health and Human Services to expand the Step Up Youth Leadership Program (#LEAD) to at-risk youth in the Cities of Visalia, Tulare and Porterville.
- Executed agreements with Tulare County Animal Services to renovate the animal shelter and offer the residents and animals of the County expanded services, with a greater emphasis on community engagement.
- Established the Tree Mortality Task Force to assist with combatting the number of dying trees in our County.
- The Board executed an agreement for the Tulare County Park Advisory Committee to review and evaluate the physical conditions of all the County parks. The Board authorized recommended and prioritized repairs and improvements with a completion date of December 2016.
- Began the process of acquiring and/or developing property in Monson for a long-term solution to the local residents to bring relief to them as a result of the drought.

For the future, in order to serve the County residents effectively, the Board continues to prioritize programs based on their needs. In no particular order, the following projects are a demonstration of that commitment:

- Work with state and federal government officials to maintain local land use authority concerning marijuana grow sites.
- Monitor and provide feedback, as needed, on all state and federal legislative proposals and promote the County's business growth and development.
- Work closely with the Tulare County Park Advisory Committee as they meet to review and evaluate the Conceptual Master Plan to begin working on the plan to finalize future projects for the parks by June 2017.

- Continue to seek state and federal funding to assist communities and farms to secure a sustainable and affordable water supply.
- Work with local water agencies to implement the provisions of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act.
- Begin the process of planning and designing the Property and Evidence Building for a long-term solution to the County's criminal justice needs.
- Finalize the scope of work with the State of California Board of State and Community Corrections for the County's Sequoia Field Program Facility in the amount of \$40 million funded by the Senate Bill (SB) 1022 Jail Construction Program.
- The Board will work closely with the Tree Mortality Task Force to determine guidelines for handling the tree mortality in the County effectively and efficiently.
- Execute agreements with public water agencies for the establishment of Groundwater Sustainability Agencies covering the Tule, Kaweah, and Kings sub-basins, to implement the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act.
- Execute an agreement to form the San Joaquin Valley Water Infrastructure Authority to begin identifying viable water storage projects to bring relief to the San Joaquin Valley as a result of the drought and to provide better water supply reliability.

LONG - TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Local assessed property values for fiscal year 2016/17 increased 4.6 percent above fiscal year 2015/16; this will increase property tax revenues in the County. The budget was adopted reflecting an increase in property taxes when compared against fiscal year 2015/16 actual revenues.

The County's Capital Improvement Plan is a five-year plan that identifies capital projects and equipment purchases, provides a planning schedule, and identifies options for financing the plan. For fiscal year 2016/17, the Capital Projects Fund requested budget is \$55.3 million. Significant projects for fiscal year 2016/17 include the South County Detention Facility at \$30.0 million, the Sequoia Field Program Facility at \$3.0 million, the Vocational Education Building at \$700,000, the Space Planning and Improvement Project at \$5.5 million, the Cutler Park well at \$500,000, the Assessor's Office remodel at \$300,000, the Civic Center Colling Tower at \$450,000 and the Mental Health Wellness Center at \$500,000. All projects and project funding are subject to the approval of the Board.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

County management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments of management.

As a recipient of federal, state and local financial assistance, the County is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control structure that will ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the County.

As part of the County's single audit, tests were performed on the County's internal control structure and its compliance with applicable laws and regulations relating to federal awards. Although this testing was not sufficient to support an opinion on the County's internal control system or its compliance with laws and regulations related to nonmajor federal awards, the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 disclosed no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations.

In addition, the County maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. Activities of the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level which cannot be exceeded without action by the Board) is the fund level, with the exception of the General Fund in which the legal level of control is the department level. The CAO may approve transfers of appropriations between expenditure appropriation classifications within the same budget unit.

The County utilizes an automated accounting system (Advantage Financial) maintained on the County's client servers. The system allows the County to restrict each department's expenditures to the amount of the budgeted appropriation. Changes in budget appropriation must be approved by the Board as a transfer from contingency reserve, transfer from another budget unit, or as an appropriation of unanticipated or over realized revenue. Any unencumbered appropriation balances remaining at the end of the fiscal year automatically lapse except by approval of the CAO. The fund balances along with projected revenues become available for appropriation in the following year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The financial records and transactions of the County and its blended component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, have been audited by Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation and their opinion is included in the financial section of this report.

In addition, the County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996, and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to the single audit (including a schedule of expenditures of federal awards), the independent auditor's reports on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in a separately issued single audit report.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the twenty-second consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. The report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Auditor-Controller's Office, as well as the efforts and input of every department of the County, and by Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation for their professional assistance. Each participating member has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. Finally, we would like to thank the Board for its continued efforts in planning and conducting the County's financial operations in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Rita A. Woodard

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

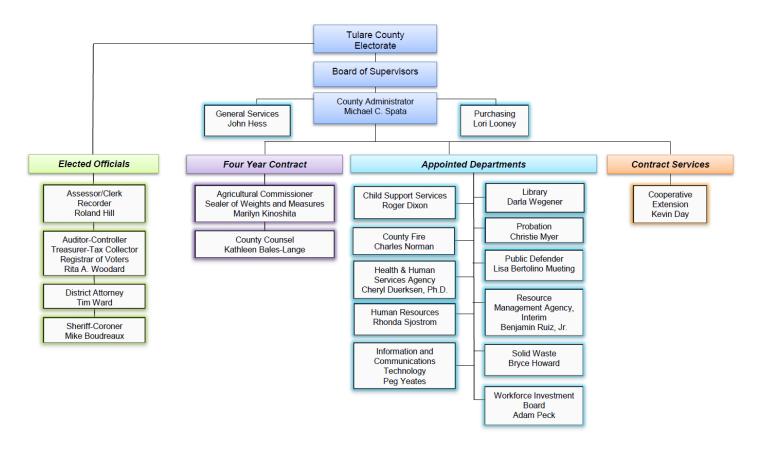
County of Tulare California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF TULARE Organizational Chart June 30, 2016

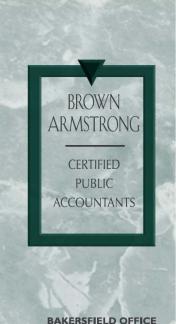


COUNTY OF TULARE List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2016

Department/Agency/District	Elected Official
Assessor/Clerk-Recorder	Roland P. Hill
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector/Registrar of Voters	
Board of Supervisors District No. 1	Allen Ishida, Vice Chairman
Exeter, Farmersville, Lindcove, Lindsay, Lemoncove,	
Strathmore, Three Rivers, (Part) Visalia, and Woodville	
Board of Supervisors District No. 2	Pete Vander Poel
Allensworth, Alpaugh, Earlimart, Pixley, Tipton, Tulare,	
and Waukena	
Board of Supervisors District No. 3	Phillip Cox
Visalia	
Board of Supervisors District No. 4	J. Steven Worthley
Badger, Cutler, Dinuba, Goshen, Ivanhoe, Orosi, Traver,	
(Part) Visalia, and Woodlake	
Board of Supervisors District No. 5	Mike Ennis, Chairman
Camp Nelson, Ducor, Kennedy Meadows, Poplar-Cotton Center,	
Porterville, Posey, Richgrove, Springville, and Terra Bella	
District Attorney	Timothy Ward
Sheriff-Coroner	Mike Boudreaux
Department/Agency	Appointed Official
Agricultural Commissioner/Sealer of Weights and Measures	Marilyn Kinoshita
Child Support Services	Roger Dixon
Capital Projects and Facilities	John Hess
Cooperative Extension	Kevin Day
County Administrative Office	Michael C. Spata
County Counsel	Kathleen Bales-Lange
Fire Protection Services	Charles Norman
General Services	John Hess
Grand Jury	Chuck White, Foreman
Health and Human Services Agency	Dr. Cheryl L. Duerksen, Ph.D.
Human Resources and Development	
Information and Communications Technology	Peg Yeates
Law Library	
Library	
Probation	=
Public Defender	
Purchasing	
Solid Waste	
Resource Management Agency	
Workforce Investment Board	Adam Peck

Financial Section





BAKERSFIELD OFFICE (MAIN OFFICE)

4200 TRUXTUN AVENUE SUITE 300

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

TEL 661.324.4971

FAX 661.324.4997

EMAIL info@bacpas.com

FRESNO OFFICE

7673 N. INGRAM AVENUE

SUITE 101

FRESNO, CA 93711

TEL 559,476,3592

FAX 559,476,3593

PASADENA OFFICE

260 S. LOS ROBLES AVENUE

SUITE 310

PASADENA, CA 91101

TEL 626.204.6542

FAX 626.204.6547

STOCKTON OFFICE

5250 CLAREMONT AVENUE

SUITE 150

STOCKTON, CA 95207

TEL 209.451.4833

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of the County of Tulare, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Tulare (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the First 5 Tulare County, which represents 100 percent of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit for the fiscal year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the First 5 Tulare County, is based solely on the report of the other auditors

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2016, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application; GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68; GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the County's proportionate share of net pension liability, schedule of the County's pension contributions, and schedule of funding progress for the County's other postemployment benefit plan as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2016, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Brown Armstrong

Accountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 21, 2016

As management of the County of Tulare (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, and Culture and Recreation. The business-type activities of the County include Solid Waste, Transit, and many sewer and water operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also five legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable. Financial information for one of the component units, First 5 Tulare County, is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The remaining four component units, also legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the County, and therefore have been included as integral parts of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section following the Management's Discussion and Analysis of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 21 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Public Facilities Corporation, the Public Financing Authority, and the Realignment-Social Services fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 17 governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found following the government-wide financial statements in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Solid Waste, Transit, and many sewer and water operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its insurance coverage and central services, such as mailroom, print shop, and motor pool. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Solid Waste, which is considered to be a major fund of the County. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the nonmajor enterprise funds and the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the fund financial statements section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County maintains three different types of fiduciary funds. The *investment trust funds* are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity. The *private-purpose trust fund* is used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency). The *agency funds* are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the fund financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the fund financial statements of this report.

COUNTY OF TULARE

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *Required Supplementary Information (RSI)* concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Also, included in RSI are 1) the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and 2) the Schedule of the County's Contributions for the County's Pension Plan to its employees. RSI can be found immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, and capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds are presented immediately following the RSI of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,718,015 (*net position*).
- The County's total net position increased by \$38,356, which was mainly due to an increase in charges for services and sales tax and other tax revenue from the prior fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$320,277, an increase of \$26,302 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26.5% of this amount, \$84,868, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the General Fund was \$99,392, or approximately 16.7% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's total outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$7,856 during the current fiscal year, which was attributable to payments made on existing long-term debt.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

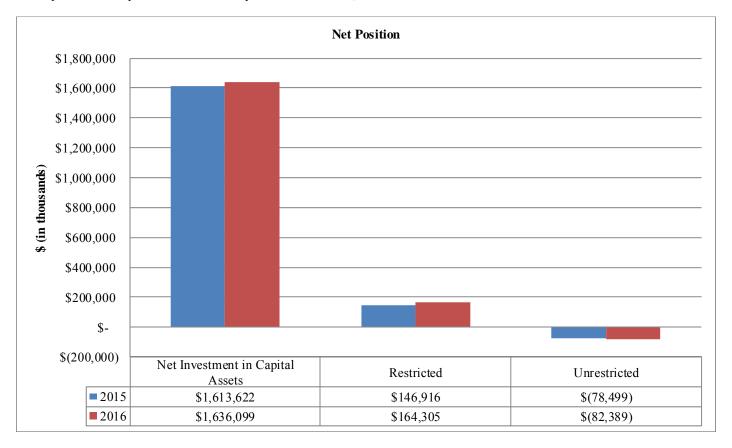
As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,718,015 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion (95.2%) of the County's net position (\$1,636,099) for the current year reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and vehicles), less any related, outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (\$164,305) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used (*restricted net position*).

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive balances in all reported categories of net position except unrestricted net position for the governmental funds. For business-type activities, the County reported positive balances in all reported categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

A comparison of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:



Key elements of the County's calculation of net position for both governmental activities and business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

Net Position June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

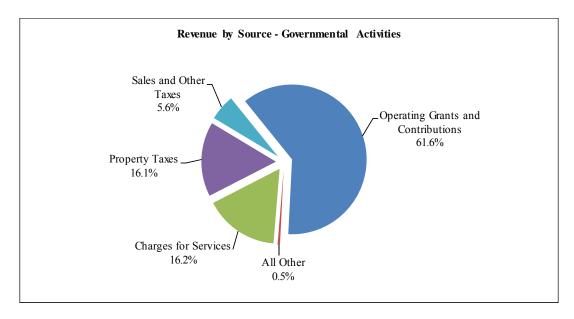
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 501,294	\$ 473,951	\$ 73,295	\$ 66,100	\$ 574,589	\$ 540,051		
Capital assets	1,618,422	1,600,413	22,413	24,886	1,640,835	1,625,299		
Total assets	2,119,716	2,074,364	95,708	90,986	2,215,424	2,165,350		
Deferred outflow of resources:								
Deferred pensions	96,643	40,024	443	259	97,086	40,283		
Total deferred outflows of resources:	96,643	40,024	443	259	97,086	40,283		
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities	398,377	264,219	42,654	44,333	441,031	308,552		
Other liabilities	125,426	112,172	10,232	8,682	135,658	120,854		
Total liabilities	523,803	376,391	52,886	53,015	576,689	429,406		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue	16,074	16,441	-	-	16,074	16,441		
Deferred pensions	1,721	77,247	11	500	1,732	77,747		
Total deferred inflows of resources:	17,795	93,688	11	500	17,806	94,188		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	1,614,927	1,590,015	21,172	23,607	1,636,099	1,613,622		
Restricted	153,860	141,900	10,445	5,016	164,305	146,916		
Unrestricted	(94,026)	(87,606)	11,637	9,107	(82,389)	(78,499)		
Total net position	\$ 1,674,761	\$ 1,644,309	\$ 43,254	\$ 37,730	\$ 1,718,015	\$ 1,682,039		

Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

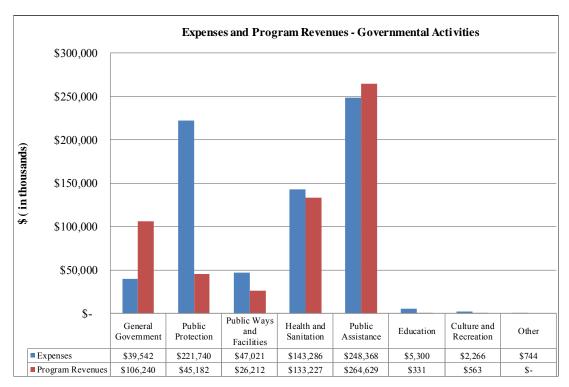
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015			
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 119,841	\$ 107,266	\$ 14,796	\$ 12,776	\$ 134,637	\$ 120,042			
Operating grants and contributions	456,543	444,945	736	625	457,279	445,570			
General Revenues:									
Property taxes	119,331	112,026	-	-	119,331	112,026			
Sales and other taxes	41,300	29,690	2,709	2,344	44,009	32,034			
Other	3,811	3,856	1,256	515	5,067	4,371			
Total revenues	740,826	697,783	19,497	16,260	760,323	714,043			
Expenses:									
General government	39,542	41,610	-	-	39,542	41,610			
Public protection	221,740	199,878	-	-	221,740	199,878			
Public ways and facilities	47,021	36,722	-	-	47,021	36,722			
Health and sanitation	143,286	132,566	-	-	143,286	132,566			
Public assistance	248,368	240,562	-	-	248,368	240,562			
Education	5,300	5,353	-	-	5,300	5,353			
Culture and recreation	2,266	2,176	-	-	2,266	2,176			
Interest expense	744	1,320	=	=	744	1,320			
Solid waste	-	-	9,067	10,410	9,067	10,410			
Water/Sewer services	-	-	1,162	1,039	1,162	1,039			
Transit	-	-	3,454	3,322	3,454	3,322			
Other business-type activities			17	49	17	49			
Total expenses	708,267	660,187	13,700	14,820	721,967	675,007			
Change in net position before									
transfers	32,559	37,596	5,797	1,440	38,356	39,036			
Transfers	305	305	(305)	(305)		_			
Change in net position	32,864	37,901	5,492	1,135	38,356	39,036			
Net position - beginning	1,644,309	1,798,998	37,730	41,559	1,682,039	1,840,557			
Prior period adjustment	(2,412)	(192,590)	32	(4,964)	(2,380)	(197,554)			
Net position - beginning, as restated	1,641,897	1,606,408	37,762	36,595	1,679,659	1,643,003			
Net position - ending	\$ 1,674,761	\$ 1,644,309	\$ 43,254	\$ 37,730	\$ 1,718,015	\$ 1,682,039			

The County's overall net position increased by \$38,356 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The dominant factor was an approximate \$14,595 increase in charges for services.

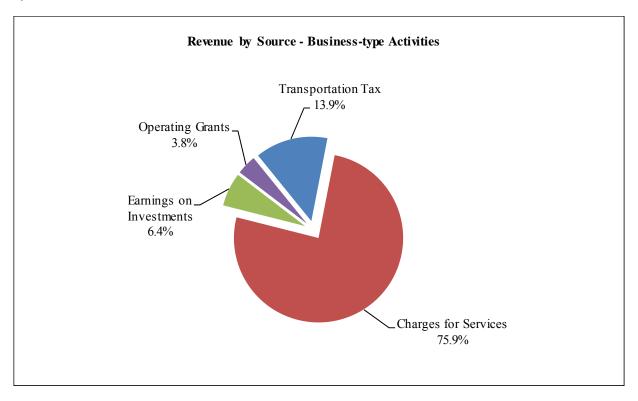
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$32,864 to \$1,674,761 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, which indicates these activities did generate revenues sufficient to cover the cost of operations. Contributing factors are an increase in charges for services revenue of \$12,575 and an increase in sales and other taxes revenue of \$11,610. The largest source of governmental revenue continues to be operating grants and contributions, which represents 61.6% of all governmental activities revenue. Key elements of revenues in governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:



Whereas most governmental activities require some general revenues to cover costs in excess of program revenues, the largest segment of uncovered costs is in the area of public protection. A comparison of expenses and program revenues for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

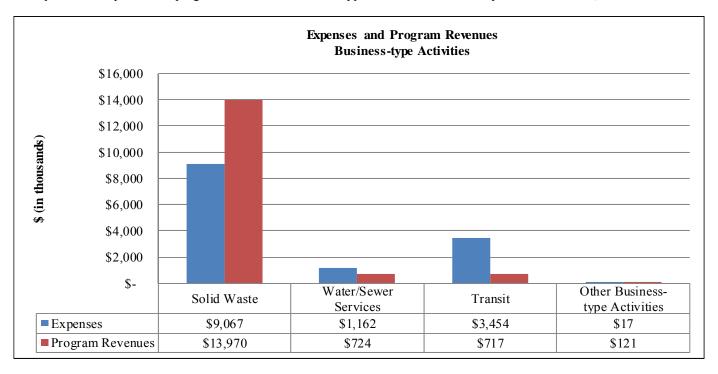


Business-type Activities. For the County's business-type activities, the results for the current fiscal year were positive in that overall net position increased to reach an ending balance of \$43,254. The total increase in net position for business-type activities was \$5,492, or 12.7% from the prior fiscal year. The growth is largely attributable to a \$2,020 increase in charges for services revenue and a \$1,343 decrease in Solid Waste expenses. The largest source of business-type revenue continues to be charges for services, which represents 75.9% of all business-type activities revenue. Key elements of revenues in business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:



Total fee revenues for Solid Waste represents 91.4% of charges for services for business-type activities. Solid Waste's revenues of \$13,522 exceeded its expenses of \$9,067. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year. The primary cause of Solid Waste generating excess revenue was due to a change in the fee structure.

A comparison of expenses and program revenues for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Board of Retirement.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$320,277, an increase of \$26,302 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26.5% of the total fund balances, or \$84,868, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$2,521), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$184,415), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$21,669), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$26,804).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$84,868, while total fund balance reached \$146,511. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 14.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 24.6% of that same amount.

Spending from the General Fund increased by \$21,730, or 3.8%. Contributing factors include a 5.0%, or \$8,613, increase in public protection spending primarily due to an increase of salaries spread fairly evenly among the Sheriff's, District Attorney's, Public Defender's, and Probation Offices. There was also a 5.7%, or \$7,582, increase in health and sanitation spending due to medical services provided. In addition, there was a 6.0%, or \$1,969, increase in general government spending primarily due to salary increases as a result of both merit increases and cost of living adjustments (COLAs).

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position of all proprietary funds was \$34,851, with \$34,761 of that in Solid Waste. There was an increase of \$5,724, or 19.7% in total net position of Solid Waste. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. The total change between the original budget and the final amended budget was a decrease of \$6,262, or 23.9%. The most notable change was a decrease of \$10,238 in the transfers in function from the Realignment-Social Services fund.

Final budget compared to actual results. The variance between the final budget and actual revenue resulted in an increase of \$33,735. The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

	Final	Actual	
Revenues Source	Budget	Revenues	Difference
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 116,847	\$ 127,792	\$ 10,945
Interest, rents and concessions	949	5,931	4,982
Intergovernmental revenues	315,972	321,142	5,170
Other revenues	8,087	14,737	6,650

- Taxes and special assessments revenues were higher than anticipated largely due to an increase in assessed property values and sales and use tax.
- Interest, rents and concessions revenues were more than expected, which was mainly attributable to an increase in quarterly interest revenue.
- Intergovernmental revenues were more than anticipated primarily as a result of money received from the California State Controller's Office to fund the Local Law Enforcement Services Account, as required by Assembly Bill 118 (AB 118) as part of the State realignment. The money received is derived from a combination of vehicle license fees paid on automobile registrations and a Special Fund Sales Tax.
- Other revenues were higher than projected mostly due to welfare advances from the State.

The variance between the final budget and actual expenditures resulted in \$62,608 of unspent appropriations. The most significant differences are as follows:

- Public protection expenditures were \$11,685 less than anticipated, which was largely attributable to unfilled positions in the Sheriff's, District Attorney's, and Probation Offices.
- Health and sanitation expenditures were \$19,523 lower than projected mainly due to providing medical services to fewer clients than anticipated, as well as unfilled positions related to health and sanitation.
- Public assistance expenditures were \$22,565 less than expected predominantly as a result of a reduced need for public support, as well as unfilled positions in the area of public assistance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at current year-end amounts to \$1,640,835 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, and construction in progress and infrastructure in progress. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$15,536, or less than 1%.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in thousands)

		Governmental Activities				usiness-typ	tivities	Total					
		2016		2016 2015			2016		2015		2016		2015
Land	\$	940,050	\$	935,562	\$	6,728	\$	6,728	\$	946,778	\$	942,290	
Infrastructure		472,151		425,315		-		-		472,151		425,315	
Buildings and improvements		143,310		127,158		12,771		14,238		156,081		141,396	
Equipment and vehicles		23,795		22,144		2,710		3,736		26,505		25,880	
Construction in progress		8,338		8,249		204		184		8,542		8,433	
Infrastructure in progress		30,778		81,985						30,778		81,985	
Total	\$	1,618,422	\$	1,600,413	\$	22,413	\$	24,886	\$	1,640,835	\$	1,625,299	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Building purchased at 5300 W. Tulare Avenue from Weingart Foundation, which totaled \$15,316.
- Emergency well projects for Bob Wiley Detention Facility, Tulare County Sheriff's Office Agriculture Unit, and Mooney Grove Park, which totaled \$1,475 for the year.
- Purchased infrastructure equipment, such as tractors, for a total of \$512.
- Purchased vehicles for public safety departments at a cost of \$2,656.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note IV.E of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding debt of \$40,281. Of this amount, 3.1% (\$1,236) comprises debt for Certificates of Participation (COPs) issued by the Public Facilities Corporation for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Another 88.2% (\$35,545) is the outstanding balance of Variable Rate Demand Bonds issued by the Public Financing Authority to provide financing for future acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The remaining balance is for the acquisition of a copier accounted for as a capital lease, and a loan to fund an energy improvement project.

Outstanding Debt (in thousands)

		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total					
		2016	2015		2015			2016		2015		2016		2015
T	¢.	2.450	¢.	2.020	¢.		Ф		¢.	2.450	¢.	2.020		
Loans	\$	3,459	\$	3,938	\$	=	Э	-	Э	3,459	\$	3,938		
Capital Leases		36		-		-		-		36		-		
Bonds payable		-		-		5		6		5		6		
Variable Rate Demand Bonds		35,545		36,460		-		-		35,545		36,460		
Certificates of Participation		-		6,460		1,236		1,273		1,236		7,733		
Total	\$	39,040	\$	46,858	\$	1,241	\$	1,279	\$	40,281	\$	48,137		

The overall decrease of current fiscal year outstanding debt of the County over the prior fiscal year is \$7,856 (16.3%). The largest reductions occurred with payments of \$6,497 against the COPs and \$915 paid against Variable Rate Demand Bonds.

The County maintains a long-term credit rating of A1 Issuer (General Obligation equivalent) by Moody's Investors Service.

Constitutional Amendment XIIIA, passed by a vote of the people and effective July 1, 1978, prohibits the County from raising ad valorem property taxes above 1% of full cash value. Thus, the legal debt margin (\$394,278) is 1.25% of assessed valuation (\$31,542,207). As of June 30, 2016, the County had no tax supported general obligation bonded debt outstanding.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note IV.K of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The following economic factors currently affect the County and were considered in developing the 2016/17 fiscal year budget:

• Overall, uncertainties continue to linger in today's economic environment as the rate of economic growth remains sluggish, although the Nation's recovery is incrementally moving in a positive direction. In this regard, the Nation's economic expansion, as evidenced by the annual growth rate, has reached an average of 2.1% growth from 2009 through 2015. This growth rate is less than prior expansions periods, which range from 3.6% to 5.6% prior to 2007.

According to the Federal Reserve Bank, the U.S. Stock Market may be overvalued. This is noted in the Monetary Policy Report that valuations for stocks "have increased to a level well above their median of the past three decades" (Monetary Policy Report, p. 21).

With the U.S. economy entering its eighth year of economic expansion, federal and state policy makers are planning for the next "downturn" that has historically presented itself in five-year cycles. California is planning for the next recession as well. For example, to prepare for the next recession, the State of California in its fiscal year 2016/17 Budget has placed ten percent (10%) or \$12.5 billion of tax revenues in the "Rainy Day Fund," has also paid down debts and liabilities, and has limited new ongoing spending obligations.

As such, California counties should respond to these economic indicators by implementing prudent financial budgeting strategies. Although the economic downturn is not in the immediate horizon, there are enough indicators to warrant government entities to proceed with caution when making ongoing spending obligations. In doing so, the County continues to prepare for this downturn by increasing reserves by \$1 million dollars totaling \$26 million, maintaining its County contingency reserves in the amount of \$5 million and is proposing a budget which is sustainable.

According to the Crop and Livestock Report for calendar year 2015, the County continues to lead the Nation for agricultural production with a total gross of over \$6.9 billion, a decrease of 13.7% below the prior year. Dairy milk and milk products had a total gross value of \$1.7 billion, making the County the top dairy producer in the Nation. The County's agricultural strength is based on the diversity of the crops produced. Although individual commodities may experience difficulties from year to year, the County continues to produce high-quality crops that provide food and fiber to more than 90 countries throughout the world. In 2015, it was the fifth year of a sustained drought and future years' crop values may reflect the impact of inadequate water supplies.

On June 27, 2016, the Governor signed the balanced fiscal year 2016/17 Budget Act into law, spending \$170.9 billion from the General Fund and other State funds. State General Fund appropriations total \$122.5 billion, \$7.1 million higher than the enacted fiscal year 2015/16 budget. In addition, it supports new spending commitments aimed at expanding health care and social safety net programs such as In-Home Supportive Services, Medi-Cal expansion, CalWORKS, workforce development, and drought assistance. The Governor has also allocated one-time funding for infrastructure and reserves. For example, the budget places an additional \$1.8 billion into the "Rainy Day Fund."

The fiscal year 2016/17 Recommended Budget for all funds totals \$1.18 billion, an increase of \$18.8 million, or 1.6%, when compared to the fiscal year 2015/16 Adopted Budget. The budget supports a workforce of 4,944 positions and reflects a net increase of 96 positions. The fiscal year 2016/17 Recommended Budget continues the restoration of actions

taken to address the Great Recession. Workers' compensation increased by \$2 million to \$13.2 million. The County is in the second year of the negotiated two (2) year labor agreements with its employees, providing cost of living increases, restoring the Sick Leave Buy Back program with specific Bargaining Units, and restoring the Deferred Compensation Match program for all unrepresented employees. The Recommended Budget provides funding for mandated and essential services, County programs, infrastructure and capital needs, equipment maintenance and replacement, building County reserves, and maintaining a contingency fund; and adheres to the County Budget Act, County Administrative Regulations, and the County's financial policies.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those interested in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Auditor-Controller's Office, 221 S. Mooney Boulevard, Suite 101-E, Visalia, California 93291. The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, can also be found at the County's website: http://tularecounty.ca.gov/auditorcontroller/.

