

Resource Management Agency

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District Three
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District Four
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COUNTY OF TULARE AGENDA ITEM

AGENDA DATE: May 2, 2023

Public Hearing Required N/A Scheduled Public Hearing w/Clerk N/A Published Notice Required N/A Advertised Published Notice N/A Meet & Confer Required N/A Budget Transfer (Aud 308) attached N/A Personnel Resolution attached N/A Agreement(s) attached N/A

CONTACT PERSON: Celeste Perez PHONE: (559) 624-7010

SUBJECT:

2022 Annual Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and Feedlots for 2021

REQUEST(S):

That the Board of Supervisors:

- 1. Hold a public meeting to receive a presentation to consider the 2022 Annual Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and Feedlots for 2021 ("2022 Annual Report") and provide an opportunity for public comment.
- Accept a Categorical Exemption consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") Title 14 California Code of Regulations, Section 15061(b)(3) Common Sense Exemption and Section 15306, Information Collection.

SUMMARY:

On August 2, 2019, a Stipulated Settlement ("Settlement") was made and became effective by and among all parties to Case No. 272380, namely the Sierra Club, Association of Irritated Residents, and Center for Biological Diversity (collectively "Petitioners" or "Plaintiffs") and the County of Tulare ("County").

The Settlement, under Section IV.B., requires the County of Tulare to prepare an Annual Report of Total Dairy Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions from 2019–2024. The 2022 Annual Report (see Attachment No. 1) is required to include:

 Total estimated dairy GHG emissions reduced to date compared to the 1.05 million MT/yr by 2023 Dairy and Feedlot CAP reduction goal, and the total dairy GHG emissions reduced to date compared to the maximum projected SB 1383 potential target.

An Air Quality Consultant has prepared a GHG Emissions Reduction Report (see

SUBJECT: 2022 Annual Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and

Feedlots for 2021

DATE: May 2, 2023

Exhibit "A" of Attachment No. 1).

2. Report on the State's measures pursuant to SB 1383, including but not limited to digester funding and the Alternative Manure Management Program ("AMMP").

Resource Management Agency (RMA) staff completed an AMMP Spreadsheet (Exhibit "B") with this information on February 14, 2023.

3. Updated Digester Project list for digesters within the County that lists: 1) the operation name, 2) project title, 3) total project cost, 4) CDFA funding award, additional Federal or State public funding awards, 5) project description, 6) project construction state, 7) location, 8) GHG emission reductions over ten years, and 9) how captured methane is used. The report shall also include any reported problems with completed digesters within the County.

RMA staff completed the Updated Digester Project List (Exhibit "C") with this information on March 16, 2023.

Pursuant to the Settlement, the Annual Report shall be completed by May 1 each year, beginning in 2020, and made available to the public (through the County website). The County shall hold a public meeting on the Annual Report and the County Board shall provide the Annual Report to the public not less than ten (10) calendar days prior to a duly noticed public meeting, where the report is considered by the Board following a staff presentation and opportunity for public comment.

The 2022 Annual Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and Feedlots for 2021 was completed on March 29, 2023.

ENVIRONMENTAL SUMMARY

Preparation of the 2022 Annual Report makes no physical change to the environment because it only involves gathering information to prepare a written report. As such, it is exempt from CEQA based on the common sense exemption consistent with CEQA and the State CEQA Guidelines pursuant to Title 14, Cal. Code Regulations Section 15061(b)(3) and Section 15306, Class 6, Information Collection.

Staff has prepared and will file a Notice of Exemption (see Attachment No. 2).

FISCAL IMPACT/FINANCING:

Funding of the implementation of the Stipulated Settlement, including the 2022 Annual Report, is through the previously approved RMA annual budget in association with the County Administrative Office.

LINKAGE TO THE COUNTY OF TULARE STRATEGIC BUSINESS PLAN:

The County's five-year strategic plan includes the "Economic Well Being Initiative - to promote economic development opportunities, effective growth management and a quality standard of living" and "Quality of Life Initiative – to promote public health and welfare, educational opportunities, natural resource management and continued

SUBJECT: 2022 Annual Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and

Feedlots for 2021

DATE: May 2, 2023

improvement of environmental quality." The 2022 Annual Report will continue to support the agricultural economy while implementing the County General Plan. In doing so, it will promote sustainability, economic development and prosperity by providing design flexibility, streamline approval process and aid in reducing environmental impacts within unincorporated Tulare County.

ADMINISTRATIVE SIGN-OFF:

/s/ Aaron R. Bock

Aaron R. Bock, MCRP, JD, LEED AP
Assistant Director - Economic Development & Planning

/s/ Michael Washam

Michael Washam, ACE
Associate Director

/s/ Reed Schenke

Reed Schenke, P.E.

Director

Cc: County Administrative Office

Attachment No. 1: 2022 Annual Report

Exhibit "A": 2021 GHG Emissions Reduction Report

Exhibit "B": AMMP Spreadsheet

Exhibit "C": Updated Digester Project List

Attachment No. 2: Notice of Exemption

Attachment No. 1

TULARE COUNTY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY



5961 South Mooney Boulevard Visalia, CA 93277

2022 ANNUAL REPORT

OF TOTAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM DAIRIES AND FEEDLOTS FOR 2021

March 29, 2023

Prepared by

Tulare County Resources Management Agency Economic Development & Planning Branch

Attachment No. 1

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TULARE COUNTY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY



5961 South Mooney Boulevard Visalia, CA 93277

2022 ANNUAL REPORT

OF TOTAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM DAIRIES AND FEEDLOTS FOR 2021

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I. INTRODUCTION

The 2022 Annual Report of total Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") emissions from dairies and feedlots for 2021 is a requirement of a Stipulated Settlement ("Settlement"). The Settlement became effective August 2, 2019, completely resolving Case No. 272380 - Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief, Superior Court, State of California, County of Tulare, Visalia Division, challenging the certification by the County of Tulare of the 2017 Environmental Impact Report for the 2017 Animal Facilities Confinement Plan and related General Plan Amendments Zone Changes, and Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan. The ACFP and Dairy CAP are components of the County's General Plan and are part of the Settlement by and between the Sierra Club, Association of Irritated Residents, and Center for Biological Diversity (collectively "Petitioners" or "Plaintiffs") and the County of Tulare, a political subdivision of the State of California and the Board of Supervisors of the County of Tulare (collectively "County").

A. BACKGROUND

On November 30, 2011, in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), the County of Tulare filed a Notice of Preparation ("NOP") with the California State Clearinghouse in the Governor's Office of Planning and Research as notification that a Draft EIR would be prepared for the 2017 ACFP and 2017 Dairy CAP. The NOP was distributed to involved public agencies and other interested parties for a 30-day public review period. The purpose of the public review period was to solicit comments on the scope and content of the environmental analysis to be included in the EIR.

On February 3, 2016, a Notice of Completion for a Draft EIR for the 2017 ACFP and 2017 Dairy CAP was filed with the State Clearinghouse, together with the requisite number of copies of the Draft EIR to be mailed to affected public agencies and interested parties, indicating a 45-day review period commencing on February 4, 2016, and ending on March 21, 2016.

On February 4, 2016, a Notice of Availability of a Draft EIR was duly published in the Visalia Times-Delta, Porterville Recorder, and Dinuba Sentinel, which are newspapers of general circulation in Tulare County, as well as the Bakersfield Californian and Delano Record in Kern County.

On February 4, 2016, a Notice of Availability of a Draft EIR was posted in the office of the Tulare County Clerk for a 45-day public review period commencing on February 4, 2016, and ending on March 21, 2016.

On September 8, 2017, a copy of the written responses to the timely public comments on the Draft EIR was sent to the commenting public agencies and interested parties in a manner that public agencies and interested parties received it at least 10 days before the Board of Supervisors meeting where the Board was scheduled to act upon the Planning Commission's recommendation to certify the EIR.

On October 12, 2017, a Notice of Availability of a Draft EIR and Notice of Public Hearing was duly published in the Visalia Times-Delta, Porterville recorder, Dinuba Sentinel, Bakersfield Californian, and Delano Record, newspapers of general circulation, for a Planning Commission meeting set for October 25, 2017.

On October 25, 2017, the Planning Commission held a duly notice meeting where staff presented evidence regarding the Final EIR and the Project to the Planning Commission and answered Planning Commission questions, and the Commission held a duly notice public hearing where public testimony was received and recorded regarding the Project and Final EIR.

On October 25, 2017, the Planning Commission reviewed the Final EIR, Findings of Fact, Statement of Overriding Considerations, and Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP") for the Project and recommended by Resolution No. 8358 that the Board of Supervisors certify the Final EIR and adopt the Findings of Fact, Statement of Overriding Considerations, and MMRP.

On December 1, 2017, a Notice of Public Hearing was published in the Visalia Times-Delta for a public hearing before the Board at its regular meeting on December 12, 2017.

On December 12, 2017, public testimony was received and recorded at the Board of Supervisors hearing regarding the Project and Final EIR.

On December 12, 2017, after notice and hearing, the Board adopted the 2017 ACFP as the updated Chapter 12 of the Tulare County 2030 General Plan Update, approved and adopted the 2017 Dairy CAP, and approved and certified a Final Environmental Impact Report ("2017 FEIR") and adopted the CEQA Findings of Fact, Statement of Overriding Considerations, and Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP") pursuant to CEQA.

The 2017 FEIR formally evaluated the environmental impacts of the 2017 ACFP and 2017 Dairy CAP. The 2017 FEIR was prepared pursuant to CEQA. On December 12, 2017, after notice and hearing, the Board adopted the 2017 ACFP as the updated Chapter 12 of the Tulare County 2030 General Plan Update, approved and adopted the 2017 Dairy CAP, and approved and certified the 2017 FEIR and adopted the CEQA Findings of Fact, Statement of Overriding Considerations, and Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP") pursuant to CEQA.

On July 21, 2020, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 2020-0430 approving an Addendum to the 2017 FEIR for the 2017 ACFP and Dairy CAP, adopted Resolution No. 2020-0431 approving General Plan Amendment No. 20-009 amending the 2017 ACFP and Dairy CAP, and adopted Resolution No. 2020-0446 accepting the Tulare County Planning Commission's recommendation to approve an Addendum to the 2017 FEIR for the 2017 ACFP and Dairy CAP and accepted the Commission's recommendation to approve General Plan Amendment No. 20-009 amending the 2017 ACFP and Dairy CAP.

B. ANNUAL REPORT SUMMARY

Section IV.B. of the Settlement requires the County of Tulare to prepare an Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions from Fiscal Year ("FY") 2019-FY2024. The Annual Report (see Attachment No. 1) is required to include:

1. Total estimated dairy GHG emissions reduced to date compared to the 1.05 million MT/yr. by 2023 Dairy and Feedlot CAP reduction goal, and the total dairy GHG emissions reduced to date compared to the maximum projected SB 1383 potential target. GHG emissions shall be represented as graphical figures substantially similar to those provided in Attachment B of the Settlement.

The County's Air Quality Consultant has prepared a GHG Emissions Reduction Report (Exhibit "A") with this information. On February 6, 2023, the County's Air Quality Consultant began preparing an Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions for 2021. The County's Air Quality consultant completed the Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions for 2021 on March 27, 2023. The Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions for 2022 presents the 2021 GHG emissions inventory for dairies and cattle feedlots in Tulare County. It also evaluates the voluntary GHG emission reduction projects implemented at dairies and feedlots since 2013 and quantifies the reductions.

Maas Energy Works and California Bioenergy indicated that bringing a digester project to full operation has taken longer than originally expected due to several reasons. One reason is that CDFA funding is partial, and it has taken time to secure additional funding. Another reason is that permitting is complex and can involve obtaining permits from up to six different agencies. Another reason is that the "hub and spoke" model, where several digesters feed digester gas into a central facility, is complex and components are not always built out simultaneously. Once digester installation is complete, start of operation may be delayed until downstream components are built out. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in additional delays in the next inventory year, 2022, due to staffing shortages and regulatory agency delays.

The Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions for 2021 shows that there were approximately 592,131 additional metric tons per year of CO₂e reductions from solar, digester, and AMMP projects that are planned to become operational after 2021. The complete dairy digester and AMMP project lists, with project descriptions, are included in Appendix B of the Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions for 2021.

2. Report on the State's measures pursuant to SB 1383, including but not limited to digester funding and the Alternative Manure Management Program ("AMMP").

RMA staff completed an AMMP Spreadsheet (Exhibit "B") with this information on February 14, 2023. The AMMP Spreadsheet contains twenty-one (21) facilities and shows that the CDFA has awarded \$13,651,501.00 in funding for improvements at dairies and feedlots in Tulare County. Eight (8) of those facilities were operational after completing improvements in 2021, six (6) facilities had improvements that were under construction in 2021, and seven (7) of the facilities had not yet applied for Building Permits in 2021. Once

- the twenty-one (21) facilities are all operating for five (5) years after completing improvements, the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) reductions will total 268,932 MTCO₂e.
- 3. Updated Digester Project list for digesters within the County that lists: 1) the operation name, 2) project title, 3) total project cost, 4) CDFA funding award, additional Federal or State public funding awards, 5) project description, 6) project construction state, 7) location, 8) GHG emission reductions over ten years, and 9) how captured methane is used. The report shall also include any reported problems with completed digesters within the County.

RMA staff completed the Updated Digester Project List (Exhibit "C") with this information on March 16, 2023. The Updated Digester Project List contains fifty-five (55) Digesters and shows that the CDFA has awarded \$78,077,715.00 for Digesters at fifty (50) dairies in Tulare County. However, two (2) Digester projects have been cancelled at the request of the grant recipients. One (1) Digester is no longer listed on the CDFA Digester List. Three (3) Digesters that are currently operating did not receive CDFA funding. Thirty-nine (39) Digesters are operational, and thirteen (13) Digesters are under construction. Once the fifty-two (52) Digesters are all operating for ten (10) years, the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) reductions will total 8,482,606 MTCO₂e.

The Settlement requires an Annual Report to be completed by May 1 each year, beginning in 2020, and made available to the public (through the County website). The Settlement requires the County to hold a public meeting on the Annual Report and the Board is required to provide the Annual Report to the public not less than ten (10) calendar days prior to a duly noticed public meeting, where the report is considered by the Board following a staff presentation and opportunity for public comments. It should be noted that the County completed 48 Inspections in 2021 of Dairies and Feedlots, which exceeds the requirement to inspect fifteen (15) percent of the facilities each year on a rolling basis.

C. CEQA FRAMEWORK ANNUAL REPORT

Common Sense Exemption consistent with CEQA and the Guidelines for Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA Guidelines") pursuant to Title 14, Cal. Code Regulations Section 15061(b) (3). Section 15061(b) (3) states that a project is exempt from CEQA if "The activity is covered by the Common Sense exemption that CEQA applies only to projects which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment. Where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to CEQA." Preparing the 2022 Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions from 2021 will not make any physical change to the environment because it only involves gathering information to prepare a written report concerning whether or not the County of Tulare is in compliance with the 2017 Animal Confinement Facilities Plan ("2017 ACFP") and the 2017 Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan ("2017 Dairy CAP").

Categorical Exemption consistent with CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines pursuant to Title 14, Cal. Code Regulations Section 15306, Class 6, pertaining to basic data collection, research, experimental management, and resource evaluation activities which do not result in a serious or

major disturbance to an environmental resource. The use of Section 15306 is applicable and appropriate because preparing the 2022 Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions from 2021 will not make any physical change to the environment because it only involves gathering information to prepare a written report concerning whether or not the County of Tulare is in compliance with the 2017 ACFP and the 2017 Dairy CAP.

Exhibits: "A" 2022 Annual Report of total dairy GHG emissions for 2021

"B" Alternative Manure Management Program Spreadsheet

"C" Digester Project List Spreadsheet

Tulare County



Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021









Prepared by:

Castle Environmental Consulting, LLC iLanco Environmental, LLC

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

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Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

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Appendices

Appendix A – 2021 Business-As-Usual Emission Calculations

Appendix B – 2021 Emission Reduction Calculations

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

List of Acronyms

| ACFP | Animal Confinement Facilities Plan |
|-------------------|---|
| ACFP DEIR | Draft Environmental Impact Report for the Animal Confinement Facilities |
| | Plan, And Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan |
| ACR | Annual compliance report |
| AMMP | Alternative Manure Management Program |
| AR4 | IPCC Fourth Assessment Report |
| BAU | Business-as-usual |
| CARB | California Air Resources Board |
| CCI | California Climate Investments |
| CDFA | California Department of Food and Agriculture |
| CEC | California Energy Commission |
| CEFM | Cattle Enteric Fermentation Model |
| CH ₄ | Methane |
| CO ₂ | Carbon dioxide |
| CO ₂ e | Carbon dioxide equivalent |
| County | County of Tulare |
| CPUC | California Public Utilities Commission |
| CSI | California Solar Initiative |
| Dairy CAP | Tulare County Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan |
| DDRDP | Dairy Digester Research and Development Program |
| DEIR | Draft Environmental Impact Report |
| EIR | Environmental Impact Report |
| FEIR | Final Environmental Impact Report |
| FY | Fiscal year |
| GHG | Greenhouse gas |
| GWP | Global warming potential |
| HFCs | Hydrofluorocarbons |
| IPCC | Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change |
| kW | Kilowatts |
| kWh/yr | Kilowatt-hours per year |
| MT | Metric tons |
| N ₂ O | Nitrous oxide |
| NREL | National Renewable Energy Laboratory |
| RMA | County of Tulare Resource Management Agency |
| SB | Senate Bill |
| SLCP | Short-lived climate pollutants |
| WECC | Western Electricity Coordinating Council |

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Executive Summary

This report presents the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions inventory for dairies and cattle feedlots in the County of Tulare (County) for calendar year 2021. It also evaluates the voluntary GHG emission reduction projects implemented at dairies and feedlots since 2013. The GHG inventory and evaluation of emission reductions were prepared pursuant to the 2019 Stipulated Settlement, entered into by the Sierra Club, Association of Irritated Residents, Center for Biological Diversity, and County of Tulare.

In 2021, the overall operation of County dairies and feedlots and their support crops produced an estimated 6,052,979 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO_2e) GHG emissions. This quantity was 19 percent less than the 2013 baseline year emissions and 3 percent less than the previous inventory year (2020) emissions. The reduction in emissions from 2020 to 2021 was primarily associated with implementation of additional digester projects.

The voluntary emission reduction projects operating at County dairies and feedlots in 2021 included 70 solar panel projects, 11 solar thermal hot water systems, 38 digester projects, and 8 Alternative Manure Management Program (AMMP) projects. These projects provided 592,131 metric tons of CO₂e reductions in calendar year 2021. These reductions constituted 56 percent of the annual emission reductions needed to achieve the Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan (Dairy CAP) target by 2023. To meet the target, County dairies and feedlots will need to reduce emissions by an additional 457,869 metric tons per year by the end of 2023. At the time of this study, the known additional projects scheduled for post-2021 start-up would provide further reductions of up to 418,796 metric tons of CO₂e per year when operational. This leaves only 39,073 metric tons per year of emission reductions needed from yet-to-be identified solar, digester, AMMP, or enteric projects to reach the Dairy CAP target. Table ES-1 summarizes the progress toward meeting the Dairy CAP target as of 2021.

In 2021, manure management operations at County dairies and feedlots produced an estimated 4,902,137 metric tons of methane CO₂e emissions. This emissions quantity was 15 percent below 2013 levels. To meet the Senate Bill (SB) 1383 target, County dairies and feedlots will need to further reduce methane CO₂e emissions by an additional 1,432,137 metric tons per year by 2030. At the time of this study, the known additional projects scheduled for post-2021 start-up would provide further methane CO₂e reductions of up to 414,991 metric tons per year when operational. This leaves another 1,017,146 metric tons per year of methane CO₂e reductions needed from yet-to-be identified digester, AMMP, or enteric projects by 2030. Changes to the animal population would also affect emissions. Table ES-1 summarizes the progress toward meeting the SB 1383 target as of 2021.

Although County dairies and feedlots have made significant progress in reducing their GHG emissions, additional reduction projects will be needed by 2023 and 2030 to meet the Dairy CAP and SB 1383 targets. The County will continue to track and regulate dairies and feedlots through its Animal Confinement Facilities Plan (ACFP) framework. Continued State and federal incentive funding will be necessary to make additional emission reduction projects economically feasible for the dairy industry.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table ES-1. Summary of Progress Toward the Dairy CAP and SB 1383 Targets

| | | | | | Additional Needed |
|-----------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Target | | Progress as of | after 2021 to Reach |
| Policy | Pollutant | Year | Target | 2021 | Target |
| | GHGs from | | 1,050,000 metric | 592,131 metric | 457,869 additional |
| Dairy CAP | operation of dairies, | 2023 | tons of CO₂e per | tons of CO ₂ e | metric tons of CO₂e per |
| Daily CAF | feedlots, and their | | year reduction by | | year reduction needed |
| | support crops | | 2023 | reduction in 2021 | by the end of 2023 |
| | Methane | | | | 1,432,137 additional |
| | from manure | | 40% below 2013 | 15% below 2013 | metric tons per year |
| SB 1383 | management | 2030 | emissions by 2030 | emissions in 2021 | reduction (as methane |
| | processes at dairies | | emissions by 2030 | E11113310113 111 2021 | CO ₂ e) needed by 2030 |
| | and feedlots | | | | CO2e) fleeded by 2030 |

1 Introduction

This report presents the GHG emissions inventory for dairies and cattle feedlots in the County of Tulare for calendar year 2021. This report also documents the voluntary GHG emission reduction projects initiated at dairies and feedlots since 2013 and quantifies the reductions. The estimated 2021 emission reductions are compared to 2013 base year emissions and emission reduction targets set by the Dairy CAP (County of Tulare, 2017a) and SB 1383 (Lara, 2016). This report was prepared pursuant to the 2019 Stipulated Settlement, entered into by the Sierra Club, Association of Irritated Residents, Center for Biological Diversity, and County of Tulare.

Section 2 of this report provides background information on the Stipulated Settlement, ACFP, Dairy CAP, and SB 1383. Section 3 provides information concerning the dairy and feedlot animal populations in the County. Section 4 presents the 2013 base year emissions, which provide the benchmark for measuring progress toward the emission reduction targets. Section 5 presents the 2021 business-as-usual (BAU) emissions, which represent what the dairy and feedlot emissions would have been without implementation of the GHG emission reduction projects. Section 6 identifies the voluntary GHG emission reduction projects at dairies and feedlots and presents the estimated emission reductions achieved by those projects. Section 6 also evaluates the progress of the 2021 emission reductions toward meeting the 2023 target set by the Dairy CAP. Section 7 presents the actual 2021 GHG emissions, which result from applying the voluntary emission reductions to the BAU emissions. Section 7 also evaluates the progress of the actual emissions toward meeting the 2030 target set by SB 1383.

This report presents emissions for four GHGs: carbon dioxide (CO_2), methane (CH_4), nitrous oxide (N_2O), and hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs). For the dairy and feedlot industry, CO_2 is a product of fossil fuel combustion by on-road trucks and automobiles, off-road dairy and farming equipment, and power plants providing electricity to the dairies and related equipment (this report generally uses "dairy" to mean dairies and feedlots). Methane is primarily produced from anaerobic manure decomposition and enteric digestion (also called enteric fermentation). N_2O is primarily produced from manure decomposition and the use of nitrogen-based fertilizers, including manure, on dairy support crops. HFCs are used in milk refrigeration systems. They are potent GHGs emitted through normal system leakage.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

The combined emissions of all four GHGs evaluated in this report are expressed as CO₂e emissions. CO₂e is a common metric used to compare emissions of various GHGs. CO₂e represents the amount of CO₂ that would result in an equivalent amount of global warming as another GHG. CO₂e is computed by multiplying the mass of each GHG by its global warming potential (GWP)¹ and summing the products over all GHGs. CO₂ has a GWP of 1 by convention. The GWPs of the remaining three GHGs were obtained from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Fourth Assessment Report (AR4) (IPCC, 2007). Under AR4 guidance, the GWPs for methane, N₂O, and HFCs are 25, 298, and 14,800, respectively.² The use of AR4 GWPs is consistent with the CARB California 2000-2020 Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Program (CARB, 2022a). The GHG emissions in this report are reported in units of metric tons. One metric ton is equivalent to 1.1 U.S. (short) tons or 2,205 pounds.

2 Background

This section provides background information on the ACFP, Dairy CAP, SB 1383, California's actions related to SB 1383, and the Stipulated Settlement.

2.1 Animal Confinement Facilities Plan

The ACFP, included in the County's General Plan governing dairies and cattle feedlots, was originally adopted in 2001 and updated in 2017 (County of Tulare, 2017c). The 2017 ACFP serves as the guiding document to regulate the County's bovine facilities and projected growth through 2023 in response to statewide climate change regulations and reduction targets. Under the ACFP, the County tracks existing dairies and bovine facilities and defines permitted herd sizes. The ACFP's Conformance Checklist Review serves to streamline the CEQA process for expanding facilities that meet specific eligibility requirements. The ACFP also requires that dairies and feedlots submit Annual Compliance Reports (ACRs) and recommends voluntary, incentivized GHG reduction strategies.

2.2 Dairy CAP

When the County last updated its General Plan in 2012 (*General Plan 2030 Update*), it retained the ACFP but provided for a subsequent process to update the ACFP with its own CEQA review and Environmental Impact Report (EIR). The County directed the preparation of a separate climate action plan as part of the ACFP Update to specifically address dairies and feedlots (County of Tulare, 2012). The Dairy CAP serves that purpose and is used to implement the ACFP Update and its application to new and expanding dairies and feedlots (County of Tulare, 2017a; County of Tulare, 2017c).

The Dairy CAP includes estimates of dairy and feedlot GHG emissions for the 2013 baseline year, approaches for reducing GHG emissions in accordance with statewide requirements and reduction targets, and projections through 2023. The CAP sets a target of 1.05 million metric tons of GHG emission

¹ GWP is a measurement of how much heat a GHG can trap in the atmosphere, over a specific amount of time, as compared to CO₂. CO₂ is used as a benchmark for this measurement, so its GWP is 1. All other gases are represented in comparison to this value.

² The GWP of 14,800 for HFCs used in this report corresponds to HFC-23. HFC-23 is one of several types of refrigerants used in industrial refrigeration equipment. HFC-23 was conservatively selected as the refrigerant for quantification purposes because of its high GWP.

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reductions per year by 2023. Section 6.4 of this report tracks the progress of County dairy and feedlot GHG reductions achieved in 2021 relative to the 2023 CAP target.

2.3 Senate Bill 1383

Short-lived climate pollutants (SLCPs) are powerful climate forcers that have relatively short atmospheric lifetimes. These pollutants include methane, HFCs, and anthropogenic black carbon. SB 1383 authorized the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to set goals for reducing SLCPs and specifically for adopting regulations to reduce methane emissions from dairy and livestock manure management operations by 40 percent below 2013 levels by 2030 (CLI, 2016). In adopting such regulations, CARB must coordinate with the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA), the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC), and the California Energy Commission (CEC). Notably, any regulations to reduce dairy emissions cannot take effect sooner than January 1, 2024, and then only if CARB, in consultation with CDFA, determines the regulations to be technologically feasible, economically feasible, and cost-effective. SB 1383 also directs CARB to consider livestock and dairy operation research on dairy methane emissions reduction projects, including, but not limited to, scrape manure management systems, solids separation systems, and enteric fermentation; and to consider developing and adopting methane emission reduction protocols. Section 7.1 tracks the progress of County dairy and feedlot methane reductions achieved in 2021 relative to the SB 1383 target.

2.4 California's Actions Pursuant to SB 1383

The Stipulated Settlement requires the County to report on the State's measures pursuant to SB 1383, including but not limited to digester funding and the AMMP. This section describes the State's regulatory framework adopted pursuant to SB 1383 as well as funding and incentive programs.

On March 24, 2017, CARB adopted the SLCP Reduction Strategy, outlining future steps for implementing SB 1383 and the need for cooperation between regulatory agencies (CARB, 2017). Of note is SB 1383 direction that CARB and CDFA are to evaluate the dairy sector's progress toward meeting the SLCP 2030 reduction target on a voluntary basis, and, if sufficient progress has not been attained due to insufficient funding or market or technical barriers, CARB may revise the SLCP Strategy's methane emission reduction target for dairies to a less stringent level.

CARB, CDFA, CEC, and CPUC convened a Dairy and Livestock GHG Emissions Working Group (Working Group) in response to the sector's contribution to the State's emissions and the requirement of Senate Bill 1383 to work with stakeholders to identify barriers to dairy and livestock GHG emissions reduction projects. The Working Group held its first meeting in May 2017 and included participation from dairy industry representatives, environmental justice advocates, public utilities, academics, and other interested stakeholders. At the May 2017 meeting, the Working Group formed three subgroups to develop policy recommendations on the following topics:

- Subgroup #1: Fostering Markets for Non-Digester Projects
- Subgroup #2: Fostering Markets for Digester Projects
- Subgroup #3: Research Needs, Including Enteric Fermentation

The Working Group held additional meetings in January and December 2018. At the December meeting, representatives of the three subgroups presented their recommendations to advance methane

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emissions reductions at California dairy and livestock operations. These recommendations inform actions to reduce methane emissions from dairy and livestock operations, help prioritize incentive funding and research, and provide guidance for future policies (CARB, 2021b).

California established several incentive programs to help the dairy industry meet SLCP reduction targets. The centerpiece of these efforts is the following two state-funded incentive programs implemented by the CDFA:

- Dairy Digester Research and Development Program (DDRDP)
- Alternative Manure Management Program (AMMP)

Both programs are funded under the California Climate Investments (CCI) Program through Cap-and-Trade auction proceeds or the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund. The California Budget Act of 2021 (AB 128, Ting) allocated \$80 million to CDFA in fiscal year (FY) 2021-2022 to continue supporting dairy and livestock methane reduction programs in, with priority given to AMMP (CDFA, 2022a).

From 2015 through 2021, CDFA awarded \$195 million to 117 dairy digester projects in California under the DDRDP, with \$392 million provided in matching funds by grant awardees. The DDRDP projects have an anticipated cumulative statewide GHG reduction of 21.0 million metric tons of CO₂e over ten years, or approximately 2.1 million metric tons of CO₂e annually, and equate to a 21 percent reduction in methane emissions from manure management in California (CDFA, 2022a; CDFA, 2022c). Many of these manure methane reduction projects are also generating environmental credits through CARB's Cap-and-Trade Program, Low Carbon Fuel Standard Program, and the federal Renewable Fuel Standard Program (CARB, 2022b).

From 2016 through 2021, CDFA has awarded \$68 million to 116 AMMP projects in California. Approximately \$10 million has been provided in matching funds by awardees. The AMMP projects have an anticipated cumulative GHG reduction of approximately 1.1 million metric tons of CO₂e over five years, or approximately 0.22 million metric tons of CO₂e annually, and equate to a 2.2 percent reduction in methane emissions from manure management in California. Unlike digesters which capture methane, AMMP projects are designed to avoid methane production. CDFA's AMMP funds provide for a diverse range of manure management options to dairy and livestock operations where digesters may not be economically feasible. The primary practices implemented by the awarded AMMP projects, in descending order of prevalence, are solids separation, compost bedded pack barns, and flush-to-scrape conversion (CDFA, 2022a; CDFA, 2022b).

SB 1383 has also generated considerable interest in reducing enteric methane emissions using cattle diet modification or feed additives. CARB has sponsored various studies to identify potential strategies for California (CARB, 2021a; CARB, 2021b). However, several technical and market barriers such as animal health, commercial availability, consumer acceptance, and cost-effectiveness must be overcome before safe and effective strategies can be widely implemented and tracked (CARB, 2020). One potential feed additive, 3-Nitrooxypropanol (3-NOP), has shown an emissions reduction potential between 20 and 40 percent across multiple ruminant species under various testing conditions. It has undergone both laboratory-scale and on-farm testing for effectiveness in reducing methane emissions safely, and for potential impacts on animal health, reproduction, and productivity. It is currently undergoing US Food and Drug Administration approval and may become available within the next few years (CARB, 2022b).

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In March 2022, CARB published a final report titled *Analysis of Progress toward Achieving the 2030 Dairy and Livestock Sector Methane Emissions Target* (CARB, 2022b). The CARB report projected that, without any additional incentive funding after FY 2019-2020, the dairy and livestock sector would achieve just over half of the annual methane emissions reductions necessary to achieve the SB 1383 target by 2030. The projected reductions would come primarily through the assumption that the California dairy cow population would continue to decline at the recent historical rate as well as the digester and AMMP projects funded through FY 2019-2020. To meet the 2030 target, additional dairy digesters, AMMP projects, and enteric strategies will be needed. Challenging sector economics, insufficient availability of public funds, and underdeveloped markets for value-added manure products are persistent market barriers for these types of projects. (CARB, 2022b).

CARB estimated that if the remaining reductions needed to achieve the 2030 target are met through a mix of half dairy digesters and half AMMP projects, then at least 420 additional projects may be necessary. This approach would cost an amount between \$0.8 and \$3.7 billion, which could be supported by local, State, and federal funding, or other financial mechanisms, such as the pilot financial mechanism outlined in SB 1383. If, going forward, only digester projects were developed to achieve the target, approximately 230 additional digesters may be needed, at a cost between \$0.7 and \$3.9 billion depending on the types of technologies selected. Regardless of the project and technology mix used, the most important factors for achieving the 2030 target are ongoing capital funding for new methane emissions reduction projects, continued revenue streams that incentivize dairy biogas capture and beneficial use, and an available and accepted means of reducing enteric methane emissions. (CARB, 2022b).

Even with considerable progress toward achieving the target since its enactment, SB 1383 requires CARB to adopt a regulation to meet the 2030 target, provided that certain conditions are met. Further, CARB is only authorized to implement regulations to meet the target after January 1, 2024, provided that CARB, in consultation with CDFA, determine the regulations are technologically and economically feasible, cost-effective, include provisions to minimize and mitigate potential leakage (i.e., moving out of state), and include an evaluation of the achievements made by incentive-based programs. In designing a regulation for methane emission reductions, CARB staff will consider reasonable strategies to support the sector in meeting the 2030 target, which may include strategies that further support biogas capture and end-uses needed to advance the State's carbon neutrality efforts. (CARB, 2022b).

CARB's next steps will be to continue to monitor the dairy and livestock sector's methane emissions reductions progress and refine its understanding of emissions sources, emissions reduction potential, and the achievements of incentives. CARB will continue to research additional technology options and management practices that can achieve methane emissions reductions, as well as research the effectiveness of practices used today. To assist in this effort, CDFA plans to convene a working group to address market development barriers for facilitating value-added manure products. CARB will also consider potential options to improve quantification of methane emissions reductions from manure management projects as well as ways to refine GHG emissions accounting for the sector. Finally, CARB will consider regulation development to ensure that the 2030 target is achieved, assuming the conditions outlined in the statute are met. (CARB, 2022b).

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2.5 Stipulated Settlement

On August 2, 2019, a Stipulated Settlement was entered into by the Sierra Club, Association of Irritated Residents, Center for Biological Diversity, and County of Tulare. The Stipulated Settlement completely resolved Case No. 272380 - Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief, Superior Court, State of California, County of Tulare, Visalia Division, challenging the certification by the County of Tulare of the Environmental Impact Report for the ACFP and related General Plan Amendments Zone Changes, and Dairy CAP.

Section IV.B.1 of the Stipulated Settlement requires the County to prepare Annual Reports of total dairy GHG emissions from FY 2019 to FY 2024. The Annual Reports are required to include:

- The total estimated dairy GHG emissions reduced to date compared to the 1.05 million metric
 tons per year Dairy CAP reduction target set for 2023, and the total dairy GHG emissions
 reduced to date compared to the maximum projected SB 1383 potential target of 40 percent
 below 2013 methane levels by 2030.
 - Sections 6.4 and 7.1 of this report satisfy Item 1.
- 2. A report on the State's measures pursuant to SB 1383, including but not limited to digester funding and the AMMP.
 - County of Tulare Resource Management Agency (RMA) staff completed an AMMP List with this information on February 14, 2023. This list, together with Section 2.4 of this report, satisfies Item 2.
- 3. An updated digester project list for digesters within the County that lists: 1) the operation name, 2) project title, 3) total project cost, 4) CDFA funding award, additional federal or state public funding awards, 5) project description, 6) project construction state, 7) location, 8) GHG emission reductions over ten years, and 9) how captured methane is used. The report must also include any reported problems with completed digesters within the County.
 - RMA staff completed the updated digester project list with this information on March 16, 2023. This list, together with Section 6.5 of this report, satisfies Item 3.