Basic Financial Statements



COUNTY OF TULARE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

		Primary Government	Component Unit	
	Governmental	Business-type	m · ·	First 5 Tulare
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	County
Cash in banks	\$ 191	\$ 263	\$ 454	\$ 351
Investment in treasury pool	378,340	21,364	399,704	6,460
* *	3,092	21,304	3,092	0,400
Investments	5,092 577	3	580	-
Imprest cash	3//	3	380	-
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	(221	2.012	0.242	077
Accounts	6,331	2,012	8,343	977
Taxes	454	-	454	-
Deposits with others	·	-	-	158
Due from other governments	35,794	452	36,246	-
Internal balances	555	(555)	-	-
Prepaid items	2,378	-	2,378	13
Notes receivable	16,855	-	16,855	-
Inventories	143	-	143	-
Restricted assets	56,584	49,756	106,340	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	979,166	6,932	986,098	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	639,256	15,481	654,737	11
Total assets	2,119,716	95,708	2,215,424	7,970
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pensions	96,643	443	97,086	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	96,643	443	97,086	
LABILITIES				
Accounts payable	27,844	1,821	29,665	1,242
Due to other governments	40,298		40,298	· .
Deposits from others	226	8	234	-
Salaries and benefits payable	16,726	168	16,894	15
Advances	39,991	8,235	48,226	_
Interest payable	341		341	_
Total current liabilities	125,426	10,232	135,658	1,257
Noncurrent liabilities - Due within one year:				
Claims payable	6,158	_	6,158	_
Compensated absences	2,599	10	2,609	_
Loans payable	499	-	499	_
Bonds payable	1,010	_	1,010	
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable	1,010	44	44	
Capital lease	9	77	9	
Noncurrent liabilities - Due in more than one year:	,	-	7	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25 220		25.220	
Claims payable	25,230	-	25,230	
Net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligation	15,793	-	15,793	
Compensated absences	18,941	211	19,152	21
Closure/post closure costs payable	-	39,311	39,311	-
Loans payable	2,960	-	2,960	-
Bonds payable	34,535	5	34,540	-
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable	-	1,192	1,192	-
Capital lease	27	-	27	-
Net pension liability	290,616	1,881	292,497	
Total noncurrent liabilities	398,377	42,654	441,031	21
Total liabilities	523,803	52,886	576,689	1,278
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenue	16,074	-	16,074	-
Deferred pensions	1,721	11	1,732	-
			-,	

COUNTY OF TULARE Statement of Net Position (continued) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	1	Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	First 5 Tulare County
NET POSITION		,		
Net investment in capital assets	1,614,927	21,172	1,636,099	11
Restricted for:				
Debt service	23,136	-	23,136	-
Roads projects	29,291	-	29,291	-
Low and moderate income housing	32	-	32	-
Public protection	21,984	-	21,984	-
Education	2,189	-	2,189	-
Health and sanitation	62,062	-	62,062	-
Public assistance	7,909	-	7,909	-
Landfill ground water contingencies	-	5,016	5,016	-
Acquisition of future disposal site	-	5,429	5,429	-
Other purposes	7,257	-	7,257	-
Unrestricted	(94,026)	11,637	(82,389)	6,681
Total net position	\$ 1,674,761	\$ 43,254	\$ 1,718,015	\$ 6,692
				Concluded

COUNTY OF TULARE Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

				Prograr	n Reve	nues		Net (Expens	Component Unit				
Functions / Programs:	Expenses			harges for Services		rating Grants Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		First 5 Tulare County
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$	39,542	\$	33,186	\$	73,054	\$	66,698	\$	-	\$	66,698	\$ -
Public protection		221,740		19,342		25,840		(176,558)		-		(176,558)	-
Public ways and facilities		47,021		3,101		23,111		(20,809)		-		(20,809)	-
Health and sanitation		143,286		52,471		80,756		(10,059)		-		(10,059)	-
Public assistance		248,368		11,242		253,387		16,261		-		16,261	-
Education		5,300		197		134		(4,969)		-		(4,969)	-
Culture and recreation		2,266		302		261		(1,703)		-		(1,703)	-
Interest expense		744		-		-		(744)		-		(744)	
Total governmental activities		708,267		119,841		456,543		(131,883)				(131,883)	
Business-type activities:													
Solid waste		9,067		13,522		448		-		4,903		4,903	-
Water/Sewer services		1,162		724		-		-		(438)		(438)	-
Transit		3,454		429		288		-		(2,737)		(2,737)	-
Other business-type activities		17		121		-		-		104		104	-
Total business-type activities		13,700		14,796		736		-		1,832	_	1,832	
Total primary government	\$	721,967	\$	134,637	\$	457,279	\$	(131,883)	\$	1,832	\$	(130,051)	\$ -
Component unit:													
First 5 Tulare County	•	6 247	\$		¢.	5 420							(917)
-	3	6,247	\$		<u>\$</u>	5,430							(817)
Total component unit	3	6,247	3		Þ	3,430							(817)
	G	eneral reven	ues:										
		Taxes:											
		Property 1	axes,	levied for ge	eneral p	urposes		106,252		-		106,252	-
		Property 1	axes,	levied for flo	ood cor	ıtrol		591		-		591	-
		Property 1	axes,	levied for re	develop	oment		8,370		-		8,370	-
		Property	axes,	levied for fir	re prote	ection		4,118		-		4,118	-
		Sales and	other	taxes	_			41,300		2,709		44,009	-
		Earnings on	inves	stments				-		1,256		1,256	122
		Tobacco set						3,811		_		3,811	_
	Т	ransfers						305		(305)		´ -	-
		Total genera	al reve	enues and tra	nsfers			164,747		3,660		168,407	122
		Change in r	et pos	sition				32,864		5,492		38,356	(695)
		Net positi	on - h	eginning				1,644,309		37,730		1,682,039	7,387
				d adjustment	e			(2,412)		37,730		(2,380)	7,367
				eginning, as		d		1,641,897		37,762		1,679,659	7,387
		Net positi			restate	u	\$	1,674,761	\$	43,254	\$	1,718,015	\$ 6,692
		Net positi	on - e	nunig			Ф	1,0/4,/01	J.	+5,454	φ	1,/10,013	φ 0,092

This page intentionally left blank.



COUNTY OF TULARE Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

		neral Fund	Faci	iblic ilities oration	Public Financing Authority		alignment- al Services Fund	Gov	Ionmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS											
Cash in banks	\$	188	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3	\$	191
Investment in treasury pool		240,571		93		-	26,738		77,340		344,742
Investments		-		-		3,092	-		-		3,092
Imprest cash		76		-		-	-		1		77
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)											
Accounts		3,755		-		-	-		2,561		6,316
Taxes		454		-		-	-		-		454
Due from other funds		-		-		-	-		5,440		5,440
Due from other governments		19,283		-		-	-		16,381		35,664
Prepaid items		1,849		-		-	-		529		2,378
Advances to other funds		1,159		-		-	-		-		1,159
Notes receivable		-		-		-	-		16,855		16,855
Inventories		-		-		-	-		143		143
Restricted assets		-		-		56,584	-		-		56,584
Total assets	\$	267,335	\$	93	\$	59,676	\$ 26,738	\$	119,253	\$	473,095
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	20,392	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$	5,318	\$	25,710
Due to other funds		5,707		_		_	_		352		6,059
Due to other governments		37,465		_		_	_		2,833		40,298
Deposits from others		169		57		_	_		_		226
Salaries and benefits payable		13,854		_		_	_		1,927		15,781
Advances		37,247		_		_	_		2,744		39,991
Advances from other funds		531		_		_	_		220		751
Total liabilities		115,365		57		-	-		13,394		128,816
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		5,459		_		_	_		18,543		24,002
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,459				-	-		18,543		24,002
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		1,849		_		-	-		672		2,521
Restricted		45,270		36		56,176	26,738		56,195		184,415
Committed		14,524		_		_	_		7,145		21,669
Assigned		-		-		3,500	-		23,304		26,804
Unassigned		84,868		-		-	-		´ -		84,868
Total fund balances	_	146,511		36		59,676	 26,738		87,316		320,277
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	267,335	\$	93	\$	59,676	\$ 26,738	\$	119,253	\$	473,095

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 320,277
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported in the governmental funds. Those assets, including those reported in internal service funds, consist of: Land Buildings and improvements, net of \$87,907 accumulated depreciation Equipment and vehicles, net of \$65,427 accumulated depreciation Infrastructure, net of \$296,097 accumulated depreciation Construction in progress Infrastructure in progress Total capital assets	940,050 143,310 23,795 472,151 8,338 30,778	1,618,422
The future revenue resulting from the delay in reimbursements from the State for mandated programs (Senate Bill-90) is categorized as deferred for fund statements because the funds will not be available for more than one year.		2,624
Tobacco Settlement revenue, delinquent property tax penalties, and delinquent code violation fines are categorized as deferred inflows of resources for fund statements because the revenues will not be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. However, the revenue is recognized for the government-wide statements.		3,287
Agriculture Commissioner deferred inflows of resources from farmer fees; revenues were already recognized in government-wide statements in prior year.		2,017
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. Balances, including those reported in internal service funds, at June 30 are:		
Accrued interest on debt Capital leases payable Loans payable Bonds payable Claims payable Net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligation Compensated absences Net pension liability and related deferred inflows/outflows of resources Total long-term liabilities	(341) (36) (3,459) (35,545) (31,388) (15,793) (21,540) (195,694)	(303,796)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of various central services to individual funds. The assets (except capital assets included above) and liabilities (except long-term liabilities included above) of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		31,930
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,674,761

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Ge	eneral Fund	Faci	iblic ilities oration	Fi	Public nancing uthority	Socia	lignment- al Services Fund	Gov	Ionmajor vernmental Funds	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES											
Taxes and special assessments	\$	127,792	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,839	\$ 160,631
Licenses and permits		11,280		-		-		-		14	11,294
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		6,405		-		-		-		2,243	8,648
Interest, rents and concessions		5,931		47		245		-		1,432	7,655
Intergovernmental revenues		321,142		-		-		75,608		60,413	457,163
Charges for services		72,024		-		-		-		4,135	76,159
Other revenues		14,737								4,633	 19,370
Total revenues		559,311		47		245		75,608		105,709	740,920
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		34,704		-		-		-		2,435	37,139
Public protection		179,711		-		-		-		30,111	209,822
Public ways and facilities		101		-		-		-		31,098	31,199
Health and sanitation		140,042		-		-		-		2	140,044
Public assistance		234,049		-		-		-		11,383	245,432
Education		812		-		-		-		4,157	4,969
Culture and recreation		1,571		-		-		-		-	1,571
Debt service:											
Principal retirement		-		6,479		915		-		481	7,875
Interest and fiscal charges		23		189		197		-		144	553
Capital outlay		5,454		-		-		-		37,670	43,124
Total expenditures		596,467		6,668		1,112		-		117,481	721,728
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		(37,156)		(6,621)		(867)		75,608		(11,772)	19,192
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Sale of general capital assets		250		-		-		-		-	250
Transfers in		88,261		1,011		3,832		946		51,218	145,268
Transfers (out)		(38,554)		(21)		(2,500)		(66,176)		(37,310)	(144,561)
Total other financing sources (uses)		49,957		990		1,332		(65,230)		13,908	957
Net change in fund balances		12,801		(5,631)		465		10,378		2,136	20,149
Fund balances - beginning		127,616		5,667		59,211		16,360		85,121	293,975
Prior period adjustment		6,094		_						59	 6,153
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		133,710		5,667		59,211		16,360		85,180	300,128
Fund balances - ending	\$	146,511	\$	36	\$	59,676	\$	26,738	\$	87,316	\$ 320,277

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		s	20,149
		y.	20,149
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as			
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense differs from capital			
outlay expenditures in the current period.			
Capital outlay expenditures	\$ 43,12	24	
Depreciation expense	(24,7	58)	10.266
Combined adjustment			18,366
Governmental funds report proceeds or losses from the sale of capital assets as revenues when			
received. However, in the statement of activities, proceeds of the sale must be offset by the book value of the asset sold (or otherwise disposed of) to determine a gain or loss on disposition.			(472)
This is the book value of the capital assets sold in the current period.			(4/2)
Governmental funds report the future resources as the result of a direct financing lease between			
the County (as lessor) and the City of Dinuba for the Courthouse/Police Station as a deferred			
inflow of resources until received. However, for the government-wide statements, the revenue was recognized upon the signing of the direct financing lease agreement. Therefore, subsequent			(102)
receipt of previously recognized revenue is not recognized in the government-wide statements.			
Governmental funds report the future resources as the result of delayed collection of			
reimbursements from the State for mandated programs (SB-90) as a deferred inflow of resources			(222)
because the delay will exceed one year. However, for government-wide statements, the revenue is recognized when earned.			
To account the discount finding and the Hammer			271
To account for the remediation cost for Harmon.			271
Tobacco Settlement revenue, delinquent property tax penalties, and delinquent code violation			
fines are categorized as deferred for fund statements because the revenues will not be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. However, for government-wide statements, the			(590)
revenue is recognized when earned.			
Current year collections of previously delayed reimbursements for Agricultural Commissioner			
programs are reported as current year revenue for governmental funds. However, for			181
government-wide statements, current year collections cannot be recognized a second time.			101
Governmental funds report the principal portion of debt service payments as expenditures. However, repayment of principal reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position			7,854
and has no effect on the statement of activities.			7,054
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures			
are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available			
financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual			
basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported when amounts are due and payable. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of			
accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes for the			
current period.	(5'	75)	
Compensated absences Amortization of pension assets	(9,30	75) 53)	
Amortization of net OPEB obligation	(1,00	04)	
Accrued interest on debt Combined adjustment		75)	(11,017)
Comonica adjustment			(11,017)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of various insurance coverage			(1.554)
and central services to individual funds. The net cost of internal service funds is reported with the governmental funds.			(1,554)
		\$	32.864
Changes in net position		3	32,804

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original Final		Actual			iance with	
REVENUES	-						-	
Taxes and special assessments	\$	116,847	\$	116,847	\$	127,792	\$	10,945
Licenses and permits		9,783		9,783		11,280		1,497
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		4,442		4,442		6,405		1,963
Interest, rents and concessions		949		949		5,931		4,982
Intergovernmental revenues		323,133		315,972		321,142		5,170
Charges for services		69,962		69,496		72,024		2,528
Other revenues		8,186		8,087		14,737		6,650
Total revenues		533,302		525,576		559,311		33,735
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		44,977		45,059		34,704		10,355
Public protection		192,036		191,396		179,711		11,685
Public ways and facilities		-		-		101		(101)
Health and sanitation		162,250		159,565		140,042		19,523
Public assistance		258,189		256,614		234,049		22,565
Education		850		844		812		32
Culture and recreation		1,619		1,666		1,571		95
Debt service:								
Interest and fiscal charges		45		200		23		177
Capital outlay		5,541		3,731		5,454		(1,723)
Total expenditures		665,507		659,075		596,467		62,608
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(132,205)		(133,499)		(37,156)		96,343
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of general capital assets		225		225		250		25
Transfers in		179,152		168,914		88,261		(80,653)
Transfers (out)		(73,322)		(68,052)		(38,554)		29,498
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	106,055		101,087		49,957		(51,130)
Net change in fund balance		(26,150)		(32,412)		12,801		45,213
Fund balance - beginning		127,616		127,616		127,616		_
Prior period adjustment		-		-		6,094		6,094
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		127,616		127,616		133,710		6,094
Fund balance - ending	\$	101,466	\$	95,204	\$	146,511	\$	51,307

Realignment – Social Services Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts								
	(Original	Final		Final			Actual	ance with al Budget
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	72,677	\$	72,677	\$	75,608	\$ 2,931		
Total revenues		72,677		72,677		75,608	 2,931		
EXPENDITURES									
Total expenditures		-				-	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		72,677		72,677		75,608	 2,931		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		7,057		7,057		946	(6,111)		
Transfers (out)		(81,336)		(81,336)		(66, 176)	15,160		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(74,279)		(74,279)		(65,230)	9,049		
Net change in fund balance		(1,602)		(1,602)		10,378	11,980		
Fund balance - beginning		16,360		16,360		16,360	_		
Fund balance - ending	\$	14,758	\$	14,758	\$	26,738	\$ 11,980		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						_		
ASSETS	Soli	d Waste	Nonmajor Enterprise				A	rernmental ctivities nternal rice Funds	
Current assets:									
Cash in banks	\$	255	\$	8	\$	263	\$		
	э		3		3		3	22.500	
Investment in treasury pool		8,690		12,674		21,364		33,598	
Imprest cash		3		-		3		500	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		1,836		176		2,012		15	
Due from other funds		30		354		384		235	
Due from other governments				452		452		130	
Total current assets		10,814		13,664		24,478		34,478	
Noncurrent assets:									
Advances to other funds		_		_		_		531	
Restricted assets		49,740		16		49,756			
Capital assets:		15,710		10		17,750			
Land		6.116		612		6.720			
		6,116				6,728		-	
Buildings and improvements, net		9,200		3,571		12,771		2.050	
Equipment and vehicles, net		1,342		1,368		2,710		2,959	
Construction in progress		-		204		204		222	
Total capital assets		16,658		5,755		22,413		3,181	
Total noncurrent assets		66,398		5,771		72,169		3,712	
Total assets		77,212		19,435		96,647		38,190	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred pensions		412		31		443		3,300	
Total deferred outflows of resources		412		31		443		3,300	
								- ,	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		1,433		388		1,821		2,134	
Deposits from others		-,		8		8		_,	
Salaries and benefits payable		141		27		168		945	
Compensated absences payable		6		4		10		84	
Claims payable		U		7		10		6,158	
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable		-		44		44		0,136	
Total current liabilities		1 500		471	_			0.221	
Total current habilities		1,580		4/1		2,051		9,321	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Compensated absences payable		211		-		211		1,250	
Advances		-		8,235		8,235		-	
Advances from other funds		-		939		939		-	
Closure/post closure costs payable		39,311		-		39,311		-	
Claims payable		-		-		-		25,230	
Bonds payable		-		5		5		-	
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable		-		1,192		1,192		-	
Net pension liability		1,751		130		1,881		14,009	
Total noncurrent liabilities		41,273		10,501		51,774		40.489	
Total liabilities		42,853		10,972		53,825		49,810	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred pensions		10		1		11		83	
Total deferred inflows of resources		10		1		11		83	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		16,658		4,514		21,172		3,181	
Restricted for:		10,030		7,514		41,1/4		١٥١,٠	
Landfill ground water contingencies		5 000		1.6		5.016			
e e		5,000		16		5,016		-	
Acquisition of future disposal site		5,429		2.062		5,429		(11.504)	
Unrestricted	•	7,674	6	3,963	•	11,637	6	(11,584)	
Total net position	\$	34,761	\$	8,493	\$	43,254	\$	(8,403)	

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Funds	-		
	Solid Waste			onmajor terprise		Total	A Inter	vernmental ctivities nal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:		10 700	Φ.		Φ.	14005	Φ.	56005	
Charges for services	\$	12,793	\$	1,244	\$	14,037	\$	56,027	
Interest, rents and concessions		22		3		25		-	
Other revenues		707		27		734		1,995	
Total operating revenues		13,522		1,274		14,796		58,022	
Operating expenses:									
Salaries and benefits		2,663		223		2,886		19,746	
Services and supplies		5,273		3,570		8,843		32,652	
Insurance premiums paid		-		-		-		6,156	
Landfill closure and post closure costs		(661)		-		(661)		-	
Depreciation		1,793		770		2,563		478	
Claims incurred		-		-		-		25	
Total operating expenses		9,068		4,563		13,631		59,057	
Operating income (loss)		4,454		(3,289)		1,165		(1,035)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Gain on sale of capital assets		1		-		1		_	
Intergovernmental revenues		448		288		736		31	
Penalties collected		-		4		4		_	
Taxes and special assessments		-		2,705		2,705		_	
Investment earnings		1,093		163		1,256		639	
Interest expense		-		(70)		(70)		(95)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,542		3,090		4,632		575	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		5,996		(199)		5,797		(460)	
Capital contributions		_		_		_		(692)	
Transfers in		_		_		_		114	
Transfers (out)		(302)		(3)		(305)		(516)	
Change in net position		5,694		(202)		5,492		(1,554)	
Net position - beginning		29,037		8,693		37,730		1,716	
Prior period adjustment		30		2		32		(8,565)	
Net position - beginning, as restated		29,067		8,695		37,762		(6,849)	
Net position - ending	\$	34,761	\$	8,493	\$	43,254	\$	(8,403)	
			_				_		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Solid Waste			nmajor erprise	Total	A Inter	vernmental activities anal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	di.	12.042	Ф	1.252	Ф	12 205	e.	1.601
Receipts from customers and users	\$	12,043	\$	1,252	\$	13,295	\$	1,691
Receipts from interfund services provided		7 22		(326)		(319)		54,939
Receipts from rents and concessions		707				25 605		2.012
Other receipts (payments)				(102)				2,013
Payments to employees		(2,348)		(201)		(2,549)		(26,212)
Payments to suppliers		(3,281)		(2,325)		(5,606)		(32,371)
Payments for interfund services used		(1,175)		(562)		(1,737)		(6,193)
Payments for claims		5.075		(2.2(1)		2.714		(2,789)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		5,975		(2,261)		3,714		(8,922)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities		448		288		736		31
Receipts from taxes and assessments		-		2,709		2,709		-
Transfers from other funds		(2,569)		-		(2,569)		114
Transfers to other funds		359		(3)		356		(516)
Advance from other funds		-		80		80		-
Advance to other funds		-		-		-		1,535
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		(1,762)		3,074		1,312		1,164
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Sales of capital assets		-		13		13		(574)
Purchases of capital assets		(77)		(25)		(102)		(675)
Principal paid on capital debt		-		(38)		(38)		-
Interest paid on capital debt		-		(70)		(70)		(95)
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities		(77)		(120)		(197)		(1,344)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest and dividends received		1,093		163		1,256		639
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,093		163		1,256		639
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,229		856		6,085		(8,463)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		53,459		11,842		65,301		42,561
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	58,688	\$	12,698	\$	71,386	\$	34,098
								Continued

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Soi	Solid Waste		onmajor nterprise	Total	A	vernmental Activities rnal Service Funds	
Displayed as:	A					2.0		
Cash in banks	\$	255	\$	8	\$	263	\$	-
Investment in treasury pool		8,690		12,674		21,364		33,598
Imprest cash		3		-		3		500
Restricted assets which are cash equivalents	-	49,740 58,688	<u> </u>	16 12,698	•	49,756 71,386	-	34.098
Total cash displayed	\$	38,088	\$	12,098	\$	/1,380	\$	34,098
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	4,454	\$	(3,289)	\$	1,165	\$	(1,035)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Landfill closure and post closure costs		(661)		-		(661)		-
Depreciation expense		1,793		770		2,563		478
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(713)		30		(683)		973
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		-		(129)		(129)		18
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(30)		(348)		(378)		(235)
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds		-		-		-		(135)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-		-		-		100
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		817		683		1,500		144
Increase (decrease) in deferred pension		(626)		(47)		(673)		(5,013)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		864		64		928		6,912
Increase (decrease) in salaries and								
benefits payable and compensated absences		77		5		82		(8,365)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable								(2,764)
Total adjustments		1,521		1,028		2,549		(7,887)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	5,975	\$	(2,261)	\$	3,714	\$	(8,922)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:								
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(692) Concluded

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Investment Trust Funds	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash in bank	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 5,388
Investment in treasury pool	843,556	750	43,939
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	931	-	792
Notes receivable	852	-	-
Prepaid items	25	-	-
Deposits with others	-	190	-
Due from other governments	1,933	654	1,123
Capital assets:			
Infrastructure	-	2,377	-
Equipment and vehicles, net		94	
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		2,471	
Total assets	847,298	4,065	51,242
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	263	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	263		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	14,610	-	16,712
Due to other governments	1,553	654	5,486
Note payable	3,075	5,132	-
Agency obligations	· -	· -	29,044
Net pension liability	1,173	-	-
Total liabilities	20,411	5,786	\$ 51,242
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	7	_	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	7		\$ -
			·
NET POSITION			
Net position held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	\$ 827,143	\$ (1,721)	

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Investment Trust Funds	Private- Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions to pooled investments	\$ 5,056,370	\$ 270
Investment income	14,260	15
Total additions	5,070,630	285
DEDUCTIONS		
Distributions from pooled investments	4,967,569	596
Total deductions	4,967,569	596
Change in net position	103,061	(311)
Net position - beginning	724,082	(1,410)
Net position - ending	\$ 827,143	\$ (1,721)

This page intentionally left blank.



Notes to the Financial Statements



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The County of Tulare (the County) is a general law political subdivision of the State of California (the State) and as such can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State. An elected five member Board of Supervisors (the Board) governs the County. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units.

Component Units Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are either financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of five component units have been included and combined with financial data of the County. Four component units have an integral relationship with and serve as an extension of the County. Using the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34*, management has determined that each entity is presented as a blended component unit due to the composition of each governing board and the control of the day-to-day activities through the budget process. One component unit is presented discretely.

Blended Component Units The Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District, the Flood Control District, the Public Facilities Corporation, and the Public Financing Authority are entities legally separate from the County. For financial reporting purposes, these entities are considered component units and their individual financial information is presented as part of the County's operations. The blended component units discussed herein have a June 30 year-end.

- 1. Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District (TBSMD) is an entity legally separate from the County. However, the County Board serves as the governing board of TBSMD and has control over the day-to-day operations of TBSMD through budget approvals. For financial reporting purposes, the TBSMD is reported as if it were part of the County's operations. The TBSMD is operated by the County's Resource Management Agency and its Engineering Division. The purpose of the TBSMD is to develop, expand, and maintain the TBSMD Wastewater Treatment and Disposal facility. This component unit's financial information is included as an enterprise fund.
- 2. Flood Control District The members of the governing board of the Flood Control District (FCD), an entity legally separate from the County, are members of the County's Board and have control over the day-to-day operations of FCD through budget approvals. For financial reporting purposes, the FCD is reported as if it were part of the County's operations. The FCD's primary responsibility is to provide flood control related services to the residents of the County. The component unit's financial information is included as a special revenue fund accounting for reimbursement for flood control related services and projects within the County.
- 3. Public Facilities Corporation The board members of the Public Facilities Corporation (PFC), a nonprofit public benefit corporation, which is legally separate from the County, are appointees of the County's Board that can impose its will upon PFC by its authority to remove PFC board members. For financial reporting purposes, the PFC is reported as if it were part of the County's operations as it serves to assist the County by acquiring equipment and facilities financed by the proceeds of borrowings. The equipment and facilities are then leased to the County. This component unit's financial information is included as a major governmental fund.
- 4. Public Financing Authority The Public Financing Authority (PFA), which is legally separate from the County, was established through a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the County and the County Redevelopment Agency. The County Board serves as the governing board of the PFA. For financial reporting purposes, PFA is reported as if it were part of the County's operations as it serves to assist the County through borrowings, which are used for the acquisition and construction of public capital improvements and the repair and maintenance thereof. Lease payments to PFA are payable through the County. This component unit's financial information is included in the General Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit The members of the governing board of the First 5 Tulare County (F5TC), an entity legally separate from the County, are appointees of the County's Board that can impose its will upon F5TC through the approval of the F5TC's annual budget by its authority to remove F5TC board members, and to hire or dismiss management. F5TC was created by County Ordinance No. 3217 on December 8, 1998. The purpose of the F5TC is to develop, promote, and implement local early childhood development programs administered by the California Children and Families First Commission. For financial reporting purposes, the F5TC is discretely presented because the resources of F5TC are not used to support County operations. Complete audited financial statements for F5TC are available at the County of Tulare Auditor-Controller's Office, 221 S. Mooney Boulevard, Room 101-E, Visalia, California 93291.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, the financial statements consist of the following:

- o Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities and report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund intra-function activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total government column. The statement of activities presents function revenue and expenses of governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the statement of activities, internal service funds' revenues and expenses related to interfund services have been eliminated. Revenue and expenses related to services provided to external customers have not been eliminated and are presented within governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include policy and executive, public safety, health and public assistance, community resources and public facilities, general government and support services, and general county programs. The business-type activities of the County include resource recovery and waste management and sanitation operations and transit.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are allocated based on the annual Countywide Cost Allocation Plan, which allocates the cost of central service departments to service user departments. Costs allocated in the Cost Allocation Plan include administrative and support costs such as budget preparation and oversight, county counsel, landscaping, payroll, utilities, and facilities maintenance. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions, including special assessments, that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items properly excluded from among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Solid Waste, Transit, Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District, Assessment Districts, County Service Area #1, and County Service Area #2 enterprise funds and the County's internal

service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The basis of accounting determines when transactions and economic events are reflected in financial statements. Measurement focus identifies which transactions and events should be recorded.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, with the exception of agency funds, which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The County legally adopts an annual budget for the General Fund and all of its special revenue funds, debt service fund, and its capital projects fund. Component units TBSMD, and FCD each adopt an annual budget. PFC and PFA do not adopt budgets.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers expenditure-driven grant revenues available if they are collected within one year. All other revenues are considered available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims, and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are due and payable.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Property tax revenues recognized are only those levied for the current fiscal year that have been collected or expect to be collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the County and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grant revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred, all other grant requirements have been met, and reimbursement is expected within one year.

The County reports the following major individual governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *Public Facilities Corporation* accounts for the activities of the PFC that assists the County by acquiring equipment and facilities financed from the proceeds of borrowing. Such equipment and facilities are leased to the County.

The *Public Financing Authority* accounts for the activities of the PFA, which assists the County through borrowings, which are used for construction, acquisition, and/or maintenance of capital assets.

The *Realignment-Social Services Fund* is a state mandated fund that accounts for the County match, sales tax revenues, and transfer to/from the General Fund for certain welfare program expenditures. The primary source of revenue are state funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following governmental fund types:

The special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including private-purpose funds or major capital projects).

The *debt service fund* accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or permanent funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for all major maintenance, improvements, acquisition, or construction of capital assets not being financed by proprietary or permanent funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The County reports the Solid Waste Fund as its only major individual proprietary fund.

The *Solid Waste Fund* is an enterprise fund that is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfill and disposal sites for solid waste, and to prepare for future closure and post closure expenses.

Additionally, the County reports the following proprietary fund types:

The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The activity is financed with debt secured solely by a pledge of net revenues of the activity, or laws or regulations require that the cost of providing services be recovered through fees and charges.

The *internal service funds* are used to account for operations that provide mailroom, motor pool, print shop, utilities, custodial and maintenance, data processing, telecommunications, and insurance services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the County and its component units, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. An internal service fund operates in a manner similar to an enterprise fund, but is used when the reporting government itself is the predominant participant in the fund.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the County under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The *investment trust funds* are used to account for assets held for external investment pool participants, such as schools and local special districts, and do present changes in financial position. Investment trust funds are accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency).

The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present changes in financial position or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

D. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The following GASB Statements have been implemented in the current financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 72 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2015. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.
- GASB Statement No. 73 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 73 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2015 except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.
- GASB Statement No. 76 The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 76 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2015. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.
- GASB Statement No. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 79 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2015 except for the provisions in paragraphs 18, 19, 23–26, and 40, which are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The County implemented this change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The following GASB Statements will be implemented in future financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 74 Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 74 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2016. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 74 on the financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2017. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 on the financial statements.
- **GASB Statement No. 77** *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 77 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2015. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 77 on the financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 78 Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 78 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2015. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 on the financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 80 Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 80 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2016. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 on the financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 81 *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 81 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2016. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 on the financial statements.
- GASB Statement No. 82 Pension Issues an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 82 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2016 except for the requirements of paragraph 7 in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements of paragraph 7 are effective for that employer in the first

reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. The County has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 on the financial statements.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments held by the County Treasurer in a cash management investment pool (Pool), and other short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County and Districts to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, federal agencies, municipal securities, commercial paper, corporate notes and bonds, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The County Treasurer's Office administers a pooled investment program for the County and for certain special purpose authorities including school districts. As of June 30, 2016, the special purpose authorities' cash and pooled investments were approximately 68.9% of the County Treasurer's Office pooled investment portfolio.

GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, requires governmental entities, including governmental external investment pools, to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet/statement of net position and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The fair value of pooled investments is determined quarterly and is based on current market prices received from the County's securities custodian. The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is required to invest in accordance with state statutes. No investments are reported at amortized cost.

The value of the deposits of the County's pooled investment program is equal to the dollars deposited in the program, plus increases and less decreases (unrealized gains and losses) required to record investments at their fair value as of June 30, 2016. The dollars deposited in the program have been increased by \$11,347 to reflect the increase in the fair value of the investment in the Treasury Pool at June 30, 2016.

In addition, investments outside the Investment Pool were adjusted to fair value as of June 30, 2016, resulting in an increase of \$8.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of noncurrent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "Advances to / from other County funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "Due to / from other County funds." Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources.

All trade and property taxes receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible accounts.

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions, including the schools and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as of October 3 for property values assessed on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first property tax installment is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10 and the second property tax installment is due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1.

Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid after August 31. Property taxes are accounted for in the Unapportioned Tax Resources Fund, an agency fund, until apportionment and disbursement to taxing jurisdictions. In fiscal year ended June 30, 1994, the County adopted the alternative method of secured property tax apportionment available under the Revenue and Taxation Code of the State (also known as the "Teeter Plan") whereby secured property taxes were distributed to participating taxing entities (including the County and related

Component Units) on the basis of the tax levy, including any uncollected amounts at fiscal year-end. The County, as administrator, benefited from future collections of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes. Transactions of the Teeter Plan (including outstanding debt borrowed for the annual Teeter buyout) were accounted for in the General Fund. Taxes receivable are recorded as of the date levied. The County opted out of the Teeter Plan on June 30, 2009.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund type inventories not held for resale are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Thus, in governmental funds, prepaid totals are reported as nonspendable.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are regularly recurring costs of operations recorded as prepaid items (e.g., prepaid rent and prepaid employee retirement contributions).

The costs associated with debt issuance are reported as an expenditure of the period in which they are incurred in governmental funds.

4. Restricted Assets

Resources that will not be used in current operations that are restricted for acquisition or construction of noncurrent assets, or that are restricted for liquidation of long-term debt beyond the next year are restricted assets.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets (e.g., land easements and computer software). They are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. The capitalization thresholds are \$5 for equipment and vehicles, and \$100 for land improvements, buildings improvements, infrastructure, and computer software. Land and buildings are capitalized regardless of cost.

All capital asset additions are reported in the fiscal year in which the asset is acquired, except for infrastructure assets which use a business cycle extending from May to April, with all additions of the business cycle being reported in the fiscal year in which April is included. In the case of donations, capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets of the County, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20-50
Infrastructure roadway:	
Pavement	10-40
Bridges	50
Pipe crossings	30
Traffic control devices	25
Signs	10
Sewer/water systems	7-20
Landfill site improvements	15
Vehicles/heavy equipment	3-20
Office equipment	3-16

Depreciation expense related to infrastructure assets is calculated by applying an annual depreciation rate to the cost of the grouping of subsystems. Depreciation expense in all other categories of capital assets is calculated on an item-by-item basis.

Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures of the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds, and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold is met. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Amortization of assets acquired under capital leases is included in depreciation and amortization.

6. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacations and sick leave and are permitted to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. The portion relating to the proprietary funds is expensed as salaries in the year earned. The benefit amounts relating to governmental funds, which will be paid from future resources, are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Benefit amounts due and payable at year-end are recorded in the governmental funds as part of salaries and benefits payable. In the event of separation of employment or death, an employee, or the employee's estate, is compensated for 100% of accumulated vacation at the employee's current payroll rate.

Most covered employees (eligible for overtime compensation) receive either compensatory time off (CTO) in lieu of overtime or paid overtime. An employee earns CTO hours in lieu of paid overtime until a certain CTO balance is reached; thereafter, an employee receives paid overtime for overtime hours worked. In the event of separation of employment or death, an employee, or the employee's estate, is compensated for 100% of their accumulated CTO hours at the employee's current payroll rate.

Employees in Bargaining Units 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 22 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 250 converted hours.

Employees in Bargaining Unit 23 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 350 converted hours.

Employees in Bargaining Units 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 250 converted hours. Employees in these same Bargaining Units leaving County service in good standing, other than by retirement, after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 20 converted hours.

Employees in Bargaining Units 9, 10, 11, 19, 20, 21, 40 and 45 who leave County service by retirement after ten years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 250

converted hours. Employees in these same Bargaining Units leaving County service in good standing, other than by retirement, after five years of service may convert 20% of their unused sick leave credits to cash at their current payroll rate up to a maximum of 40 converted hours.

The County has a sick leave buyback program that allows employees to be compensated on the second pay date in February for a portion of their unused sick leave based on their years of service and usage in the prior year. Employees with three to five years of service may convert up to 40 hours of sick leave (up to 56 hours for employees on a 56 hour work schedule). Employees with over five years may convert up to 60 hours (up to 84 hours for employees on a 56 hour work schedule). The amount available for conversion is reduced by the sick leave used in the year ending the 26th of December just prior to the February pay out.

7. Short-term Borrowing (Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes Payable)

During most fiscal years, the County issues Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) to provide money to meet the General Fund's current year expenditures and to discharge its obligations and indebtedness. The principal of the notes and the interest thereon will be paid from pledged property taxes and other revenues the County expects to receive during the fiscal year. However, the County did not issue nor have any outstanding TRANs during the year ended June 30, 2016.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has various deferred inflows of resources that have not met the County revenue recognition policy, which originate from various sources.

10. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board), and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

Assigned fund balance – amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. This is also the classification for residual funds in the County's special revenue funds. The Board, by board resolution, delegates the authority to assign fund balances to the County Administrative Office (CAO).

Unassigned fund balance – the residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Board establishes, modifies, or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution (ordinances and resolutions are considered of equal authority with respect to fund balance). This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

11. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A reconciliation of the total fund balances for governmental funds to the total net position of governmental activities has been prepared as part of the basic financial statements, including explanations of differences on page 31.

A reconciliation of the total net change in fund balances for governmental funds to the total changes in net position of governmental activities has been prepared as part of the basic financial statements, including explanations of differences on page 33.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

In accordance with the provision of Sections 29000 through 29132, inclusive, of the Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a final budget on or before October 2 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, operations are governed by an operating budget approved by the Board.

A balanced operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for the County's General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund. A balanced operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for the FCD, which is governed by the Board and of which the Auditor-Controller is the ex-officio Finance Officer. The PFA and the PFC do not adopt a budget.

A spending plan is adopted each fiscal year for the County's enterprise funds and internal service funds, as well as the TBSMD (blended component unit), which is governed by the Board and of which the Auditor-Controller is the ex-officio Finance Officer.

Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and spending plans to review all appropriations and the sources of financing. Because the adopted budget for governmental fund types must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

All governmental fund type budgets and the spending plans for proprietary fund types are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. County department heads, with the approval of the County Administrative Officer, may make transfers of appropriations within a department without the approval of the Board for specific object or sub-object accounts under Administrative Regulation (AR) No. 4. Transfers of appropriations to or from any budget unit, transfers of appropriations between funds, and transfers from the Contingency Reserve are approved by the Board. Supplemental appropriations necessary and normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must be approved by the Board. The Board, per Government Code Section 29125, has legally delegated authority under AR No. 4 to the CAO to approve transfers of appropriations within any budget unit among the object or sub-object accounts, with the following restrictions: 1) Overall appropriations of the budget unit are not increased, 2) Transfers cannot create a capital asset appropriation, 3) Increases to existing capital asset appropriation cannot exceed 10%, and 4) Increases from the County's allocated salaries account may be approved for unspent salaries that are tied to a regular position that is vacant or under-filled. Budgeted amounts are reported both as adopted and as amended.

The Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the fiscal year, including additional appropriations for new programs, additional positions, and unanticipated obligations. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, appropriations in the General Fund were increased by \$9,147.

B. INDIVIDUAL FUND DEFICITS

At June 30, 2016, the following internal service funds reported fund deficits:

Funds	Deficit Balance					
Insurance Fund		\$	(4,045)			
Central Services Fund		\$	(4.358)			

Funding for workers' compensation insurance and general liability insurance, in part, comprise the balance of the insurance fund. In prior fiscal years, the deficit balance in the area of workers' compensation insurance was offset by the balance for general liability insurance. In connection with the 2016/17 Cost Plan Negotiation Agreement between the State Controller's Office and the County, the excess funds designated for general liability insurance were transferred to a trust fund and then rebated to the affected fund participants during the 2015/16 fiscal year. Since this rebate depleted the balance in the general liability insurance reserve, it did not offset the deficit balance for workers' compensation insurance, thereby causing a deficit balance in the aggregated insurance fund.

The balance in the central services fund is designated for internal services within the County, such as building and grounds maintenance, custodial services, print and copier costs, utilities, and data processing. In relation to the 2016/17 Cost Plan Negotiation Agreement, the unreserved earnings designated for custodial services, print and copier costs, and utilities were rebated to the affected fund participants during the 2015/16 fiscal year. This rebate activity within the central services fund caused the fund to have a deficit balance.

C. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures appear to have exceeded appropriations by \$266 in the capital outlay function of the Structural Fire fund. However, this is attributed to a timing issue related to the purchase of four fire trucks. The amounts recorded in the capital outlay function for fiscal year 2016 reflect the total cost of the four fire trucks.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As provided by Government Code Section 53600, the cash balances of substantially all County funds and participating County schools and agencies are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on the pooled funds is apportioned quarterly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund. Certain funds, which have deposits in the County's pooled investment program, do not receive the interest earnings on their deposits. The earnings on the investments related to those funds are assigned to the County's General Fund, as permitted by the Government Code. "Investments" in the governmental funds' balance sheet represent the investment of assets associated with the PFC and the PFA, which are not invested by the County Treasurer but are held by fiscal agents.

<u>Deposits.</u> Deposits consist of cash in banks, as well as non-negotiable certificates of deposit. As of June 30, 2016, the County's bank deposits had a carrying amount of \$207,393 and the balance per the financial institutions totaled \$201,064. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance includes temporary reconciling items such as cash on hand, outstanding checks, and deposits in transit. Of the balance in the financial institutions, \$5,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and \$195,737 was collateralized pursuant to California Government Code and the remaining \$327 was unsecured. The collateral is held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or its agent and is considered to be held in the County's name.

<u>Investments.</u> The Pool's cash and investments are invested pursuant to investment policy guidelines established by the County Treasurer. The objectives of the policy are, in order of priority: preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield. The Treasurer reports on a monthly basis to the Board. Additionally, there is an Oversight Committee established under California Government Code Section 27130 to Section 27137 comprised of County officials, representatives from various pool participants, and members of the public, whose function is to monitor compliance with the County's Investment Policy. Investments made outside the County Treasury are invested pursuant to governing bond covenants or California Government Code provisions.

The County's Investment Policy, in compliance with California Government Code Section 53601 and Section 53635, authorizes the Treasurer to invest in permissible types of instruments. These include:

- (A) Obligations issued by the County
- (B) Obligations of the U.S. Treasury
- (C) Obligations of the State of California and local agencies
- (D) Obligations of Federal Agencies or U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises
- (E) Obligations of Supranationals rated "AA" or better
- (F) Bankers Acceptances eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System
- (G) Commercial Paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P) or, P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record (Moody's)
- (H) Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- (I) Medium-Term Corporate Notes rated "A" or better
- (J) Money Market Funds
- (K) Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- (L) Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- (M) Managed Investment Pools pursuant to §53601
- (N) Asset Backed Securities rated "AA" or better

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

<u>Credit Risk.</u> Credit risk exists when there is the possibility that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. To mitigate this risk, the Investment Pool's investment policy, which is more restrictive than the Government Code, places a minimum standard on the rating of investments held in the Investment Pool. Investments in securities other than those guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury or Government Sponsored Enterprises must have a credit rating of no less than "A" for long-term or "A-1" for short-term. Securities that are fully guaranteed as to payment by an agency, or Government Sponsored Enterprise of the U.S. Government, were rated AA+ by national recognized statistical-rating organizations. As of June 30, 2016, the County invested in primarily high quality investments as shown below:

Credit Ratings				
AAA	14%			
A-1 (short-term rating)	7%			
AA	62%			
A	9%			
SP-1+	1%			
Not Rated**	7%			
Total	100%			

Standard & Poor's Ratings [includes all ratings in this category (e.g., A-, A, A+)].

- ** The portion of the portfolio that is not rated represents the following:
- A \$65,040 deposit in LAIF, the State of California Investment Fund.
- A \$134 deposit into the Great-West Portfolio Fund associated with the County's Deferred Compensation Forfeiture/Asset Holding Account.
- Various individual securities totaling \$88,515 which were not rated by S&P, however, they were rated by Moody's and Fitch with an A or better.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk.</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment with a single issuer. The Treasury mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments and limits the percentage of the total investments to the type of investment and to any one issuer by type of allowable investment instrument. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*, the County held investments (excluding deposit accounts) in excess of 5% of the total year-end investments for the following issuers:

Issuer	 Amount	Percentage
U.S. Treasury	\$ 258,826	21.6%
Federal National Mortgage Association	172,285	14.4%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	86,347	7.2%
California Local Agency Investment Fund	 65,040	5.4%
Total	\$ 582,498	48.6%

<u>Custodial Credit Risk.</u> Custodial credit risk for an investment exists when, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Treasury has limited its custodial credit risk on investments by having all investments in the name of the County. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, the County is required to disclose custodial credit risk for investment securities that are uninsured and unregistered in the County's name, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

As of June 30, 2016, none of the investments in the County's portfolio meet the custodial credit risk disclosure requirement. The entire portfolio, with the exception of Money Market Funds, consist of investment securities that are insured or registered, or securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name. The investment in Money Market Funds is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

<u>Foreign Currency Credit Risk.</u> The County does not have any foreign currency risk as all investments are in U.S. dollar-denominated assets.

<u>Interest Rate Risk.</u> Interest rate risk is the risk that fluctuations in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, investments of longer maturities are more sensitive to changes in market interest rates. The Treasury mitigates this risk by limiting the dollar-weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to 3.5 years and invests in longer-term securities only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes. The weighted average maturity of the Treasurer's Investment Pool as of June 30, 2016 is 699 days (1.92 years).

The County's investments as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Reported Amount/Fair	Weighted Average		
	Carrying Value	Value	Maturity (days)	Stated Interest Rate	Maturity Range
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 254,480	\$ 258,826	1,348	0.750% - 3.500%	11/30/2016 - 04/30/2021
Federal Agency Obligations	318,175	322,241	926	0.450% - 1.898%	12/16/2016 - 02/18/2021
Supranational Obligations	33,503	33,673	762	0.625% - 1.000%	10/14/2016 - 05/13/2019
Corporate Notes/Bonds	289,304	291,801	878	0.480% - 6.000%	08/18/2016 - 03/01/2021
Municipal Obligations	16,085	16,185	538	1.472% - 2.054%	07/01/2017 - 10/01/2019
Commercial Paper	18,746	18,774	118	0.740% - 1.040%	07/25/2016 - 03/13/2017
Negotiable Time Deposits	92,018	92,075	396	1.000% - 1.700%	04/06/2017 - 03/09/2018
	1,022,311	1,033,575			
Other Investments:					
Money Market Funds	46,360	46,360			
LAIF Managed Pool	65,000	65,040			
Other Managed Pool	55,296	55,296			
Total Other Investments	166,656	166,696			
Total Investments	\$ 1,188,967	\$ 1,200,271			

As of June 30, 2016, the County's investments totaled \$1,200,271 and there was not an investment in Structured Notes nor any derivative products as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 133.

<u>Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities.</u> Mortgage and asset-backed securities entitle the County to receive a share of the cash flows (principal and interest repayments) associated with a pool of loans, leases, credit card debt, or other receivables. As of June 30, 2016, 6.26% of the County's investments is invested in mortgage and asset-backed securities rated AA or better.

Issuer	A	mount	S&P Rating	
Ally Auto Receivables Trust	\$	974	0.08%	AAA
Chase Issuance Trust		3,562	0.30%	AAA
Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust		3,073	0.26%	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		8,217	0.68%	AA+
Federal National Mortgage Association		17,614	1.47%	AA+
Honda Auto Receivables Trust		14,895	1.24%	AAA
John Deere Owner Trust		10,061	0.84%	NR^1
Nissan Auto Receivables Trust		8,696	0.72%	NR^1
Toyota Auto Receivables Trust		8,000	0.67%	AAA

¹ These securities are not rated by Standard & Poor's, however are rated Aaa by Moody's.

<u>California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)</u>. The State Treasurer's LAIF is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee comprised of state officials and various participants provide oversight to the management of the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within twenty-four hours without penalty or loss of interest. The value of the County's shares in LAIF that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which may be different from the fair value of the County's position in the Pool. As of June 30, 2016, the County's investment in LAIF is \$65,040. The total amount recorded by all

public agencies in LAIF at that date was \$22,712,085. Of that amount, 2.81% of the portfolio is invested in medium-term and short-term structured notes and asset-backed securities.

<u>California Asset Management Program (CAMP).</u> The CAMP Pool is a short-term money market portfolio and cash management vehicle managed to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 60 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1.00. The Pool invests in obligation of the United States Government and its agencies, high quality, short-term debt obligations of U.S. companies and financial institutions and is AAA rated by Standard & Poor's.

Repurchase Agreements. Repurchase Agreements are contracts in which a broker/dealer sells securities to the Investment Pool with an agreement to repurchase those securities for a fixed price at an agreed-upon date. Government Code requires that California public entities that utilize repurchase agreements collateralize the investments that underlay the repurchase agreements with amounts that exceed cost. The fair value of the securities underlying the repurchase agreements must be valued at 102% or greater. The Investment Pool's Investment Policy reflects this requirement. As of June 30, 2016, the County had no outstanding repurchase agreements.

<u>Fair Value Measurements.</u> The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the framework established by GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application. That framework provides a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 – reflect inputs that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – reflect unobservable inputs.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

Quoted Prices (Level 1) Observable Inputs (Level 3) Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Total U.S. Treasury Obligations \$ - \$ 258,826 \$ - \$ 258,826 Federal Agency Obligations - 322,241 - 322,241 Supranational Obligations - 33,673 - 33,673 Corporate Notes/Bonds - 291,801 - 291,801 Municipal Obligations - 6,185 10,000 16,185 Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296 Total Other Investments 166,696									
U.S. Treasury Obligations \$ - \$ 258,826 \$ - \$ 258,826 Federal Agency Obligations - 322,241 - 322,241 Supranational Obligations - 33,673 - 33,673 Corporate Notes/Bonds - 291,801 - 291,801 Municipal Obligations - 6,185 10,000 16,185 Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds LAIF Managed Pool 46,360 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296		Prices		Inputs			Inputs		m . 1
Federal Agency Obligations - 322,241 - 322,241 Supranational Obligations - 33,673 - 33,673 Corporate Notes/Bonds - 291,801 - 291,801 Municipal Obligations - 6,185 10,000 16,185 Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds 46,360 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 55,296	H.C. T. OH. C.		rel I)					Φ.	
Supranational Obligations - 33,673 - 33,673 Corporate Notes/Bonds - 291,801 - 291,801 Municipal Obligations - 6,185 10,000 16,185 Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds 46,360 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 55,296	, ,	3	-	3	,	\$	-	\$,
Corporate Notes/Bonds - 291,801 - 291,801 Municipal Obligations - 6,185 10,000 16,185 Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value * * 1,023,575 * 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds 46,360 46,360 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 55,296	Federal Agency Obligations		-		322,241		-		322,241
Municipal Obligations - 6,185 10,000 16,185 Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Supranational Obligations		-		33,673		-		33,673
Commercial Paper - 18,774 - 18,774 Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Corporate Notes/Bonds		-		291,801		-		291,801
Negotiable Time Deposits - 92,075 - 92,075 Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: Money Market Funds 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Municipal Obligations		-		6,185		10,000		16,185
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value \$ - \$ 1,023,575 \$ 10,000 1,033,575 Other Investments: 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Commercial Paper		-		18,774		-		18,774
Other Investments: Money Market Funds LAIF Managed Pool CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Negotiable Time Deposits				92,075		-		92,075
Money Market Funds 46,360 LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$		\$	1,023,575	\$	10,000		1,033,575
LAIF Managed Pool 65,040 CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Other Investments:								
CAMP Managed Pool 55,296	Money Market Funds								46,360
	LAIF Managed Pool								65,040
Total Other Investments 166,696	CAMP Managed Pool								55,296
	Total Other Investments								166,696
Total Investments \$ 1,200,271	Total Investments							\$	1,200,271

The County obtains its fair values from its Safekeeping Agent who utilize a pricing vendor. The pricing vendor uses numerous inputs to obtain their fair value measurements including pricing feeds, broker pricing information, matrix pricing, and other market data. All prices were obtained from the Safekeeping Agent and were considered Level 2, with the exception of a short-term loan agreement/promissory note with the Tulare County Transportation Authority which was considered Level 3.

<u>Treasury Pool Income and Participant Withdrawals.</u> Treasury Pool investments are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and the statement of net position and

recognize the corresponding change in value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The value of the participant's shares in the Pool that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the participant's position in the Pool. The fair value fluctuates with interest rates, and increasing rates could cause the value to decline below original cost; however, County management believes the liquidity in the portfolio is more than adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the County from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Treasury Pool investment income was comprised of the following:

Investment Income	Amount		
Interest and Dividends	\$	13,951	
Net Increase in the Fair Value		10,561	
Less: Investment Expenses		(1,528)	
Total Treasury Pool Income	\$	22,984	

The net increase in the fair value of investments during fiscal year 2015/16 was \$10,561. This amount takes into account all changes in fair value (including sales resulting in a net gain of \$1,538) that occurred during the year. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the net fair value adjustment on investments held as of June 30, 2016 was an increase of \$9,023.

<u>Summary of Cash and Investments Balances.</u> Following is a reconciliation of the County's cash and investment balances to the balance sheets/statements of net position for the governmental, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds, as well as the discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2016:

					I	nternal					Cor	nponent			
	Gov	vernmental	Er	Enterprise Service Funds Funds		Enterprise Service		Service	Fiduciary				Unit - First 5		
		Funds				Funds	Funds		Total		Tulare County				
Cash in Banks	\$	191	\$	263	\$	-	\$	5,389	\$	5,843	\$	351			
Investment in Treasury Pool		344,742		21,364		33,598		888,245		1,287,949		6,460			
Restricted Investments in Pool		-		49,756		-		-		49,756		-			
Investments		3,092		-		-		-		3,092		-			
Restricted Investments		56,584		-		-		-		56,584		-			
Imprest Cash		77		3		500		-		580		-			
Deposits with Others		-		-		-		190		190		158			
	\$	404,686	\$	71,386	\$	34,098	\$	893,824	\$	1,403,994	\$	6,969			

The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasury Pool as of June 30, 2016:

Statement of Net Position		
Net position held in trust for all pool participants	\$	1,344,165
Equity of internal pool (County) participants	\$	417,605
Equity of external pool (Non-County) participants		926,560
Total Equity	\$	1,344,165
Statement of Changes in Net Position		
Net position as of July 1, 2015	\$	1,206,273
Net additions/withdrawals by pool participants		113,380
Net increase in the investment fair value:		
Realized gains/losses from sales		1,538
Market value gain on investments held at year-end		9,023
Interest and dividends earned		13,951
Net Position as of June 30, 2016	\$	1,344,165
	_	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of the fiscal year-end for the County's individual major funds and for nonmajor and internal service funds (ISF) are as follows:

	Nonmajor							Nonmajor						
		General	Gov	Governmental ISF		ISF	Solid Waste		Enterprise		Total			
Receivables:														
Accounts	\$	3,755	\$	2,561	\$	15	\$	1,836	\$	176	\$	8,343		
Property taxes		454		-		-		-		-		454		
Notes		-		16,855		-		-		-		16,855		
Due from other governments		19,283		16,381		130				452		36,246		
Total Receivables	\$	23,492	\$	35,797	\$	145	\$	1,836	\$	628	\$	61,898		

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets in the governmental funds include \$56,584 in the PFA for future debt service. Restricted assets in the business-type funds include \$49,740 in the Solid Waste fund for future closure/post closure expenses for disposal sites and \$16 for landfill groundwater contingencies.

D. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the County recognized deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements. These items are a consumption of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources that are reported in the proprietary funds are included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Deferred outflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Government-wide Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Governmental Activities	
Pensions	\$ 96,643
Total Governmental Activities	96,643
Business-type Activities	
Pensions	443
Total Business-type Activities	443
Total Government-wide Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 97,086
Proprietary Funds Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Solid Waste	
Pensions	\$ 412
Total Major Enterprise Funds Deferred Outflows of Resources	412
Nonmajor Enterprise Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Transit Fund	
Pensions	31
Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Deferred Outflows of Resources	 31
Total Enterprise Funds Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 443
Internal Service Funds Deferred Outflows of Resources Central Services	
Pensions	\$ 3,300
Total Internal Service Funds Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 3,300

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the County recognized deferred inflows of resources in the entity-wide and government-wide fund statements. These items are an acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized in the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Governmental funds report revenues not susceptible to accrual as deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred inflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Government-wide Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Governmental Activities	
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	\$ 4,906
HOME Program Grant	11,168
Pensions	 1,721
Total Governmental Activities	 17,795
Business-type Activities	
Pensions	 11
Total Business-type Activities	11
Total Government-wide Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 17,806
Governmental Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	
General Fund:	
Senate Bill (SB) 90	\$ 2,622
Agricultural Commisioner - Mill Tax	1,365
Agricultural Commisioner - Other	652
Tax Apportionment	454
General Fund - Other	366
Total General Fund	5,459
Special Revenue Funds:	
Tobacco Settlement	2,469
CDBG	4,906
HOME Program Grant	 11,168
Total Special Revenue Funds	18,543
Total Nonmajor Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,543
Total Governmental Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 24,002
Proprietary Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Solid Waste	
Pensions	\$ 10
Total Major Enterprise Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	 10
Nonmajor Enterprise Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Transit Fund	
Pensions	 1
Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	1
Total Enterprise Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 11
Internal Service Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Central Services	
Pensions	\$ 83
Total Internal Service Funds Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 83

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Beginning		. 1 15.5	D		-	r. D.I.
Capital Assets - Primary Government Governmental activities:		Balance	F	Additions	Ke	etirements	Enc	ding Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	•	025.562	•	4.400	Ф		Ф	0.40, 0.50
Land	\$	935,562	\$	4,488	\$	(2.040)	\$	940,050
Construction in Progress		8,249		2,937		(2,848)		8,338
Infrastructure in Progress		81,985		10,073		(61,280)		30,778
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,025,796		17,498		(64,128)		979,166
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Infrastructure		707,288		61,282		(322)		768,248
Buildings and Improvements		210,080		21,137		-		231,217
Equipment/Vehicles		83,623		7,849		(2,250)		89,222
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,000,991		90,268		(2,572)		1,088,687
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Infrastructure		(281,973)		(14,157)		33		(296,097)
Buildings and Improvements		(82,922)		(4,985)		-		(87,907)
Equipment/Vehicles		(61,479)		(6,094)		2,146		(65,427)
Total accumulated depreciation		(426,374)		(25,236)		2,179		(449,431)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		574,617		65,032		(393)		639,256
Governmental activities capital assets, net:	\$	1,600,413	\$	82,530	\$	(64,521)	\$	1,618,422
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	6,728	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,728
Construction in Progress	*	184	•	20	-	_	-	204
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		6,912		20				6,932
Capital assets, being depreciated:		*,* -=						-,
Buildings and Improvements		31,599		_		_		31,599
Equipment/Vehicles		15,584		78		(111)		15,551
Total capital assets being depreciated		47,183		78		(111)		47,150
Less accumulated depreciation for:	-	.,,105		, 0		(111)		.,,100
Buildings and Improvements		(17,361)		(1,467)		_		(18,828)
Equipment/Vehicles		(11,848)		(1,096)		103		(12,841)
Total accumulated depreciation		(29,209)		(2,563)		103		(31,669)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		17,974		(2,485)		(8)		15,481
Business-type activities capital assets, net:	\$	24,886	\$	(2,465)	\$	(8)	\$	22,413
Business-type activities capital assets, liet.	Ф	44,000	Φ	(4,403)	Φ	(6)	Φ	44,413

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

\$ 1,779
4,999
15,508
1,426
605
263
655
\$ 25,235
\$ 1,793
770
\$ 2,563
\$

The County has active construction and other projects as of June 30, 2016, including improvements to Fire Station #1, rehabilitation of the airport, construction of the South County Detention Facility, building of the Porterville Mental Health Services Administration Facility, and various other infrastructure projects.

At fiscal year-end, the County's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			Re	emaining
	Spei	nt-to-Date	Cor	nmitment
Capital Project - Active Construction				
Governmental Funds				
Fire Station #1	\$	350	\$	2,857
Porterville Mental Health Services Administration Facility		104		2,722
South County Detention Facility		5,665		11,643
Sequoia Field Program Facility		170		4,063
Vocational Education Building		31		664
Simulcast Communications System		222		-
Blue Ridge Tower		466		-
Probation Camera Project		995		5
Property and Evidence (Architecture/Engineering Costs)		63		187
London Library		272		119
Roads:				
Environmental Review of Existing Roads		20,943		-
Repair or Bridge Replacement		8,588		-
Other Improvements		1,247		-
Total Governmental Funds		39,116		22,260
Enterprise Funds				
Transit Operations and Maintenance Facility		204		-
Total Enterprise Funds		204		
Total Construction and Infrastructure in Progress	\$	39,320	\$	22,260

F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Advances to/from other County funds

Advances to/from other funds are representative of noncurrent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

The composition of advances to/from other fund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	220	
	Nonmajor Enterprise		939	
Internal Service Fund	General		531	
	Total	\$	1,690	

Due to/from other County funds

Due to/from other County funds represents current outstanding balances between funds at the end of the fiscal reporting period. The County's computerized general ledger only allows for the transfer of cash between funds until mid-July following the end of the fiscal year. Therefore, the recording of interfund activity that occurred during the fiscal year, but which is entered into the system after mid-July, results in an interfund payable/receivable.

The composition of due to/from other County fund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Due To/Fro	om Other Funds				
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount		
Nonmajor Governmental	General	\$	5,440		
Nonmajor Enterprise	General	\$	2		
J 1	Nonmajor Governmental		352		
	Subtotal	\$	354		
Solid Waste	General	\$	30		
Internal Service	General	\$	235		
	Total	\$	6,059		

G. TRANSFERS

Transfers to/from other County funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, consist of transfers for normal operations, including the accumulation of debt service payments, and support of other funds' resources.

The schedule of transfers to/from other County funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Transfers From:						Tran	sfers To:				
	(General	Fac	ublic cilities poration	Public inancing uthority	Socia	ignment- l Services Fund	onmajor ernmental	ternal ce Fund	Tota	l Transfers
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	946	\$ 37,494	\$ 114	\$	38,554
Public Facilities Corporation		-		-	21		-	-	-		21
Public Financing Authority		-		-	-		-	2,500	-		2,500
Realignment-Social Services Fund		66,176		-	-		-	-	-		66,176
Nonmajor Governmental		21,280		1,011	3,811		-	11,208	-		37,310
Solid Waste		302		-	-		-	-	-		302
Nonmajor Enterprise		3		-	-		-	-	-		3
Internal Service Fund		500		-	-		-	16	-		516
Total transfers	\$	88,261	\$	1,011	\$ 3,832	\$	946	\$ 51,218	\$ 114	\$	145,382

H. ARBITRAGE

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage regulations and restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage rebate requirements stipulate, in general, that the excess of earnings from the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds over related interest expenditures on the bonds must be remitted to the federal government on every fifth anniversary of each bond issue. The County has evaluated each outstanding debt obligation that is subject to the arbitrage rebate requirements and deferred interest income for future payment on the County's bond issues.