3 Animal Population

Cattle population data compiled by the County of Tulare RMA served as the basis for the GHG emission estimates for both the 2013 baseline year and the 2021 inventory year. The 2013 County data were used to generate the baseline year emissions in the Dairy CAP and were represented by 330 reporting facilities (County of Tulare, 2017a). RMA staff compiled the 2021 data from the FY 2021 ACRs prepared by the individual dairies and feedlots. The 2021 data were represented by 292 reporting facilities with non-zero cattle populations.

Table 3-1 presents the 2013 and 2021 actual cattle population data upon which this report is based. Data from the prior inventory years, 2018 to 2020, are also included for comparison. The table shows that the reported population of dairy cows decreased in 2021 relative to both 2013 and 2020. The

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populations of dairy heifers (0-12 months and 12-24 months) increased relative to 2013 but decreased relative to 2020. The population of dairy calves decreased relative to 2013 but increased relative to 2020. The populations of feedlot cattle and total animals increased relative to both 2013 and 2020.

County of Tulare RMA staff is presently working to identify facilities that did not submit ACRs and to fill in missing 2021 data. Any substantial revisions to the 2021 data made after release of this report will be noted in the subsequent year's GHG emission inventory report.

Table 3-1. Dairy and Feedlot Reported Animal Populations

| Year | Dairy Cows ⁽³⁾ | Dairy Heifers 0-12 mos. | Dairy Heifers 12-24 mos. | Dairy Calves | Feedlot Cattle | Total Animals |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2013 (baseline year) ⁽¹⁾ | 543,431 | 137,985 | 148,928 | 65,770 | 133,886 | 1,030,000 |
| 2018 ^[2] | 569,140 | 125,636 | 167,099 | 59,636 | 204,272 | 1,125,783 |
| 2019 ^[2] | 487,382 | 165,914 | 183,410 | 61,871 | 179,261 | 1,077,838 |
| 2020 ^[2] | 484,574 | 175,335 | 183,216 | 61,411 | 214,271 | 1,118,807 |
| 2021 (current inventory year) ^[2] | 483,742 | 150,618 | 167,438 | 61,990 | 319,131 | 1,182,919 |

Legend: mos. = months of age.

Notes:

1. Source: Dairy CAP. Appendix A, Tables A-1 and A-3.

2. Source: County of Tulare RMA. ACRs.

3. Includes milk cows and dry cows.

4 Baseline Year (2013) Emissions

Table 4-1 presents the dairy and feedlot GHG emissions for the 2013 baseline year. The table matches Table 3.7-1 of the *Draft Environmental Impact Report for the Animal Confinement Facilities Plan, And Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan* (ACFP DEIR) (County of Tulare, 2016); Appendix B of the *Final Environmental Impact Report for the Animal Confinement Facilities Plan, And Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan* (ACFP FEIR) (County of Tulare, 2017b); and Table 3 of the Dairy CAP. The 2013 GHG emissions represent the baseline to which the actual 2021 emissions are compared in Section 7.

Table 4-2 presents the 2013 baseline emissions of methane from the manure management source categories (i.e., manure decomposition and enteric digestion). These emissions are a subset of the emissions in Table 4-1 because they include only methane and only manure management source categories. They were used to determine the year 2030 SB 1383 target, which is defined as 40 percent below 2013 methane emissions by 2030. Therefore, the 2030 SB 1383 target for County dairies and feedlots is 3,470,000 metric tons per year of methane CO_2e from manure management (5,783,068 × 0.6, rounded to the nearest thousand).

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Table 4-1. Dairy and Feedlot 2013 Baseline GHG Emissions

| Source Category | CO₂ (MT/yr) | CH₄ (MT/yr) | N₂O (MT/yr) | HFCs (MT/yr) | CO₂e (MT/yr) |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Farm Equipment Exhaust | 38,054 | 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 38,129 |
| Farm Agricultural Soil | 0 | 0 | 2,725 | 0.0 | 812,050 |
| Farm Electricity Consumption | 79,107 | 3 | 1 | 0.0 | 79,480 |
| Dairy Equipment Exhaust | 99,106 | 12 | 0 | 0.0 | 99,406 |
| Truck Trips | 23,137 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 23,137 |
| Automobile Trips | 14,882 | 3 | 3 | 0.0 | 15,851 |
| Dairy Electricity Consumption | 144,792 | 6 | 1 | 0.0 | 145,335 |
| Dairy Refrigeration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.3 | 63,640 |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 0 | 123,329 | 1,385 | 0.0 | 3,496,077 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 0 | 98,523 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,463,071 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 0 | 388 | 67 | 0.0 | 29,598 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 0 | 9,083 | 0 | 0.0 | 227,068 |
| Total Emissions | 399,078 | 231,350 | 4,182 | 4.3 | 7,492,843 |

Legend: CO_2 = carbon dioxide; CH_4 = methane; N_2O = nitrous oxide; HFCs = hydrofluorocarbons; CO_2e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/yr = metric tons per year.

Source: ACFP DEIR, Table 3.7-1. Consistent with Table 3 of the Dairy CAP.

Table 4-2. Dairy and Feedlot 2013 Baseline Methane Emissions from Manure Management

| Source Category | CH₄ (MT/yr) | CO ₂ e (MT/yr) ⁽¹⁾ |
|------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 123,329 | 3,083,219 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 98,523 | 2,463,071 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 388 | 9,710 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 9,083 | 227,068 |
| Total Emissions | 231,323 | 5,783,068 |

Legend: CH_4 = methane; CO_2e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/yr = metric tons per year.

Source: ACFP DEIR, Table 3.7-1. Consistent with Table 3 of the Dairy CAP.

Note:

5 Business-As-Usual Emissions in 2021

The development of 2021 BAU emissions was the first step in estimating 2021 actual emissions. In this study, BAU represents a hypothetical operating condition consisting of 2021 animal populations coupled with the continuation of 2013 manure management practices. BAU emissions exclude the emission reductions from the voluntary solar, digester, and AMMP projects implemented at the dairies and feedlots since 2013. Section 6 describes these voluntary projects and quantifies their emission reductions. Section 7 applies the voluntary emission reductions to the BAU emissions to produce the estimated 2021 actual emissions.

^{1.} Methane emissions are expressed as CO₂e.

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5.1 Quantification Methodology

For the 2021 BAU emissions, this report quantified the same emission source categories as the 2013 baseline categories shown in Table 4-1. Where applicable, the quantification of 2021 BAU emissions generally used the same methodologies and the most recent available equations and variables that CARB used for the California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Program (CARB, 2022a). The California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Program used methodologies published by the IPCC and U.S. EPA (IPCC, 2006; USEPA, 2013). The BAU emission quantification methodologies are described below. Appendix A includes the detailed BAU calculation tables for all source categories.

5.1.1 Farm Equipment Exhaust

During farming operations for the dairy and feedlot support crops, diesel-powered equipment is used to perform routine tasks such as plowing and crop harvesting. Annual fuel use for farm equipment was estimated using a factor of 25 gallons per year per acre, from CARB's *Analysis of California's Diesel Agricultural Equipment Inventory according to Fuel Use, Farm Size, and Equipment Horsepower* (CARB, 2018). The 2021 cultivated acreage for support crops was estimated by scaling the 2013 acreage by the relative number of animal units.³ The 2013 acreage was obtained from Appendix E2 of the ACFP DEIR. Year 2021 emissions were calculated by multiplying the 2021 fuel use by CO₂, methane, and N₂O emission factors obtained from The Climate Registry (TCR, 2022).

5.1.2 Farm Agricultural Soil

Various agricultural soil management practices contribute to GHG emissions. The use of synthetic and organic fertilizers adds nitrogen to soils, thereby increasing natural emissions of N_2O . Emissions of N_2O from support crop agricultural soil were calculated using equations published by the IPCC (2019). The equations estimate N_2O emissions due to direct emissions from soils, indirect emissions from runoff, and indirect emissions from volatilization and subsequent conversion to N_2O . The emission calculations used the 2021 cultivated acreage described in Section 5.1.1.

5.1.3 Farm Electricity Consumption

The use of electricity by agricultural irrigation pumps for support crops generates indirect GHG emissions from regional power plants burning fossil fuels. Appendix E2 of the ACFP DEIR estimated an average electricity usage rate of 1.59 megawatt-hours per acre per year for agricultural irrigation pumps in the San Joaquin Valley. Year 2021 electricity usage was estimated by multiplying this factor by the 2021 cultivated acreage described in Section 5.1.1. Year 2021 GHG emissions were estimated using U.S. EPA Emissions & Generation Resources Integrated Database (eGRID) emission factors for the CAMX subregion in year 2021 (USEPA, 2023). CAMX represents the California Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC) subregion.

5.1.4 Dairy Equipment Exhaust

During dairy and feedlot operations, diesel-powered mobile equipment is used to perform routine tasks such as distribution of cattle feed and corral scraping. Annual equipment usage for 2021 was scaled from the 2013 usage in proportion to the relative number of animal units, except for standby generator

³ The County of Tulare defines an animal unit as a common animal denominator, based on feed consumption, where one mature Holstein milking cow (1,400 pounds) represents one animal unit.

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usage, which was scaled in proportion to the relative number of facilities. The 2013 equipment usage was obtained from Appendix E2 of the ACFP DEIR. Year 2021 emissions were calculated by converting the equipment usage (in horsepower-hours) to fuel use (in gallons) and multiplying by CO_2 , methane, and N_2O emission factors obtained from The Climate Registry (TCR, 2022).

5.1.5 Truck and Automobile Trips

Operation of dairies and feedlots generates a variety of truck trips, including silage trucks, hay trucks, concentrated feed trucks, calf milk replacer trucks, and cattle trucks. The facilities also generate light-duty vehicle trips from employees and visitors (veterinarians, breeders, sales, and delivery). The 2013 trip counts and trip lengths were obtained from Appendix E2 of the ACFP DEIR. Trip counts in 2021 were scaled from 2013 in proportion to the number of animal units for trucks and the number of facilities for automobiles. Trip lengths in 2021 were assumed to remain the same as in 2013. The EMFAC2021 mobile source emission factor program was used to generate truck and automobile exhaust emission factors (CARB, 2023a). The emission factors include contributions from running exhaust, idle exhaust, and starting exhaust. Because EMFAC2021 estimated that a small fraction of light-duty vehicle trips were made by electric and hybrid vehicles, the emission calculation also included regional power plant emissions using eGRID emission factors.

5.1.6 Dairy Electricity Consumption

Electricity is used at dairies for lighting, operation of the milking equipment, operation of electric pumps for water supply, and other uses. The use of electricity by dairy facilities generates indirect GHG emissions from regional power plants burning fossil fuels. Appendix E2 of the ACFP DEIR estimated an average electricity usage rate of 0.49 megawatt-hours per cow (dairy cows and heifers) per year for dairies in the San Joaquin Valley. Year 2021 electricity usage was estimated by multiplying this factor by the 2021 animal population of dairy cows and dairy heifers (0-12 months and 12-24 months) from Table 3-1. Year 2021 GHG emissions were estimated using eGRID emission factors.

5.1.7 Dairy Refrigeration

Dairies refrigerate milk prior to pick-up by milk trucks. HFC emissions are produced by normal refrigerant leakage from the refrigeration equipment. The Climate Registry (TCR, 2022) lists a default upper bound annual refrigerant loss rate of 25 percent for industrial refrigeration. The total 2021 refrigerant charge was scaled from 2013 in proportion to the number of dairy cows reported in Table 3-1. The total 2013 refrigerant charge was obtained from Appendix E2 of the ACFP DEIR. The 2021 HFC emissions were estimated by multiplying the total refrigerant charge by the 25 percent loss rate. HFC-23 is one of several types of refrigerants used in industrial refrigeration equipment. HFC-23 was conservatively selected as the refrigerant for quantification purposes because of its high GWP of 14,800.

5.1.8 Manure Decomposition

Manure is primarily composed of organic material and water. Under anaerobic conditions, the organic material is decomposed by anaerobic bacteria. The primary end products of anaerobic decomposition are methane and stabilized organic material. N_2O is also produced during manure storage and treatment.

The key factors affecting methane production from livestock manure are the quantity of manure produced, manure characteristics (which in turn depend on the composition and digestibility of the

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animal diet), the manure management system, and climate. Production of N_2O during manure storage and treatment occurs via combined nitrification-denitrification of nitrogen contained in the manure. The amount of N_2O released depends on the manure management system, duration of waste management, nitrogen concentration, temperature, volatilization fraction, runoff fraction, biochemical oxygen demand, and other variables.

Emissions associated with manure decomposition were calculated using the methodology developed for the CARB statewide 2000-2020 GHG Emission Inventory, which also reflects the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Emission Inventories (CARB, 2022a; IPCC, 2006). The methodology takes into consideration the apportionment of manure to each type of manure management system and specifies the variables used in the emission calculations.

The calculation of 2021 BAU emissions assumed a distribution of manure to each type of manure management system that was consistent with year 2013 assumptions in the CARB Statewide GHG Emission Inventory (CARB, 2014). Use of the baseline 2013 distribution ensures that the BAU emissions do not inadvertently include any of the voluntary reduction projects implemented after 2013 and quantified in Section 6.

Methane emissions from manure decomposition were estimated using Equation 1.

Equation 1: $CH_{4,man} = V_{ex} \times B_0 \times MCF \times c_1$

CH_{4,man} = methane emissions from manure [kg/yr]

 V_{ex} = volatile solids excreted [kg VS/yr]

 B_0 = maximum methane producing capacity [m³/kg VS]

MCF = methane conversion factor [%]

 c_1 = conversion factor representing density of methane at 25°C.

Volatile solids excreted were estimated using Equation 2.

Equation 2: $V_{ex} = VS \times (WMS \times N_{animals})$

VS = volatile solids excreted per animal [kg VS/animal/yr]

(WMS \times N_{animals}) = equivalent number of animals per waste management system

N₂O emissions from manure decomposition were estimated using Equation 3.

Equation 3: $N_2O = WMS \times N_{animals} \times N_{excreted} \times [D_{EF} + (V_{frac} \times V_{EF}) + (R_{frac} \times R_{EF})] \times 1.5711$

 N_2O = nitrous oxide emissions from manure [kg N_2O/yr]

N_{excreted} = nitrogen excreted per animal [kg N/animal/yr]

 D_{EF} = direct nitrogen as N_2O-N [g N_2O-N/g N]

V_{frac} = volatilization fraction of N [fraction]

 V_{EF} = indirect nitrogen as N_2O-N [g N_2O-N/g]

R_{frac} = runoff fraction of nitrogen [fraction]

 R_{EF} = indirect nitrogen as N_2O-N for runoff N [g N_2O-N/g]

The following variables were obtained from CARB's GHG Emissions Inventory from the most recent emissions inventory year available, 2020: MCF, c₁, B₀, VS, N_{excreted}, D_{EF}, V_{frac}, V_{EF}, R_{frac}, and R_{EF}.

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5.1.9 Enteric Digestion

Enteric digestion (also referred to as enteric fermentation) is a natural part of the digestive process in ruminant animals such as cattle. Microbes in the digestive tract, or rumen, decompose and ferment food, producing methane as a by-product.

County methane emissions from enteric digestion were estimated by scaling the 2020 CARB statewide enteric methane emissions (2020 being the most recent statewide emissions year available) by the 2021 County animal counts (see Equation 4). Because CARB uses the IPCC methodology as implemented in the Cattle Enteric Fermentation Model (CEFM), it is appropriate to estimate emissions from enteric digestion by assuming that County emissions by animal type (dairy cows, heifers, calves, and feedlot cattle) are proportional to the California emissions based on the relative population of each animal type.

Year 2020 statewide animal counts and enteric digestion methane emissions were obtained from the CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory (CARB, 2022a). County animal counts for 2021 were obtained the County's ACR reports (see Table 3-1).

Equation 4: $CH_{4,ent} = CH_{4,ent,CA} \times (Pop_{Tulare}/Pop_{CA})$

CH_{4,ent} = 2021 County methane emissions from enteric digestion

CH_{4,ent,CA} = Statewide 2020 methane emissions from enteric digestion

Pop_{Tulare} = County 2021 animal count Pop_{CA} = Statewide 2020 animal count

5.2 Estimated 2021 BAU Emissions

Table 5-1 presents the dairy and feedlot BAU emissions for 2021. A comparison to the previous year's report (County of Tulare, 2022) shows that the 2021 BAU emissions are 1.8 percent higher than the 2020 BAU emissions, primarily due to an increase in total animal population. As discussed at the beginning of Section 5, the 2021 BAU emissions reflect 2021 animal populations but exclude the emission reductions from voluntary projects implemented at the dairies and feedlots since 2013. The BAU emissions were used in the determination of the 2021 actual emissions presented in Section 7.

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Table 5-1. Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Business-as-Usual GHG Emissions

| Source Category | CO₂ (MT/yr) | CH₄ (MT/yr) | N₂O (MT/yr) | HFCs (MT/yr) | CO₂e (MT/yr) ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Farm Equipment Exhaust | 40,392 | 4 | 4 | 0.0 | 41,549 |
| Farm Agricultural Soil | 0 | 0 | 961 | 0.0 | 286,262 |
| Farm Electricity Consumption | 60,684 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | 60,908 |
| Dairy Equipment Exhaust | 115,654 | 11 | 10 | 0.0 | 118,967 |
| Truck Trips | 21,391 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 22,409 |
| Automobile Trips | 11,228 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 11,403 |
| Dairy Electricity Consumption | 94,755 | 6 | 1 | 0.0 | 95,105 |
| Dairy Refrigeration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.9 | 71,818 |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 0 | 110,092 | 1,382 | 0.0 | 3,164,205 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 0 | 88,231 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,205,767 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 0 | 881 | 167 | 0.0 | 71,683 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 0 | 19,801 | 0 | 0.0 | 495,033 |
| Total Emissions | 344,104 | 219,030 | 2,528 | 4.9 | 6,645,110 |

Legend: CO_2 = carbon dioxide; CH_4 = methane; N_2O = nitrous oxide; HFCs = hydrofluorocarbons; CO_2e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/yr = metric tons per year.