I. LEASES

Operating Leases (County as Lessor) The County has entered into long-term operating lease agreements leasing land and buildings to others. Leased assets represent a cost of \$2,007 with \$1,719 of accumulated depreciation for a net carrying amount of \$288. The revenues realized for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were \$1,277. The minimum future rentals for non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Future R	lentals	
Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2017	\$	1,721
2018		1,690
2019		1,688
2020		1,688
2021		1,578
2022-2026		1,157
2027-2031		15
2032-2036		4
Total	\$	9,541

COUNTY OF TULARE Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Operating Leases (County as Lessee) The County has commitments under long-term operating lease agreements for facilities used in operations. These lease agreements provide for cancellation in the event the board of the respective entity does not appropriate funding in subsequent fiscal years. The expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were \$8,430. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Operating Leases							
Year Ending June 30,	A	mount					
2017	\$	5,577					
2018		4,878					
2019		4,240					
2020		4,057					
2021		3,336					
2022-2026		6,937					
2027-2031		139					
2032-2036		131					
2037-2041		33					
Total	\$	29,328					

In addition to real property leases, the County has also entered into long-term leases for personal property, the majority of which are leased by Roads, Solid Waste, the District Attorney's Office, and the General Services division of the Resource Management Agency. Most of these leases also provide for cancellation in the event that the Board does not appropriate funding, and are subject to annual adjustments based upon negotiations. Total rent and lease expense for these operating leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was approximately \$145.

Capital Lease (County as Lessee) The County entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a copier with a five-year estimated useful life. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The future minimum lease payments for the lease are as follows:

	C	apital Lease					
	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending June 30,	ne 30, Principal Interes						
2017	\$	9	\$	2			
2018		9		1			
2019		9		1			
2020		9		1			
Total	\$	36	\$	5			

J. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes During most fiscal years, the County issues Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) to provide financing of seasonal cash flow requirements for the General Fund's current year expenditures and to discharge its obligations and indebtedness during this period. The principal of the notes and the interest thereon is paid from pledged property taxes and revenues the County receives during the fiscal year. However, the County did not issue or have any outstanding TRANs during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

K. LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificates of Participation The PFC issues Certificates of Participation (COPs) to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and repair and maintenance of major capital facilities. COPs have been issued for both governmental and proprietary fund activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

These COPs are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, COPs have been issued to refund earlier certificates with higher interest rates.

COPs are obligations of the County's component units. However, the County is indirectly obligated under lease agreements it has signed with its component units. The County's obligation is limited to including in its annual budget lease payments called for in the lease agreements. These COPs generally are issued as 20 to 40-year certificates with increasing amounts of principal maturing each year.

COPs currently outstanding are as follows:

Outstanding Certificates of Participation

Date Issued	Purpose of Debt	Interest Rates	Ar	nount
September 2, 1993	Business-type activities	5.00%	\$	396
February 23, 1994	Business-type activities	5.00%		57
August 16, 1994	Business-type activities	4.50%		43
September 14, 1994	Business-type activities	4.50%		34
May 28, 1996	Business-type activities	4.50%		706
		Total	\$	1,236

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for COPs are as follows:

Certificates of Participation

	Business-type Activities						
Year Ending June 30,	Pr	rincipal	Int	terest			
2017	\$	44	\$	58			
2018		45		57			
2019		46		54			
2020		46		52			
2021		48		50			
2022-2026		286		212			
2027-2031		358		141			
2032-2036		363		53			
Total	\$	1,236	\$	677			

Variable Rate Demand Bonds On December 17, 1999, the PFA issued Variable Rate Demand Bonds of \$45,000 with a variable rate not to exceed 12%. Each fiscal year up to \$3,000 will be transferred to the County to provide financing for the acquisition and construction of public capital assets and repair and maintenance costs related thereto. A lease agreement in which the County is leasing four existing buildings to PFA was used as security for the bonds. On December 1, 2006, these bonds were refunded with private placement Tobacco Settlement Asset Backed Bonds of \$42,360, which will mature on August 1, 2034.

The variable rate shall be the rate of interest per annum, determined by the Remarketing Agent, to be the lowest rate which in its judgment, on the basis of prevailing financial market conditions, is necessary as of the date such rate becomes effective to remarket the bonds in a secondary market transaction at the price equal to par, but no greater than the maximum rate.

These bonds are treated as a long-term liability in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as the County entered into a take-out agreement before the financial statements were issued. The take-out agreement does not expire within one year of the fiscal period end. Neither the take-out agreement itself nor the obligations issued pursuant to the agreement are cancelable by the lender within one year of the fiscal period end, and the lender is expected to be financially capable of honoring the take-out agreement.

These bonds are the obligation of the County's component unit. However, the County is obligated under the leaseback agreement it has signed with its component unit. The County's obligation is limited to including in its annual budget the lease payments called for in this leaseback agreement payable from a pledge of the County's share of the Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement. These bonds were issued with a final maturity date of August 1, 2034.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds are as follows:

Public Financing Authority Variable Rate Demand Bonds

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		iterest			
2017	\$	1,010	\$	189			
2018		1,110		183			
2019		1,110		177			
2020		1,210		170			
2021		1,305		163			
2022-2026		7,905		692			
2027-2031		10,635		432			
2032-2035		11,260		97			
Total	\$	35,545	\$	2,103			

Loans Payable In 2006, the County borrowed \$7,084 with an interest rate at 3.9% to fund energy improvement projects. This loan extends to September 2022.

The debt payment schedule for the following fiscal years ending June 30 is as follows:

Loans Payable									
Governmental Activities									
Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest								
2017	\$	499	\$	126					
2018		518		106					
2019		539		86					
2020		560		64					
2021		583		42					
2022-2023		760		20					
Total	\$	3,459	\$	444					

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt In prior years, the County defeased certain COPs by placing the proceeds of new COPs in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old COPs. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased COPs are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2016, there are no longer any bonds outstanding considered to be defeased.

Other Payables El Rancho Sewer District, part of County Service Area #1, issued revenue bonds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1988. Farmers Home Administration purchased the bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for a sewer construction project. The original bonds payable of \$11 have a current principal balance of \$5 and bear interest at 5% per annum. This matures in 2027, a 40-year period. The bonds were issued under Health and Safety Code Section 49000. The bonds will be redeemed with monies raised from service charges associated with the sewer system operation.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Business-type Activities						
Princ	cipal	Interest				
\$	-	\$	-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	-		-			
	1		-			
	3		1			
	1		-			
\$	5	\$	1			
	Princ	Principal	Principal Int			

Changes in Long-term Liabilities The long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions		Additions Reductions		Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Governmental activities:							
COPs payable	\$ 6,460	\$	-	\$	(6,460)	\$ -	\$ -
Variable rate demand bonds	36,460		-		(915)	35,545	1,010
Capital lease	-		45		(9)	36	9
Loans payable	3,938		-		(479)	3,459	499
Net OPEB obligation	14,789		1,319		(315)	15,793	-
Compensated absences	20,940		3,199		(2,599)	21,540	2,599
Liability claims payable	34,152		5,802		(8,566)	31,388	6,158
Accrued remediation cost	271		-		(271)	-	-
Net pension liability	147,209		143,407		-	290,616	-
Total Governmental activities	\$ 264,219	\$	153,772	\$	(19,614)	\$ 398,377	\$ 10,275
Business-type activities:							
COPs payable	\$ 1,273	\$	-	\$	(37)	\$ 1,236	\$ 44
Bonds payable	6		-		(1)	5	-
Closure/post closure costs payable	41,880		-		(2,569)	39,311	-
Compensated absences	221		17		(17)	221	17
Net pension liability	 953		928			1,881	
Total Business-type activities	\$ 44,333	\$	945	\$	(2,624)	\$ 42,654	\$ 61

The liability for compensated absences has typically been liquidated using the County's governmental funds and the Solid Waste Fund. The value of accumulated vacation at June 30, 2016 was \$17,050. Of this amount, \$145 is recorded in enterprise funds. The value of accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2016 was calculated using a termination payment method and is accrued at \$3,174. Of this amount, \$44 is recorded in enterprise funds. The value of accumulated CTO at June 30, 2016 was \$1,537. Of this amount, \$32 is recorded in enterprise funds. The value of sick leave buy backs for future years cannot be accurately estimated, but for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the County paid \$867 to employees through this program.

The liabilities for claims and judgments payable include both general liability and workers' compensation liability and have been liquidated using the general liability insurance internal service fund and the workers' compensation insurance internal service fund.

L. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

The County is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt for the outstanding bond issues totaling \$420,663 for School Bonds, 1915 Improvement Act Bonds, and Special District General Obligation Bonds at June 30, 2016. The County Auditor-Controller acts as an agent for the property owners and bond holders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments, with the exception of the Kaweah Delta Hospital Bond. The School Bonds totaling \$284,747 include bonds for Buena Vista, Burton, Earlimart, Exeter, Liberty, Kings River, Pixley Union, Richgrove, Stone Corral, Sundale, Terra Bella, Traver, and Woodlake

Elementary Schools; Exeter, Strathmore, Tulare Joint Union, and Woodlake High Schools; Cutler-Orosi, Dinuba, Farmersville, Lindsay, Porterville, and Visalia Unified Schools; and College of the Sequoias Community College. The 1915 Improvement Act Bonds totaling \$107 include bonds for Ducor Community Service District (CSD) and Ducor CSD Supplemental. The Special Districts General Obligation Bonds totaling \$132,342 are for the Kaweah Delta Hospital Bond and the Tulare Healthcare Bond.

M. LANDFILLS

State and federal laws and regulations require that the County Solid Waste Fund place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill sites, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfills no longer accept waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfills used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs has a balance of \$32,415 as of June 30, 2016, which is based on an average of 39% usage (filled) of all landfill sites (remaining capacity determined as of August 18, 1989). It is estimated that an additional \$37,250 will be recognized as closure and post closure care expenses between the date of the statement of net position and the date the landfills are currently expected to be filled to capacity. The estimated remaining life of landfill sites ranges from 4.9 years for the Teapot Dome site, to 33.5 years for the Visalia site, to 74.8 years for the Woodville site. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post closure care of \$69,666 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfills were acquired as of June 30, 2016. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

In addition, the County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post closure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at June 30, 2016, investments of \$32,415 are part of the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on investments held by the Treasurer. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in post closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill site users, taxpayers, or both

Funds are set aside in accordance with the State Water Resources Control Board through the Regional Water Quality Control Board under California Governmental Code Regulations, title 27, subchapter 2, Article 4, and Sections 22220 through 22222. The funds are the financial assurance mechanism for corrective actions and are there to be used to clean up or otherwise remediate a release (e.g., plume of groundwater contamination) from the County's landfills. CalRecycle specifies what annual inflation rate should be applied to the amount required for corrective action, along with closure and post closure maintenance at the landfills. The County is in compliance with these requirements and, at June 30, 2016, investments of \$5,455 are part of the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer.

As of June 30, 2016, the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer for financial assurance and closure/post closure maintenance total \$39,311 to offset the total liability.

N. REMEDIATION CONTINGENCIES

The County owns a 40 acre site used as a base for crop duster activities from 1952 to 1994. As a result of a site assessment, pesticides were identified at or near the surface. The County entered into an agreement with the State Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) to perform interim remedial measures to comply with Health and Safety Code Section 25355.5 (a)(1)(c). The County has performed the following: (1) completed construction of the final remediation phase with a total cost of \$5,259; (2) construction and maintenance of a site perimeter fence; (3) maintenance of a surface soil sealant over affected soils; (4) periodic inspections by both County and DTSC staff; (5) maintenance of a liner system over the former pond area; and (6) removal and proper closure of underground storage tanks and concrete sumps. The County continues to work with DTSC staff and provides them with semiannual summary reports of the tests performed at the site. The semiannual testing will continue until the full scale remediation commences or until DTSC authorizes the County in writing to discontinue or modify some or all of the interim remedial measures. Once the final report is approved, an Operations and Maintenance agreement will be negotiated with the DTSC. The agreement will specify the future site monitoring requirements. The County has spent \$530 on the final remediation phase for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

COUNTY OF TULARE Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

O. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The County's Net Position Restricted for Laws or Regulations of Other Governments is as follows:

County Children's Trust	\$ 87
Compliance Ordinance	11
Social Security Truncation Program	222
Title IV-E Federal	198
Memo Trust Deferred Compensation	134
Child Seat Loaner	81
Public Guardian	352
Children Wraparound Plan	604
Community Corrections Performance Incentive	37
State Narcotic Task Force	75
Local Revenue Fund 2011 (Assembly Bill 118)	3,604
Retirement Contributions	1,849
Various Others	3
Total Net Position Restricted for Laws or Regulations of	
Other Governments	\$ 7,257

P. CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The PFC issued COPs to finance its sewage and water projects. These water and sewer projects are accounted for in separate funds. However, investors in the COPs rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual activities for repayment. Summary financial information for these funds is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District			County Service Area #1		County Service Area #2	
Assets:							
Current assets	\$	923	\$	522	\$	95	
Restricted assets		-		-		16	
Capital assets		908		2,854		281	
Total assets		1,831		3,376		392	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities		30		81		8	
Noncurrent liabilities		681		1,265		190	
Total liabilities		711		1,346		198	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		202		2,354		246	
Restricted		-		-		16	
Unrestricted (deficit)		918		(324)		(68)	
Total net position	\$	1,120	\$	2,030	\$	194	

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Terra Be	ella Sewer				
	Maintenance		County	y Service	Coun	ty Service
	Dis	strict	Are	ea #1	Area #2	
Water and sewer charges	\$	143	\$	511	\$	65
Other operating revenues		-		3		2
Depreciation expense		(53)		(165)		(14)
Other operating expenses		(127)		(624)		(109)
Operating income (loss)		(37)		(275)		(56)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Taxes and special assessments		38		-		-
Penalties collected		1		3		-
Investment earnings (expenses)		16		(2)		-
Interest expense		(33)		(34)		(3)
Change in net position		(15)		(308)		(59)
Beginning net position		1,135		2,338		253
Ending net position	\$	1,120	\$	2,030	\$	194

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

	Main	ella Sewer stenance strict	-	y Service ea #1	County Service Area #2		
Net cash provided (used) by:							
Operating activities	\$	19	\$	(56)	\$	(51)	
Noncapital financing activities		39		43		40	
Capital and related financing activities		(52)		(46)		(1)	
Investing activities		16		(2)		-	
Net increase (decrease)		22		(61)		(12)	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		840		426		109	
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	862	\$	365	\$	97	

The County maintains three nonmajor enterprise funds that account for the maintenance and operations of a sewer system (TBSMD) and clean and safe water systems (County Service Areas #1 and #2).

Q. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned (see Note I.E.10 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Major	Special Revenue I			
	General Fund	Public Facilities Corporation Fund	Public Financing Authority Fund	Realignment- Social Services Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 143	\$ 143
Prepaid items	1,849				529	2,378
Nonspendable subtotal	1,849				672	2,521
Restricted for:						
Alcohol and drug programs	5,105	-	-	-	-	5,105
Child support services	-	-	-	-	2,440	2,440
County clerk	7,909	-	-	-	-	7,909
Debt service bond agreement	-	36	56,176	-	-	56,212
Education programs	-	-	-	-	1,660	1,660
Environmental programs	1,162	-	-	-	=	1,162
Fire department programs	-	-	-	-	1,247	1,247
Health care programs	492	-	-	26,738	17,795	45,025
Law enforcement	14,427	-	-	-	-	14,427
Mental health care programs	10,770	-	-	-	-	10,770
Other purposes	5,405	-	-	-	3,905	9,310
Public ways and facilities programs	-	-	-	-	29,148	29,148
Restricted subtotal	45,270	36	56,176	26,738	56,195	184,415
Committed to:						
Advances to others	1,159	-	-	-	-	1,159
Ag commissioner improvements	-	-	-	-	195	195
Local youth offender rehabilitation facilities	-	-	-	-	650	650
Property Tax Aumentum System	13,365	-	-	-	-	13,365
Sequoia Field Program Facility	-	-	-	-	2,200	2,200
South County Detention Facility	-	-	-	-	4,100	4,100
Committed subtotal	14,524				7,145	21,669
Assigned to:						
Imprest cash	-	-	-	-	1	1
Other capital projects	-	-	3,500	-	21,880	25,380
Other purposes	-	-	-	-	1,423	1,423
Assigned subtotal	-	_	3,500		23,304	26,804
Unassigned:	84,868					84,868
Total fund balances	\$ 146,511	\$ 36	\$ 59,676	\$ 26,738	\$ 87,316	\$ 320,277

V. Other Information

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to tort claims arising out of various types of loss such as automobile losses, operations losses, and professional errors and omissions. The County is exposed to property loss and destruction of assets from theft, natural disasters, and other hazards. The County is exposed to workers' compensation claims arising out of job related injuries to County employees. The County uses a combination of self-insurance, pooled retentions with other counties, and commercial excess insurance to provide protection from loss. Premium is collected from County departments and deposited into the internal service funds to establish reserves to pay workers' compensation and general liability claims, pay insurance premiums, and pay the administrative costs associated with risk management and claim administration.

The Risk Management Division self-administers the County's liability claim program. Losses and incidents that may become claims are reported to the Risk Management Division for investigation, claim administration, and settlement. Incidents are immediately investigated and, when appropriate, a claim file is opened and reserves established to fund the value of the ultimate cost of the loss. In July of 2003, the County established a \$250 self-insured retention (SIR) for the general liability program and the retention remains at that value. The County purchases excess liability limits above its SIR to cover general liability, auto liability, and error and omissions claims. Total liability coverage limits for the fiscal year 2015/16 were \$35,000. Liability costs and settlements have occasionally exceeded the SIR. No settlements have exceeded the SIR during fiscal year 2015/16. There are currently seven open claims with reserves that exceed the SIR.

The property insurance program is a fully insured program and provides all risk coverage limits of \$600,000 and \$400,000 flood limits with a \$10 deductible for real and personal property. The property insurance program includes boiler and machinery coverage with a \$5 deductible. The vehicle deductible is \$20. Other property insurance program deductibles apply based on the loss type. The property insurance program covers the cost of an appraisal every five years for buildings valued at \$250 or more at no cost to the County. An appraisal of the County's buildings was completed in August of 2014 and the total insured value of the County's property assets is \$585,000. Insurance premium costs are collected from County agencies to cover individual claim deductibles and program administration expense.

The County purchases cyber liability coverage to protect against the release of personal or private information into the internet. The County purchases insurance coverage for aviation, watercraft, and medical malpractice liability exposures. The watercraft program deductible is \$5 and the medical malpractice program deductible is \$10. The County purchases a crime bond to protect against employee theft or dishonesty. The crime bond deductible is \$25 and coverage limits are \$15,000.

The County is a member of the California State Association of Counties-Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA), a California Joint Powers Authority. The purpose of CSAC-EIA is to develop and fund insurance programs for California counties, cities, and other public agencies. CSAC-EIA was formed in October 1979 and has operated without interruption since that time. Approximately 58 counties and many municipalities and special districts participate in the program.

In 2001, the California Public Entities Insurance Authority was formed to allow other California public entities access to CSAC-EIA's programs and services. In 2006, the Joint Powers Agreement was amended to allow public entities to join CSAC-EIA directly. Through the restructure, two categories of membership were established: counties and public entities. CSAC-EIA's board of directors consists of one representative from each of the 54 county members and seven elected representatives from the other public entities. County and public entity members serve together on the Executive Committee and other committees that support CSAC-EIA. CSAC-EIA issues its own audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained from them at 75 Iron Point Circle, Suite 200, Folsom, CA 95630.

CSAC-EIA operates public entity risk pools for workers' compensation, comprehensive liability, property, medical malpractice, and other insurance programs. CSAC-EIA provides primary and excess insurance, subsidizes the cost of actuarial services for its members, performs loss prevention services, and contracts with consultants to conduct claim administration audits of its members.

Self-insured retention and coverage limits are as follows:

	Self-Insured		(Coverage		
Excess Insurance Program	Re	etention		Limits		
Excess Workers' Compensation	\$	125		Statutory		
General Liability Programs I & II		250	\$	25,000		
Optional Excess General Liability		25,000		10,000		
Property		10		600,000		
Medical Malpractice		10		21,500		

Liability reserves include an amount for estimated claims payable, including expenses and an accrual for claims incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and the amount of payouts, as well as economic and social factors affecting claim values. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the insurance internal service funds.

The County returned to a self-insured workers' compensation program on July 1, 2004. American International Group (AIG) provided a fully insured workers' compensation insurance policy for the previous six years. The workers' compensation program currently utilizes a \$125 SIR and includes statutory coverage limits. The workers' compensation fund covers the cost of the County safety analysts and County safety programs. The Risk Management Division self-administers the County safety program.

Effective April 2012, the County entered into a workers' compensation administration service agreement with third party claim administrator CorVel Corporation. CorVel Corporation performs claim administration on behalf of the County and makes claim payments from a joint revolving bank account of \$500. The revolving fund is reconciled at least monthly by the County renewed its claim administration agreement with CorVel in April 2014 for one three-year term.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Workers' Compensation		P	neral and roperty Damage	Total		
Liability - June 30, 2014 Claims incurred Claims payments	\$	29,316 7,451 (8,977)	\$	6,293 2,338 (2,269)	\$	35,609 9,789 (11,246)	
Liability - June 30, 2015 Claims incurred Claims payments		27,790 5,749 (6,376)		6,362 53 (2,190)		34,152 5,802 (8,566)	
Liability - June 30, 2016	\$	27,163	\$	4,225	\$	31,388	

B. JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is defined by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as "a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain either (a) an ongoing financial interest, or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility." Aside from the County's membership in the CSAC-EIA as described in Note V.A, the County also participates in other joint ventures as follows:

California Statewide Communities Development Authority (CSCDA) The CSCDA is a California Joint Exercise of Powers Authority, organized and existing under the California Government Code Section 6500 and following, and is sponsored by the League of California Cities and the California State Association of Counties. The CSCDA is comprised of more than 500 California cities,

counties, and special districts, including the County. The CSCDA is authorized to assist in the financing of 501(c) (3) nonprofit projects; however, the CSCDA may only issue debt with the approval of the governing body of the jurisdiction in which the project is located. There are no financial obligations placed on the County for project financing costs or debt repayment.

Central Valley Immunization Information System (CVIIS) On January 1, 2001, the Counties of Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Mono, and Tulare entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by which they created and established CVIIS as a separate public agency. CVIIS was created to provide a client-oriented, automated immunization system so that residents of member counties will have access to and receive age appropriate immunizations pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 120440 (b) (1)1. The County acts as its own fiscal agent with respect to funds provided to it directly from the State. The County's financial interest is based upon joint ownership of money and property owned by CVIIS.

Consolidated Waste Management Authority (CWMA) On December 14, 1999, the cities of Visalia, Porterville, Lindsay, Dinuba, and Tulare entered into a Joint Powers Agreement which was created and established by the CWMA as an independent public agency to comprehensively plan, develop, operate, and manage the transformation, recycling, processing and disposal of solid waste within the members' jurisdictions per AB 939. In November 2002, the Cities of Exeter and Farmersville were added as members of the CWMA. In April 2006, the County was added as a member. In December 2015, CWMA ceased operations. Aside from annual membership dues, the County has no financial responsibilities. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from Consolidated Waste Management Authority, 707 West Acequia, Visalia, California 93291.

Goshen Public Financing Authority (GPFA) On September 17, 1996, the Tulare County Redevelopment Agency (a blended component unit of the County) and the Goshen Community Services District formed the legally-separate GPFA as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement. The County has pledged \$53 each year for 40 years against United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) bonds secured by GPFA for a sewer project in Goshen. Tulare County Successor Agency was formed because of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA) dissolution, the pledge has transferred over to the Successor Agency.

Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (KTAAA) KTAAA was established in 1980 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement between Kings and Tulare Counties for the purpose of spending Older Americans Act and Older Californians Act monies in support of seniors. The County is responsible for a minimum of 79% of the required administrative match each year, but all resources would revert to the California Department of Aging. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the County Health and Human Services Agency, 5957 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277.

Lake Kaweah Enlargement Project The Lake Kaweah Enlargement Project was established in 1999 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement between the Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District and the County for the purpose of constructing a spillway at Lake Kaweah in order to provide greater flood protection. The County is responsible for 12% of non-federally-supported costs of the project and retains a 12% interest in the completed project. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District, 2975 Farmersville Boulevard, Farmersville, California 93223.

San Joaquin Valley Library System The entity was established in 1970 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement among library jurisdictions in the San Joaquin Valley for the purpose of reducing the costs of operations and improving services to the public. The County is responsible for staffing and minor purchases in support of the system. The County's financial interest is based upon its percentage of contributions to the system. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Fresno County Library, 2420 Mariposa Street, Fresno, California 93721.

San Joaquin Valley Power Authority (SJVPA) The entity was established on November 15, 2006 by the Board that adopted subsection(s) to Section 105 of the County Ordinance Code which approved the Joint Powers Agreement to join the SJVPA. The other members of SJVPA are: the Cities of Clovis, Corcoran, Dinuba, Fresno, Hanford, Kerman, Kingsburg, Lemoore, Parlier, Reedley, Sanger, Selma and Kings County. The SJVPA will set electrical generation rates for customers within its service area and will purchase power from the Kings River Conservation District and seek to offer a 5% reduction in generation charges to its customers. The total cost incurred by the County to date is \$27,655. There is no ongoing cost for membership in the SJVPA. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Kings River Conservation District, 4886 East Jensen Avenue, Fresno, California 93725.

Tulare County Association of Governments (TCAG) TCAG was established in 1971 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement among incorporated cities and the County for the purpose of providing a forum for the coordination of transportation and air quality maintenance programs. The County is responsible for staffing and for a pro rata share of operating costs. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained at 210 North Church Street, Visalia, California 93291.

Tulare County Service Authority for the Abatement of Abandoned Vehicles (TCSAAAV) The TCSAAAV was established in 1991 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement among incorporated cities and the County for the purpose of removing and disposing of abandoned vehicles deemed to be public nuisances. The County is responsible for the collection and disbursement of authorized funds and meeting State reporting requirements for which the County receives 1% of the annual funds collected. The TCSAAAV has no resources other than cash, which is distributed immediately upon receipt. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the State of California Controller's Office, Post Office Box 942850, Sacramento, California 94250.

Tule River Improvement Project The Tule River Improvement Project was established in 1998 as a result of a Joint Powers Agreement between the Lower Tule River Irrigation District and the County for the purpose of acquiring and maintaining entrance facilities and channels in order to provide flood control and water conservation. The project's support costs are shared equally among participants with specific project costs shared according to separate agreements per project. The County's interest in the project is calculated based on contributions to individual projects. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Lower Tule River Irrigation District, 357 East Olive Avenue, Tipton, California 93272.

San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority (SJVIA) On September 29, 2009, the Counties of Tulare and Fresno entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by which they created the SJVIA as a separate public agency charged with the responsibility of providing health and medical benefits for over 10,000 Fresno and Tulare County employees. Independently audited financial statements can be obtained from the Fresno County Auditor-Controller's Office, 2281 Tulare Street #105, Fresno, California 93721.

Upper Kings Basin Integrated Regional Water Management Authority (UKBIRWMA) On May 18, 2010, the County became a full voting member of the UKBIRWMA at a cost of \$5 per year. The purpose of the UKBIRWMA is to engage in the management of water resources under the Integrated Regional Water Management Planning Act of 2002. The UKBIRWMA has brought in over \$11,000 of funding to the region for planning and expanding local groundwater projects.

California Rural Home Mortgage Finance Authority (CRHMFA) On January 27, 2009, the County became an associate member of the CRHMFA in order to meet the demand from mortgage consultants expressing interest in utilizing National Homebuyer Fund (NHF) loan programs. There are no annual membership dues, so the County has no financial responsibilities with respect to this organization.

C. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2016, the County was a defendant in a lawsuit with one of its unions, the Service Employees International Union (SEIU). The dispute is regarding the County's frozen merits and promotions for SEIU members for the period of July 31, 2011 through July 28, 2012. The County received an unfavorable ruling on July 11, 2016 from the Court of Appeal of the State of California Fifth Appellate District. As a result of the ruling, the County has been ordered to pay back wages to some of the SEIU members, along with seven percent interest on the wages. The following table presents the liability of the County as of June 30, 2016 for past wages and interest:

			N	Ionmajor	Int	ernal			
	G	eneral	Go	vernmental	Se	rvice	Fidu	ıciary	
		Fund		Funds	F	unds	Fu	nds	 Total
Salary Expense	\$	2,415	\$	158	\$	227	\$	38	\$ 2,838
Benefit Expense		507		33		48		8	596
Interest Expense		1,021		67		95		16	1,199
Total Contingent Liability	\$	3,943	\$	258	\$	370	\$	62	\$ 4,633

Furthermore, in the opinion of the County Counsel, a large majority of tax assessment appeals will be withdrawn by the applicants or settled by a stipulation of value and the County's Tax Assessor will prevail in the majority of appeals.

Program Compliance Requirements The County participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs, principal of which are the Family Support Payments, Child Support Enforcement, Community Development Block Grants, Workforce Investment Act, Justice Subvention programs, and Local Public Works programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors and audits conducted under the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Termination Fee Presently, the County is not engaged in any contracts containing contingent liability for an early termination.

Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency In accordance with AB 1X 26 and AB 1434, all redevelopment agencies in the State were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities as of February 1, 2012. It is reasonably possible that the State Department of Finance could invalidate any of the obligations reported on the Successor Agency's Recognized Obligations Payment Schedule. The range of potential loss of revenue to pay these obligations is between \$0 and \$5,694 over the remaining life of the Successor Agency (18 years).

D. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available for distribution until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Since an outside party in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, administers the plan assets, these assets are not included in the financial statements of the County.

E. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association (TCERA) was established July 1, 1945 under the provisions of the County Employees Retirement Act of 1937 (Government Code Sections 31450 et seq.). TCERA operates as a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with special funding circumstances and provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for qualified employees of the County, the County Courts, the Strathmore Public Utility District, and Tulare County Association of Governments. TCERA was integrated with Social Security in 1956. TCERA is administered by a nine-member Board of Retirement. TCERA issues a separate Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Copies of the annual financial report may be obtained from TCERA, 136 North Akers Street, Visalia, California 93291, or from TCERA's website at http://www.tcera.org/Investment-Financial/.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

TCERA oversees four County pension plans, which provide retirement, disability and death benefits. The passage of the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) of 2012 resulted in the establishment of Tier 4 which has two rate tiers for both general and safety members. The PEPRA created limits on pensionable compensation tied to Social Security taxable wage base for Tier 4 members. The aggregate effect of the PEPRA will ultimately decrease the County's retirement cost. The eligibility of membership for the four tiers is as follows:

Summary of Plans and Eligible Participants

Open for New Enrollment:

General Tier 4	General members who have a membership date on or after January 1, 2013, and who are not eligible for reciprocity with another qualified pension plan, may continue in plan.
Safety Tier 4	Safety members who have a membership date on or after January 1, 2013, and who are not eligible for reciprocity with another qualified pension plan, may continue in plan.