Notes:

1. BAU emissions reflect 2021 dairy and feedlot cattle populations coupled with 2013 baseline year manure management practices. Emission calculations used methodologies consistent with the CARB California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Program. BAU emissions exclude the voluntary GHG reduction projects implemented since the baseline year (see Table 6-1).

6 Emission Reductions Achieved in 2021

This section presents the GHG emission reductions associated with voluntary projects implemented at County dairies and feedlots from 2013 through 2021. The projects consist of solar panels, solar thermal hot water systems, dairy digesters, and AMMP projects.

6.1 Emission Reduction Projects

The County of Tulare RMA tracks the solar panel projects, solar thermal hot water systems, digester projects, and AMMP projects that were installed or planned to be installed at dairies and feedlots since 2013 (S. Roper, County of Tulare RMA, personal communication, February and March, 2023). The following projects operated in 2021:

- 70 solar panel projects
- 11 solar thermal hot water systems
- 38 digester projects
- 8 AMMP projects

Solar panels reduce GHG emissions by reducing consumption of grid electrical power. Solar thermal hot water systems reduce GHG emissions by reducing the use of natural gas or electricity needed to heat water. Digester projects reduce GHG emissions by capturing methane produced through anaerobic manure decomposition and using the methane as fuel rather than releasing it directly to the atmosphere. AMMP projects reduce GHG emissions by diverting manure from higher-emitting

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management practices to lower-emitting management practices. For example, converting from flushed feed lanes and anaerobic lagoons to scraped feed lanes and solar dried manure substantially reduces methane emissions.

The full lists of completed and planned solar, digester, and AMMP projects in the County are included in Appendix B.

6.2 Quantification Methodology

GHG emission reductions associated with the 70 solar panel projects were quantified using the California Air Resources Board's (CARB's) Benefits Calculator Tool for the Low-Income Weatherization Program (CARB, 2023b). Calculations were made for a single hypothetical 1,000 kilowatt (kW) project, and the corresponding emission reductions were scaled by actual project size for each of the dairy projects. One of the inputs required by the Benefits Calculator Tool is annual system output in kW-hours per year (kWh/yr). System output was quantified using the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) PVWatts Calculator (NREL, 2023). The inputs to the Benefits Calculator Tool and PVWatts Calculator were developed in consultation with County of Tulare RMA staff and CARB's Quantification Methodology document (CARB, 2023c). The outputs from the Benefits Calculator Tool and PVWatts Calculator are included in Appendix B.

Emission reductions associated with the 11 solar thermal hot water systems were determined using California Solar Initiative (CSI) Thermal Program Data (CSI, 2023). This methodology provides an average annual GHG reduction rate of 3.985 metric tons of CO₂e per year per commercial system in California.

Emission reductions from the 38 dairy digester projects and 8 AMMP projects that operated in 2021 were estimated by the applicants using CARB's CCI Quantification, Benefits, and Reporting Materials (CARB, 2023d).

6.3 Estimated Emission Reductions

Table 6-1 summarizes the estimated 5-year, annual, and calendar year 2021 GHG emission reductions from the voluntary projects implemented at County dairies and feedlots since 2013. In the table, the reductions in the "Annual" column are greater than the reductions in the "CY 2021" column because the annual reductions reflect a theoretical full year of operation of each project, while the CY 2021 reductions include partial-year reductions for those projects that started operating during 2021. The estimated emission reductions by individual project are presented in Appendix B.

6.4 Progress Toward the Dairy CAP Target

Table 6-2 shows the progress of the voluntary GHG emission reductions from County dairies and feedlots compared to the Dairy CAP target of 1.05 million metric tons of CO₂e reductions by 2023. The first table column shows the year. The second column shows the accumulation of emission reductions needed each year to meet the 2023 target, assuming a linear trend that started in 2017. The trajectory is merely a guide to serve as a reference for assessing the rate of progress of the emission reductions.

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Table 6-1. Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emission Reductions from Voluntary Projects Operating in 2021

| Project Type | 5-Year CO ₂ e Reductions (MT/5-yrs) ⁽¹⁾ | Annual CO₂e Reductions (MT/yr) | CY 2021 CO₂e Reductions (MT/yr) ^[2] |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Solar Panels ⁽³⁾ | -100,648 | -20,130 | -19,099 |
| Solar Thermal Hot Water Systems | -219 | -44 | -44 |
| Digesters | -3,577,511 | -715,502 | -552,845 |
| Alternative Manure Management | -108,276 | -21,655 | -20,143 |
| Total | -3,786,653 | -757,331 | -592,131 |

Legend: CO₂e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/5-yrs = metric tons per five years; MT/yr = metric tons per year; CY = calendar year.

Notes:

- 1. Reductions are shown as negative values.
- 2. Annual reductions are greater than the CY 2021 reductions because the annual reductions reflect a theoretical full year of operation while the CY 2021 reductions account for the projects that started operating during 2021 and therefore had partial-year actual reductions.
- 3. The reductions shown in this table for solar panels are slightly lower than in the previous year's report (County of Tulare, 2022) because the most recent version of CARB's Benefits Calculator Tool introduced a 14.08 percent default energy loss factor that was newly applied in this report.

Table 6-2. Progress of Voluntary GHG Emission Reductions in Relation to the 2023 Dairy CAP Target

| Year | Dairy CAP Emission Reduction Trajectory (MT CO₂e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Actual Emission Reductions Achieved (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ | Deviation from the Target Trajectory (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽⁴⁾ | Additional Reductions Needed to Reach the 2023 Target (MT CO2e/yr)(1) | Percent of Target Reached |
|------|--|---|---|---|---------------------------------|
| 2017 | 0 | -23,990 | 23,990 | -1,026,010 | 2% |
| 2018 | -175,000 | -49,964 | -125,036 | -1,000,036 | 5% |
| 2019 | -350,000 | -162,822 | -187,178 | -887,178 | 16% |
| 2020 | -525,000 | -303,618 | -221,382 | -746,382 | 29% |
| 2021 | -700,000 | -592,131 | -107,869 | -457,869 | 56% |
| 2022 | -875,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2023 | -1,050,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |

Legend: MT $CO_2e/yr = metric$ tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year; TBD = to be determined in a future analysis. Notes:

- 1. Reductions are shown as negative values.
- 2. The Dairy CAP trajectory assumes a linear path from 2017 to 2023. The value of -1,050,000 metric tons per year in 2023 is the Dairy CAP target.
- 3. CY 2021 emission reductions were obtained from Table 6-1 and represent actual reductions from solar, digester, and AMMP projects that operated in 2021. Reductions from changes in cattle population are not included. Prior year emissions were obtained from the 2021 Interim Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and Feedlots for 2020 (County of Tulare, 2022). Emissions for projects that began operating part-way through the year reflect only that portion of the year the projects operated.
- 4. A positive value means ahead of schedule; a negative value means behind schedule.

The third column in Table 6-2 shows the actual emission reductions achieved in each calendar year from the solar, digester, and AMMP projects that operated in that year. The 2021 reduction of 592,131 metric

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tons was obtained from Table 6-1. The values in prior years were obtained from the 2021 Interim Report of Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Dairies and Feedlots for 2020 (County of Tulare, 2022).

The fourth table column shows the deviation of the actual emission reductions from the reference trajectory in the second column. The data show that the actual emission reductions in 2021 were 107,869 metric tons short of the reference trajectory and therefore behind schedule (hence the negative number). Section 6.5 describes some of the challenges responsible for the delayed start of some digester and AMMP projects at County dairies and feedlots.

The fifth table column shows the additional emission reductions needed by the end of 2023 to reach the Dairy CAP target. The table shows that an additional 457,869 metric tons per year of reductions are needed after 2021 to reach the target. The last table column shows the percent of the Dairy CAP target that has been achieved. As of 2021, approximately 56 percent of the needed emission reductions have been achieved. Each subsequent version of this annual GHG emissions inventory report will populate an additional year of data in the table.

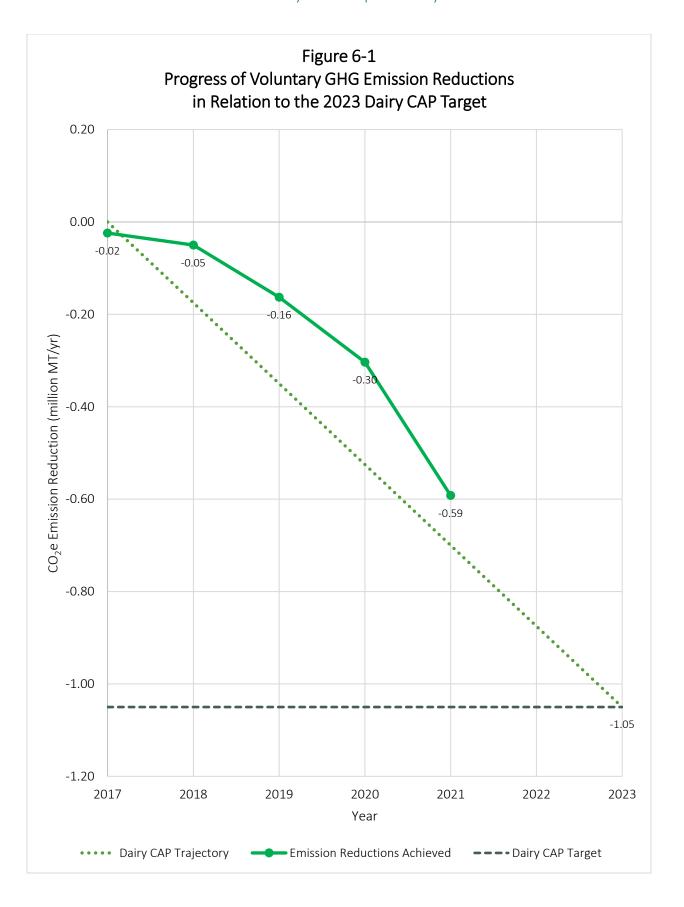
At the time of this analysis, data showed an additional 418,796 metric tons of annual CO₂e reductions from solar, digester, and AMMP projects planned to become operational after 2021. These future projects are identified in Appendix B. Once fully realized, these additional future reductions would bring the total annual reductions up to 96 percent of the 2023 Dairy CAP target. This would leave another 39,073 metric tons per year of emission reductions needed from yet-to-be identified solar, digester, AMMP, or enteric projects to reach the target.

Figure 6-1 shows the progress of the County dairies and feedlots toward meeting the 2023 Dairy CAP target in graphical format. The solid line near the top left of the figure shows the actual emission reductions by year. The diagonal dotted line represents the reference trajectory that would meet the target by 2023. The horizontal dashed line across the bottom of the figure represents the 2023 Dairy CAP target.

6.5 Emission Reduction Project Challenges

The Stipulated Settlement requires that the County identify any reported problems with installed digesters. Although specific problems were not reported in the CDFA database, conversations with the digester installers indicated that bringing a digester project to full operation often takes longer than originally expected due to several reasons. One reason is that CDFA funding is partial, and it takes time to secure additional funding. Another reason is that permitting is complex and can involve obtaining permits from up to six different agencies. Another reason is that the "hub and spoke" model, where several digesters feed digester gas into a central facility, is complex and components are not always built out simultaneously. Once digester installation is complete, start of operation may be delayed until downstream components are built out. Moreover, the continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2021 resulted in additional delays due to staffing shortages and regulatory agency delays.

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At the time of this analysis, data showed that there are 418,796 additional metric tons of annual CO₂e reductions from solar, digester, and AMMP projects that are planned to become operational after 2021. This leaves only 39,073 metric tons per year of emission reductions needed from yet-to-be identified solar, digester, AMMP, or enteric projects to reach the Dairy CAP target. The potential reductions from these planned projects are not included in Table 6-1, Table 6-2, or Figure 6-1. Many of these projects have already been completed and have started operating. For example, in 2022, 5 additional solar panel projects, 5 additional digester projects, and 4 additional AMMP projects started operating. These 2022 projects provide an additional 66,946 metric tons of annual CO₂e reductions beyond the 2021 reductions. These additional projects are identified in Appendix B.

7 Actual Emissions in 2021

This section presents the 2021 actual GHG emissions from County dairies and feedlots and compares the emissions to the 2030 SB 1383 target. Table 7-1 presents the estimated actual dairy and feedlot GHG emissions for calendar year 2021. The emissions were determined by subtracting the calendar year 2021 emission reductions in Table 6-1 from the 2021 BAU emissions in Table 5-1. The 2021 emissions were approximately 3 percent less than the previous inventory year (2020) emissions (County of Tulare, 2022). The reduction in emissions from 2020 to 2021 was primarily associated with implementation of additional digester projects.

Table 7-1. Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Actual GHG Emissions

| Source Category ⁽¹⁾ | CO ₂ (MT/yr) | CH₄ (MT/yr) | N₂O (MT/yr) | HFCs (MT/yr) | CO₂e (MT/yr) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Farm Equipment Exhaust | 40,392 | 4 | 4 | 0.0 | 41,549 |
| Farm Agricultural Soil | 0 | 0 | 961 | 0.0 | 286,262 |
| Farm Electricity Consumption | 60,684 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | 60,908 |
| Dairy Equipment Exhaust | 115,654 | 11 | 10 | 0.0 | 118,967 |
| Truck Trips | 21,391 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 22,409 |
| Automobile Trips | 11,228 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 11,403 |
| Dairy Electricity Consumption | 75,611 | 6 | 1 | 0.0 | 75,962 |
| Dairy Refrigeration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.9 | 71,818 |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 0 | 87,173 | 1,382 | 0.0 | 2,591,217 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 0 | 88,231 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,205,767 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 0 | 881 | 167 | 0.0 | 71,683 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 0 | 19,801 | 0 | 0.0 | 495,033 |
| Total Emissions | 324,960 | 196,110 | 2,528 | 4.9 | 6,052,979 |

Legend: CO_2 = carbon dioxide; CH_4 = methane; N_2O = nitrous oxide; HFCs = hydrofluorocarbons; CO_2e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/yr = metric tons per year.

Notes:

1. Emission reductions from solar panels and solar thermal hot water systems were subtracted from the BAU dairy electricity consumption CO₂ emissions. Emission reductions from digesters and AMMP projects were subtracted from the BAU dairy manure decomposition methane emissions.

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Table 7-2 compares the 2021 actual GHG emissions to the 2013 baseline emissions. The table shows that, from 2013 to 2021, the total CO_2e emissions decreased by 1,439,864 metric tons per year, or 19 percent.

Table 7-2 shows that some source categories increased emissions since 2013 while others decreased emissions. These emissions changes resulted from a combination of factors that developed since 2013, including (a) implementation of the voluntary solar, digester, and AMMP projects listed in Table 6-1; (b) changes in animal population; and (c) promulgation of climate change-related regulations. For example, most of the large decrease in emissions from dairy manure decomposition resulted from new digester projects and a reduction in the dairy cow population (see Table 3-1). The decrease in emissions from dairy enteric digestion resulted from a reduction in the dairy cow population and a shift of some animals from dairies to feedlots (the latter factor also explains the increase in emissions from feedlot manure decomposition and feedlot enteric digestion). The decreases in emissions from farm and dairy electricity consumption reflect a decrease in carbon intensity factors from the electric utilities (PG&E and Edison) in response to the California Renewables Portfolios Standard (CPUC, 2023)⁴ and new solar projects. The decrease in automobile emissions reflects the effects of California's Low Carbon Fuel Standard (CARB, 2023e) and Greenhouse Gas Vehicle Emission Standards (CARB, 2023f).

Finally, some emissions changes resulted from changes in quantification methodologies rather than actual emissions changes. Specifically, the 2021 emissions of N_2O from farm agricultural soil were substantially lower than the 2013 emissions in part because of updated IPCC emission factors for direct emissions, indirect runoff, and indirect volatilization (IPCC, 2019). A portion of the CO_2e increase from dairy refrigeration resulted from a GWP revision for HFC-23 from 11,700 to 14,800 (IPCC, 2007).

Table 7-2. Comparison of 2021 Actual GHG Emissions to 2013 Baseline GHG Emissions

| Source Category | 2013 Baseline CO₂e Emissions (MT/yr) | 2021 Actual CO₂e Emissions (MT/yr) | 2021 Actual minus 2013 Baseline CO ₂ e Emissions (MT/yr) |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Farm Equipment Exhaust | 38,129 | 41,549 | 3,420 |
| Farm Agricultural Soil | 812,050 | 286,262 | -525,788 |
| Farm Electricity Consumption | 79,480 | 60,908 | -18,572 |
| Dairy Equipment Exhaust | 99,406 | 118,967 | 19,561 |
| Truck Trips | 23,137 | 22,409 | -728 |
| Automobile Trips | 15,851 | 11,403 | -4,448 |
| Dairy Electricity Consumption | 145,335 | 75,962 | -69,373 |
| Dairy Refrigeration | 63,640 | 71,818 | 8,178 |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 3,496,077 | 2,591,217 | -904,859 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 2,463,071 | 2,205,767 | -257,304 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 29,598 | 71,683 | 42,085 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 227,068 | 495,033 | 267,964 |
| Total Emissions | 7,492,843 | 6,052,979 | -1,439,864 |

Legend: CO_2e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/yr = metric tons per year.

⁴ The Renewables Portfolio Standard mandates that 60 percent of electricity retail sales must be served by renewable resources by 2030, and 100 percent from carbon-free resources by 2045 (CPUC, 2023).

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Table 7-3 presents the estimated dairy and feedlot methane emissions for calendar year 2021 from the manure management source categories only. The emissions include the reductions from the 38 digesters and 8 AMMP projects that operated in 2021. These methane emissions are a subset of the GHG emissions shown in Table 7-1. They were used in the assessment of progress toward the 2030 SB 1383 target (see Section 7.1).

Table 7-3. Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Actual Methane Emissions from Manure Management

| Source Category | CH₄ (MT/yr) | CO ₂ e (MT/yr) ⁽¹⁾ |
|------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 87,173 | 2,179,317 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 88,231 | 2,205,767 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 881 | 22,019 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 19,801 | 495,033 |
| Total Emissions | 196,085 | 4,902,137 |

Legend: CH₄ = methane; CO₂e = carbon dioxide equivalent; MT/yr = metric tons per year. *Note:*

Table 7-4 compares the 2021 actual methane emissions to the 2013 baseline methane emissions for the manure management source categories only (isolating methane from manure management is consistent with SB 1383). The table shows that, from 2013 to 2021, methane emissions from manure management decreased by 880,931 metric tons per year (as CO_2e). This emissions decrease resulted primarily from the 38 digester projects implemented since 2013, and secondarily from the decrease in the dairy cow population since 2013.

Table 7-4. Comparison of 2021 Actual Methane Emissions to 2013 Baseline Methane Emissions from Manure Management

| Source Categories ⁽¹⁾ | 2013 Baseline CH ₄ Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽²⁾ | 2021 Actual CH ₄ Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽²⁾ | 2021 Actual minus 2013 Baseline CH ₄ Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽²⁾ |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 3,083,219 | 2,179,317 | -903,901 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 2,463,071 | 2,205,767 | -257,304 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 9,710 | 22,019 | 12,310 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 227,068 | 495,033 | 267,964 |
| Total Emissions | 5,783,068 | 4,902,137 | -880,931 |

Legend: CH₄ = methane; MT CO₂e/yr = metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year. Notes:

- 1. Consistent with SB 1383, this table includes only methane emissions from manure decomposition and enteric digestion.
- 2. Methane emissions are expressed as CO₂e.

7.1 Progress Toward the SB 1383 Target

Table 7-5 shows the progress of the County dairies and feedlots toward meeting the SB 1383 target of 40 percent below 2013 methane levels by 2030 for manure management operations. The first table column shows the year. The second column shows the progression of year-to-year methane emissions needed from 2017 to 2030 to meet the 2030 target of 3,470,000 metric tons per year, assuming a linear

^{1.} Methane emissions are expressed as CO₂e.

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trend. This trajectory is merely a guide to serve as a reference for assessing the rate of progress of the actual emissions. It is the same trajectory that was established in the prior year's report (County of Tulare, 2022).

Table 7-5. Progress of Actual Methane Emissions in Relation to the 2030 SB 1383 Target

| Year | SB 1383 Emissions Trajectory (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | BAU Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾ | Actual Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾ | Percent Above/Below 2013 Emissions ⁽³⁾ | Deviation of Actual from Target Trajectory (MT CO₂e/yr) ⁽⁴⁾ | Additional Reductions Needed to Reach 2030 Target (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽⁵⁾ |
|------|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| 2017 | 6,050,406 | 6,050,406 | 6,039,528 | 4% | 10,879 | -2,569,528 |
| 2018 | 5,852,000 | 6,050,406 | 6,017,583 | 4% | -165,583 | -2,547,583 |
| 2019 | 5,653,000 | 5,328,594 | 5,183,929 | -10% | 469,071 | -1,713,929 |
| 2020 | 5,455,000 | 5,365,738 | 5,083,865 | -12% | 371,135 | -1,613,865 |
| 2021 | 5,256,000 | 5,475,125 | 4,902,137 | -15% | 353,863 | -1,432,137 |
| 2022 | 5,058,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2023 | 4,859,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2024 | 4,661,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2025 | 4,462,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2026 | 4,264,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2027 | 4,065,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2028 | 3,867,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2029 | 3,668,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2030 | 3,470,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |

Legend: MT $CO_2e/yr = metric$ tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year; TBD = to be determined in a future analysis. Notes:

- 1. Emissions are methane presented as CO₂e; manure decomposition and enteric digestion emissions only.
- 2. The SB 1383 trajectory assumes a linear path from 2017 to 2030. The value of 3,470,000 metric tons in year 2030 is the SB 1383 target of 40 percent below the 2013 baseline emissions.
- 3. The 2013 baseline methane emissions were 5,783,068 metric tons as CO_2e (see Table 4-2). A positive percentage means the year's emissions were above 2013 levels; a negative percentage means the year's emissions were below 2013 levels. The SB 1383 target is -40% by 2030.
- 4. A positive value means ahead of schedule; a negative value means behind schedule.
- 5. Reductions are shown as negative values.

The third column in Table 7-5 shows the BAU methane emissions by year for the County dairies and feedlots (manure decomposition and enteric digestion only). Its purpose is to show what the dairy and feedlot emissions would have been without the voluntary emission reduction projects described in Section 6. The values for 2017 through 2020 were obtained from the prior year's report.

The fourth table column shows the actual methane emissions by year from the County dairies and feedlots (manure decomposition and enteric digestion only). The 2021 emissions of 4,902,137 metric tons (as CO₂e) include the reductions from the 38 digesters and 8 AMMP projects that operated in that year. The values for 2017 through 2020 were obtained from the prior year's report. The table shows that the 2021 emissions were 3.6 percent less than the previous inventory year (2020) emissions.

The fifth table column shows the percent that each year's actual methane emissions were above or below 2013 baseline levels. The 2013 baseline methane emissions were 5,783,068 metric tons as CO₂e

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(see Table 4-2). A positive percentage means the year's emissions were above 2013 levels; a negative percentage means the year's emissions were below 2013 levels. The SB 1383 target is 40 percent below 2013 levels by 2030. The table shows that the 2021 methane emissions were 15 percent below 2013 levels.

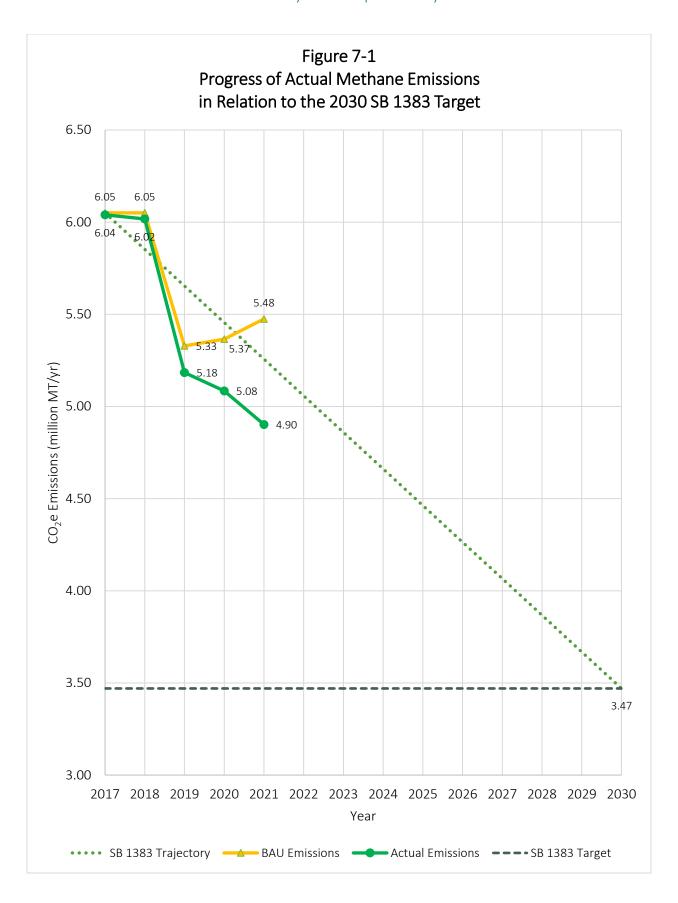
The sixth table column shows the deviation of the actual methane emissions from the reference trajectory in the second column. The data show that the 2021 actual emissions were lower than the SB 1383 reference trajectory and therefore ahead of schedule (hence the positive number in the column). The implementation of the digester and AMMP projects and, to a lesser extent, the reduction in the dairy cow population are the primary reasons that the 2021 methane emissions are ahead of schedule.

The last column in Table 7-5 shows the additional methane emission reductions needed by 2030 to meet the SB 1383 target. The table shows that an additional 1,432,137 metric tons per year of methane CO_2e reductions are needed after 2021 to meet the 2030 SB 1383 target. At the time of this analysis, data show that there were approximately 414,991 additional metric tons of annual methane CO_2e reductions from known digester and AMMP projects that are planned to begin operating sometime after 2021. Not including the effects of possible future changes in animal population, this leaves another 1,017,146 metric tons per year of methane CO_2e reductions needed from yet-to-be identified digester, AMMP, or enteric projects by 2030.

Each subsequent version of this annual GHG emissions inventory report will populate an additional year of data in the table.

Figure 7-1 shows the progress of the County dairies and feedlots toward meeting the SB 1383 target in graphical format. The two solid lines near the top left of the figure show the BAU methane emissions by year (higher line) and actual methane emissions by year (lower line). The diagonal dotted line represents the reference trajectory that would meet the target by 2030. The horizontal dashed line across the bottom of the figure represents the SB 1383 target, which is 40 percent below 2013 methane emissions by 2030.

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Appendix A – 2021 Business-As-Usual Emission Calculations

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Appendix A - 2021 Business-As-Usual Emission Calculations

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Table A.1
Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Business-As-Usual Emissions

| | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | HFCs | CO₂e |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| Source Category | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) |
| Farm Equipment Exhaust | 40,392 | 4 | 4 | 0.0 | 41,549 |
| Farm Agricultural Soil | 0 | 0 | 961 | 0.0 | 286,262 |
| Farm Electricity Consumption | 60,684 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | 60,908 |
| Dairy Equipment Exhaust | 115,654 | 11 | 10 | 0.0 | 118,967 |
| Truck Trips | 21,391 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 22,409 |
| Automobile Trips | 11,228 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 11,403 |
| Dairy Electricity Consumption | 94,755 | 6 | 1 | 0.0 | 95,105 |
| Dairy Refrigeration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.9 | 71,818 |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 0 | 110,092 | 1,382 | 0.0 | 3,164,205 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 0 | 88,231 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,205,767 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 0 | 881 | 167 | 0.0 | 71,683 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 0 | 19,801 | 0 | 0.0 | 495,033 |
| Total Emissions | 344,104 | 219,030 | 2,528 | 4.9 | 6,645,110 |

- 1. BAU emissions reflect 2021 actual dairy and feedlot cattle populations. BAU emissions also reflect the use of manure management systems in the same proportions as the 2013 baseline year. Emission calculations used methodologies consistent with the most recent available CARB California GHG Emission Inventory (year 2020). BAU emissions exclude the voluntary GHG reduction projects implemented by the dairies and feedlots since the 2013 baseline year.
- $2.~CO_2e$ was quantified using global warming potentials from the IPCC fourth assessment report (AR4), which are consistent with the CARB California GHG Emission Inventory.

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Table A.2

Dairy and Feedlot Reported Animal Populations

| Year | Dairy Cows ^[1] | | Dairy Heifers 12-24 mos. | Dairy Calves | Feedlot Cattle | Total Animals |
|--|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2013 (baseline year) ^[2] | 543,431 | 137,985 | 148,928 | 65,770 | 133,886 | 1,030,000 |
| 2018 ^[3] | 569,140 | 125,636 | 167,099 | 59,636 | 204,272 | 1,125,783 |
| 2019 ^[3] | 487,382 | 165,914 | 183,410 | 61,871 | 179,261 | 1,077,838 |
| 2020 ^[3] | 484,574 | 175,335 | 183,216 | 61,411 | 214,271 | 1,118,807 |
| 2021 (current inventory year) ^[3] | 483,742 | 150,618 | 167,438 | 61,990 | 319,131 | 1,182,919 |

Notes:

- 1. Includes milk cows and dry cows.
- 2. Source: County of Tulare Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan. August 2017. Appendix A, Tables A-1 and A-3.
- 3. Source: Tulare County Resource Management Agency. ACR and dairy vs feedlot breakdown.

Table A.3

No. of Active Dairy and Feedlot Animal Confined Facilities

| | No. of |
|--|------------|
| Year | Facilities |
| 2013 (baseline year) ^[1] | 330 |
| 2018 ^[2] | 283 |
| 2019 ^[2] | 281 |
| 2020 [2] | 288 |
| 2021 (current inventory year) ^[2] | 292 |

Notes:

- 1. Source: Tulare County RMA. *Draft EIR for the Animal Confinement Facilities Plan, and Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan*. January 2016. Appendix G, Page 1-2.
- 2. Source: Tulare County Resource Management Agency. Includes all facilities that reported non-zero herd sizes.

Table A.4
Dairy and Feedlot Animal Units

| | Total Animal |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Year | Units |
| 2013 (baseline year) ^[1] | 741,040 |
| 2018 ^[2] | 745,337 |
| 2019 ^[2] | 707,131 |
| 2020 ^[2] | 711,635 |
| 2021 (current inventory year)[2] | 729,096 |

- 1. Source: Tulare County RMA. *Draft EIR for the Animal Confinement Facilities Plan, and Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan*. January 2016. Appendix G, Page 1-2.
- 2. Source: Tulare County Resource Management Agency.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.5
California 2020 Cattle Population

| | Total | Dairy Cows | Dairy Heifers | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| Cattle Type | Population ^[1] | Population | Population | Feedlot |
| Beef calves | 264,965 | | | 264,965 |
| Beef cows | 655,000 | | | 655,000 |
| Beef replacements 0-12 months | 26,590 | | | 26,590 |
| Beef replacements 12-24 months | 61,676 | | | 61,676 |
| Bulls | 60,000 | | | 60,000 |
| Dairy calves | 882,551 | | 882,551 | |
| Dairy cows | 1,724,205 | 1,724,205 | | |
| Dairy replacements 0-12 months | 215,914 | | 215,914 | |
| Dairy replacements 12-24 months | 507,979 | | 507,979 | |
| Heifer feedlot | 174,028 | | | 174,028 |
| Heifer stockers | 113,678 | | | 113,678 |
| Steer feedlot | 287,478 | | | 287,478 |
| Steer stockers | 260,137 | | | 260,137 |
| Total Population: | 5,234,201 | 1,724,205 | 1,606,444 | 1,903,552 |

^[1] Used in annual emission calculations for Enteric (dairies and feedlots) and Manure Management (feedlots only). Source: CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023.

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Table A.6
2021 Tulare Dairy and Feedlot Herd Counts

| Facility Type | Cows in Milk | Mature Bulls ^[1] | Dry Cows | Heifers/Bulls 1-2 yrs | Heifers/Bulls 3 months - 1 yr | Calves under 3 months | Total |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Dairies | 416,206 | 0 | 67,536 | 167,438 | 150,618 | 61,990 | 863,788 |
| Feedlots | 1,842 | 1,217 | 9,647 | 38,445 | 86,738 | 181,242 | 319,131 |
| Total | 418,048 | 1,217 | 77,183 | 205,883 | 237,357 | 243,232 | 1,182,919 |

^[1] For emission calculation purposes, all mature bulls were assigned to the feedlot category even if they were reported on a dairy.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.7
Emission Factors for Diesel Farm Equipment

| Emission Factor | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (kg/gal) | | | | | | | |
| CO ₂ ⁽¹⁾ CH ₄ ⁽²⁾ N ₂ O ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | |
| 10.21 | 10.21 9.70E-04 9.00E-04 | | | | | | |

Notes:

- 1. The CO₂ emission factor is from The Climate Registry, 2022 Default Emission Factors, Table 2.1 (Diesel Fuel). May 2022. Available: https://www.theclimateregistry.org/. Accessed March 2023.
- 2. The CH₄ and N₂O emission factors are from The Climate Registry, 2022 Default Emission Factors, Table 2.7 (Agricultural Equipment).

Table A.8
Emissions Associated with Farm Equipment

| 2013 Cultivated | 2021 Cultivated | Fuel Usage Factor (gal/yr per | 2021 Fuel Use | 2021 Annual Emissions (metric ton/yr) | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|--|
| Acres ⁽¹⁾ | Acres ⁽²⁾ | acre) ⁽³⁾ | (gal/yr) | CO ₂ | CH ₄ | N ₂ O | CO₂e | |
| 160,839 | 158,247 | 25 | 3,956,166 | 40,392 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 41,549 | |

- 1. The 2013 cultivated acreage was obtained from Tulare County RMA. Draft EIR for the Animal Confinement Facilities Plan, and Dairy and Feedlot Climate Action Plan . January 2016. Appendix E2.
- 2. The 2021 cultivated acreage was scaled from 2013 in proportion to the total number of animal units.
- 3. Source: CARB, 2018. *Analysis of California's Diesel Agricultural Equipment Inventory according to Fuel Use, Farm Size, and Equipment Horsepower*. October 3. Figure 3.3: Fuel per Acre, by Commodity. Hay, Forage, Pasture, Row Crops.

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Table A.9 Emissions of N₂O from Agricultural Soil

| | | Nitrogen | | N_{f} | CF | N₂O Emis | sion Factor (kg l | N₂O-N/kg N) | F _{leach} Fraction of N | F _{gasm} Fraction of N | 2021 Anr Emiss (metric t | sions |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|---------|
| Crop Type | 2021 Cultivated Acres | Requirement per Crop (lb/acre/yr) | No. of Crops per Year ⁽¹⁾ | Nitrogen in Fertilizer (ton/yr) | Conversion Factor N ₂ O-N to N ₂ O ⁽²⁾ | EF ₁ Direct from Soils ⁽³⁾ | EF ₅ Indirect from Runoff ⁽⁴⁾ | EF ₄ Indirect from Volatilization ⁽⁴⁾ | Lost through Leaching & Runoff ⁽⁴⁾ | Volatilization as NH ₃ and NO _x (4) | N ₂ O | CO₂e |
| Corn Silage (double) | 158,247 | 250 | 2 | 39,562 | 1.57 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 490 | 146,052 |
| Alfalfa | 158,247 | 480 | 1 | 37,979 | 1.57 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 471 | 140,210 |
| Total | | | | 77,541 | | - | | | | | 961 | 286,262 |

- 1. Assume the support crop acreage has 2 summer crops of corn and 1 winter crop of alfalfa (alfalfa was conservatively selected over wheat because it has a higher nitrogen requirement).
- 2. Source: IPCC, 2019. 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories . Volume 4, Chapter 11. May 12, 2019. Available: https://www.ipccnggip.iges.or.jp/public/2019rf/index.html. Accessed March 2023.
- 3. Source: IPCC, 2019. Table 11.1. Dry climate.
- 4. Source: IPCC, 2019. Table 11.3. Dry climate.
- 5. The N_2O emission rate is calculated based on Equations 11.1 (direct), 11.9 (volatilization), and 11.10 (runoff) in IPCC, 2019. The combined equation is: Emission Rate = $N_f \times CF \times [EF_1 + (EF_5 \times F_{leach}) + (EF_4 \times F_{gasm})] \times 0.9072$

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Table A.10
Emissions Associated with Support Crop Irrigation

| | Usage Factor for | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----|------------------|--------|--|--|
| | Electric Irrigation | 2021 Electricity | | | | | | | | | |
| 2021 Cultivated | Pumps | Usage | 2021 Emission Factors (lb/MWh) ^[3] | | | Annual Emissions (metric ton/yr) | | | | | |
| Acres ⁽¹⁾ | (MWh/acre/yr) ^[1] | (MWh/yr) ^[2] | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | CO₂e | | |
| 158,247 | 1.59 | 251,612 | 531.7 | 0.031 | 0.004 | 60,684 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 60,908 | | |

- 1. Source: Tulare County RMA. Draft EIR for the ACFP and Dairy CAP. January 2016. Appendix E2.
- 2. Calculations assume all ACF support crop irrigation pumps are electric.
- 3. Source: U.S. EPA. Emissions & Generation Resources Integrated Database (eGRID). eGRID Summary Tables 2021. CAMX Subregion. Available: https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2023-01/eGRID2021_summary_tables.pdf. Accessed March 2023.