Closed to New Enrollment:

General Tier 3	General members who have a membership date on or between January 1, 1990 through December 31, 2012, may continue in plan.
Safety Tier 3	Safety members who have a membership date on or between January 1, 1990 through December 31, 2012, may continue in plan.
General Tier 2	General members who have a membership date on or between January 1, 1980 through December 31, 1989, may continue in plan.
Safety Tier 2	Safety members who have a membership date on or between January 1, 1980 through December 31, 1989, may continue in plan.
General Tier 1	General members who have a membership date on or before December 31, 1979, may continue in plan.
Safety Tier 1	Safety members who have a membership date on or before December 31, 1979, may continue in plan.

<u>Tier 1</u> - Benefits are calculated using the highest average one-year salary. Tier 1 members receive a maximum of 3% cost-of-living annually after retirement. Tier 1 general members with service earned on or after July 1, 2005 are now subject to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Section 415 limits due to the implementation of a new benefit formula. Only Tier 1 general members who entered deferred status prior to the implementation of the new benefit formula are exempt from these limits. All Tier 1 members are subject to Article 5.5 Alternative Financial Provisions of the California Government Code.

<u>Tier 2</u> - Benefits are calculated using the highest average three-year salary. Tier 2 members receive a maximum of 2% cost-of-living annually after retirement. Tier 2 general members with service earned on or after July 1, 2005 are now subject to IRS Section 415 limits due to the implementation of a new benefit formula. Only Tier 2 general members who entered deferred status prior to the implementation of the new benefit formula are exempt from these limits. All Tier 2 members are subject to Article 5.5 Alternative Financial Provisions of the California Government Code.

<u>Tier 3</u> - Benefits are calculated using the highest average three-year salary. Tier 3 members receive a maximum of 2% cost-of-living annually after retirement. All employees who joined TCERA on or after January 1, 1990 are subject to IRS Section 415 limits. All Tier 3 members are subject to Article 5.5 Alternative Financial Provisions of the California Government Code.

<u>Tier 4</u> - Benefits are calculated using the highest average three-year salary. Tier 4 members receive a maximum of 2% cost-of-living annually after retirement. All employees who joined TCERA on or after January 1, 1990 are subject to IRS Section 415 limits. Tier 4 members are not subject to Article 5.5 Alternative Financial Provisions of the California Government Code.

Benefits Provided

Tiers 1, 2, and 3

The benefit is a percentage of monthly final average salary per year of service, depending on age at retirement. Due to the fact that TCERA is integrated with Social Security, the benefit is reduced by one-third of the percentage multiplied by the first \$350 of monthly final average salary per year of service credited after January 1, 1956. Benefits partially vest at five years of service and full vesting requires ten years of service and a minimum age of 50 in order to receive a lifetime monthly retirement benefit. General

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

members with 30 years of service and safety members with 20 years of service, are eligible for retirement benefits at any age. Members who reach age 70, regardless of years of service, are eligible for retirement benefits.

Tier 4

The benefit is a percentage of monthly final average salary per year of service, depending on the age at retirement. Benefits fully vest at five years of service and at a minimum age of 52 for general members and 50 for safety members.

Disability Benefit

Service related disability benefits are based upon the greater amount of 50% of final average salary, or service retirement benefit, if the member is eligible.

Non-service connected disability, in accordance with Section 31727.7, in lieu of any other allowance, a member who has five years or more of credited service shall receive a disability allowance equal to the percentage of final compensation set forth opposite the member's number of years in the following table:

Years of Service	Percentage of Final Compensation
Five years, but less than six years	20.0%
Six years, but less than seven years	22.0%
Seven years, but less than eight years	24.0%
Eight years, but less than nine years	26.0%
Nine years, but less than ten years	28.0%
Ten years, but less than eleven years	30.0%
Eleven years, but less than twelve years	32.0%
Twelve years, but less than thirteen years	34.0%
Thirteen years, but less than fourteen years	36.0%
Fourteen years, but less than fifteen years	38.0%
Fifteen or more years	40.0%

Termination Benefit

Upon termination, members' accumulated contributions are refundable with interest accrued through the prior interest crediting period (June 30 and December 31).

Death Benefit

If a member dies before retirement, the return of contributions with interest, along with a death benefit, is payable to the member's beneficiary or estate in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of service under the retirement system, but not to exceed six (6) months' salary. In lieu of the basic death benefit, if a member dies after becoming eligible for service retirement or non-service connected disability, an eligible spouse or minor child may elect to receive 60% of the allowance that the member would have received for retirement as of the day of their death. If the member dies in the performance of duty, an eligible spouse or minor child receives 50% of the member's final average salary.

If the member dies after retirement, then the benefits depend upon the type of retirement, the member's employment status at retirement, and the retirement option selected. If the retirement was for service connected disability, 100% of the member's basic allowance as it was at death is continued to the surviving spouse for life. If the retirement was for other than service connected disability, and the unmodified option was selected at the time of retirement, 60% of the member's allowance is continued to an eligible spouse for life. If the deceased member retired directly from active employment with a TCERA employer, a lump sum burial benefit of \$5,000 is paid to the beneficiary or estate.

Specific details for the retirement benefit calculations for each tier, including benefit factors, can be found in TCERA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available at TCERA's website: http://www.tcera.org/Investment-Financial/.

Contributions

Per Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of California, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the TCERA's Board of Retirement.

Member

The basic member rates are based on a formula reflecting the member's age of entry into TCERA. The rates are set to provide a retirement amount that is equal to a fractional part of the highest year('s) salary, based on membership and tier. For members integrated with Social Security, the contributions are reduced by one-third of such contribution payable with respect to the first \$350 of monthly salary. Due to a collective bargaining agreement, the County has a legal obligation to contribute 50% of the contributions required for active Tier 1 plan members. The rates reflected for Tier 1 members do not reflect the County "pickup."

Employer

The employer rates are actuarially determined annually to provide for the balance of the contributions needed to fund the promised benefits as set forth in the County Employees Retirement Act of 1937. Employer contribution rates consist of two components: the normal cost and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). The UAAL is being amortized over a declining 19-year period. The amortization method is level percentage of payroll. Contribution levels are recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board each year. Employees contribute 5% to 20% of their annual pay based on their date of entrance into the plan, age at entry and membership type (General or Safety). The County's contribution to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$29,506, which was 12.9% of covered-employee payroll. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of members.

Net Pension Liability

On June 30, 2016, the County reported a liability of \$292,497 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all pension plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportion was 95.2063%, which was an increase of 0.6434% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$39,705. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred

Deferred

	tflows of esources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,781	\$	-
Changes in assumptions	61,318		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on retirement plan investments	-		1,732
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	29,987		-
	\$ 97,086	\$	1,732

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

The deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$29,987, related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the actuary measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	Amount
2016	\$ 11,406
2017	11,406
2018	11,406
2019	29,915
2020	1,070
Thereafter	164
	\$ 65,367

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016, was determined by rolling forward the plan's total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016, and adjusting for the change in discount rate and other actuarial assumptions as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage adjusted for inflation.

At June 30, 2016, the plan's long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was 7.70%, which was a decrease of 0.05% from the long-term expected rate of return, by the election of the Retirement Board. In future fiscal years the investment rate of return will be reduced by 0.05% until the rate reaches 7.00%.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

The mortality rates used by the actuary are as follows:

ı	by the actuary are as follows	2015	2014
	Mortality – Healthy Lives	General Members: RP-2014 Sex Distinct Combined Healthy Tables with Generational Improvement Using Projections Scale MP- 2015, increased by 12.1% to reflect plan experience.	General Members: RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table for Males/Females, with MP- 2014 projection.
		Safety Members: RP-2014 Sex Distinct Combined Healthy Tables with Blue- collar Adjustment and Generational Improvement using Projections Scale MP- 2015, increased by 4.5% to reflect plan experience.	Safety Members: RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table for Males, with blue-collar adjustment and MP-2014 projection.
			Mortality rates increased by 12.1% for General and 4.5% for Safety to reflect TCERA experience.
	Mortality – Disabled Lives	All Members: RP-2014 Sex Distinct Generational Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table with Generational Improvement Using Projection Scale MP-2015.	RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table for Males/Females, with MP- 2014 projection.
	Mortality for Member Contribution Rate Purposes	RP-2014 Mortality Tables with Generational Improvement Using Projection Scale MP-2015.	RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table for Males/Females, with MP- 2014 projection.

The actuary salary increase assumptions are as follows:

Years of Service	General Members	Safety Members				
0	5.00%	6.00%				
1	4.50%	5.75%				
2	4.00%	5.50%				
3	2.50%	4.50%				
4	2.25%	4.25%				
5	2.00%	4.00%				
6	175%	3.50%				
7	1.50%	3.00%				
8	1.00%	2.50%				
9	0.50%	2.00%				
10	0.50%	1.50%				
11	0.50%	1.00%				
12	0.50%	0.50%				
13	0.50%	0.50%				
14	0.50%	0.50%				
15	0.50%	0.50%				
16	0.50%	0.50%				
17	0.50%	0.50%				
18	0.50%	0.50%				
19	0.50%	0.50%				
20 or more	0.50%	0.50%				

The investment ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	23.50%	3.50%
Non-U.S. Equity (developed and emerging)	23.50%	7.80%
Global Equity	3.00%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.00%	1.00%
TIPS	5.00%	0.50%
Commodities	5.00%	2.00%
Real Estate	5.00%	3.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	5.60%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.90%
Total	100.00%	4.30%

Discount rate: At June 30, 2015, the discount rate (actuarially determined) used to measure the total pension liability was 7.70%, which was a decrease of 0.09% from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that TCERA contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members until 2079. A municipal bond rate of 3.80% was used in the development of the blended GASB discount rate after that point. Based on the June 30, 2015 assumption rate of 7.80% and the municipal bond rate of 3.80%, the blended GASB

discount rate is 7.70%. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB Statements No. 67 and 68.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the June 30, 2015 discount rate of 7.70%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.70%) than the current rate:

		1%	Discount		1%	
	Ι	Decrease 6.70%	Rate 7.70%		Increase 8.70%	
County's proportionate share of the net			 	_		
pension plan liability	\$	497,033	\$ 292,497	\$	126,075	

Pension Fund Fiduciary Net Position

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the TCERA and additions to/deductions from Tulare Pension Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due in accordance with the benefit terms. The Board has adopted an actuarial value of assets method that recognizes the difference between expected and actual market returns, net of expenses, over a 10-year period (starting in 2008).

Benefit changes since June 30, 2013: None.

Changes of assumptions since June 30, 2014: The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.79% as of June 30, 2014 to 7.70 % as of June 30, 2015. In addition, the Board adopted the mortality improvement scale used to anticipate future improvements in mortality, which was changed from the MP-2014 scale to the MP-2015 scale. Finally, the total pension liability as computed by the prior actuary at the beginning of the measurement year (June 30, 2014) did not include any expected benefit payments from the Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR). The June 30, 2015 total pension liability measurement does include the accrued portion of expected benefit payments associated with the current SRBR assets, as well as the accrued portion of expected benefit payments associated with future anticipated SRBR transfers (as determined using a stochastic model).

Detailed information about the pension fund's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCERA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available at TCERA's website: http://www.tcera.org/Investment-Financial/.

F. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The County's postemployment benefit plan is an agent multiple-employer plan. The County allows retirees who participate in the County administered medical plan and retire directly from active service under the TCERA to continue to participate in the County administered medical plan at the retirees' expense. The same premiums are charged to both active employees and retirees. Although the County does not explicitly subsidize retirees' medical plan premiums, allowing retirees to participate in the same plan at the same premium rate results in an "implied subsidy." Including the "implied subsidy" on the government-wide statements is done solely for purposes of complying with accounting standards and is not an admission by the County that the benefit is in any way a vested benefit to which any current or former employee is or will be entitled. Under GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the value of this implied subsidy must be included in the employer's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) to the extent that the employers pay at least that amount in active employee premiums.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation, as well as the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets (if any), consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the County's June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of investment expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend of 7.2%, which will decline to 5.0% over nine years. Both rates include an inflation assumption of 3.0%. The AAL is the cumulative value of the projected benefits. The unfunded AAL is amortized as a level percent of payroll over a closed 30 year period from June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2016 there are 21 years remaining.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing OPEB Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the OPEB Plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the County's OPEB is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements. This schedule will present multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of OPEB Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

Using a 4.0% discount rate, the actuarial values are as follows:

As of June 30,							
Present Value	of Proj	ected Bene	fits (PVPB)	\$	18,728		
Actuarial Accr	ned Lis	ahility (AA)	1.)	\$	4,350		
	Actuarial value of plan assets						
Unfunded Actu			bility (UAAL)	\$	4,350		
			olan assets/AAL)	_	0%		
Covered payro			,	\$	205,198		
UAAL as a per	,	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ	2.1%		
Plan Cost for tl							
Normal Cost (1		. Bride var	10 0 0, 2010	\$	1,225		
UAAL amortiz				-	281		
Annual Requir	ed Con	tribution (A	ARC)	\$	1,506		
Projected payro				\$	211,354		
ARC as a perce	entage	of payroll			0.7%		
OPEB Cost for Annual Requir Interest on net	\$	1,506 585					
Adjustment to Annual OPE					1,319		
Contributions i					(315)		
Increase in n		EB obligatio	nn .		1,004		
Net OPEB obli					14,789		
Net OPEB obli	_			\$	15,793		
		3 Year C	PEB Trend				
Year Ended		Net OPEB Obligation					
		4.005	210/	#	12.05:		
6/30/2014	\$	4,007	21%	\$ \$	13,851		
6/30/2015	\$	1,260	26%	\$	14,789		

24%

15.793

1.319

6/30/2016

COUNTY OF TULARE Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

G. TRIAL COURT FUNDING

Assembly Bill (AB) 233, which was adopted by the State Legislature in 1997 and became effective January 1, 1998, transfers responsibility from the counties to the State for local trial court funding commencing in the 1997-1998 fiscal year. Under this legislation, the State assumed a greater degree of responsibility for trial court operations costs from fiscal year 1997-1998 forward.

The County will continue to be obligated to provide court facilities for all judicial officers and support positions authorized prior to July 1, 1996. This includes those judicial officers and positions, which replace those officers and positions created prior to July 1, 1996. However, AB 233 does not require that the County finance new capital facility expenditures related to judicial officers and support staff required for any judgeships authorized during the period from January 1, 1998 to June 30, 2003. The County remained obligated to fund capital expenditures with respect to capital needs of existing judicial officers and support positions located in several of its courthouse facilities until an agreement can be reached for each specific facility.

In fiscal year 2006-2007, the County began negotiations with the State of California Judicial Council for individual facilities. Per the agreements, the County would be obligated to contribute an ongoing quarterly Court Facilities Payment to the State which will be adjusted annually.

In addition, there would be a Joint Occupancy Agreement between Judicial Council and the County. The primary occupant would be determined for each facility based upon square footage occupied. The responsibilities of each occupant would be outlined in the agreements and the secondary occupant would be required to reimburse the primary occupant a predetermined percentage of such expenses as utilities and repairs. The secondary occupant would be invoiced quarterly.

As of June 30, 2009, Joint Occupancy Agreements have been signed for the Tulare Courthouse (in which the County was originally a 30% occupant but no longer occupies due to closure of the courthouse), the Porterville Courthouse (in which the County was originally a 46% occupant but now occupies approximately 23% due to the closure of the courthouse), the Visalia Courthouse (in which the County is a 68% occupant), the William Silveira Jr. Juvenile Justice Center (in which the County is a 87% occupant), and the Dinuba Courthouse (which the County does not occupy). The County is currently evaluating its options with regard to the now vacant Tulare Courthouse and is coordinating with the Administrative Office of the Courts.

H. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The County's beginning fund balance and net position have been restated to reflect the cumulative effect of prior year adjustments and reclassifications. A summary of the restatements as of July 1, 2015 is as follows:

	Go	overnmental	Bus	iness-type						
Government-wide Financial Statement Activities:		Activities	A	ctivities						
Net position at June 30, 2015, as previously reported	\$	1,644,309	\$	37,730						
Special revenue roads fund adjustment		(2,379)		-						
Internal service fund excess fund balance adjustment		(33)		32						
Net position at June 30, 2015, as restated	\$	1,641,897	\$	37,762						
Fund Financial Statement Activities:	_	eneral Fund		onmajor ernmental	_	nternal vice Fund	Sol	id Waste		nmajor terprise
Fund balance and net position at June 30, 2015, as previously stated	\$	127,616	\$	85,121	\$	1,716	\$	29,037	\$	8,693
Special revenue roads fund adjustment		-		(2,379)		-		-		-
Internal service fund excess fund balance adjustment		6,094		2,438		(8,565)		30		2
Fund balance and net position at June 30, 2015, as restated	C	133,710	¢.	85,180	c	(6,849)	C	29,067	C	8,695

I. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 19, 2016, the Board approved the short-term advance of cash up to the amount of \$2,000 from the County General Fund to the San Joaquin Valley Insurance Authority (SJVIA) as needed until December 31, 2016 to assist with cash flow needs. The borrowed funds, including accrued interest at the County Treasury pooled rate, are to be repaid no later than December 30, 2017.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)



Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association (TCERA) Schedule of the County's Contributions and Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net

Pension Liability June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Last	10	Fiscal	Years*	
--	------	----	--------	--------	--

	 2015	 2014	 2013
Actuarially determined contribution for the fiscal year	\$ 29,506	\$ 24,641	\$ 28,642
Less the contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 (29,506)	(24,641)	(28,642)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 229,431	\$ 222,683	\$ 218,323
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.9%	11.1%	13.1%

^{*}Amounts presented above were determined as of June 30, 2015. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	 2014	 2013
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	95.2063%	94.5629%	95.5672%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 292,497	\$ 148,162	\$ 222,006
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 229,431	\$ 222,683	\$ 218,323
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as			
a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	127.5%	66.5%	101.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.8%	87.6%	80.4%

^{*}Amounts presented above were determined as of June 30, 2015. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes in assumptions: At June 30, 2015, the plan's long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was 7.70%, which was a decrease of 0.05% from the long-term expected rate of return by the election of the Board of Retirement. In future fiscal years the investment rate of return will be reduced by 0.05% until the rate reaches 7.00%.

Tulare County Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

			Α	ctuarial	U	nfunded				UAAL/S
	A	ctuarial	A	Accrued	Actua	rial Accrued				as a % of
Actuarial	Ţ	/alue of	Liab	ility (AAL)) Liabili	ity/(Surplus)		(Covered	Covered
Valuation		Assets	E	ntry Age	(U	(AAL/S)	Funded		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(A)		(B)		(B-A)	Ratio (A/B)	(C)		(B-A)/C
6/30/2006	\$	-	\$	13,744	\$	13,744	0.00%	\$	194,399	7.07%
6/30/2008		-		12,411		12,411	0.00%		214,673	5.78%
6/30/2010		-		12,596		12,596	0.00%		205,008	6.14%
6/30/2012		-		25,597		25,597	0.00%		204,009	12.55%
6/30/2014	*	-		4,350		4,350	0.00%		205,198	2.12%

^{*} Data provided by Bartel Associates, LLC. "County of Tulare Retiree Healthcare Plan Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2014"

Note to Required Supplementary Information

1. The OPEB schedule presented relates solely to the County.

This page intentionally left blank.



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Total Special Revenue Funds		Total Debt Service Fund		Total Capital Projects Fund		Gov	l Nonmajor rernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash in banks	\$	3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3
Investment in treasury pool		49,336		226		27,778		77,340
Imprest cash		1		-		-		1
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Accounts		2,561		-		-		2,561
Due from other funds		2,432		=		3,008		5,440
Due from other governments		16,381		-		-		16,381
Prepaid items		529		-		-		529
Notes receivable		16,855		-		-		16,855
Inventories		143		-		-		143
Total assets	\$	88,241	\$	226	\$	30,786	\$	119,253
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	3,853	\$	-	\$	1,465	\$	5,318
Due to other funds		352		-		-		352
Due to other governments		2,554		-		279		2,833
Salaries and benefits payable		1,910		-		17		1,927
Advances		2,744		-		-		2,744
Advances from other funds		220		-		-		220
Total liabilities		11,633				1,761		13,394
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		18,543		-		-		18,543
Total deferred inflows of resources		18,543				-		18,543
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		672		_		-		672
Restricted		56,195		_		_		56,195
Committed		-		_		7,145		7,145
Assigned		1,198		226		21,880		23,304
Total fund balances		58,065		226		29,025		87,316
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	88,241	\$	226	\$	30,786	\$	119,253

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Total Special Revenue Funds			tal Debt rice Fund	Total Capital Projects Fund		Gov	l Nonmajor rernmental Funds
REVENUES	œ.	22.020	¢.		¢.		e.	22.020
Taxes and special assessments	\$	32,839	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,839
Licenses and permits		14		1 240		-		14
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		895		1,348		- 11		2,243
Interest, rents and concessions		1,316		105		11		1,432
Intergovernmental revenues		60,413		-		-		60,413
Charges for services		4,135		-		-		4,135
Other revenues		4,568		1 452		65		4,633
Total revenues		104,180		1,453		76		105,709
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		26		-		2,409		2,435
Public protection		29,062		-		1,049		30,111
Public ways and facilities		31,098		-		-		31,098
Health and sanitation		2		-		-		2
Public assistance		11,383		-		-		11,383
Education		4,157		-		-		4,157
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		481		-		481
Interest and fiscal charges		-		144		-		144
Capital outlay		16,618		-		21,052		37,670
Total expenditures		92,346		625		24,510		117,481
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		11,834		828		(24,434)		(11,772)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		17,910		4,010		29,298		51,218
Transfers (out)		(25,168)		(12,012)		(130)		(37,310)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,258)		(8,002)		29,168		13,908
		(1,===)		(=,==)				,,
Net change in fund balances		4,576		(7,174)		4,734		2,136
Fund balances - beginning		53,437		7,400		24,284		85,121
Prior period adjustment		52				7		59
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		53,489		7,400		24,291		85,180
Fund balances - ending	\$	58,065	\$	226	\$	29,025	\$	87,316

This page intentionally left blank.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Indigent Health Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies paid to hospitals and doctors for services rendered to individuals who cannot pay. This fund was established in 1989-90 to receive the County's share of Proposition 99 monies per Assembly Bill (AB) 75. The primary source of revenue are tobacco taxes.

Redevelopment Successor Agency (RDA) Housing Fund - The Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency Housing Fund was created on February 1, 2012, pursuant to the provisions of the Redevelopment Restructuring Act. Under this act, the County elected to assume the housing functions and take over the housing assets of the former RDA, along with the related rights, powers, liabilities, duties, and obligations. The primary source of revenue are property taxes.

<u>Library Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for informational, cultural, and recreational services to the public through library outlets. The primary sources of revenue are charges for services, ad valorem property taxes, and state funds.

Fish and Game Fund - This fund is used to account for improving the habitat for wildlife propagation and for incidental administrative matters. The primary source of revenues are the County's share of fines levied for violations of fish and game laws within its boundaries.

<u>Aviation Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for aviation services to the public and governmental agencies. The primary source of revenue are aircraft taxes.

Structural Fire Fund - This fund is used to account for public structural fire protection. The primary sources of revenue are charges for services, ad valorem property taxes, and state funds.

Roads Fund - This fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services to other governmental units and the public. The primary sources of revenue are the County's share of state highway users taxes, Transportation Development Act and Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act revenues.

<u>Workforce Investment Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for services providing training and employment opportunities for the public. The primary sources of revenue are state and federal grants.

<u>Child Support Services Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the costs of administering child support services to families in the County. The primary source of revenue is charges for services.

<u>Mental Health Realignment Fund</u> - This state mandated fund was established to account for the County match, sales tax revenues, and transfers to/from the General Fund for certain mental health program expenditures. The primary sources of revenue are state funds.

<u>Health Realignment Fund</u> - This state mandated fund was established to account for the County match, sales tax revenues, and transfers to/from the General Fund for certain health program expenditures. The primary sources of revenue are state funds.

<u>Tobacco Settlement Fund</u> - This fund was established to receive the County's share of the Tobacco Settlement litigation proceeds. The primary source of revenue are tobacco taxes.

<u>Flood Control Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for flood control services provided in the County. The primary sources of revenue are ad valorem property taxes, assessments, and state funds.

<u>Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund</u> - This fund was set up to collect and recycle repayment of CDBG loan funds. The primary sources of revenue are federal grants.

HOME Program Fund - This fund is used to collect and recycle repayment of home loan funds. The primary sources of revenue are federal grants.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Indio	ent Health	Succes	velopment sor Agency ousing	ī	ibrary	Fish a	nd Game
ASSETS	mange	11041111		ouomg		order y	1 1011 4	ila Gaine
Cash in banks	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Investment in treasury pool		957		32		1,740		14
Imprest cash		_		_		1		_
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Accounts		_		_		_		_
Due from other funds		1		-		175		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		529		-
Notes receivable		-		1,927		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	958	\$	1,959	\$	2,445	\$	14
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	862	\$	-	\$	30	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		105		-
Advances		-		1,927		-		-
Advances from other funds		-				-		
Total liabilities		862		1,927		135		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - special assessments								
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-					
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		529		-
Restricted		89		32		1,660		-
Assigned		7				121		14
Total fund balances		96		32		2,310		14
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	958	\$	1,959	\$	2,445	\$	14
							Co	ontinued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

ACCEPTED	Av	iation	Struc	ctural Fire		Roads		orkforce estment
ASSETS	¢.		e.	2	e.	1	¢.	
Cash in banks	\$	10	\$	2	\$	17.702	\$	
Investment in treasury pool		18		1,655		17,702		541
Imprest cash Penginghla (not of allowance for uncellectibles)		-		-		-		-
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		41		4.5				
Accounts		41		45		6		- 11
Due from other funds		160		337		1,793		11
Due from other governments		169		33		15,627		9
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		143		
Total assets	\$	228	\$	2,072	\$	35,272	\$	561
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	75	\$	117	\$	2,049	\$	463
Due to other funds		-		_		352		-
Due to other governments		-		-		2,554		-
Salaries and benefits payable		_		749		494		82
Advances		_		_		16		-
Advances from other funds		120		_		-		-
Total liabilities		195		866		5,465		545
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - special assessments								
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		143		-
Restricted		33		1,206		29,148		-
Assigned						516		16
Total fund balances		33		1,206		29,807		16
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	228	\$	2,072	\$	35,272	\$	561
			_				С	ontinued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	d Support ervices	tal Health lignment		Health alignment	S	Tobacco Settlement
ASSETS						
Cash in banks	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Investment in treasury pool	3,288	6,576		11,130		-
Imprest cash	=	=		-		-
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Accounts						2.460
Due from other funds	114	-		-		2,469
		-		-		-
Due from other governments	532	=		-		-
Prepaid items Notes receivable	=	=		-		-
Inventories	-	-		-		-
Total assets	\$ 3,934	\$ 6,576	\$	11,130	\$	2,469
Total assets	\$ 3,934	\$ 0,370	3	11,130	Ф	2,409
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 245	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_
Due to other funds	-	-		-		-
Due to other governments	-	-		-		_
Salaries and benefits payable	480	-		-		_
Advances	769	_		_		-
Advances from other funds	-	_		_		-
Total liabilities	1,494	_		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	 -	 -				2,469
Total deferred inflows of resources						2,469
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	-	-		-		-
Restricted	2,440	6,576		11,130		-
Assigned	 _	 		-		
Total fund balances	 2,440	 6,576		11,130		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,934	\$ 6,576	\$	11,130	\$	2,469
	 					Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Floo	d Control	Community Development Block Grant	HOME Prograr		Total Special Levenue Funds
ASSETS	1100	d Control	Diock Grant	TIONIL TIOGRA		tevenue i unus
Cash in banks	\$	_	\$ -	S	- \$	3
Investment in treasury pool	•	4,357	766	560)	49,336
Imprest cash		-	-		-	1
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)						
Accounts		-	-		-	2,561
Due from other funds		1	-		-	2,432
Due from other governments		-	11		-	16,381
Prepaid items		-	-		-	529
Notes receivable		-	4,284	10,644	4	16,855
Inventories		-	-		-	143
Total assets	\$	4,358	\$ 5,061	\$ 11,204	4 \$	88,241
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	12	\$ -	\$	- \$	3,853
Due to other funds		-	-		-	352
Due to other governments		-	-		-	2,554
Salaries and benefits payable		-	-		-	1,910
Advances		-	-	32	2	2,744
Advances from other funds		-	100			220
Total liabilities		12	100	32	2	11,633
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			4.006	11.17		10.542
Unavailable revenue - special assessments			4,906			18,543
Total deferred inflows of resources			4,906	11,168	<u> </u>	18,543
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-	-		-	672
Restricted		3,878	3		-	56,195
Assigned		468	52		4	1,198
Total fund balances		4,346	55		4	58,065
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	4,358	\$ 5,061	\$ 11,204	4 \$	88,241
						Concluded

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Indigent Health	Redevelopment Successor Agency Housing	Library	Fish and Game
REVENUES				
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,118	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	886	-	-	9
Interest, rents and concessions	22	-	25	-
Intergovernmental revenues	150	-	101	-
Charges for services	-	-	150	-
Other revenues	41	2	25	
Total revenues	1,099	2	4,419	9
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public protection	-	-	-	7
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-
Health and sanitation	2	-	-	-
Public assistance	1,078	-	1	-
Education	-	-	4,157	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,080	-	4,158	7
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	19	2	261	2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2	-	_	-
Transfers (out)	_	_	(200)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	2		(200)	
Net change in fund balances	21	2	61	2
Fund balances - beginning	74	30	2,074	12
Prior period adjustment	1	-	175	-
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	75	30	2,249	12
Fund balances - ending	\$ 96	\$ 32	\$ 2,310	\$ 14
				Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	A	viation	Stru	ctural Fire	Roads		rkforce estment
REVENUES						·	
Taxes and special assessments	\$	-	\$	8,370	\$ 19,760	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		14	-		-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-		-	-		-
Interest, rents and concessions		7		58	342		706
Intergovernmental revenues		169		1,055	22,951		6,574
Charges for services		-		362	3,039		584
Other revenues		-		79	94		513
Total revenues		176		9,938	 46,186		8,377
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Public protection		-		15,539	-		-
Public ways and facilities		194		-	30,889		-
Health and sanitation		-		-	-		-
Public assistance		-		-	-		10,188
Education		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay				1,371	15,229		-
Total expenditures		194		16,910	 46,118		10,188
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(18)		(6,972)	 68		(1,811)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		5,765	_		1,814
Transfers (out)		-		_	(7)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		5,765	(7)		1,814
Net change in fund balances		(18)		(1,207)	61		3
Fund balances - beginning		51		2,076	30,333		2
Prior period adjustment				337	 (587)		11
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		51		2,413	29,746		13
Fund balances - ending	\$	33	\$	1,206	\$ 29,807	\$	16
						С	ontinued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Child Support Services	Mental Health Realignment	Health Realignment	Tobacco Settlement
REVENUES				
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-
Interest, rents and concessions	67	-	1	-
Intergovernmental revenues	12,810	16,123	281	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	3			3,811
Total revenues	12,880	16,123	282	3,811
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public protection	13,048	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-
Health and sanitation	-	-	-	-
Public assistance	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	18			
Total expenditures	13,066			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(186)	16,123	282	3,811
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2	683	9,615	-
Transfers (out)	-	(14,732)	(6,385)	(3,811)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2	(14,049)	3,230	(3,811)
Net change in fund balances	(184)	2,074	3,512	-
Fund balances - beginning	2,510	4,502	7,618	-
Prior period adjustment	114			
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	2,624	4,502	7,618	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,440	\$ 6,576	\$ 11,130	\$ -
				Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Flood	l Control	Community Developme Block Gran	nt	HOME Program			al Special nue Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments	\$	591	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,839
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		14
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-		-		-		895
Interest, rents and concessions		77		7	4	4		1,316
Intergovernmental revenues		94	1	05		-		60,413
Charges for services		-		-		-		4,135
Other revenues		-		-		-		4,568
Total revenues		762	1	12	4	4		104,180
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		16		10		-		26
Public protection		468		-		-		29,062
Public ways and facilities		15		-		-		31,098
Health and sanitation		-		-		-		2
Public assistance		-	1	16		-		11,383
Education		-		-		-		4,157
Capital outlay		-		-		-		16,618
Total expenditures		499	1	26		Ξ.		92,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		263		(14)		4		11,834
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		6		23		-		17,910
Transfers (out)		-	((33)		-		(25,168)
Total other financing sources (uses)		6		(10)		Ξ.		(7,258)
Net change in fund balances		269		(24)	4	4		4,576
Fund balances - beginning		4,076		79		-		53,437
Prior period adjustment		1						52
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		4,077		79				53,489
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,346	\$	55	\$	4	\$	58,065
							С	oncluded

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Indigent Health Fund**

REVENUES Final Actual Variance with Final Budget Final Budget Fines, forfeitures and penalties \$ 1,038 \$ 1,038 \$ 886 \$ (152) Interest, rents and concessions 39 39 22 (17) Intergovernmental revenues 177 177 150 (27) Other revenues 24 24 41 17 Total revenues 1,278 1,278 1,099 (179) EXPENDITURES Total revenues 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) 10) 19 29 2 7 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 9 9 9 2 7 Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 1 2 2 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 -7			Budgeted	Amou	nts			
Fines, forfeitures and penalties \$ 1,038 \$ 1,038 \$ 886 \$ (152) Interest, rents and concessions 39 39 22 (17) Intergovernmental revenues 177 177 150 (27) Other revenues 24 24 41 17 Total revenues 1,278 1,278 1,099 (179) EXPENDITURES Current: Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1 19 29 Transfers in 9 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - -		0	riginal		Final	A	ctual	
Interest, rents and concessions 39 39 22 (17) Intergovernmental revenues 177 177 150 (27) Other revenues 24 24 41 17 Total revenues 1,278 1,278 1,099 (179) EXPENDITURES Current: Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 0 (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 9 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - - <th>REVENUES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues 177 177 150 (27) Other revenues 24 24 41 17 Total revenues 1,278 1,278 1,099 (179) EXPENDITURES Current: 8 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - - - 1 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	1,038	\$	1,038	\$	886	\$ (152)
Other revenues 24 24 41 17 Total revenues 1,278 1,278 1,099 (179) EXPENDITURES Current: Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - - - 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Interest, rents and concessions		39		39		22	(17)
Total revenues 1,278 1,278 1,099 (179) EXPENDITURES Current: Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - - - 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Intergovernmental revenues		177		177		150	(27)
Current: Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 74 Prior period adjustment 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Other revenues		24		24		41	17
Current: Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - - 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Total revenues		1,278		1,278		1,099	(179)
Health and sanitation 29 29 2 27 Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 9 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment Prior Prior period adjustment Prior Pri	EXPENDITURES							
Public assistance 1,259 1,259 1,078 181 Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 9 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - - 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Current:							
Total expenditures 1,288 1,288 1,080 208 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 74 74 74 74 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Health and sanitation		29		29		2	27
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 9 9 9 2 (7) Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Public assistance		1,259		1,259		1,078	 181
over (under) expenditures (10) (10) 19 29 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment Prior period adjustment Prior beginning, as restated 74 74 74 75 1	Total expenditures		1,288		1,288		1,080	208
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment Prior period adjustment	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 74 75 1	over (under) expenditures		(10)		(10)		19	 29
Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment Prior period adjustment Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 74 75 1	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Total other financing sources (uses) 9 9 2 (7) Net change in fund balance (1) (1) 21 22 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment Prior period adjustment	Transfers in		9		9		2	(7)
Fund balances - beginning 74 74 74 - Prior period adjustment - - 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Total other financing sources (uses)		9		9		2	
Prior period adjustment 1 1 1 Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Net change in fund balance		(1)		(1)		21	22
Fund balances - beginning, as restated 74 74 75 1	Fund balances - beginning		74		74		74	-
	Prior period adjustment				<u>-</u>		1	1_
Fund balances - ending \$ 73 \$ 73 \$ 96 \$ 23	Fund balances - beginning, as restated		74		74		75	1
	Fund balances - ending	\$	73	\$	73	\$	96	\$ 23

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **RDA Successor Agency Housing Fund**

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Ori	ginal	F	inal	Ac	ctual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-	\$	(1)
Other revenues		-		-		2		2
Total revenues		1		1		2		1
EXPENDITURES								
Total expenditures				-				-
Net change in fund balance		1		1		2		1
Fund balances - beginning		30		30		30		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	31	\$	31	\$	32	\$	1

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Library Fund**

	Budgeted	Amour	nts			
	Original		Final	1	Actual	 nce with Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 3,961	\$	3,961	\$	4,118	\$ 157
Interest, rents and concessions	12		12		25	13
Intergovernmental revenues	85		84		101	17
Charges for services	175		175		150	(25)
Other revenues	58		58		25	(33)
Total revenues	4,291		4,290		4,419	 129
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public assistance	1		-		1	(1)
Education	4,580		4,580		4,157	423
Capital outlay	15		15		-	15
Total expenditures	4,596		4,595		4,158	 437
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (305)		(305)		261	566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (out)	(200)		(200)		(200)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(200)		(200)		(200)	-
Net change in fund balance	(505)		(505)		61	566
Fund balances - beginning	2,074		2,074		2,074	-
Prior period adjustment	-		-		175	175
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	2,074		2,074		2,249	175
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,569	\$	1,569	\$	2,310	\$ 741

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fish and Game Fund

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts				
	Or	iginal	F	inal	Act	ual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9	\$	9
Total revenues				-		9		9
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public protection		11		11		7		4
Total expenditures		11		11		7		4
Net change in fund balance		(11)		(11)		2		13
Fund balances - beginning		12		12		12		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	1	\$	1	\$	14	\$	13

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Aviation Fund**

		Budgeted	Amour	nts		
	Or	iginal	I	Final	Actual	 nce with Budget
REVENUES						
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	6	\$	6	\$ 7	\$ 1
Intergovernmental revenues		158		158	169	11
Total revenues		164		164	176	12
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		65		50	194	(144)
Capital outlay		152		167	-	167
Total expenditures		217		217	194	23
Net change in fund balance		(53)		(53)	(18)	35
Fund balances - beginning		51		51	51	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	(2)	\$	(2)	\$ 33	\$ 35

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Structural Fire Fund**

Licenses and permits 15 15 14 Interest, rents and concessions 45 45 58 Intergovernmental revenues 877 772 1,055 Charges for services 455 367 362 Other revenues 84 65 79 Total revenues 9,508 9,296 9,938 EXPENDITURES Current: Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 37 37 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 37 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) 6 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - 337		Budgeted	Amou	ints		
Taxes and special assessments \$ 8,032 \$ 8,032 \$ 8,370 \$ 14 Licenses and permits 15 15 14 Interest, rents and concessions 45 45 58 Intergovernmental revenues 877 772 1,055 2 Charges for services 455 367 362 36		Original		Final	 Actual	
Licenses and permits 15 15 14 Interest, rents and concessions 45 45 58 Intergovernmental revenues 877 772 1,055 2 Charges for services 455 367 362 Other revenues 84 65 79 Total revenues 9,508 9,296 9,938 EXPENDITURES Current: Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (2 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) 0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 0 Fund balances - beginning 2,076 2,076 2,076 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th> </th> <th></th>					 	
Interest, rents and concessions	-	\$	\$	8,032	\$ 8,370	\$ 338
Intergovernmental revenues	•					(1)
Charges for services 455 367 362 Other revenues 84 65 79 Total revenues 9,508 9,296 9,938 EXPENDITURES Current: Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (7 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - 337	Interest, rents and concessions	45		45	58	13
Other revenues 84 65 79 Total revenues 9,508 9,296 9,938 EXPENDITURES Current: Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Public protection 1,080 1,105 1,371 (2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (3 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) 6 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 6 Fund balances - beginning 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - 337 2		877		772	1,055	283
Total revenues 9,508 9,296 9,938 EXPENDITURES Current: 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (3 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) 0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,766 5,761 5,765 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 0 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 2,076	Charges for services	455		367	362	(5)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public protection	Other revenues	84		65	79	14
Current: Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (2 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 0 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 2,076	Total revenues	9,508		9,296	9,938	642
Public protection 16,014 15,769 15,539 2 Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (2 Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 0 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - 337 2	EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (2) Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 0 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 2,076	Current:					
Capital outlay 1,080 1,105 1,371 (2) Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) 0 Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 2,076	Public protection	16,014		15,769	15,539	230
Total expenditures 17,094 16,874 16,910 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076	•	1,080		1,105	1,371	(266)
over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - - 337 337	•	17,094		16,874		(36)
over (under) expenditures (7,586) (7,578) (6,972) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - - 337 337	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - - 337 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(7,586)		(7,578)	(6,972)	606
Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning Prior period adjustment 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - - 337 2	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Total other financing sources (uses) 5,766 5,761 5,765 Net change in fund balance (1,820) (1,817) (1,207) Fund balances - beginning 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - - 337		5,766		5,761	5,765	4
Fund balances - beginning 2,076 2,076 2,076 Prior period adjustment - - - 337 337	Total other financing sources (uses)					4
Prior period adjustment 337	Net change in fund balance	(1,820)		(1,817)	(1,207)	610
Prior period adjustment 337	Fund balances - beginning	2,076		2,076	2,076	-
. ,	5 5			-	,	337
	Fund balances - beginning, as restated	2,076		2,076	 2,413	337
	G G.	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 947

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Roads Fund**

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		
	 Original		Final	Actual	iance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 29,627	\$	29,627	\$ 19,760	\$ (9,867)
Licenses and permits	5		5	-	(5)
Interest, rents and concessions	102		102	342	240
Intergovernmental revenues	26,927		26,927	22,951	(3,976)
Charges for services	2,117		1,985	3,039	1,054
Other revenues	26		13	94	81
Total revenues	58,804		58,659	46,186	(12,473)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	71,861		71,995	30,889	41,106
Capital outlay	13,584		13,306	15,229	(1,923)
Total expenditures	85,445		85,301	46,118	39,183
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (26,641)		(26,642)	68	26,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	361		361	-	(361)
Transfers (out)	(1)		-	(7)	(7)
Total other financing sources (uses)	360		361	(7)	(368)
Net change in fund balance	(26,281)		(26,281)	61	26,342
Fund balances - beginning	30,333		30,333	30,333	-
Prior period adjustment	-		-	(587)	(587)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	30,333		30,333	29,746	(587)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,052	\$	4,052	\$ 29,807	\$ 25,755

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Workforce Investment Fund**

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Variance with	
	C	riginal		Final	A	Actual		ance with I Budget
REVENUES								
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	594	\$	594	\$	706	\$	112
Intergovernmental revenues		8,034		8,020		6,574		(1,446)
Charges for services		607		607		584		(23)
Other revenues		46		46		513		467
Total revenues		9,281		9,267		8,377		(890)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public assistance		12,168		10,317		10,188		129
Total expenditures		12,168		10,317		10,188		129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(2,887)		(1,050)		(1,811)		(761)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		2,895		1,057		1,814		757
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,895		1,057		1,814		757
Net change in fund balance		8		7		3		(4)
Fund balances - beginning		2		2		2		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		11		11
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		2		2		13		11
Fund balances - ending	\$	10	\$	9	\$	16	\$	7

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Child Support Services Fund**

	 Budgeted	Amou	unts		
	Original		Final	Actual	ance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Interest, rents and concessions	\$ 46	\$	46	\$ 67	\$ 21
Intergovernmental revenues	16,232		16,232	12,810	(3,422)
Other revenues	 2		2	 3	 1
Total revenues	16,280		16,280	12,880	(3,400)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public protection	16,207		16,227	13,048	3,179
Capital outlay	81		61	18	43
Total expenditures	16,288		16,288	13,066	3,222
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(8)		(8)	(186)	(178)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	7		7	2	(5)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7		7	2	(5)
Net change in fund balance	(1)		(1)	(184)	(183)
Fund balances - beginning	2,510		2,510	2,510	-
Prior period adjustment	-		-	114	114
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	2,510		2,510	2,624	114
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,509	\$	2,509	\$ 2,440	\$ (69)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Mental Health Realignment Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	unts			
	Original Final		Actual		ance with 1 Budget		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	14,998	\$	14,998	\$ 16,123	\$	1,125
Total revenues		14,998		14,998	16,123		1,125
EXPENDITURES							
Total expenditures		-			-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		14,998		14,998	16,123		1,125
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		831		831	683		(148)
Transfers (out)		(17,534)		(17,534)	(14,732)		2,802
Total other financing sources (uses)		(16,703)		(16,703)	(14,049)		2,654
Net change in fund balance		(1,705)		(1,705)	2,074		3,779
Fund balances - beginning		4,502		4,502	4,502		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,797	\$	2,797	\$ 6,576	\$	3,779

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Health Realignment Fund**

		Budgeted	Amou					
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								-
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1
Intergovernmental revenues						281		281
Total revenues		-		-		282		282
EXPENDITURES								
Total expenditures		-				-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures						282		282
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		8,681		8,681		9,615		934
Transfers (out)		(8,589)		(8,589)		(6,385)		2,204
Total other financing sources (uses)		92		92		3,230		3,138
Net change in fund balance		92		92		3,512		3,420
Fund balances - beginning		7,618		7,618		7,618		_
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,710	\$	7,710	\$	11,130	\$	3,420

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Tobacco Settlement Fund**

		Budgeted	Amou	nts				
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Other revenues	\$	4,878	\$	4,878	\$	3,811	\$	(1,067)
Total revenues		4,878		4,878		3,811		(1,067)
EXPENDITURES								
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		4,878		4,878		3,811		(1.067)
over (under) expenditures		4,676		4,676		3,811		(1,067)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers (out)		(4,878)		(4,878)		(3,811)		1,067
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,878)		(4,878)		(3,811)		1,067
Fund balances - beginning	_	-						-
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Flood Control Fund**

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual		ance with l Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments	\$	485	\$	485	\$	591	\$	106
Interest, rents and concessions		36		36		77		41
Intergovernmental revenues		53		53		94		41
Total revenues		574		574		762		188
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		19		19		16		3
Public protection		3,820		3,819		468		3,351
Public ways and facilities		25		25		15		10
Total expenditures		3,864		3,863		499		3,364
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(3,290)		(3,289)		263		3,552
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1		1		6		5
Total other financing sources (uses)		1		1		6		5
Net change in fund balance		(3,289)		(3,288)		269		3,557
Fund balances - beginning		4,076		4,076		4,076		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		1		1
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		4,076		4,076		4,077		1
Fund balances - ending	\$	787	\$	788	\$	4,346	\$	3,558

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Community Development Block Grant Fund** For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Budg	geted Amo		**	
	Original	l	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	- \$	-	\$ 7	\$ 7
Intergovernmental revenues	4,0	000	2,000	105	(1,895)
Total revenues	4,0	000	2,000	112	(1,888)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		80	80	10	70
Public assistance	4,1	30	2,130	116	2,014
Capital outlay	2	285	285		285
Total expenditures	4,4	195	2,495	126	2,369
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(4	195)	(495)	(14)	481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	4	194	494	23	(471)
Transfers (out)		-	-	(33)	(33)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4	194	494	(10)	(504)
Net change in fund balance		(1)	(1)	(24)	(23)
Fund balances - beginning		79	79	79	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	78 \$	78	\$ 55	\$ (23)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **HOME Program Fund**

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Fi	Final		tual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Interest, rents and concessions Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	4	\$	4
EXPENDITURES Total expenditures								_
Net change in fund balance		-		-		4		4
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	- 4

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest from governmental sources when the government is obligated in some manner for the payment.

<u>Building Loans Fund</u> - This fund receives transfers of resources from County building occupants for the payment of the County's lease obligations to Public Facilities Corporation (PFC).

Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	ilding oans
ASSETS	 ouris
Investment in treasury pool	\$ 226
Total assets	\$ 226
LIABILITIES Total liabilities	\$ <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE	
Assigned	226
Total fund balance	226
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 226

Debt Service Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	building Loans
REVENUES	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$ 1,348
Interest, rents and concessions	105
Total revenues	1,453
EXPENDITURES	
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	481
Interest and fiscal charges	144
Total expenditures	625
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures	 828
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in	4,010
Transfers (out)	(12,012)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,002)
Net change in fund balance	(7,174)
Fund balance - beginning	7,400
Fund balance - ending	\$ 226

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts						. .	1.1
	Or	iginal		Final		Actual		ance with I Budget
REVENUES								
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	31	\$	31	\$	1,348	\$	1,317
Interest, rents and concessions	_	105		105		105		-
Total revenues		136		136		1,453		1,317
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		481		481		481		-
Interest and fiscal charges		248		248		144		104
Total expenditures		729		729		625		104
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(593)		(593)		828		1,421
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		5,260		5,260		4,010		(1,250)
Transfers (out)		(12,037)		(12,037)		(12,012)		25
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,777)		(6,777)		(8,002)		(1,225)
Net change in fund balances		(7,370)		(7,370)		(7,174)		196
Fund balances - beginning		7,400		7,400		7,400		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	30	\$	30	\$	226	\$	196

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund is used to finance the acquisition and construction of public buildings, including major maintenance and improvements. Revenues are obtained from state funding and from other funds when allocated by the Board. There are no combining statements because the County uses one capital projects fund, which is reported on the nonmajor combining financial statements.

Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Capital Projects			
ASSETS				
Investment in treasury pool	\$	27,778		
Due from other funds		3,008		
Total assets	\$	30,786		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	1,465		
Due to other governments		279		
Salaries and benefits payable		17		
Total liabilities		1,761		
FUND BALANCE				
Committed		7,145		
Assigned		21,880		
Total fund balance		29,025		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	30,786		

Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Projec	cts
REVENUES	
Interest, rents and concessions \$	11
Other revenues	65
Total revenues	76
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General government	2,409
Public protection	1,049
Capital outlay 2	1,052
Total expenditures 2	4,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	4.424)
over (under) expenditures (2	4,434)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in 2	9,298
Transfers (out)	(130)
Total other financing sources (uses) 2	9,168
Net change in fund balance	4,734
Fund balance - beginning 2	4,284
Prior period adjustment	7
Fund balance - beginning, as restated 2	4,291
Fund balance - ending \$ 2	9,025

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	C	riginal	Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Interest, rents and concessions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11	\$	11
Intergovernmental revenues		9,000		9,000		-		(9,000)
Other revenues		358		-		65		65
Total revenues		9,358		9,000		76		(8,924)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		997		764		2,409		(1,645)
Public protection		3,578		3,567		1,049		2,518
Capital outlay		63,414		62,801		21,052		41,749
Total expenditures		67,989		67,132		24,510		42,622
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(58,631)		(58,132)		(24,434)		33,698
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		34,990		34,331		29,298		(5,033)
Transfers (out)		(164)		-		(130)		(130)
Total other financing sources (uses)		34,826		34,331		29,168		(5,163)
Net change in fund balances		(23,805)		(23,801)		4,734		28,535
Fund balances - beginning		24,284		24,284		24,284		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		7		7
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		24,284		24,284		24,291		7
Fund balances - ending	\$	479	\$	483	\$	29,025	\$	28,542

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the Board is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the Board has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

<u>Transit Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of a rural transit system and transit related projects.

<u>Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and development of the Terra Bella Sanitation District governed by the Board.

<u>Assessment Districts Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the costs of maintenance and improvement of the Landscaping Assessment Districts.

<u>County Service Area Funds (#1 and #2)</u> - These funds are used to account for the development, operation, and maintenance of clean and safe drinking water systems in rural communities of the County.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Transit	Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District	Assessment Districts
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash in banks	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ -
Investment in treasury pool	10,637	860	733
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	3	61	-
Due from other funds	354	-	-
Due from other governments	393		
Total current assets	11,391	923	733
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets	_	_	_
Capital assets:			
Land	-	68	-
Buildings and improvements, net	140	840	-
Equipment and vehicles, net	1,368	-	-
Construction in progress	204		
Total capital assets	1,712	908	
Total noncurrent assets	1,712	908	
Total assets	13,103	1,831	733
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	31	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	31	-	-
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	313	5	-
Deposits from others	_	_	8
Salaries and benefits payable	27	_	_
Compensated absences payable	4	-	-
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable	-	25	-
Total current liabilities	344	30	8
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Advances	8,235	_	_
Advances from other funds	-	_	_
Bonds payable	_	-	-
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable	_	681	_
Net pension liability	130	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,365	681	-
Total liabilities	8,709	711	8
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	1	_	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	1	-	-
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,712	202	_
Restricted for:	-,, -2		
Landfill ground water contingencies	_	_	_
Unrestricted	2,712	918	725
Total net position	\$ 4,424	\$ 1,120	\$ 725
			Continued

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position (continued) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	County Service Area #1	Service Area Service Area	
ASSETS			
Current assets:	\$ 2	s -	\$ 8
Cash in banks	\$ 2 363	81	\$ 8 12,674
Investment in treasury pool Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	104	8	176
Due from other funds	104	-	354
Due from other junus Due from other governments	53	6	452
Total current assets	522	95	13,664
Total current assets	322		15,004
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets	_	16	16
Capital assets:			10
Land	503	41	612
Buildings and improvements, net	2,351	240	3,571
Equipment and vehicles, net	_,=====================================		1,368
Construction in progress	_	-	204
Total capital assets	2,854	281	5,755
Total noncurrent assets	2,854	297	5,771
Total assets	3,376	392	19,435
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	-	-	31
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	31
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	63	7	388
Deposits from others	-	-	8
Salaries and benefits payable	-	-	27
Compensated absences payable	-	-	4
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable	18	1	44
Total current liabilities	81	8	471
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Advances	-	-	8,235
Advances from other funds	783	156	939
Bonds payable	5	- 24	5
Certificates of participation (COPs) payable	477	34	1,192
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	1 265	190	130
Total liabilities	1,265	198	10,501
Total habilities	1,340	196	10,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pensions	_		1
Total deferred inflows of resources			1
Total deletted lilllows of resources			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,354	246	4,514
Restricted for:	2,554	2.10	1,517
Landfill ground water contingencies	_	16	16
Unrestricted	(324)	(68)	3,963
Total net position	\$ 2,030	\$ 194	\$ 8,493
•			Concluded

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	T	Transit		Transit		Terra Bella Sewer Maintenance District		Assessment Districts	
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	404	\$	143	\$	121			
Interest, rents and concessions		-		-		-			
Other revenues		25		-					
Total operating revenues		429		143		121			
Operating expenses:									
Salaries and benefits		223		-		-			
Services and supplies		2,693		127		17			
Depreciation		538		53		_			
Total operating expenses		3,454		180		17			
Operating income (loss)		(3,025)		(37)		104			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Intergovernmental revenues		288		-		-			
Penalties collected		-		1		_			
Taxes and special assessments		2,667		38		_			
Investment earnings (expenses)		142		16		7			
Interest expense		_		(33)		_			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,097		22	•	7			
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		72		(15)		111			
Transfers (out)		_		_		(3)			
Change in net position		72		(15)		108			
Net position - beginning		4,350		1,135		617			
Prior period adjustment		2		· -		_			
Net position - beginning, as restated		4,352		1,135		617			
Net position - ending	\$	4,424	\$	1,120	\$	725			
						ontinued			

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Servi	County County Service Area Service A		e Area	No En	Total onmajor terprise Funds
Operating revenues:	•	511	•	65	Ф	1 2 4 4
Charges for services	\$	511	\$	65	\$	1,244
Interest, rents and concessions		3		-		3
Other revenues				2		27
Total operating revenues		514		67		1,274
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		-		-		223
Services and supplies		624		109		3,570
Depreciation		165		14		770
Total operating expenses		789		123		4,563
Operating income (loss)		(275)		(56)		(3,289)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		288
Penalties collected		3		-		4
Taxes and special assessments		-		-		2,705
Investment earnings (expenses)		(2)		-		163
Interest expense		(34)		(3)		(70)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(33)	-	(3)		3,090
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(308)		(59)		(199)
Transfers (out)		_		_		(3)
Change in net position	-	(308)		(59)		(202)
Net position - beginning		2,338		253		8,693
Prior period adjustment		-		-		2
Net position - beginning, as restated		2,338		253		8,695
Net position - ending	\$	2,030	\$	194	\$	8,493
					C	oncluded

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Transit		Ter S Mair Transit D		Assessment Districts	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	381	\$	162	\$	121
Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from rents and concessions		(326)		-		-
Other receipts (payments)		(102)		-		-
Payments to employees		(201)		_		_
Payments to suppliers		(1,666)		(115)		(1)
Payments for interfund services used		(363)		(28)		(16)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(2,277)		19		104
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities		288		_		_
Receipts from taxes and assessments		2,667		39		-
Transfers to other funds				-		(3)
Advance from other funds		-		-		-
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		2,955		39		(3)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Sales of capital assets		(01)		-		-
Purchases of capital assets		(21)		(10)		-
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		-		(19) (33)		-
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities		(21)		(52)		
Net eash (used 101) capital and related inflationing activities		(21)		(32)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						_
Interest and dividends received		142		16		7
Net cash provided by investing activities		142		16		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		799		22		108
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		9,842		840		625
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	10,641	\$	862	\$	733
Displayed as:						
Cash in banks	\$	4	\$	2	\$	_
Investment in treasury pool	Ψ	10,637	Ψ	860	Ψ	733
Restricted assets which are cash equivalents		-		-		-
Total cash displayed	\$	10,641	\$	862	\$	733
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,025)	\$	(37)	\$	104
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		538		53		_
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1)		19		_
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(127)		-		_
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(348)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		664		(16)		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred pension		(47)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		64		-		-
Increase (decrease) in salaries and						
benefits payable and compensated absences		5 7.10		-		
Total adjustments	-	748	•	56 19	ø	104
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	2	(2,277)	\$	19	\$	104
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:						
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
						Continued

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	County Service Area #1		vice Area Service Area		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		500			Φ.	1.050
Receipts from customers and users	\$	522	\$	66	\$	1,252
Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from rents and concessions		3		-		(326)
Other receipts (payments)		<i>3</i>		-		(102)
Payments to employees		_		_		(201)
Payments to suppliers		(452)		(91)		(2,325)
Payments for interfund services used		(129)		(26)		(562)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(56)		(51)		(2,261)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities		_		_		288
Receipts from taxes and assessments		3		_		2,709
Transfers to other funds		_		_		(3)
Advance from other funds		40		40		80
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		43		40		3,074
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Sales of capital assets		10		3		13
Purchases of capital assets		(4)		-		(25)
Principal paid on capital debt		(18)		(1)		(38)
Interest paid on capital debt		(34)		(3)		(70)
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	-	(46)		(1)		(120)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends received		(2)				163
Net cash provided by investing activities		(2)				163
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(61)		(12)		856
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		426		109		11,842
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	365	\$	97	\$	12,698
Displayed ear						
Displayed as: Cash in banks	\$	2	\$	_	\$	8
Investment in treasury pool	Ф	363	J.	81	Ф	12,674
Restricted assets which are cash equivalents		-		16		16
Total cash displayed	\$	365	\$	97	\$	12,698
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(275)	\$	(56)	\$	(3,289)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		165		14		770
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		11		1		30
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		-		(2)		(129)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-		-		(348)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		43		(8)		683
Increase (decrease) in deferred pension		-		-		(47)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		-		-		64
Increase (decrease) in salaries and						_
benefits payable and compensated absences Total adjustments		219		5		1,028
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(56)	\$	(51)	\$	(2,261)
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	(/		<u> </u>	_	
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:					•	
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- Concluded

This page intentionally left blank.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County and to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Insurance Funds</u> - These funds account for the financing of workers' compensation to applicable bargaining units, general liability, property casualty liability, and malpractice insurances. All other insurance functions are accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Central Services Funds</u> - These funds account for central services, such as mailroom, motor pool, print shop, utilities, custodial and maintenance services, data processing, and telecommunications, which are primarily provided to other departments of the County.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