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Table A.11
Emission Factors for Diesel Dairy Equipment

| | | Emission Factor | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (kg/gal) | | | | | | | | | |
| Emission Source | CO ₂ ⁽¹⁾ | CH ₄ ⁽²⁾ | $N_2O^{(2)}$ | | | | | | | |
| Agricultural Tractor 51-120 hp | 10.21 | 9.70E-04 | 9.00E-04 | | | | | | | |
| Rubber Tired Loader 121-175 hp | 10.21 | 9.70E-04 | 9.00E-04 | | | | | | | |
| Off-Highway Truck 251-500 hp | 10.21 | 9.70E-04 | 9.00E-04 | | | | | | | |
| Generator Set 251-500 hp | 10.21 | 9.70E-04 | 9.00E-04 | | | | | | | |

Notes:

- 1. The CO₂ emission factor is from The Climate Registry, 2022 Default Emission Factors, Table 2.1 (Diesel Fuel). May 2022. Available: https://www.theclimateregistry.org/. Accessed March 2023.
- 2. The CH₄ and N₂O emission factors are from The Climate Registry, 2022 Default Emission Factors, Table 2.7 (Agricultural Equipment).

Table A.12
Emissions Associated with Dairy Equipment

| | 2013 Equipment Annual Work Done | 2021 Equipment Annual Work Done | 2021 Fuel Use | 2021 | . Annual Emissior | ns (metric ton/yr) | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Emission Source | (hp-hr/yr) ⁽¹⁾ | (hp-hr/yr) ^[3] | (gal/yr) ⁽²⁾ | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | CO ₂ e |
| Dairy Tractor 51-120 hp | 80,652,507 | 79,352,575 | 4,096,611 | 41,826 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 43,024 |
| Loader 121-175 hp | 54,730,496 | 53,848,367 | 2,779,945 | 28,383 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 29,196 |
| Feed Mixer Truck 251-500 hp | 87,599,377 | 86,187,478 | 4,449,465 | 45,429 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 46,730 |
| Standby Generator 251-500 hp | 33,600 | 29,731 | 1,535 | 16 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16 |
| Total | 223,015,980 | 219,418,151 | 11,327,556 | 115,654 | 11.0 | 10.2 | 118,967 |

Notes:

- 1. Source: Tulare County RMA. Draft EIR for the ACFP and Dairy CAP. January 2016. Appendix E2, Table 26.
- Fuel use (gal/yr) = Annual Work (hp-hr/yr) x BSFC (lb/hp-hr) / Fuel Conversion (lb/gallon)
 Brake specific fuel consumption (BSFC) (lb/hp-hr):

 0.367

 Diesel Fuel conversion (lb/gallon)
 7.1089

Source: CARB, MSEI Documentation Off-Road Diesel Equipment, 2017 Off-road Diesel Emission Factors. ordas_ef_fcf_2017_v7.xlsx.

Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/our-work/programs/mobile-source-emissions-inventory/road-documentation/msei-documentation-road. Accessed March 2023.

3. Annual work done in 2021 was scaled from 2013 in proportion to the No. of facilities for standby generators and the No. of animal units for all other source categories.

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Table A.13
On-Road Vehicle Emissions

| | | 2013 Round | 2021 Round | One-Way Trip | | | 2021 Annua | al Emissions | |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | | Trips | Trips | Length | 2021 Annual | | (metric t | on/yr) ⁽⁴⁾ | |
| Vehicle Description | Vehicle Type ⁽¹⁾ | (trips/yr) ⁽²⁾ | (trips/yr) ⁽³⁾ | (mi/trip) | VMT (mi/yr) | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | CO ₂ e |
| Silage Truck 3-axle, 10-ton | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 573,151 | 563,913 | 1 | 1,127,826 | 1,250 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1,309 |
| Silage Truck 5-axle, 20-ton | T7 Tractor Class 8 | 71,644 | 70,489 | 1 | 140,979 | 237 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 249 |
| Hay Truck 3-axle, 10-ton | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 12,882 | 12,674 | 2 | 50,697 | 56 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 59 |
| Hay Truck 5-axle, 20-ton | T7 Tractor Class 8 | 57,972 | 57,038 | 20 | 2,281,505 | 3,842 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 4,025 |
| Concentrated Feed Truck 5-axle, 20-ton | T7 Tractor Class 8 | 202,104 | 198,847 | 20 | 7,953,862 | 13,394 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 14,033 |
| Calf Milk Replacer Truck 2-axle, 10-ton | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 817 | 804 | 20 | 32,153 | 36 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37 |
| Cattle Truck - baby calves from dairies to calf ranches | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 12,607 | 12,404 | 10 | 248,076 | 275 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 288 |
| Cattle Truck - weaned heifer calves from calf ranches to dairies | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 6,380 | 6,277 | 10 | 125,543 | 139 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 146 |
| Cattle Truck - weaned bull calves from calf ranches to foothill pasture | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 1,418 | 1,395 | 25 | 69,757 | 77 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 81 |
| Cattle Truck - weaned bull calves from calf ranches to background feedlots | T7 Tractor Class 8 | 1,588 | 1,562 | 50 | 156,241 | 263 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 276 |
| Cattle Truck - other cattle trips from calf ranches | T7 Tractor Class 8 | 1,418 | 1,395 | 20 | 55,806 | 94 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 98 |
| Cattle Truck - beef cattle from foothill pasture to finishing feedlots | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 4,721 | 4,645 | 75 | 696,736 | 772 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 809 |
| Cattle Truck - dairies to beef processing facilities - gooseneck trailers | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | 17,008 | 16,734 | 20 | 669,355 | 742 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 777 |
| Cattle Truck - dairies to beef processing facilities - semi tractor/trailers | T7 Tractor Class 8 | 1,278 | 1,257 | 50 | 125,740 | 212 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 222 |
| Total - Trucks | | 964,988 | 949,435 | | 13,734,277 | 21,391 | 0.4 | 3.4 | 22,409 |
| Dairy Employee trips | LDT1-2 | 1,349,040 | 1,193,696 | 10 | 23,873,920 | 9,058 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 9,199 |
| Dairy Visitor trips (vet, breeder, sales, delivery) | LDT1-2 | 161,616 | 143,006 | 20 | 5,720,227 | 2,170 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2,204 |
| Total - Automobiles | | 1,510,656 | 1,336,702 | | 29,594,147 | 11,228 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 11,403 |

- 1. All trucks are assumed to be Medium-Heavy Duty Diesel Trucks (T6 Class 6, 19,501-26,000 lbs GVWR; T6 class 7, 26,001-33,000 lbs GVWR) and Heavy-Heavy Duty Diesel Trucks (T7 Class 8; above 33,000 lbs GVWR). All employees and visitors are conservatively assumed to drive light-duty trucks (LDT1; 0-3,750 lbs and LDT2; 3,751-5,750 lbs equivalent test weight).
- 2. Source: Tulare County RMA. Draft EIR for the ACFP and Dairy CAP. January 2016. Appendix E2, Table 29.
- 3. Trips in 2021 were scaled from 2013 in proportion to the number of animal units for trucks and the number of facilities for automobiles.
- 4. Emissions include running, idle, and starting exhaust and GHGs from electricity usage.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.14

EMFAC 2021 Output

Source: EMFAC2021 (v1.0.2) Emissions Inventory

Region Type: Sub-Area Region: Tulare (SJV) Calendar Year: 2021 Season: Annual

Vehicle Classification: EMFAC202x Categories

Units: miles/day for CVMT and EVMT, trips/day for Trips, kWh/day for Energy Consumption, tons/day for Emissions, 1000 gallons/day for Fuel Consumption

| | Calendar | | | | | | | | | | Energy |
|--------|----------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| Region | Year | Vehicle Category | Model Year | Speed | Fuel | Population | Total VMT | CVMT | EVMT | Trips | Consumption |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Gasoline | 17,368.15 | 531,818.13 | 531,818.13 | 0.00 | 72,816.58 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 13.40 | 226.08 | 226.08 | 0.00 | 40.82 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Electricity | 6.53 | 215.57 | 0.00 | 215.57 | 30.30 | 83.23 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Plug-in Hybrid | 2.19 | 116.49 | 59.29 | 57.20 | 9.07 | 17.28 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Gasoline | 65,617.22 | 2,467,638.18 | 2,467,638.18 | 0.00 | 301,607.81 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 138.49 | 5,805.42 | 5,805.42 | 0.00 | 657.80 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Electricity | 44.93 | 1,622.71 | 0.00 | 1,622.71 | 230.68 | 626.50 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Plug-in Hybrid | 172.59 | 8,861.68 | 4,584.44 | 4,277.24 | 713.64 | 1,291.85 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 12.50 | 632.18 | 632.18 | 0.00 | 144.48 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 319.48 | 19,875.42 | 19,875.42 | 0.00 | 3,693.15 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Natural Gas | 2.77 | 219.82 | 219.82 | 0.00 | 31.98 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 1,435.47 | 123,330.60 | 123,330.60 | 0.00 | 20,857.37 | 0.00 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Natural Gas | 24.27 | 2,137.58 | 2,137.58 | 0.00 | 352.65 | 0.00 |

Legend: VMT = vehicle miles traveled; CVMT = conventional vehicle miles traveled; EVMT = electric vehicle miles traveled; CO2 = carbon dioxide; CH4 = methane; N2O = nitrous oxide; RUNEX = running exhaust emissions; IDLEX = idle exhaust emissions; STREX = start exhaust tailpipe emissions; TOTEX = total exhaust emissions; LDT1 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW <= 3750 lbs); LDT2 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW 3751-5750 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 6 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 19501-26000 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 26001-33000 lbs); T7 Tractor Class 8 = Heavy-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 33001 lbs and over); GVWR = gross vehicle weight rating; ETW = equivalent test weight.

Source: EMFAC2021 Web Database (v1.0.2). Available: https://arb.ca.gov/emfac/emissions-inventory/03b58526e5b3bcf6910ba43e0194d2884825e80c. Accessed March 22, 2023.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.14 (Continued)

EMFAC 2021 Output

Source: EMFAC2021 (v1.0.2) Emissions Inventory

Region Type: Sub-Area Region: Tulare (SJV) Calendar Year: 2021 Season: Annual

Vehicle Classification: EMFAC202x Categories

Units: miles/day for CVMT and EVMT, trips/day for Trips, kWh/day for Energy Consumption, to

| | Calendar | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Region | Year | Vehicle Category | Model Year | Speed | Fuel | CO2_RUNEX | CO2_IDLEX | CO2_STREX | CO2_TOTEX | CH4_RUNEX | CH4_IDLEX | CH4_STREX | CH4_TOTEX |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Gasoline | 208.543777 | 0 | 8.19015846 | 216.733935 | 0.00947585 | 0 | 0.01509713 | 0.02457298 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 0.0991082 | 0 | 0 | 0.0991082 | 3.4491E-06 | 0 | 0 | 3.4491E-06 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Electricity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Plug-in Hybrid | 0.01768932 | 0 | 0.00074083 | 0.01843016 | 5.2738E-08 | 0 | 4.2052E-07 | 4.7326E-07 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Gasoline | 1008.07439 | 0 | 32.4626418 | 1040.53703 | 0.01375722 | 0 | 0.03718502 | 0.05094224 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 2.05820736 | 0 | 0 | 2.05820736 | 5.6878E-06 | 0 | 0 | 5.6878E-06 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Electricity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Plug-in Hybrid | 1.36697973 | 0 | 0.06317667 | 1.4301564 | 4.0695E-06 | 0 | 3.3007E-05 | 3.7076E-05 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 0.78655475 | 0.03144689 | 0 | 0.81800163 | 8.8801E-07 | 1.7382E-07 | 0 | 1.0618E-06 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 23.4249946 | 0.83507778 | 0 | 24.2600724 | 4.1207E-05 | 4.1412E-06 | 0 | 4.5348E-05 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Natural Gas | 0.23387771 | 0.01535334 | 0 | 0.24923104 | 0.00016819 | 3.7783E-05 | 0 | 0.00020597 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 215.5016 | 13.9290438 | 0 | 229.430644 | 0.00030167 | 0.00024874 | 0 | 0.00055041 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Natural Gas | 3.01991091 | 0.45349503 | 0 | 3.47340594 | 0.00236261 | 0.00169134 | 0 | 0.00405395 |

Legend: VMT = vehicle miles traveled; CVMT = conventional vehicle miles traveled; EVMT = electric vehicle miles traveled; CO2 = carbon dioxide; CH4 = methane; N2O = nitrous oxide; RUNEX = running exhaust emissions; IDLEX = idle exhaust emissions; STREX = start exhaust tailpipe emissions; TOTEX = total exhaust emissions; LDT1 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW <= 3750 lbs); LDT2 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW 3751-5750 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 6 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 19501-26000 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 26001-33000 lbs); T7 Tractor Class 8 = Heavy-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 33001 lbs and over); GVWR = gross vehicle weight rating; ETW = equivalent test weight.

Source: EMFAC2021 Web Database (v1.0.2). Available: https://arb.ca.gov/emfac/emissions-inventory/03b58526e5b3bcf6910ba43e0194d2884825e80c. Accessed March 22, 2023.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.14 (Continued)

EMFAC 2021 Output

Source: EMFAC2021 (v1.0.2) Emissions Inventory

Region Type: Sub-Area Region: Tulare (SJV) Calendar Year: 2021 Season: Annual

Vehicle Classification: EMFAC202x Categories

Units: miles/day for CVMT and EVMT, trips/day for Trips, kWh/day for Energy Consumption, to

| | Calendar | | | | | | | | | Fuel |
|--------|----------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Region | Year | Vehicle Category | Model Year | Speed | Fuel | N2O_RUNEX | N2O_IDLEX | N2O_STREX | N2O_TOTEX | Consumption |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Gasoline | 0.01282447 | 0 | 0.00411507 | 0.01693954 | 22.8543226 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 1.5615E-05 | 0 | 0 | 1.5615E-05 | 0.0088533 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Electricity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Plug-in Hybrid | 7.499E-08 | 0 | 2.1549E-07 | 2.9048E-07 | 0.00194344 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Gasoline | 0.02713912 | 0 | 0.01519406 | 0.04233319 | 109.72333 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 0.00032427 | 0 | 0 | 0.00032427 | 0.18385885 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Electricity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Plug-in Hybrid | 5.7764E-06 | 0 | 1.6883E-05 | 2.266E-05 | 0.15080821 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 0.00012392 | 4.9545E-06 | 0 | 0.00012888 | 0.07307176 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 0.00369062 | 0.00013157 | 0 | 0.00382218 | 2.16714266 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Natural Gas | 4.7678E-05 | 3.1299E-06 | 0 | 5.0807E-05 | 0.02880731 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Diesel | 0.03395236 | 0.00219453 | 0 | 0.03614689 | 20.4949485 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Natural Gas | 0.00061563 | 9.2448E-05 | 0 | 0.00070808 | 0.40147275 |

Legend: VMT = vehicle miles traveled; CVMT = conventional vehicle miles traveled; EVMT = electric vehicle miles traveled; CO2 = carbon dioxide; CH4 = methane; N2O = nitrous oxide; RUNEX = running exhaust emissions; IDLEX = idle exhaust emissions; STREX = start exhaust tailpipe emissions; TOTEX = total exhaust emissions; LDT1 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW <= 3750 lbs); LDT2 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW 3751-5750 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 6 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 19501-26000 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 7 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 26001-33000 lbs); T7 Tractor Class 8 = Heavy-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 33001 lbs and over); GVWR = gross vehicle weight rating; ETW = equivalent test weight.

Source: EMFAC2021 Web Database (v1.0.2). Available: https://arb.ca.gov/emfac/emissions-inventory/03b58526e5b3bcf6910ba43e0194d2884825e80c. Accessed March 22, 2023.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.15
Vehicle Exhaust GHG Emission Factors

| | | | | Regional Totals ⁽¹⁾ GHG Emission Factors | | | | | tors | | | |
|--------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | CO ₂ | | N ₂ O | | | |
| | Calendar | | | | | VMT | Emissions | CH ₄ Emissions | Emissions | | | |
| Region | Year | Vehicle Category | Model Year | Speed | Fuel | (mi/day) | (ton/day) | (ton/day) | (ton/day) | CO ₂ (g/mi) | CH ₄ (g/mi) | N ₂ O (g/mi) |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1-2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 3,016,304 | 1,260.9 | 0.0756 | 0.0596 | 379.2 | 0.023 | 0.018 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 20,727 | 25.3 | 0.0003 | 0.0040 | 1,108.5 | 0.011 | 0.175 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 125,468 | 232.9 | 0.0046 | 0.0369 | 1,684.0 | 0.033 | 0.266 |

Notes:

Legend: LDT1-2 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW <= 5750 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 19501-33000 lbs); T7 Tractor Class 8 = Heavy-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 33001 lbs and over); GVWR = gross vehicle weight rating; ETW = equivalent test weight; VMT = vehicle miles traveled.

1. Source: EMFAC2021 Web Database (v1.0.2). Tulare County. Emission factors include running, idle, and starting exhaust.

Table A.16
Vehicle Electricity Usage GHG Emission Factors

| | | | | | | Regional | l Totals ⁽¹⁾ | 2021 Electricity Usage Emission Factors ⁽²⁾ | | | GHG Emission Factors | | |
|--------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|----------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Calendar | | | | | VMT | Electricity Usage | | CH₄ | N ₂ O | | | |
| Region | Year | Vehicle Category | Model Year | Speed | Fuel | (mi/day) | (kWh/day) | CO ₂ (lb/MWh) | (lb/MWh) | (lb/MWh) | CO ₂ (g/mi) | CH ₄ (g/mi) | N ₂ O (g/mi) |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1-2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 3,016,304 | 2,019 | 531.7 | 0.031 | 0.004 | 0.161 | 9.41E-06 | 1.21E-06 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 20,727 | 0 | 531.7 | 0.031 | 0.004 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 125,468 | 0 | 531.7 | 0.031 | 0.004 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Notes:

Legend: LDT1-2 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW <= 5750 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 19501-33000 lbs); T7 Tractor Class 8 = Heavy-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 33001 lbs and over); GVWR = gross vehicle weight rating; ETW = equivalent test weight; VMT = vehicle miles traveled; kWh = kilowatt hours; MWh = megawatt hours.

1. Source: EMFAC2021 Web Database (v1.0.2).

2. Source: U.S. EPA. Emissions & Generation Resources Integrated Database (eGRID). eGRID Summary Tables 2021. CAMX Subregion.

Available: https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2023-01/eGRID2021_summary_tables.pdf. Accessed March 2023.

Table A.17
Vehicle Combined Exhaust and Electricity Usage GHG Emission Factors

| | Calendar | | | | | Combined GHG Emission Factors | | |
|--------|----------|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Region | Year | Vehicle Category | Model Year | Speed | Fuel | CO ₂ (g/mi) | CH ₄ (g/mi) | N ₂ O (g/mi) |
| Tulare | 2021 | LDT1-2 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 379.4 | 0.023 | 0.018 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 1,108.5 | 0.011 | 0.175 |
| Tulare | 2021 | T7 Tractor Class 8 | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | 1,684.0 | 0.033 | 0.266 |

Legend: LDT1-2 = light-duty trucks (GVWR <6000 lbs and ETW <= 5750 lbs); T6 Instate Tractor Class 6-7 = Medium-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 19501-33000 lbs); T7 Tractor Class 8 = Heavy-Heavy Duty Tractor Truck (GVWR 33001 lbs and over); GVWR = gross vehicle weight rating; ETW = equivalent test weight; VMT = vehicle miles traveled.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.18
Emissions Associated with Dairy Electricity Use

| | 2021 Population (Dairy | Dairy Electricity Usage per Cow | 2021 Electricity | 2021 Emiss | ion Factors (| lb/MWh) ⁽²⁾ | 2021 / | Annual Emissi | ons (metric t | on/yr) |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|
| ı | Cows and Heifers) | (MWh/cow/yr) ⁽¹⁾ | Usage (MWh/yr) | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | CO ₂ | CH₄ | N ₂ O | CO ₂ e |
| | 801,798 | 0.49 | 392,881 | 531.7 | 0.031 | 0.004 | 94,755 | 5.525 | 0.713 | 95,105 |

Notes:

- 1. Source: Tulare County RMA. Draft EIR for the ACFP, and Dairy CAP. January 2016. Appendix E.2. Cows represent milk cows plus heifers.
- 2. Source: U.S. EPA. Emissions & Generation Resources Integrated Database (eGRID). eGRID Summary Tables 2021. CAMX Subregion.

Available: https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2023-01/eGRID2021_summary_tables.pdf. Accessed March 2023.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.19
Emissions Associated with Dairy Refrigeration Equipment

| 2013 Total | 2021 Total | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------|
| Refrigerant | Refrigerant | | | Annual | 2021 Annua | al Emissions |
| Charge | Charge | Refrigerant | Global Warming | Refrigerant Loss | (metric | ton/yr) |
| (lb) ⁽¹⁾ | (lb) ⁽²⁾ | Type ⁽³⁾ | Potential ⁽⁴⁾ | Rate ⁽⁵⁾ | HFCs | CO ₂ e |
| 48,072 | 42,792 | HFC-23 | 14,800 | 25% | 4.85 | 71,818 |

- 1. Source: Tulare County RMA. Draft EIR for the ACFP and Dairy CAP. January 2016. Appendix E2, Table 35.
- 2. The 2021 refrigerant charge was scaled from 2013 in proportion to the number of dairy cows.
- 3. HFC-23 was conservatively selected as a worst case refrigerant for industrial refrigeration in terms of its global warming potential.
- 4. GWP is from the IPCC fourth assessment report (AR4). GWP is consistent with the CARB California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Program. Available: Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/ghg-gwps. Accessed March 10, 2023.
- 5. Source: The Climate Registry. 2022 Default Emission Factors . May 2022. Table 4.1. Industrial Refrigeration including Food Processing and Cold Storage.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.20
California Manure Management System Apportionment in the 2013 Base Year

| Manure Management | Manure Fr | raction ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ |
|--------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| System | Dairy Cows | Dairy Heifers |
| Anaerobic Digester | 1.19E-02 | 0.00E+00 |
| Anaerobic Lagoon | 5.82E-01 | 0.00E+00 |
| Daily Spread | 1.06E-01 | 1.08E-01 |
| Deep Pit | 1.04E-03 | 0.00E+00 |
| Dry Lot | 0.00E+00 | 8.74E-01 |
| Liquid/Slurry | 2.02E-01 | 8.74E-03 |
| Pasture | 6.71E-03 | 9.25E-03 |
| Solid Storage | 9.10E-02 | 0.00E+00 |
| Total | 1.00E+00 | 1.00E+00 |

⁽I) Source: CARB, Annex 3B - Manure Management (IPCC 3A2). Available: http://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/inventory/doc/methods_00-12/annex_3b_manure_management.pdf; which is found in the 2014 Edition Archive of California's 2000-2012 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory Technical Support Document: https://ww3.arb.ca.gov/cc/inventory/pubs/reports/2000_2012/ghg_inventory_00-12_technical_support_document.pdf; which is found on CARB's website: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/ghg-inventory-archive.

Table A.21
Tulare County 2021 Dairy Cattle Herd Counts

| Dairy Cows | Dairy Heifers |
|------------|---------------|
| 483,742 | 380,046 |

Note: Year 2021 cattle populations were provided by the Tulare County RMA. The Dairy Cows category includes milk cows and dry cows. The Dairy Heifers category includes all heifers and calves.

⁽²⁾ The manure fractions reflect 2013 assumptions to preserve business-as-usual manure management practices for the 2021 BAU emission calculations.

Table A.22
CH₄ Business-As-Usual Emissions from Manure Management - Dairy Cows

| | Tulare County C | Current Inventory | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Manure Management System | CH _{4,man} (MT/yr) ^[b] | V _{ex} (MT/yr) ^[c] | WMS*N _{animals} (animals) ^[d] | VS (kg VS/animal/yr) ^[e] | B_o $(m^3 CH_4/kg VS)^{[f]}$ | MCF (%) ^[g] | c ₁ (kg/m ³) ^[h] |
| Anaerobic Digester | 473.8 | 16,477 | 5,767 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.181 | 0.662 |
| Anaerobic Lagoon | 93,396.0 | 804,158 | 281,469 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.731 | 0.662 |
| Daily Spread | 115.9 | 145,840 | 51,046 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.005 | 0.662 |
| Deep Pit | 73.5 | 1,431 | 501 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.323 | 0.662 |
| Dry Lot | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.015 | 0.662 |
| Liquid/Slurry | 14,322.1 | 279,084 | 97,684 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.323 | 0.662 |
| Pasture | 22.1 | 9,277 | 3,247 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.015 | 0.662 |
| Solid Storage | 799.4 | 125,783 | 44,026 | 2,857 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.662 |
| Total | 109,202.7 | | 483,742 | | | | |

Table A.23
CH₄ Business-As-Usual Emissions from Manure Management - Dairy Heifers

| | Tulare County Current Inventory Year (2021) ^[a] | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Manure Management System | CH _{4,man} (MT/yr) ^[b] | V _{ex} (MT/yr) ^[c] | WMS*N _{animals} (animals) ^[d] | VS (kg VS/animal/yr) ^[e] | B_o $(m^3 CH_4/kg VS)^{[f]}$ | MCF (%) ^[g] | c ₁ (kg/m³) ^[h] |
| Anaerobic Digester | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.181 | 0.662 |
| Anaerobic Lagoon | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.731 | 0.662 |
| Daily Spread | 28.9 | 51,398 | 41,053 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.005 | 0.662 |
| Deep Pit | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.323 | 0.662 |
| Dry Lot | 702.0 | 415,859 | 332,156 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.015 | 0.662 |
| Liquid/Slurry | 151.2 | 4,159 | 3,322 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.323 | 0.662 |
| Pasture | 7.4 | 4,403 | 3,516 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.015 | 0.662 |
| Solid Storage | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 1,252 | 0.17 | 0.04 | 0.662 |
| Total | 889.5 | | 380,046 | | | | |

Notes:

The CA GHG inventory web tool does not list information for dairy heifers in the following manure mgmt. categories: anaerobic digester, anaerobic lagoon, deep pit, and solid storage. Dairy cow parameters were used for heifers for B_0 , MCF, and c_1 ; VS identified for dairy heifers in other manure mgmt. categories was used in the unlisted categories.

Equation 1 (

 $CH_{4,man} = V_{ex} \times B_{o} \times MCF \times C_{1}$

Equation 2

 $V_{ex} = VS x (WMS*N_{animals}) x (kg to MT)$

Other abbreviations: kg = kilogram; m³ = cubic meter; MT = metric ton; yr = year.

[[]a] 2021 BAU emission calculations used the 2021 Tulare County herd population and calculation methodology consistent with the California GHG 2000-2020 Inventory (Website: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023).

[[]b] CH_{4,man}: Methane emissions estimated using Equation 1 (see below).

[[]c] V_{ex}: Volatile solids excreted estimated using Equation 2 (see below).

[[]d] WMS*N_{animals}: Equivalent number of animals per waste (manure) management system. Apportionment factors are from Table A.20.

[[]e] VS: Volatile solids excreted per animal.

[[]f] B_o: Maximum methane producing capacity.

^[g] MCF: Methane conversion factor.

^[h] c₁: Conversion factor representing density of methane at 25C.

Table A.24 $$\rm N_2O$ Business-As-Usual Emissions from Manure Management - Dairy Cows

| | - | urrent Inventory 2021) ^[a] | | | Volatilization | Indirect N as N ₂ O, | | Indirect N as N ₂ O, |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Manure Management System | N ₂ O _{man} ^[b] (MT/yr) | WMS*N _{animals} ^[c] (animals) | N _{ex} ^[d] (g/yr) | Direct N as N ₂ O ^[e] (g N ₂ O-N/g) | fraction ^[f] (fraction) | volatilized ^[g] (g N ₂ O-N/g) | Runoff fraction ^[h] (fraction) | runoff ^[i] (g N₂O-N/g) |
| Anaerobic Digester | 6.3 | 5,767 | 158,656 | 0 | 0.43 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0075 |
| Anaerobic Lagoon | 305.9 | 281,469 | 158,656 | 0 | 0.43 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0075 |
| Daily Spread | 12.7 | 51,046 | 158,656 | 0 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Deep Pit | 0.5 | 501 | 158,656 | 0.002 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Dry Lot | 0.0 | 0 | 158,656 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.0075 |
| Liquid/Slurry | 186.5 | 97,684 | 158,656 | 0.005 | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0075 |
| Pasture | 0.0 | 3,247 | 158,656 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Solid Storage | 84.5 | 44,026 | 158,656 | 0.005 | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Total | 596.5 | 483,742 | | | | | - | |

Table A.25 N_2O Business-As-Usual Emissions from Manure Management - Dairy Heifers

| | | urrent Inventory | | | | Indirect N as | | |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Year (2 | 2021) ^[a] | | | Volatilization | N₂O, | | Indirect N as N ₂ O, |
| Manure Management | N ₂ O _{man} ^[b] | WMS*N _{animals} [c] | N _{ex} ^[d] | Direct N as N ₂ O ^[e] | fraction ^[f] | volatilized ^[g] | Runoff fraction ^[h] | runoff ^[i] |
| System | (MT/yr) | (animals) | (g/yr) | (g N ₂ O-N/g) | (fraction) | (g N ₂ O-N/g) | (fraction) | (g N ₂ O-N/g) |
| Anaerobic Digester | 0.0 | 0 | 68,911 | 0 | 0.43 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0075 |
| Anaerobic Lagoon | 0.0 | 0 | 68,911 | 0 | 0.43 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0075 |
| Daily Spread | 4.4 | 41,053 | 68,911 | 0 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Deep Pit | 0.0 | 0 | 68,911 | 0.002 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Dry Lot | 778.6 | 332,156 | 68,911 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.0075 |
| Liquid/Slurry | 2.8 | 3,322 | 68,911 | 0.005 | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0075 |
| Pasture | 0.0 | 3,516 | 68,911 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Solid Storage | 0.0 | 0 | 68,911 | 0.005 | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.0075 |
| Total | 785.8 | 380,046 | | | | | - | |

[[]a] 2021 BAU emission calculations used the 2020 Tulare County herd population and calculation methodology consistent with the California GHG 2000-2020 Inventory (Website: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023).

The CA GHG inventory web tool does not list information for dairy heifers in the following manure management categories: anaerobic digester, anaerobic lagoon, deep pit, and solid storage. Dairy cow parameters were used for heifers for Direct N as N2O, Volatilization Fraction, Indirect N as N2O, Runoff Fraction, and Indirect N as N2O Runoff; N_{ex} identified for dairy heifers in other manure management categories was used in the unlisted categories.

The CA GHG inventory web tool does not list NO2 information for cows or dairy heifers in the pasture manure management category. Parameters from the prior year's web tool were used.

Equation 1
$$N_2O = WMS*N_{animals} \times N_{ex} \times [D_{EF} + (V_{frac} \times V_{EF}) + (R_{frac} \times R_{EF})] \times 1.5711 \times (g \text{ to } MT)$$

Other abbreviations: kg = kilogram; g = gram; MT = metric ton; yr = year.

[[]b] N₂O_{man}: Nitrous oxide emissions estimated using Equation 1 (see below).

[[]c] WMS*N_{animals}: Equivalent number of animals per waste (manure) management system. Apportionment factors are from Table A.20.

[[]d] N_{ex}: Nitrogen excreted per animal.

[[]e] Direct N a N₂O: Emission factor representing direct nitrogen as N₂O-N for the particular waste management system.

[[]f] Volatilization fraction of N for the animal group.

[[]g] Emission factor representing indirect nitrogen as N₂O-N for redeposited volatilized N.

[[]h] Runoff fraction of N for the animal group.

[[]i] Emission factor representing indirect nitrogen as N₂O-N for runoff N.

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Table A.26
Dairy Cattle Herd Counts for Enteric Fermentation Calculation

| Category | Dairy Cows | Dairy Heifers 0-12 mo | Dairy Heifers 12-24 mo | Dairy Calves |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| California (2020) ^[1] | 1,724,205 | 215,914 | 507,979 | 882,551 |
| Tulare County (2021) ^[2] | 483,742 | 150,618 | 167,438 | 61,990 |

Notes:

- 1. California populations are from the CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023.
- 2. Year 2021 cattle counts were provided by the Tulare County RMA. Dairy cows include cows in milk and dry cows.

Table A.27
Emissions from Enteric Fermentation - Dairies

| | CH ₄ Emissions (MT/yr) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------------|--------------|---------|--|
| | Dairy Heifers | | Dairy Heifers | | | |
| Source | Dairy Cows | 0-12 mo | 12-24 mo | Dairy Calves | Total | |
| California (2020) ^[1] | 249,329 | 9,398 | 33,379 | 10,267 | 302,372 | |
| Tulare County (2021) ^[2] | 69,951 | 6,556 | 11,002 | 721 | 88,231 | |

Notes:

- 1. California populations are from the CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023.
- 2. CARB and EPA use the same methodology to estimate emissions from enteric fermentation. As such, this table assumes that Tulare emissions are proportional to the California emissions based on animal population.

Abbreviations:

CARB - California Air Resources Board mo - months old CH₄ - methane MT - metric tonne

CO₂e - carbon dioxide equivalent yr - year

kg - kilogram

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Table A.28

CARB GHG Inventory - Enteric Fermentation

GHG Emission Inventory Summary [2000 - 2020]

Main Sector: Agriculture & Forestry

Sub Sector Level 1: Enteric Fermentation

Sub Sector Level 2: Cattle Sub Sector Level 3: None

Main Activity: Livestock population Inventory Accounting: Included

Measurement: CO2Eq

GWP: AR4 Unit: tonnes

| Inventory Accounting | Main Sector | Sub Sector Level 1 | Sub Sector Level 2 | Sub Sector Level 3 | Main Activity | Activity Subset | GHG | 2020 Emission (MT/yr) |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Beef calves | CH4 | 71,102 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Beef cows | CH4 | 1,562,915 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Beef replacements 0-12 months | CH4 | 40,698 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Beef replacements 12-24 months | CH4 | 108,800 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Bulls | CH4 | 148,036 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Dairy calves | CH4 | 256,670 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Dairy cows | CH4 | 6,233,220 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Dairy replacements 0-12 months | CH4 | 234,952 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Dairy replacements 12-24 months | CH4 | 834,463 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Heifer feedlot | CH4 | 178,405 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Heifer stockers | CH4 | 173,617 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Steer feedlot | CH4 | 286,775 |
| Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Enteric Fermentation | Cattle | None | Livestock population | Steer stockers | CH4 | 382,424 |

California 2020 Enteric Fermentation Emissions

| California 2020 Enteric Fermentation Emissio | ns | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Facility Type | Total | Dairy Cows | Dairy Heifers 0-12 mo | Dairy Heifers 12-24 mo | Dairy Calves |
| Dairy | | | | | |
| Total CH ₄ (MT/yr): | 302,372 | 249,329 | 9,398 | 33,379 | 10,267 |
| Total CO ₂ e (MT/yr): | 7,559,306 | 6,233,220 | 234,952 | 834,463 | 256,670 |
| Feedlot: | | | | | |
| Total CH ₄ (MT/yr): | 118,111 | | | | |
| Total CO ₂ e (MT/yr): | 2,952,770 | | | | |

Source: CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023.