ASSETS Current assets: Investment in treasury pool \$ 26,799 \$ 6,799 \$ 33,598 Imprest cash 500 - 500 Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) - 15 15 Due from other funds - 130 130 Total current assets - 130 130 Noncurrent assets: - 130 130 Advances to other funds 531 - 531 Capital assets: - 2,959 2,959 Construction in progress - 2,252 222 Total capital assets - 3,181 3,712 Total assets - 3,181 3,712 Total capital assets - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,30 3,300 Total assets - 3,30 3,30 Deferred pensions - 3,30 3,30 Total deferred outflows of resources -		Insuranc	Central Insurance Services		Total Intern Service Fund		
Investment in treasury pool	ASSETS						
Imprest cash	Current assets:						
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	Investment in treasury pool	\$ 26,7	799 9	\$ 6,799	\$	33,598	
Due from other funds - 235 235 Due from other governments - 130 130 Total current assets 27,299 7,179 34,478 Noncurrent assets: Security of the property of the prope	Imprest cash	4	500	=		500	
Due from other governments - 130 130 Total current assets 27,299 7,179 34,478 Noncurrent assets - 27,299 7,179 34,478 Noncurrent assets - 531 - 531 Capital assets - 2,959 2,959 2,959 2,020 3,08 3,08 3,08 3,00 3,00 <t< td=""><td>Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>15</td><td></td><td>15</td></t<>	Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-	15		15	
Noncurrent assets 27,299 7,179 34,478	Due from other funds		-	235		235	
Noncurrent assets: Advances to other funds 531 - 531 Capital assets: Equipment and vehicles, net - 2,959 2,959 Construction in progress - 222 222 Total capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable - 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total noncurrent liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 Total terretain in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Due from other governments		-	130		130	
Advances to other funds 531 - 531 Capital assets: - 2,959 2,959 Construction in progress - 2,222 222 Total capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 945 945 Colaims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 <td>Total current assets</td> <td>27,2</td> <td>299</td> <td>7,179</td> <td></td> <td>34,478</td>	Total current assets	27,2	299	7,179		34,478	
Capital assets: Equipment and vehicles, net - 2,959 2,959 Construction in progress - 222 222 Total capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - 3,300 3,300 Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 945 945 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 15,259 40,489 <	Noncurrent assets:						
Equipment and vehicles, net - 2,959 2,959 Construction in progress - 222 222 Total capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - 3,300 3,300 Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - <td>Advances to other funds</td> <td>4</td> <td>531</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>531</td>	Advances to other funds	4	531	-		531	
Construction in progress - 222 222 Total capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 </td <td>Capital assets:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets:						
Total capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 945 945 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 <td< td=""><td>Equipment and vehicles, net</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>2,959</td><td></td><td>2,959</td></td<>	Equipment and vehicles, net		-	2,959		2,959	
Total noncurrent assets 531 3,181 3,712 Total assets 27,830 10,360 38,190 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: - 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Total inoncurrent liabilities <t< td=""><td>Construction in progress</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>222</td><td></td><td>222</td></t<>	Construction in progress		-	222		222	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Total capital assets			3,181		3,181	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Content of the presence of	Total noncurrent assets		531	3,181		3,712	
Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 14,009 14,009 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 <	Total assets	27,8	330	10,360		38,190	
Deferred pensions - 3,300 3,300 Total deferred outflows of resources - 3,300 3,300 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 14,009 14,009 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 <	DEPENDED OVERLOWG OF DEGOVERGE						
LIABILITIES 3,300 3,300 Current liabilities: 3,300 3,300 Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,4009 14,009 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181				2 200		2 200	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 Net prosition Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	-						
Current liabilities: 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 14,009 14,009 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 Net POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Total deferred outflows of resources		<u> </u>	3,300		3,300	
Accounts payable 487 1,647 2,134 Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities: - 1,250 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	LIABILITIES						
Salaries and benefits payable - 945 945 Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Current liabilities:						
Compensated absences payable - 84 84 Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Accounts payable	2	187	1,647		2,134	
Claims payable 6,158 - 6,158 Total current liabilities 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Salaries and benefits payable		-	945		945	
Total current liabilities 6,645 2,676 9,321 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Compensated absences payable		-	84		84	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences payable	Claims payable	6,1	158	-		6,158	
Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Total current liabilities	6,0	545	2,676		9,321	
Compensated absences payable - 1,250 1,250 Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims payable 25,230 - 25,230 Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)			_	1.250		1.250	
Net pension liability - 14,009 14,009 Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	* * *	25.2	230	-,			
Total noncurrent liabilities 25,230 15,259 40,489 Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)		,-	-	14.009			
Total liabilities 31,875 17,935 49,810 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	1	25.2	230				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)							
Deferred pensions - 83 83 Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)				-,,,,,,,,,,		.,,,,,,,	
Total deferred inflows of resources - 83 83 NET POSITION Series of the							
NET POSITION - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	-						
Net investment in capital assets - 3,181 3,181 Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Total deferred inflows of resources			83		83	
Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	NET POSITION						
Unrestricted (4,045) (7,539) (11,584)	Net investment in capital assets		-	3,181		3,181	
Total net position \$ (4,045) \$ (4,358) \$ (8,403)	Unrestricted	(4,0	045)			(11,584)	
	Total net position	\$ (4,0	045)	\$ (4,358)	\$	(8,403)	

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	Ins	surance	Central ervices	Total Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	18,240	\$ 37,787	\$	56,027	
Other revenues		1,784	211		1,995	
Total operating revenues		20,024	 37,998		58,022	
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		-	19,746		19,746	
Services and supplies		9,905	22,747		32,652	
Insurance premiums paid		6,156	-		6,156	
Depreciation		-	478		478	
Claims incurred		25			25	
Total operating expenses		16,086	42,971		59,057	
Operating income (loss)		3,938	(4,973)		(1,035)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental revenues		31	-		31	
Investment earnings		613	26		639	
Interest expense		-	(95)		(95)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		644	(69)		575	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		4,582	(5,042)		(460)	
Capital contributions		_	(692)		(692)	
Transfers in		-	114		114	
Transfers (out)		(500)	(16)		(516)	
Change in net position		4,082	(5,636)		(1,554)	
Net position - beginning		673	1,043		1,716	
Prior period adjustment		(8,800)	235		(8,565)	
Net position - beginning, as restated		(8,127)	1,278		(6,849)	
Net position - ending	\$	(4,045)	\$ (4,358)	\$	(8,403)	

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	I	nsurance		Central Services	tal Internal vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,015	\$	676	\$ 1,691
Receipts from interfund services provided		18,066		36,873	54,939
Other receipts Payments to employees		1,784 (8,800)		229 (17,412)	2,013 (26,212)
Payments to suppliers		(13,639)		(18,732)	(32,371)
Payments for interfund services used		(2,577)		(3,616)	(6,193)
Payments for claims		(2,789)		(3,010)	(2,789)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(6,940)		(1,982)	(8,922)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u></u>				
Subsidy from intergovernmental entities		31		_	31
Transfers from other funds		-		114	114
Transfers to other funds		(500)		(16)	(516)
Advance to other funds		1,535		-	1,535
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		1,066		98	1,164
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Sales of capital assets		-		(574)	(574)
Purchases of capital assets		-		(675)	(675)
Interest paid on capital debt		-		(95)	(95)
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities		-		(1,344)	(1,344)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest and dividends received		613		26	639
Net cash provided by investing activities		613		26	639
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(5,261)		(3,202)	(8,463)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		32,560		10,001	42,561
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	27,299	\$	6,799	\$ 34,098
Displayed as:					
Investment in treasury pool	\$	26,799	\$	6,799	\$ 33,598
Imprest cash		500			500
Total cash displayed	\$	27,299	\$	6,799	\$ 34,098
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,938	\$	(4,973)	\$ (1,035)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		-		478	478
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		976		(3)	973
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		-		18	18
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(125)		(235)	(235)
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds		(135)		100	(135)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(155)		100 299	100
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in deferred pension		(155)		(5,013)	144 (5,013)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		-		6,912	6,912
benefits payable and compensated absences		(8,800)		435	(8,365)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(2,764)		433	(2,764)
Total adjustments		(10,878)		2,991	 (7,887)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(6,940)	\$	(1,982)	\$ (8,922)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related finance activities:					
Contributions of capital assets	\$	_	\$	(692)	\$ (692)
•			,	()	(/

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds include all investment trust, private-purpose trust, and agency funds.

Investment trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity. External pool participants include local school districts, special districts not included as component units of the County, and the Tulare County Employees' Retirement Association, which maintains a check-clearing account in the Treasury Pool.

The private-purpose trust fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Tulare County Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency).

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

<u>Property Tax Collection and Apportionment Funds</u> - These funds account for property taxes collected and for the apportionment of taxes to the State and others.

<u>State Fines Agency Fund</u> - These funds are used as a clearing fund for penalties, fines, and assessments collected and payable to the State.

<u>Transportation Tax Funds</u> - These funds account for 0.25% sales tax collected by the State Board of Equalization and deposited with the County of origin for local transportation support.

<u>Employee Health Benefits Funds</u> - This fund is used to accumulate premium payments for health, dental, vision, life, long-term disability, and voluntary products collected from employees, retired employees, and special district employees for distribution to providers.

Education Revenue Augmentation Funds (ERAF) - This fund is used to collect tax revenues shifted from counties, cities, special districts, and redevelopment agencies to augment loss of state funding to local schools.

Other Agency Funds - These funds account for monies held as agent for a variety of purposes.

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

		Balance July 1	,	Additions	D	eductions		Balance June 30
Property Tax Collection and Apportionment Funds		July 1		Idditions		eddetions		June 50
ASSETS								
Cash in bank	\$	-	\$	207	\$	-	\$	207
Investment in treasury pool		27,372		958,393		(958,046)		27,719
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		71		-		71
Deposits with others		182		-		(182)		-
Total assets	\$	27,554	\$	958,671	\$	(958,228)	\$	27,997
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	16,768	\$	248,355	\$	(249,316)	\$	15,807
Due to other governments		4,952		-		(1,448)		3,504
Agency obligations		5,834		428,442		(425,590)		8,686
Total liabilities	\$	27,554	\$	676,797	\$	(676,354)	\$	27,997
State Fines Agency Fund ASSETS								
Investment in treasury pool	\$	85	\$	718	\$	(691)	\$	112
Total assets	\$	85	\$	718	\$	(691)	\$	112
LIABILITIES	Φ.		•	1.045		(1.0(5)	•	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,267	\$	(1,267)	\$	-
Agency obligations	Φ.	85	Φ.	664	Φ.	(637)	Φ.	112
Total liabilities	\$	85	\$	1,931	\$	(1,904)	\$	112
Transportation Tax Funds								
ASSETS								
Investment in treasury pool	\$	1,548	\$	16,133	\$	(14,101)	\$	3,580
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		211		-		211
Due from other governments		1,112		1,124		(1,113)		1,123
Total assets	\$	2,660	\$	17,468	\$	(15,214)	\$	4,914
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	564	\$	(282)	\$	282
Agency obligations		2,660		1,972		-		4,632
Total liabilities	\$	2,660	\$	2,536	\$	(282)	\$	4,914
Employee Health Benefits Funds ASSETS								
Investment in treasury pool	\$	1,666	\$	37,043	\$	(37,025)	\$	1,684
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		308		26,580		(26,378)		510
Total assets	\$	1,974	\$	63,623	\$	(63,403)	\$	2,194
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	49	\$	74,606	\$	(74,194)	\$	461
Due to other governments		494		2,215		(2,470)		239
Agency obligations		1,431		63		-		1,494
Total liabilities	\$	1,974	\$	76,884	\$	(76,664)	\$	2,194
								Continued

Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

	F	Balance			Balance		
		July 1	 Additions	 Deductions	June 30		
Education Revenue Augmentation Funds							
ASSETS							
Investment in treasury pool	\$	7	\$ 92,892	\$ (92,515)	\$	384	
Total assets	\$	7	\$ 92,892	\$ (92,515)	\$	384	
LIABILITIES							
Agency obligations	\$	7	\$ 18,528	\$ (18,151)	\$	384	
Total liabilities	\$	7	\$ 18,528	\$ (18,151)	\$	384	
Other Agency Funds							
ASSETS							
Cash in bank	\$	4,268	\$ 913	\$ -	\$	5,181	
Investment in treasury pool		10,026	43,443	(43,009)		10,460	
Due from other governments		673	 	 (673)			
Total assets	\$	14,967	\$ 44,356	\$ (43,682)	\$	15,641	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	838	\$ 4,080	\$ (4,756)	\$	162	
Due to other governments		1,875	1,346	(1,478)		1,743	
Agency obligations		12,254	42,748	(41,266)		13,736	
Total liabilities	\$	14,967	\$ 48,174	\$ (47,500)	\$	15,641	
Total Agency Funds							
ASSETS							
Cash in bank	\$	4,268	\$ 1,120	\$ -	\$	5,388	
Investment in treasury pool		40,704	1,148,622	(1,145,387)		43,939	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		308	26,862	(26,378)		792	
Deposits with others		182	-	(182)		-	
Due from other governments		1,785	1,124	(1,786)		1,123	
Total assets	\$	47,247	\$ 1,177,728	\$ (1,173,733)	\$	51,242	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	17,655	\$ 328,872	\$ (329,815)	\$	16,712	
Due to other governments		7,321	3,561	(5,396)		5,486	
Agency obligations		22,271	492,417	(485,644)		29,044	
Total liabilities	\$	47,247	\$ 824,850	\$ (820,855)	\$	51,242	
			 <u> </u>			Concluded	

This page intentionally left blank.



Statistical Section

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess the County's economic condition.

CONTENTS	PAGE
Financial Trends Information needed to understand and assess how the County's financial position has changed over time.	146-153
Revenue Capacity Information needed to understand and assess the County's ability to generate own-source revenues.	154-159
Debt Capacity Information needed to understand and assess the County's debt burden and its ability to issue new debt.	160-162
Demographic and Economic Information Information needed to understand the County's socio-economic environment and to facilitate comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.	163-165
Operating Information Information needed to understand the County's operations and resources as well as to assess its economic condition.	166-171

Statistical Section

Net Position By Component (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets*	\$ 1,417,765	\$ 1,491,566	\$ 1,524,380	\$ 1,541,360	\$ 1,576,213
Restricted	45,403	54,086	57,079	61,880	57,762
Unrestricted	57,303	55,866	56,992	63,537	74,420
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,520,471	\$ 1,601,518	\$ 1,638,451	\$ 1,666,777	\$ 1,708,395
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,860	\$ 19,090	\$ 28,811	\$ 28,172	\$ 27,463
Restricted	5,005	5,005	5,005	5,005	5,005
Unrestricted	22,200	22,794	9,363	6,792	7,002
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 47,065	\$ 46,889	\$ 43,179	\$ 39,969	\$ 39,470
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,437,625	\$ 1,510,656	\$ 1,553,191	\$ 1,569,532	\$ 1,603,676
Restricted	50,408	59,091	62,084	66,885	62,767
Unrestricted	79,503	78,660	66,355	70,329	81,422
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,567,536	\$ 1,648,407	\$ 1,681,630	\$ 1,706,746	\$ 1,747,865
			Fiscal Year		
	2012	2013	Fiscal Year 2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities	2012	2013		2015	2016
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets*	2012 \$ 1,558,744	2013 \$ 1,584,261		2015 \$ 1,590,015	2016 \$ 1,614,927
			2014		
Net investment in capital assets*	\$ 1,558,744	\$ 1,584,261	2014	\$ 1,590,015	\$ 1,614,927
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted	\$ 1,558,744 102,657	\$ 1,584,261 134,870	2014	\$ 1,590,015 141,900	\$ 1,614,927 153,860
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066	\$ 1,798,998 - -	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606)	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026)
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066	\$ 1,798,998 - -	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606)	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026)
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197	\$ 1,798,998 - \$ 1,798,998	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805 \$ 29,728	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197 \$ 27,357	\$ 1,798,998 - \$ 1,798,998	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309 \$ 23,607	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761 \$ 21,172
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805 \$ 29,728 5,005	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197 \$ 27,357 5,016	\$ 1,798,998 - \$ 1,798,998	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309 \$ 23,607 5,016	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761 \$ 21,172 10,445
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805 \$ 29,728 5,005 7,999	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197 \$ 27,357 5,016 8,140	\$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 41,559	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309 \$ 23,607 5,016 9,107	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761 \$ 21,172 10,445 11,637
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805 \$ 29,728 5,005 7,999	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197 \$ 27,357 5,016 8,140	\$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 41,559	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309 \$ 23,607 5,016 9,107	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761 \$ 21,172 10,445 11,637
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805 \$ 29,728 5,005 7,999 \$ 42,732	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197 \$ 27,357 5,016 8,140 \$ 40,513	\$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 41,559 \$ 41,559	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309 \$ 23,607 5,016 9,107 \$ 37,730	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761 \$ 21,172 10,445 11,637 \$ 43,254
Net investment in capital assets* Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,558,744 102,657 83,404 \$ 1,744,805 \$ 29,728 5,005 7,999 \$ 42,732	\$ 1,584,261 134,870 65,066 \$ 1,784,197 \$ 27,357 5,016 8,140 \$ 40,513	\$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 1,798,998 \$ 41,559 \$ 41,559	\$ 1,590,015 141,900 (87,606) \$ 1,644,309 \$ 23,607 5,016 9,107 \$ 37,730 \$ 1,613,622	\$ 1,614,927 153,860 (94,026) \$ 1,674,761 \$ 21,172 10,445 11,637 \$ 43,254 \$ 1,636,099

^{*}Beginning balances of capital assets restated to include infrastructure assets. Discretely presented Component Unit is not included.

This page intentionally left blank.



Statistical Section

Changes in Net Position (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

					F	iscal Year				
F	_	2007	_	2008		2009	_	2010	_	2011
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	93,680	\$	71,430	\$	28,459	\$	26,587	\$	39,515
Public protection	-	162,837	-	187,299	•	197,905	-	192,533	-	182,316
Public ways and facilities		15,100		28,346		32,342		29,120		25,485
Health and sanitation		120,520		120,195		122,853		120,796		117,572
Public assistance		220,019		227,086		234,329		236,861		235,547
Education		3,722		4,287		5,033		5,027		5,412
Culture and recreation		1,842		3,552		2,136		2,095		310
Unallocated depreciation		588		510		791		953		520
Unallocated interest expense		11,038		11,244	_	5,993	_	5,806		3,137
Total governmental activities expenses		629,346		653,949		629,841		619,778		609,814
Business-type activities:		12.001		14.426		14.120		12 144		10.047
Solid Waste Other business-type activities		13,981 2,120		14,426 2,259		14,138 2,452		13,144 2,710		10,847 2,856
31		16,101	_	16,685	_	16,590	_	15,854	_	13,703
Total business-type activities expenses Total primary government expenses	\$	645,447	\$	670,634	\$	646,431	\$	635,632	\$	623,517
	_				_		_		_	
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:			_		_		_		_	
General government	\$	50,015	\$	62,391	\$	28,860	\$	26,601	\$	24,375
Public protection		25,846		28,291		29,368		23,883		26,349
Public ways and facilities		2,209		2,028		1,782		1,971		3,406
Health and sanitation		16,103		45,659		46,523		47,938		52,666
Public assistance		30,161		7,496		5,823		3,324		4,299
Education		334		188		162		161		222
Culture and recreation		1,004		332		287		293		283
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		389,177		389,524		403,891		418,780		406,398
Cupital grants and contributions	_		_				_		_	
Total governmental activities program revenues		514,849		535,909		516,696		522,951		517,998
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Solid Waste		10,247		9,244		8,284		8,206		8,130
Other business-type activities		738		792		925		955		1,064
Operating grants and contributions		276	_	1,475		813	_	844		1,270
Total business-type activities program revenues		11,261		11,511		10,022		10,005		10,464
Total primary government program revenues	\$	526,110	\$	547,420	\$	526,718	\$	532,956	\$	528,462
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(114,497)	\$	(118,040)	\$	(113,145)	\$	(96,827)	\$	(91,816)
Business-type activities		(4,840)		(5,174)		(6,568)		(5,849)		(3,239)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(119,337)	\$	(123,214)	\$	(119,713)	\$	(102,676)	\$	(95,055)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$	91,367	\$	102,198	\$	105,400	\$	99,991	\$	101,519
Sales and other taxes		13,262		19,188		21,299		17,783		31,937
Earnings on investments		11,950		11,439		13,003		7,236		2,536
Tobacco settlement revenues		3,822		4,068		4,471		3,728		3,854
Extinguishment of debt		-		-		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		(6,180)		(2,640)
Extraordinary item RDA dissolution		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		713		556		583		531	_	515
Total governmental activities		121,114		137,449		144,756		123,089		137,721
Business-type activities:		1.022		1.620		270		0.42		2.406
6.1 1.4 4		1,033		1,628		379		943		2,486
Sales and other taxes		3,342		3,864		3,062		2,104 123		863
Earnings on investments								123		1
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets		2		62		(592)				(515)
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers	-	2 (713)		(556)		(583)		(531)		
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities	•	(713) 3,664	•	(556) 4,998	¢	2,858	•	(531) 2,639	•	2,835
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$	2 (713)	\$	(556)	\$		\$	(531)	\$	2,835
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position		2 (713) 3,664 124,778		(556) 4,998 142,447		2,858 147,614		(531) 2,639 125,728		2,835 140,556
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$	2 (713) 3,664 124,778 6,617	<u>\$</u>	(556) 4,998 142,447 19,409	\$ \$	2,858 147,614 31,611	\$	(531) 2,639 125,728 26,262	\$	2,835 140,556 45,905
Earnings on investments Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position		2 (713) 3,664 124,778		(556) 4,998 142,447		2,858 147,614		(531) 2,639 125,728		140,556

Statistical Section

Changes in Net Position (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

				Fi	iscal Year					
	2012	_	2013		2014		2015	_	2016	Expenses
										Governmental activities:
\$	42,590	\$	42,343	\$	39,432	\$	41,610	\$	39,542	General government
	190,402		190,904		202,075		199,878		221,740	Public protection
	38,295		33,767		37,155		36,722		47,021	Public ways and facilities
	122,305		124,681		129,190		132,566		143,286	Health and sanitation
	224,139		228,148		242,378		240,562		248,368	Public assistance
	5,020		5,112		5,470		5,353		5,300	Education
	371		329		431		2,176		2,266	Culture and recreation
	520		520		511		-		-	Unallocated depreciation
	2,259	_	1,990		1,940		1,320		744	Unallocated interest expense
	625,901	_	627,794		658,582		660,187		708,267	Total governmental activities expenses
	7.265		10.012		10.873		10.410		0.067	Business-type activities: Solid Waste
	7,365 3,579		10,812 3,844		4,155		10,410 4,410		9,067 4,633	Other business-type activities
	10,944	_	14,656		15,028		14,820		13,700	Total business-type activities expenses
\$	636,845	\$	642,450	\$	673,610	\$	675,007	\$	721,967	Total primary government expenses
										Program Revenues
										Governmental activities:
•	21.271		24.250	•	24.120	Φ.	20.244	Φ.	22.106	Charges for services:
\$	31,271	\$	24,259	\$	24,138	\$	30,244	\$	33,186	General government
	21,558		21,683 5,083		23,741		19,650		19,342	Public protection
	6,700 43,479		40,554		3,599 42,588		3,340 41,652		3,101 52,471	Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation
	6,687		6.717		8,566		11,892		11,242	Public assistance
	209		210		202		233		11,242	Education
	288		292		306		255		302	Culture and recreation
	419,570		421,514		424,721		444,945		456,543	Operating grants and contributions
	-		6		-		-		-	Capital grants and contributions
			•							
	529,762	_	520,318		527,861		552,211		576,384	Total governmental activities program revenues
										Business-type activities:
	0.535		0.500		0.001		11.520		12.522	Charges for services:
	8,525		8,568		8,991		11,538		13,522	Solid Waste
	1,224		1,252 504		1,334 3,270		1,238		1,274	Other business-type activities
_	2,222	_	304		3,270	_	625	_	736	Operating grants and contributions
	11,971		10,324		13,595		13,401		15,532	Total business-type activities program revenues
\$	541,733	\$	530,642	\$	541,456	\$	565,612	\$	591,916	Total primary government program revenues
										Net (expense)/revenue
\$	(96,139)	\$	(107,476)	\$	(130,721)	\$	(107,976)	\$	(131,883)	Governmental activities
	1,027		(4,332)		(1,433)		(1,419)		-	Business-type activities
\$	(95,112)	\$	(111,808)	\$	(132,154)	\$	(109,395)	\$	(131,883)	Total primary government net expense
										General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position
										Governmental activities:
\$	105,604	\$	107,101	\$	109,266	\$	112,026	\$	119,331	Property taxes
	23,472		31,951		30,524		29,690		41,300	Sales and other taxes
	4,324		1,307		1,517		-		-	Earnings on investments
	3,930		5,923		3,894		3,856		3,811	Tobacco settlement revenues
	101		200		(183)		-		-	Extinguishment of debt
	(2.659)		208		239		-		-	Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets
	(2,658)		378		265		305		205	Extraordinary item RDA dissolution Transfers
	135,329	_	146,868	_	265 145,522		145,877		305 164,747	Total governmental activities
	133,347	_	170,000		173,344		170,077		107,/4/	Business-type activities:
	1,842		2,328		2,084		2,344		2,709	Sales and other taxes
	857		163		660		515		1,256	Earnings on investments
	2				-		-			Gain on sale of capital assets
	(466)		(378)		(265)		(305)		(305)	Transfers
	2,235	_	2,113	_	2,479		2,554		3,660	Total business-type activities
\$	137,564	\$	148,981	\$	148,001	\$	148,431	\$	168,407	Total primary government
										Change in Net Position
\$	39,190	\$	39,392	\$	14,801	\$	37,901	\$	32,864	Governmental activities
	3,262		(2,219)		1,046	_	1,135		5,492	Business-type activities
6	42 452	•								
\$	42,452	\$	37,173	\$	15,847	\$	39,036	\$	38,356 Concluded	Total primary government

Statistical Section

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Fund					•	
Nonspendable	\$	839	\$ 839	\$ 839	\$ 1,173	\$ 439
Restricted		13,890	14,288	19,596	30	844
Committed		25,091	25,163	25,414	25,612	22,101
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		17,518	17,213	12,228	31,713	27,146
Subtotal general fund		57,338	57,503	58,077	58,528	50,530
All Other Governmental Funds						
Nonspendable		1,154	1,236	2,206	2,044	1,123
Restricted		76,152	82,749	84,235	103,142	114,071
Committed		5,572	4,118	3,858	210	3,232
Assigned		5,123	7,544	6,697	14,034	15,227
Unassigned		(767)	(750)	(752)	(12,733)	(19,429)
Subtotal all other governmental funds		87,234	94,897	96,244	106,697	114,224
Total governmental fund balance	\$	144,572	\$ 152,400	\$ 154,321	\$ 165,225	\$ 164,754
						Continued

Statistical Section

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Fis	scal Year				
2012	2013		2014	2015		2016	
						<u>.</u>	General Fund
\$ 1,596	\$ 3,244	\$	395	\$ 1,672	\$	1,849	Nonspendable
22,790	28,863		34,147	37,189	45,270	39 45	Restricted
1,833	1,668		880	15,430	14,524		Committed
1,081	-		-	-		-	Assigned
 61,448	 62,710		76,284	 73,325		84,868	Unassigned
88,748	96,485		111,706	127,616		146,511	Subtotal general fund
							All Other Governmental Funds
1,162	1,025		1,024	700		672	Nonspendable
134,727	137,544		125,233	136,631		139,145	Restricted
4,000	6,000		4,100	6,950		7,145	Committed
21,487	21,083		19,213	22,078		26,804	Assigned
(20,971)	(19,542)		(2,597)	-		-	Unassigned
140,405	146,110		146,973	166,359		173,766	Subtotal all other governmental funds
\$ 229,153	\$ 242,595	\$	258,679	\$ 293,975	\$	320,277	Total governmental fund balance
						Concluded	

Statistical Section

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

			Fi	iscal Year			
	 2007	2008		2009		2010	2011
REVENUES							
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 108,216	\$ 121,397	\$	126,699	\$	117,774	\$ 133,456
Licenses and permits	9,060	9,010		9,939		8,355	8,764
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	4,219	10,218		13,031		12,429	13,020
Interest, rents, and concessions	11,389	12,093		12,177		8,474	3,722
Intergovernmental revenues	385,590	389,524		404,262		414,234	401,376
Charges for services	71,922	80,188		77,496		70,321	81,196
Other revenues	10,965	11,442		14,685		15,205	13,035
Total revenues	601,361	633,872		658,289		646,792	654,569
EXPENDITURES							
General government	24,318	25,621		29,713		25,525	34,433
Public protection	162,811	184,009		189,989		184,477	174,320
Public ways and facilities	7,920	12,498		15,489		12,986	8,714
Health and sanitation	120,723	119,569		121,340		118,919	114,136
Public assistance	219,376	226,227		232,527		234,642	233,388
Education	3,831	4,329		4,855		4,722	5,109
Culture and recreation	1,740	3,361		1,968		1,920	38
Capital outlay	29,581	28,979		36,704		37,634	56,075
Debt service:							
Principal	51,711	9,737		10,103		11,624	11,726
Interest and fiscal charges	10,763	10,778		8,954		5,566	3,096
Total expenditures	632,774	625,108		651,642		638,015	641,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		 					
over (under) expenditures	(31,413)	8,764		6,647		8,777	13,534
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of general capital assets	1,468	297		169		107	158
Bond proceeds	43,987	-		231		1,669	-
Direct financing lease	121	128		-		-	-
Transfers in	114,577	100,925		102,189		96,795	76,575
Transfers (out)	(117,996)	(102,286)		(103,720)		(97,392)	(77,105)
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,157	(936)		(1,131)		1,179	(372)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS							
RDA dissolution assets transfers	-	-		-		-	-
RDA dissolution liability transfers	_	-		-		-	-
Total extraordinary items		_		-			-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 10,744	\$ 7,828	\$	5,516	\$	9,956	\$ 13,162
Debt service as a percentage							
of noncapital expenditures	10.36%	3.44%		3.10%		2.86%	2.53% Continued

Statistical Section

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Fi	iscal Year			
2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	
 	 					REVENUES
\$ 129,076	\$ 139,052	\$	139,790	\$ 141,716	\$ 160,631	Taxes and special assessments
8,780	9,191		10,514	10,894	11,294	Licenses and permits
15,257	10,364		9,201	9,966	8,648	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
7,239	3,076		5,351	4,649	7,655	Interest, rents, and concessions
423,230	424,213		426,487	446,953	457,163	Intergovernmental revenues
69,970	65,289		63,214	61,635	76,159	Charges for services
15,776	18,253		20,427	24,705	19,370	Other revenues
669,328	669,438		674,984	700,518	740,920	Total revenues
						EXPENDITURES
36,138	42,838		28,892	41,220	37,139	General government
183,352	184,406		195,560	199,028	209,822	Public protection
23,711	19,164		22,167	21,576	31,199	Public ways and facilities
118,063	122,115		127,612	132,489	140,044	Health and sanitation
221,539	226,442		240,838	241,178	245,432	Public assistance
4,673	4,875		5,188	5,149	4,969	Education
59	-		-	1,616	1,571	Culture and recreation
42,776	46,006		26,341	16,847	43,124	Capital outlay
						Debt service:
13,173	6,515		10,772	6,459	7,875	Principal
3,060	2,081		2,159	1,276	553	Interest and fiscal charges
646,544	654,442		659,529	666,838	721,728	Total expenditures
						Excess (deficiency) of revenues
22,784	14,996		15,455	33,680	19,192	over (under) expenditures
						OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
191	208		239	275	250	Sale of general capital assets
-	-		-	-	-	Bond proceeds
-	-		-	-	-	Direct financing lease
108,739	104,796		117,341	144,696	145,268	Transfers in
(107,764)	(106,558)		(116,951)	(144,392)	(144,561)	Transfers (out)
 1,166	(1,554)		629	 579	 957	Total other financing sources (uses)
						EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS
(5,726)	-		-	-	-	RDA dissolution assets transfers
74	-		-	-	-	RDA dissolution liability transfers
(5,652)	-		-	-	-	Total extraordinary items
\$ 18,298	\$ 13,442	\$	16,084	\$ 34,259	\$ 20,149	Net change in fund balances
2.69%	1.41%		2.04%	1.19%	1.24% Concluded	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Statistical Section

Equalized Roll Assessed Value of Taxable Property (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Real Property Assessed Value *	Personal Property Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (%)
2007	\$ 22,463,149	\$ 1,142,461	\$ 23,605,610	1.000%
2008	25,190,040	1,522,742	26,712,782	1.000%
2009	26,632,559	1,616,099	28,248,658	1.000%
2010	26,317,008	1,692,118	28,009,126	1.000%
2011	26,525,428	1,516,586	28,042,014	1.000%
2012	26,377,210	1,596,844	27,974,054	1.000%
2013	26,186,643	1,628,687	27,815,330	1.000%
2014	27,022,893	1,655,360	28,678,253	1.000%
2015	28,209,818	1,856,188	30,066,006	1.000%
2016	29,892,545	1,885,794	31,778,339	1.000%

^{*} Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13), the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13, property is assessed at the 1978 market value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2% or the Consumer Price Index (CPI) on properties not involved in a change of ownership or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date of purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.

Source: County of Tulare / Property Tax



Statistical Section

Direct Overlapping Property Tax Rates (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

_			Fiscal Year		
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
County-Wide Rates					
General	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%
School District Rates					
Allensworth Elementary	0.044%	0.018%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Buena Vista Elementary	0.031%	0.027%	0.027%	0.025%	0.016%
Burton Elementary *	0.021%	0.018%	0.019%	0.023%	0.023%
College of the Sequoias - Hanford Schools Facility Improvement District	0.000%	0.025%	0.020%	0.012%	0.025%
College of the Sequoias - Tulare Schools Facility Improvement District	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.012%	0.025%
College of the Sequoias - Visalia Schools Facility Improvement District	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.013%
Cutler - Orosi Unified *	0.060%	0.050%	0.040%	0.011%	0.035%
Delano Joint High	0.163%	0.117%	0.100%	0.119%	0.155%
Dinuba Unified	0.057%	0.060%	0.151%	0.107%	0.151%
Earlimart Elementary	0.035%	0.031%	0.032%	0.034%	0.030%
Exeter Elementary	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%	0.028%	0.032%
Exeter High	0.030%	0.049%	0.040%	0.037%	0.040%
Farmersville Unified *	0.095%	0.074%	0.072%	0.098%	0.090%
Hanford Joint High *	0.058%	0.049%	0.054%	0.053%	0.055%
Kern Community College Schools Facility Improvement District *	0.005%	0.008%	0.009%	0.009%	0.010%
Kings Canyon Joint Unified *	0.045%	0.082%	0.064%	0.091%	0.109%
Kings River Elementary	0.000%	0.030%	0.052%	0.053%	0.060%
Kingsburg Joint Elementary	0.054%	0.072%	0.000%	0.022%	0.056%
Kingsburg Joint High	0.089%	0.625%	0.009%	0.074%	0.068%
Liberty Elementary	0.054%	0.044%	0.041%	0.054%	0.050%
Lindsay Unified	0.060%	0.055%	0.055%	0.092%	0.122%
Linns Valley Poso - Flat Joint Elementary	0.016%	0.015%	0.000%	0.015%	0.017%
Pixley Union Elementary	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Porterville Schools Facility Improvement District *	0.052%	0.055%	0.050%	0.005%	0.052%
Richgrove Elementary	0.038%	0.004%	0.038%	0.041%	0.038%
Springville Union Elementary	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
State Center Comm College Schools Facility Improvement District *	0.005%	0.016%	0.000%	0.010%	0.010%
Stone Corral	0.000%	0.000%	0.030%	0.022%	0.025%
Strathmore High	0.062%	0.052%	0.053%	0.055%	0.050%
Sundale Elementary	0.034%	0.027%	0.031%	0.026%	0.024%
Terra Bella	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.034%	0.030%
Tipton	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Traver Elementary *	0.053%	0.060%	0.051%	0.049%	0.052%
Tulare High *	0.047%	0.043%	0.020%	0.039%	0.039%
Visalia Unified *	0.034%	0.028%	0.030%	0.036%	0.030%
Woodlake Elementary	0.040%	0.036%	0.035%	0.043%	0.035%
Woodlake High	0.030%	0.027%	0.056%	0.066%	0.060%
Special District Rates					
Kaweah Delta Healthcare District	0.035%	0.031%	0.000%	0.028%	0.029%
Kaweah Delta Water Conservation	0.001%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Kings Joint Mosquito Abatement	0.000%	0.000%	0.005%	0.000%	0.000%
Tulare County Pest Control	1.250%	1.250%	5.000%	5.000%	5.000%
Tulare Healthcare District	0.000%	0.019%	0.039%	0.083%	0.113%
South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District	11.423%	11.423%	11.423%	11.423%	11.423%
Woodville Public Utility	0.025%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000% Continued

^{*} School rates have been combined with educational facilities.

Note 1: All tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of net assessed valuation of taxable property, as assessed by the County Assessor, except for Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District (KDWC) and South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates. KDWC tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of land and improvement assessed valuation of taxable property. South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates are levied and collected upon each 100 trees per acre valuation as assigned by the County Assessor.

Note 2: The County-wide tax rate is distributed to tax revenue districts according to California State law, specifically AB8. This includes the County of Tulare, Library Fund, Fire Fund, all cities, all schools, and special districts that set tax rates prior to Proposition 13.

Note 3: Method used to calculate overlapping- The amount of debt of each unit applicable to the reporting unit is arrived at by (1) determining what percentage of the total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the reporting unit, and (2) applying this percentage to the total debt of the overlapping jurisdiction.

Source: County of Tulare / Property Tax

Statistical Section

Direct Overlapping Property Tax Rates (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year			
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
					County-Wide Rates
1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	1.000%	General
					School District Rates
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	Allensworth Elementary
0.010%	0.008%	0.008%	0.008%	0.008%	Buena Vista Elementary
0.024%	0.026%	0.026%	0.026%	0.025%	Burton Elementary *
0.014%	0.019%	0.024%	0.024%	0.020%	College of the Sequoias - Hanford Schools Facility Improvement District
0.028%	0.028%	0.023%	0.025%	0.017%	College of the Sequoias - Tulare Schools Facility Improvement District
0.025%	0.025%	0.015%	0.015%	0.012%	College of the Sequoias - Visalia Schools Facility Improvement District
0.040%	0.055%	0.060%	0.060%	0.090%	Cutler - Orosi Unified *
0.133%	0.121%	0.106%	0.068%	0.077%	Delano Joint High
0.116%	0.107%	0.101%	0.104%	0.120%	Dinuba Unified
0.025%	0.020%	0.044%	0.044%	0.049%	Earlimart Elementary
0.037%	0.034%	0.030%	0.030%	0.030%	Exeter Elementary
0.042%	0.046%	0.057%	0.055%	0.030%	Exeter High
0.080%	0.076%	0.076%	0.076%	0.090%	Farmersville Unified *
0.054%	0.060%	0.060%	0.061%	0.054%	Hanford Joint High *
0.009%	0.009%	0.013%	0.010%	0.013%	Kern Community College Schools Facility Improvement District *
0.103%	0.097%	0.159%	0.163%	0.149%	Kings Canyon Joint Unified *
0.077%	0.064%	0.063%	0.063%	0.056%	Kings River Elementary
0.032%	0.049%	0.067%	0.058%	0.032%	Kingsburg Joint Elementary
0.060%	0.056%	0.066%	0.088%	0.062%	Kingsburg Joint High
0.040%	0.030%	0.034%	0.033%	0.030%	Liberty Elementary
0.125%	0.120%	0.165%	0.188%	0.117%	Lindsay Unified
0.010%	0.010%	0.010%	0.012%	0.018%	Linns Valley Poso - Flat Joint Elementary
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.050%	0.085%	Pixley Union Elementary
0.047%	0.057%	0.060%	0.060%	0.062%	Porterville Schools Facility Improvement District *
0.028%	0.038%	0.028%	0.010%	0.000%	Richgrove Elementary
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.020%	0.023%	Springville Union Elementary
0.007%	0.009%	0.010%	0.009%	0.008%	State Center Comm College Schools Facility Improvement District *
0.025%	0.015%	0.015%	0.020%	0.021%	Stone Corral
0.040%	0.040%	0.050%	0.055%	0.048%	Strathmore High
0.020%	0.020%	0.013%	0.013%	0.010%	Sundale Elementary
0.030%	0.030%	0.025%	0.030%	0.045%	Terra Bella
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.029%	Tipton
0.058%	0.058%	0.050%	0.053%	0.053%	Traver Elementary *
0.053%	0.058%	0.069%	0.063%	0.066%	Tulare High *
0.030%	0.030%	0.030%	0.030%	0.027%	Visalia Unified *
0.033%	0.029%	0.029%	0.028%	0.022%	Woodlake Elementary
0.055%	0.052%	0.040%	0.040%	0.050%	Woodlake High
			***************************************		Special District Rates
0.027%	0.025%	0.028%	0.021%	0.021%	Kaweah Delta Healthcare District
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.001%	0.000%	Kaweah Delta Water Conservation
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	Kings Joint Mosquito Abatement
5.000%	5.000%	5.000%	5.000%	5.000%	Tulare County Pest Control
0.113%	0.082%	0.082%	0.082%	0.086%	Tulare Healthcare District
	JO=/U	2.30270	2.30270	2.00070	South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District

^{0.000%} * School rates have been combined with educational facilities.

0.000%

Note 1: All tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of net assessed valuation of taxable property, as assessed by the County Assessor, except for Kaweah Delta Water Conservation District (KDWC) and South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates. KDWC tax rates are levied and collected upon each \$100.00 valuation of land and improvement assessed valuation of taxable property. South Tulare County Citrus Pest Control District tax rates are levied and collected upon each 100 trees per acre valuation as assigned by the County Assessor.

0.000% Concluded

0.000%

Woodville Public Utility

Note 2: The County-wide tax rate is distributed to tax revenue districts according to California State law, specifically AB8. This includes the County of Tulare, Library Fund, Fire Fund, all cities, all schools, and special districts that set tax rates prior to Proposition 13.

Note 3: Method used to calculate overlapping- The amount of debt of each unit applicable to the reporting unit is arrived at by (1) determining what percentage of the total assessed value of the overlapping jurisdiction lies within the limits of the reporting unit, and (2) applying this percentage to the total debt of the overlapping jurisdiction.

Source: County of Tulare / Property Tax

0.000%

Statistical Section

Principal Property Taxpayers (unaudited) June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year 2016

Taxpayer	Faxable	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Southern California Edison Company	\$ 802,583	1	2.67%
Saputo Cheese USA, Inc.	264,832	2	0.88%
California Dairies, Inc./Milk Producers	253,529	3	0.84%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc./Retail Trust	179,229	4	0.60%
Land O'Lakes, Inc.	178,991	5	0.60%
Southern California Gas Company	117,446	6	0.39%
Ventura Coastal, LLC	102,574	7	0.34%
Pacific Bell Telephone Company	94,960	8	0.32%
Imperial Bondware Corporation	92,735	9	0.31%
Target Corporation	77,692	10	0.26%
Total	\$ 2,164,571		7.21%

Fiscal Year 2007

Taxpayer	Taxa	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Southern California Edison Company	\$	291,049	1	1.22%
Land O'Lakes, Inc./Cheese & Protein Intnl., LLC		288,503	2	1.21%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.		117,172	3	0.49%
Kraft Foods, Inc.		91,628	4	0.39%
California Dairies, Inc./Milk Producers		85,485	5	0.36%
Southern California Gas Company		72,661	6	0.31%
Best Buy Stores, LP		61,320	7	0.26%
Ruiz Foods Products, Inc.		59,414	8	0.25%
SBC California		54,736	9	0.23%
Visalia Mall, LP (Price Development)		45,459	10	0.19%
Total	\$	1,167,427		4.91%

Source: County of Tulare / Property Tax

Statistical Section

Property Tax Levies and Collections (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Total Collections to Date

Fiscal Year	Ta	axes Levied		Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Su	llection in bsequent Years*		Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$	231,424	\$	221,428	95.68%	\$	5,616	\$	227,044	98.11%
2008	4	261,193	Ψ	245,387	93.95%	Ψ	6,722	Ψ	252,109	96.52%
2009		279,176		260,262	93.23%		11,208		271,470	97.24%
2010		276,919		259,724	93.79%		12,440		272,164	98.28%
2011		275,625		258,384	93.74%		9,766		268,150	97.29%
2012		268,816		258,049	95.99%		10,406		268,455	99.87%
2013		261,866		251,629	96.09%		11,133		262,762	100.34%
2014		275,497		268,255	97.37%		11,189		279,444	101.43%
2015		289,784		281,415	97.11%		10,624		292,039	100.78%
2016		304,998		296,878	97.34%		10,784		307,662	100.87%
Total	\$	2,725,298	\$	2,601,411	· ·	\$	99,888	\$	2,701,299	

^{*}Collections in subsequent years represents monies collected for all previous years excluding the current fiscal year.

Source: County of Tulare / Property Tax

Statistical Section

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

					Governmen	tal A	ctivities						Business-ty	pe A	ctivities			
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Participation		riable Rate		Pension Obligation Bonds	Та	x Allocation Bonds		Loans and Notes	Cap	oital Leases		rtificates of		Bonds	otal Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income *	Per Capita *
2007	\$ 46,165	s	42,360	s	25,175	\$	1,627	s	18,927	\$	38	s	1,531	\$	8	\$ 135,831	1.44%	317
2008	41,790		41,665		21,345		1,586		17,219		6		1,503		8	125,122	1.28%	286
2009	37,210		41,050		16,955		1,778		15,730		-		1,476		8	114,207	1.05%	272
2010	32,290		40,435		11,955		1,689		14,351		-		1,474		7	102,201	0.86%	228
2011	26,315		49,260		6,313		-		13,199		-		1,416		7	96,510	1.38%	235
2012	20,820		39,005		-		-		10,544		654		1,382		7	72,412	0.98%	177
2013	16,350		38,190		-		-		9,332		-		1,346		7	65,225	0.43%	143
2014	11,525		37,375		-		-		4,399		-		1,310		7	54,616	0.35%	119
2015	6,460		36,460		-		-		3,938		-		1,273		6	48,137	0.30%	104
2016	-		35,545		-		-		3,459		36		1,236		5	40,281	0.24%	86

^{*} Personal income and populations used for these calculations appear in the Demographic Statistics section.

Statistical Section

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt (unaudited) June 30, 2016 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year 2016 Assessed Valuation: \$ 31,778,339 (includes unitary utility valuation)

Redevelopment Incremental Valuation: (3,247,296)
Adjusted Assessed Valuation: \$28,531,043

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	% Applicable	Debt
College of the Sequoias Hanford School Facilities Improvement District	0.956%	\$ 195
College of the Sequoias Tulare School Facilities Improvement District	88.658%	30,696
College of the Sequoias Visalia School Facilities Improvement District	100.000%	26,090
Other Community College District	2.259% - 7.190%	9,892
Dinuba Joint Unified School District	99.814%	23,101
Lindsay Unified School District	100.000%	43,681
Porterville Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District	100.000%	12,651
Visalia Unified School District	100.000%	59,250
Other Unified School Districts	10.398% - 100.000%	12,377
Delano Joint Union High School District	26.512%	14,822
Exeter Union High School District	100.000%	4,582
Tulare Joint Union High School District	99.830%	28,855
Other Union High School Districts	1.166% - 100.000%	10,598
Exeter Union School District	100.000%	4,099
Other School Districts	7.434% - 100.000%	13,815
Kaweah Delta Hospital District	100.000%	47,817
Tulare Local Healthcare District	100.000%	84,525
Special District 1915 Act Bonds	100.000%	107
Special District Revenue Bonds	100.000%	3,468
City 1915 Act Bonds	100.000%	352
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		430,973
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:		
College of Sequoias Community College District General Fund Obligations	76.799%	6,958
Kern Community College District General Fund and Benefit Obligations	6.920%	12,279
Dinuba Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation	98.781%	8,061
Lindsay Unified School District General Fund Obligations	100.000%	13,655
Porterville Unified School District Certificates of Participation	100.000%	32,275
Visalia Unified School District Certificates of Participation	100.000%	7,750
Other Unified School District Certificates of Participation	92.593% - 100.000%	5,138
Union High School District Certificates of Participation	1.166% - 100.000%	1,808
School District Certificates of Participation	7.434% - 100.000%	13,657
City of Porterville Certificates of Participation	100.000%	21,300
City of Dinuba General Fund Obligations	100.000%	21,295
City of Tulare General Fund Obligations	100.000%	31,530
City of Visalia Certificates of Participation	100.000%	13,595
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	- -	189,301
DIRECT GENERAL FUND DEBT:		
Tulare County General Fund Obligations	100.000%	39,040
TOTAL DIRECT GENERAL FUND DEBT	·	39,040
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	·	\$ 659,314

⁽¹⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Note 1: During bond issuance the County receives a repayment schedule from the entities and allocates the overlapping debt based on the percentage of the assessed values.

RATIO TO ADJUST ASSESSED VALUATION:

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/16: \$0

Sources: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. and Tulare County Auditor/Property Tax

Statistical Section

Legal Debt Margin Information (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016:

Net assessed value

Debt limit - 1.25 percent of taxable property (1) Amount of debt applicable to debt limit (2) Legal debt margin (3)	\$ 394,278					
			Fi	scal Year		
	 2007	2008		2009	2010	 2011
Debt limit	\$ 352,369	\$ 340,733	\$	337,442	\$ 337,442	\$ 341,335
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	-		-	-	-
Legal debt margin	\$ 352,369	\$ 340,733	\$	337,442	\$ 337,442	\$ 341,335
Total debt limit as a percentage of the legal debt margin	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%

\$ 31,542,207

			Fi	scal Year		
	2012	2013		2014	2015	2016
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	\$ 338,976	\$ 346,886	\$	357,621 - 357,621	\$ 374,972 - 374,972	\$ 394,278 - 394,278
Total debt limit as a percentage of the legal debt margin	100%	100%		100%	100%	100%

⁽¹⁾ Constitutional Amendment XIIIA, passed by a vote of the people and effective July 1, 1978, prohibits the County from raising ad valorem property taxes above 1% of full cash value. Thus, the legal debt is 1.25% of assessed valuation.

Source: County of Tulare / Property Tax

⁽²⁾ As of 6/30/2016 the County had no tax supported general obligation bonded debt outstanding.

⁽³⁾ Legal debt margin is computed by subtracting the County legal general obligation bonded debt from the legal debt limit.

Statistical Section

Demographics and Economic Statistics (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Personal Income	Personal Income (in millions) (5)(6)	Median Age (3)(6)	School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2007	429,006	\$ 21.995	\$ 9,436	29	94.407	8.6%
2008	436,839	22,464	9,813	29	95,344	9.8%
2009	441,481	25,920	10,865	29	96,811	14.7%
2010	447,814	26,545	11,887	29	97,321	14.7%
2011	436,946	16,999	6,973	30	97,889	15.9%
2012	449,253	17,966	7,370	30	98,831	15.2%
2013	455,599	33,648	15,330	29	99,964	12.8%
2014	459,446	33,495	15,389	29	101,099	11.6%
2015	462,189	35,221	16,279	31	102,206	11.0%
2016	466,339	36,631	17,083	31	102,703	9.5%

⁽¹⁾ Source: State of California, Department of Finance; Census every 10 years

⁽²⁾ Source: State of California, Employment Development Department

⁽³⁾ Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Median age is the age at which there are as many residents older as there are younger.

⁽⁴⁾ Source: California Department of Education, Educational Demographics Unit

⁽⁵⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽⁶⁾ Amounts are estimates based on historical percentages or other pertinent information.

Statistical Section Principal Employers (unaudited) June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2007

Fiscal Year 2016 Fiscal Year 2007

Employer	Employage	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employer	Employage	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Employer	Employees	Kalik		Employer	Employees	Kalik	
County of Tulare	4,849	1	2.61%	County of Tulare	4,779	1	3.33%
Kaweah Delta Health Care District	2,000	2	1.08%	Kaweah Delta Health Care District	2,540	2	1.77%
Sierra View District Hospital	1,800	3	0.97%	Porterville Development Center	2,077	3	1.45%
Ruiz Foods Products, Inc.	1,800	3	0.97%	Wal-Mart Distribution Center	1,527	4	1.06%
Walmart Distribution Center	1,692	4	0.91%	College of the Sequoias	1,106	5	0.77%
Porterville Development Center	1,398	5	0.75%	Ruiz Foods Products, Inc.	1,100	6	0.77%
College of the Sequoias	1,160	6	0.63%	CIGNA HealthCare	1,000	7	0.70%
Jostens	720	7	0.39%	Jostens	720	8	0.50%
CIGNA HealthCare	700	8	0.38%	Dairyman's/Land O'Lakes, Inc.	650	9	0.45%
Monrovia Nursery Company	600	9	0.32%	Monrovia Nursery Company	600	10	0.42%
Land O'Lakes, Inc.	600	9	0.32%	Tota	16,099		11.22%
Saputo Cheese USA, Inc.	530	10	0.29%			i	
Total	17,849		9.62%				

Source: Tulare County Economic Development Corporation

This page intentionally left blank.



Statistical Section

Employees by Function (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011				
General Government									
Administration	50	53	52	49	51				
County Counsel	41	45	48	48	50				
Risk Management	9	9	6	4	6				
Elections	8	7	7	7	5				
Finance	133	144	144	143	157				
Purchasing	6	6	6	7	5				
Planning and Development	61	78	77	67	54				
Other General	204	322	297	257	254				
Public Protection									
Child Support Services	269	269	269	226	194				
District Attorney	175	196	201	215	233				
Fire Protection	27	111	114	114	122				
Probation	315	327	335	348	345				
Public Defender	75	83	83	83	78				
Sheriff / Coroner	748	772	751	733	743				
Trial Courts	-	-	-	-	1				
Other Protection	57	58	58	60	102				
Public Ways and Facilities	133	134	134	149	200				
Health and Sanitation	650	575	475	443	439				
Public Assistance	1,687	1,721	1,366	1,404	1,392				
Education	41	45	45	47	59				
Culture and Recreation	15	16	15	18	19				
Solid Waste Management	75	76	75	64	66				
Total Number of Employees	4,779	5,047	4,558	4,486	4,575				
Total Gross Salaries*	\$ 162,093	\$ 172,488	\$ 192,779	\$ 205,703	\$ 192,090				
*Gross Salarias Doundad to Thouse	an de				Continued				

*Gross Salaries Rounded to Thousands

Statistical Section

Employees by Function (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Figoal	Voor
Fiscal	Y ear

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Function
<u> </u>	<u> </u>				General Government
50	50	50	50	50	Administration
50	52	50	50	46	County Counsel
4	6	11	11	11	Risk Management
4	7	5	7	7	Elections
148	146	152	151	151	Finance
8	8	8	8	9	Purchasing
75	85	81	81	71	Planning and Development
231	244	255	258	268	Other General
					Public Protection
212	211	211	206	204	Child Support Services
194	205	212	212	204	District Attorney
117	114	114	113	117	Fire Protection
340	377	377	379	385	Probation
83	89	89	89	91	Public Defender
721	799	811	832	840	Sheriff / Coroner
2	2	2	2	3	Trial Courts
93	94	87	89	87	Other Protection
151	156	157	154	156	Public Ways and Facilities
483	488	477	469	480	Health and Sanitation
1,564	1,574	1,559	1,534	1,584	Public Assistance
47	45	45	48	50	Education
9	9	-	-	-	Culture and Recreation
61	52	47	33	36	Solid Waste Management
4,647	4,813	4,800	4,776	4,850	Total Number of Employees
190,554	\$ 202,177	\$ 204,484	\$ 208,899	\$ 217,152	Total Gross Salaries*
				Concluded	

^{*}Gross Salaries Rounded to Thousands

Statistical Section Operating Indicators by Function (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public Protection					
Child Support Services					
Number of Caseloads	35,678	34,960	37,498	36,109	31,621
Number of Orders Established	1,810	2,211	2,347	3,972	1,638
District Attorney					
Number of Adult Felony Cases Filed	5,702	5,547	4,742	4,074	4,085
Number of Adult Misdemeanor Cases Filed	12,943	14,192	14,028	11,606	10,228
Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor Cases Filed	886	877	640	526	364
Number of Juvenile Felony Cases Filed	829	733	719	674	607
Total Cases Tried (Excluding Juvenile Trials)	207	173	217	175	137
Fire Protection					
Number of Fires	3,156	3,227	1,890	4,429	1,735
Medical Aids	8,997	7,408	7,395	6,949	7,529
Assist Other Agencies	1,204	1,383	597	861	512
Sheriff/Coroner					
Warrants Processed	19,813	21,195	22,761	19,079	22,548
Jail Population - Admissions	29,241	26,183	25,376	24,348	23,444
Environmental Health					
Hazardous Materials Inspections	379	414	427	386	387
Hazardous Waste Inspections	225	214	201	212	221
Animal Control Field Calls	4,239	4,022	4,199	3,876	3,843
Animal Control Intake	9,172	9,151	9,221	8,787	9,316
Solid Waste Inspections	293	237	263	282	251
Public Ways and Facilities					
Roads					
Total Maintained Mileage	3,008	3,006	3,046	3,046	3,041
Public Assistance					
Mental Health Clients Served					
Outpatient	9,343	9,530	9,568	9,757	9,652
Impatient	558	579	365	671	772
Conserved	264	229	180	186	178
Day Treatment	8	8	2	1	5
Community Based Programs					
Congregate Meals Served	125,167	107,509	82,240	69,851	71,261
Home Delivered Meals	121,672	99,140	47,953	51,692	65,260
Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program	363	259	318	348	351
Number of People Served through Area Agency on Aging Funds	296,809	217,876	182,252	184,815	133,068
Number of Adult Protective Services Cases Opened	784	942	916	893	768
Number of Enrolled Participants in Cal Works	5,243	6,274	6,452	6,519	7,335
Culture and Recreation					
Library	217 522	200.025		241.774	2.42.020
Volumes	317,532	288,035	-	341,774	343,928
Parks and Recreation	20.202	20.251	10.511	17.620	25.702
Total Number of Cars Entered Parks	20,393	20,351	19,511	17,639	25,702
Total Amount of Park Reservations	1,902	1,735	1,636	1,036	837
Other Enterprises Solid Waste					
Landfill Tonnage Gross Total	310,099	271,245	235,162	225,337	246,965
Landfill Tonnage Recycled Total	,	48,892	,	,	,
Transit	36,181	40,074	50,117	49,207	56,128
Total Route Miles	441,358	517,947	631,960	676,359	794,963
Number of Passengers	105,715	130,266	155,151	188,999	794,963 244.500
rannoel of Lassongers	103,/13	130,200	155,151	100,777	Continued
					Commueu

Statistical Section

Operating Indicators by Function (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year							
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Function		
					Public Protection		
					Child Support Services		
29,055	27,633	26,136	25,066	24,250	Number of Caseloads		
1,277	1,185	1,167	1,456	1,161	Number of Orders Established		
					District Attorney		
4,275	5,374	5,481	5,729	4,160	Number of Adult Felony Cases Filed		
10,511	10,272	9,966	12,055	13,763	Number of Adult Misdemeanor Cases Filed		
288	205	242	349	398	Number of Juvenile Misdemeanor Cases Filed		
629	505	544	462	391	Number of Juvenile Felony Cases Filed		
139	124	138	114	126	Total Cases Tried (Excluding Juvenile Trials)		
					Fire Protection		
3,292	4,647	4,745	4,654	4,707	Number of Fires		
6,927	7,235	7,336	8,077	7,305	Medical Aids		
361	277	268	509	545	Assist Other Agencies		
					Sheriff/Coroner		
17,079	17,538	19,650	22,071	23,042	Warrants Processed		
22,251	22,660	22,563	22,881	21,301	Jail Population - Admissions		
					Environmental Health		
427	358	339	333	424	Hazardous Materials Inspections		
233	218	181	196	198	Hazardous Waste Inspections		
4,530	4,955	5,184	5,115	5,267	Animal Control Field Calls		
9,269	9,269	8,945	8,348	7,684	Animal Control Intake		
266	272	263	237	321	Solid Waste Inspections		
					Public Ways and Facilities		
					Roads		
3,041	3,039	3,038	3,035	3,031	Total Maintained Mileage		
					Public Assistance		
					Mental Health Clients Served		
9,427	9,637	10,577	11,417	11,691	Outpatient		
608	710	812	802	776	Impatient		
184	199	190	156	157	Conserved		
5	2	2	2	2	Day Treatment		
					Community Based Programs		
70,150	60,743	60,890	69,200	66,192	Congregate Meals Served		
59,460	63,089	64,470	79,271	69,185	Home Delivered Meals		
575	1,156	974	1,114	1,073	Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program		
137,104	137,104	110,992	103,127	55,269	Number of People Served through Area Agency on Aging Funds		
1,249	1,198	1,423	1,656	1,563	Number of Adult Protective Services Cases Opened		
7,686	7,843	8,370	8,308	8,142	Number of Enrolled Participants in Cal Works		
					Culture and Recreation		
205.015	204.512	200.020	204.012	206060	Library		
285,915	294,513	289,830	304,912	306,860	Volumes		
10.004	12.062	15.005	15.064	10.020	Parks and Recreation		
19,234	13,963	17,297	15,364	19,038	Total Number of Cars Entered Parks		
1,095	789	734	709	624	Total Amount of Park Reservations		
					Other Enterprises		
261.020	257.262	251 927	245 (22	417.252	Solid Waste		
261,828	257,262	251,826	345,633	417,252	Landfill Tonnage Gross Total		
54,712	43,171	46,301	37,824	37,995	Landfill Tonnage Recycled Total Transit		
042 626	020 904	1 000 061	000 662	1.020.226	Total Route Miles		
842,636	929,804	1,009,061	999,663	1,039,336			
308,293	351,697	356,560	374,312	348,737	Number of Passengers		

Source: County of Tulare / Auditor-Controller

Concluded

Statistical Section

Capital Asset Statistics by Function (unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Public Protection							
Sheriff/Coroner							
Stations	4	4	4	4	4		
Fire Protection							
Stations	28	28	29	26	27		
Building Permits Issued	5,847	5,118	3,925	3,353	3,494		
Public Ways and Facilities							
Roads							
Roads (miles)	3,008	3,006	3,046	3,540	3,041		
Streetlights	1,459	1,468	1,384	1,472	1,537		
Culture and Recreation							
Library							
Number of Branches	15	15	15	15	15		
Volumes	317,532	288,035	-	341,774	343,928		
Parks and Recreation							
Park Acreage	688	688	688	688	628		
Parks	11	11	11	11	10		
Museum (square feet)	25,919	25,919	25,919	42,919	42,919		
Lake Success Capacity (acre feet)	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000		
Lake Kaweah Capacity (acre feet)	185,600	185,600	165,600	185,600	185,600		
Other Enterprises							
Solid Waste							
Landfill Sites	7	7	7	7	7		
Transfer Stations	7	7	7	7	7		
					Continued		

Statistical Section

Capital Asset Statistics by Function (unaudited) (continued) Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year			
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Function
					Public Protection
					Sheriff/Coroner
4	4	4	4	4	Stations
					Fire Protection
27	27	27	27	27	Stations
3,333	3,581	3,474	3,639	4,617	Building Permits Issued
					Public Ways and Facilities
					Roads
3,041	3,041	3,038	3,035	3,031	Roads (miles)
1,541	1,542	1,471	1,471	1,157	Streetlights
					Culture and Recreation
					Library
15	15	15	15	15	Number of Branches
285,915	285,915	285,915	304,912	306,860	Volumes
					Parks and Recreation
628	628	628	628	628	Park Acreage
10	10	10	10	10	Parks
42,919	42,919	42,919	42,919	42,919	Museum (square feet)
29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	Lake Success Capacity (acre feet)
185,600	185,600	185,600	185,600	185,600	Lake Kaweah Capacity (acre feet)
					Other Enterprises
					Solid Waste
7	7	3	2	2	Landfill Sites
7	7	7	6	6	Transfer Stations
				Concluded	