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Table A.29
Feedlot Cattle Herd Counts for Enteric Fermentation and Manure Management Calculations

| Category | Feedlot Cattle |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| California (2020) ^[1] | 1,903,552 |
| Tulare County (2021) ^[2] | 319,131 |

Notes:

- 1. Population is from the CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023. Reflects all cattle other than dairy cows, replacement dairy heifers (0-24 months), and dairy calves.
- 2. Year 2021 year cattle counts were provided by the Tulare County RMA. Reflects all animals in feedlot facilities and mature bulls identified in dairies.

Table A.30
Emissions from Enteric Digestion and Manure Management - Feedlots

| | Enteric Digestion | Manure Management | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Source | CH₄ (MT/yr) | CH ₄ (MT/yr) | N₂O (MT/yr) |
| California (2020) ^[1] | 118,111 | 5,254 | 994 |
| Tulare County (2021) ^[2] | 19,801 | 881 | 167 |

- 1. California emissions are from the CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023.
- 2. CARB and EPA use the same methodology to estimate emissions from enteric fermentation and manure management. As such, this table assumes that Tulare emissions are proportional to the California emissions based on animal population.

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Table A.31 CARB GHG Inventory - Manure Management

GHG Emission Inventory Summary [2000 - 2020]

Main Sector: Agriculture & Forestry
Sub Sector Level 1: Manure Management

Sub Sector Level 2: Cattle

Inventory Accounting: Included

Measurement: CO2Eq

GWP: AR4 Unit: million tonnes

| Accounting Main Sector Sub Sector Level 1 Level 2 Sub Sector Level 3 Main Activity Activity Subset GHG (million I Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic digester Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.04 | Inventory | Z. cattle | | Sub Sector | illie3 | | | | 2020 Emission |
|--|-----------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic digester Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.04. Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic digester Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.04. Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic dagoon Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.32. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic dagoon Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.03. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.01. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.01. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.01. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.01. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.00. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.00. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.00. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.00. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy helfers CH4 0.00. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy helfers CH4 0.03. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy helfers CH4 0.03. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - helfers 500+ lbs N2O 0.09. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - helfers 500+ lbs N2O 0.09. Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - helfers 500+ lbs CH4 0. | • | Main Sector | Sub Sector Level 1 | | Sub Sector Level 3 | Main Activity | Activity Subset | GHG | (million MT/yr) |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic digester Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.32 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic lagoon Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.32 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.011 Dairy cows N2O 0.012 Dairy cows N2O 0.001 Dairy bairers N2O Dairy cows N2O 0.001 Dairy cows N2O 0.001 Dairy bairers N2O Dairy cows N2O 0.001 Dairy bairers N2O Dairy cows N2O 0.001 Dairy bairers N2O Dair | | | | | | • | • | | 0.006657588 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic lagoon Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.322 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Anaerobic lagoon Livestock population Dairy cows N4O 0.011 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows N4O 0.011 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows N4O 0.001 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows N4O 0.002 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy heifers N4O 0.002 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy heifers N4O 0.002 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows N4O 0.003 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows N4O 0.003 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy cows C4M 0.003 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy heifers N4O 0.004 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy heifers N4O 0.004 Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy heifers N4O 0.004 Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - heifers 500+ lbs N4O 0.005 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - heifers 500+ lbs N4O 0.005 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - heifers 500+ lbs N4O 0.005 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Livestock Manure | | | ū | | | • • | , | | 0.042263863 |
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| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows Ct4 0.011 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy cows Ct4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy heifers N2O 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy heifers N2O 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Daily spread Livestock population Dairy heifers N2O 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Deep pit Livestock population Dairy cows Ct4 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy cows Ct4 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy heifers N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy heifers N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy heifers N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - heifers 500+ lbs N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - heifers 500+ lbs N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - heifers 500+ lbs N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - steers 500+ lbs N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Feedlot - steers 500+ lbs N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Dry lot Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Liquid/slurry Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Liquid/slurry Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.000 Manure Management Cattle Liquid/slurry Livestock population Dairy cows Ct4 0.000 National Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Liquid/slurry Livestock population Dairy cows Ct4 0.000 Nati | | , | | | | | | | 8.326497985 |
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| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Dairy cows CH4 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Dairy heifers CH4 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - beef cows CH4 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - bulls 500+ lbs CH4 0.000 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - calves <500 lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Liquid/slurry | Livestock population | Feedlot - steers 500+ lbs | N2O | 0.000434871 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Dairy heifers CH4 0.00 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - beef cows CH4 0.00 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - bulls 500+ lbs CH4 0.00 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - calves <500 lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Liquid/slurry | Livestock population | Feedlot - steers 500+ lbs | CH4 | 0.003447073 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - beef cows CH4 0.00 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - bulls 500+ lbs CH4 0.00 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - calves <500 lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.01 Included Not on feed - steers 500 | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Dairy cows | CH4 | 0.001970108 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - bulls 500+ lbs CH4 0.002 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - calves <500 lbs CH4 0.012 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.012 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.012 Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.012 | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Dairy heifers | CH4 | 0.00035401 |
| IncludedAgriculture & ForestryManure ManagementCattlePastureLivestock populationNot on feed - calves <500 lbsCH40.017IncludedAgriculture & ForestryManure ManagementCattlePastureLivestock populationNot on feed - heifers 500+ lbsCH40.010IncludedAgriculture & ForestryManure ManagementCattlePastureLivestock populationNot on feed - steers 500+ lbsCH40.014 | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Not on feed - beef cows | CH4 | 0.05028692 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.010 (Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Ca | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Not on feed - bulls 500+ lbs | CH4 | 0.004952088 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Pasture Livestock population Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs CH4 0.014 | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Not on feed - calves <500 lbs | CH4 | 0.017117613 |
| | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Not on feed - heifers 500+ lbs | CH4 | 0.010320283 |
| Included Agriculture & Forestry Manure Management Cattle Solid storage Livestock population Dairy cows N2O 0.089 | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Pasture | Livestock population | Not on feed - steers 500+ lbs | CH4 | 0.014252953 |
| minute promotion point in participation point storage promotion point to the promotion poin | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | Solid storage | Livestock population | Dairy cows | N2O | 0.089755782 |
| | Included | Agriculture & Forestry | Manure Management | Cattle | | Livestock population | Dairy cows | CH4 | 0.071231893 |

California 2020 Manure Management Emissions - Feedlot

| Total CO2e from CH4: | 131,341 MT/yr |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Total CO2e from N2O: | 296,235 MT/yr |
| Total CH4: | 5,254 MT/yr |
| Total N2O: | 994 MT/yr |

Source: CARB 2000-2020 GHG Inventory Query Tool, 15th Edition. Most recent year available (2020). Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/applications/greenhouse-gas-emission-inventory-0. Accessed March 10, 2023.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table A.32
Global Warming Potentials

| CO ₂ | CH ₄ | N ₂ O | HFC-23 |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|
| 1 | 25 | 298 | 14,800 |

Note: Values are 100-yr GWPs from the IPCC fourth assessment report (AR4). GWPs are consistent with the CARB California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Program. Available: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/ghg-gwps. Accessed March 10, 2023.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Appendix B – 2021 Emission Reduction Calculations

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Appendix B - 2021 Emission Reduction Calculations

| Table B.1 | Dairy and Feedlot Emission Reductions from Solar, Digester, and AMMP Projects Operating in 2021 |
|------------|--|
| Table B.2 | Progress of Solar, Digester, and AMMP GHG Emission Reductions in Relation to the 2023 Dairy CAP Target |
| Table B.3 | Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Actual GHG Emissions |
| Table B.4 | Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Actual CH4 Emissions from Manure Management |
| Table B.5 | Progress of Actual CH4 Emissions in Relation to the 2030 SB 1383 Target |
| Table B.6 | Emission Reductions from a Hypothetical 1,000 kW Solar Panel Project in Tulare County |
| Table B.7 | Emission Reductions from Solar Panel Projects at Tulare County Dairies |
| Table B.8 | Emission Reductions from Solar Thermal Hot Water Systems at Tulare County Dairies |
| Table B.9 | Emission Reductions from Digester Projects at Tulare County Dairies |
| Table B.10 | Emission Reductions from Alternative Manure Management Projects at Tulare County Dairies |

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.1
Dairy and Feedlot Emission Reductions from Solar, Digester, and AMMP Projects Operating in 2021

| Project Type | 5-Year CO₂e Reductions (MT/5-yrs) ⁽¹⁾ | Annual CO₂e Reductions (MT/yr) | CY 2021 CO ₂ e Reductions (MT/yr) ^[2] |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Solar Panels | -100,648 | -20,130 | -19,099 |
| Solar Thermal Hot Water Systems | -219 | -44 | -44 |
| Digesters | -3,577,511 | -715,502 | -552,845 |
| Alternative Manure Management Program | -108,276 | -21,655 | -20,143 |
| Total | -3,786,653 | -757,331 | -592,131 |

Notes:

- 1. Reductions are shown as negative values.
- 2. Calendar year (CY) 2021 reductions are less than the annual reductions because some projects became operational during 2021 and therefore had partial-year reductions.

Table B.2
Progress of Solar, Digester, and AMMP GHG Emission Reductions in Relation to the 2023 Dairy CAP Target

| Year | Dairy CAP Emission Reduction Trajectory (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Actual Emission Reductions Achieved (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ | Deviation from Trajectory (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽⁴⁾ | Additional Reductions Needed to Reach 2023 Target (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽¹⁾ | Percent of Target Reached |
|------|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|
| 2017 | 0 | -23,990 | 23,990 | -1,026,010 | 2% |
| 2018 | -175,000 | -49,964 | -125,036 | -1,000,036 | 5% |
| 2019 | -350,000 | -162,822 | -187,178 | -887,178 | 16% |
| 2020 | -525,000 | -303,618 | -221,382 | -746,382 | 29% |
| 2021 | -700,000 | -592,131 | -107,869 | -457,869 | 56% |
| 2022 | -875,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2023 | -1,050,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |

Legend: TBD = To be determined in a future analysis.

- 1. Reductions are shown as negative values.
- 2. The Dairy CAP trajectory assumes a linear path from 2017 to 2023.
- 3. CY 2021 emission reductions were obtained from Table B.1.
- 4. A positive value means ahead of schedule; a negative value means behind schedule.

Table B.3
Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Actual GHG Emissions

| | CO ₂ | CH ₄ | N ₂ O | HFCs | CO₂e |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| Source Category | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) |
| Farm Equipment Exhaust | 40,392 | 4 | 4 | 0.0 | 41,549 |
| Farm Agricultural Soil | 0 | 0 | 961 | 0.0 | 286,262 |
| Farm Electricity Consumption | 60,684 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | 60,908 |
| Dairy Equipment Exhaust | 115,654 | 11 | 10 | 0.0 | 118,967 |
| Truck Trips | 21,391 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 22,409 |
| Automobile Trips | 11,228 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 11,403 |
| Dairy Electricity Consumption | 75,611 | 6 | 1 | 0.0 | 75,962 |
| Dairy Refrigeration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.9 | 71,818 |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 0 | 87,173 | 1,382 | 0.0 | 2,591,217 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 0 | 88,231 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,205,767 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 0 | 881 | 167 | 0.0 | 71,683 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 0 | 19,801 | 0 | 0.0 | 495,033 |
| Total Emissions | 324,960 | 196,110 | 2,528 | 4.9 | 6,052,979 |

Table B.4
Dairy and Feedlot 2021 Actual CH₄ Emissions from Manure Management

| | CH₄ | CO₂e |
|------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Source Category | (MT/yr) | (MT/yr) |
| Dairy Manure Decomposition | 87,173 | 2,179,317 |
| Dairy Enteric Digestion | 88,231 | 2,205,767 |
| Feedlot Manure Decomposition | 881 | 22,019 |
| Feedlot Enteric Digestion | 19,801 | 495,033 |
| Total Emissions | 196,085 | 4,902,137 |

^{1.} Emission reductions from Table B.1 were applied to the BAU emissions from Table A.1 to produce the 2021 Actual Emissions. Emissions reductions from solar panels and solar thermal hot water systems were applied to the Dairy Electricity Consumption CO₂ emissions. Emission reductions from digesters and AMMP projects were applied to the Dairy Manure Decomposition CH₄ emissions.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.5
Progress of Actual CH₄ Emissions in Relation to the 2030 SB 1383 Target

| Year | SB 1383 Emissions Trajectory (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | BAU Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ | Actual Emissions (MT CO ₂ e/yr) ⁽¹⁾ | Percent Above/Below 2013 Emissions ⁽⁴⁾ | Deviation from Target Trajectory (MT CO₂e/yr) ⁽⁵⁾ | Additional Reductions Needed to Reach 2030 Target (MT CO2e/yr) ⁽⁶⁾ |
|------|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| 2017 | 6,050,406 | 6,050,406 | 6,039,528 | 4% | 10,879 | -2,569,528 |
| 2018 | 5,852,000 | 6,050,406 | 6,017,583 | 4% | -165,583 | -2,547,583 |
| 2019 | 5,653,000 | 5,328,594 | 5,183,929 | -10% | 469,071 | -1,713,929 |
| 2020 | 5,455,000 | 5,365,738 | 5,083,865 | -12% | 371,135 | -1,613,865 |
| 2021 | 5,256,000 | 5,475,125 | 4,902,137 | -15% | 353,863 | -1,432,137 |
| 2022 | 5,058,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2023 | 4,859,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2024 | 4,661,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2025 | 4,462,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2026 | 4,264,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2027 | 4,065,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2028 | 3,867,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2029 | 3,668,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| 2030 | 3,470,000 | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |

Legend: ND = no data; TBD = To be determined in a future analysis.

- 1. Emissions are CH₄ presented as CO₂e. Manure decomposition and enteric digestion emissions only.
- 2. The SB 1383 trajectory assumes a linear path from 2017 to 2030. The 2017 BAU emissions were used as the 2017 trajectory starting point. The trajectory value of 3,470,000 MT/yr in year 2030 is the SB 1383 target (40 percent below the 2013 baseline emissions). Trajectory values after 2017 were rounded to the nearest thousand.
- 3. BAU 2017 emissions were not directly quantified. For the purposes of graphing the SB 1383 progress, BAU 2017 emissions were assumed to be equal to BAU 2018 emissions, which were quantified.
- 4. The 2013 baseline methane emissions are 5,783,068 MT/yr as CO2e. A positive percentage means the current year emissions are higher than 2013; a negative percentage means the current year emissions are lower than 2013. The SB 1383 goal is -40% by 2030.
- 5. A positive value means ahead of schedule; a negative value means behind schedule.
- 6. Reductions are shown as negative values.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.6
Emission Reductions from a Hypothetical 1,000 kW Solar Panel Project in Tulare County

| | | | GHG Reduction Over 30-Year | GHG Reduction | GHG Reduction |
|---|------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Description | DC System Size (kW) | System Output (kWh/year) ⁽¹⁾ | Lifetime (MT CO₂e) ⁽²⁾ | Over 5 Years (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ | Over 1 Year (MT CO₂e) ⁽³⁾ |
| Standard module, fixed array (open rack), 20 deg tilt, 180 deg azimuth, | | | | | |
| default 14.08% loss. | 1,000 | 1,618,864 | 9,520 | 1,587 | 317 |

- 1. Source: National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) PVWatts Calculator, version 8.1.0. Available at: https://pvwatts.nrel.gov. Accessed: March 2023.
- 2. Source: CARB. California Department of Community Services and Development. Low-Income Weatherization Program Benefits Calculator Tool. Website: https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/cci-quantification-benefits-and-reporting-materials. Accessed: March 2023.
- 3. GHG reductions over 5 and 1 years were scaled from the 30-year reductions.

Table B.7
Emission Reductions from Solar Panel Projects at Tulare County Dairies

| Permit # ⁽¹⁾ | Permit Issue Date | Permit Finaled Date | Size (kW) | 5-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO₂e) ⁽²⁾ | Annual GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | CY 2021 GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|---|--|---|
| | - 1- 1 | | | | | |
| A1301506 | 7/2/2013 | 11/6/2014 | 922 | 1,463 | 293 | 293 |
| A1403104 | 12/9/2014 | | 1,109 | 1,760 | 352 | 35 |
| A1500022 | 2/10/2015 | 4/22/2015 | 1,100 | 1,745 | 349 | 349 |
| A1402852 | 11/19/2014 | | 1,122 | 1,780 | 356 | 356 |
| A1403112 | 12/3/2014 | | 1,269 | 2,013 | 403 | 403 |
| A1500299 | 3/9/2015 | 8/14/2015 | 830 | 1,317 | 263 | 263 |
| A1500954 | 4/21/2015 | 9/8/2015 | 840 | 1,333 | 267 | 267 |
| A1500799 | 4/16/2015 | 9/23/2015 | 1,098 | 1,742 | 348 | 348 |
| A1500778 | 4/2/2015 | 9/23/2015 | 1,098 | 1,742 | 348 | 348 |
| A1403278 | 1/26/2015 | 10/19/2015 | 821 | 1,302 | 260 | 260 |
| A1501662 | 6/11/2015 | 11/10/2015 | 840 | 1,333 | 267 | 267 |
| A1503631 | 10/7/2015 | 2/26/2016 | 1,110 | 1,761 | 352 | 352 |
| A1503907 | 12/1/2015 | 3/11/2016 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 35: |
| A1503908 | 12/1/2015 | 4/20/2016 | 1,011 | 1,604 | 321 | 32: |
| A1504116 | 12/1/2015 | 4/29/2016 | 1,046 | 1,660 | 332 | 333 |
| A1600266 | 3/9/2016 | 5/27/2016 | 539 | 855 | 171 | 17 |
| A1600733 | 3/16/2016 | 7/21/2016 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 35: |
| A1601333 | 5/10/2016 | 8/11/2016 | 520 | 825 | 165 | 165 |
| A1601142 | 5/10/2016 | 8/25/2016 | 762 | 1,208 | 242 | 242 |
| A1601590 | 6/15/2016 | 9/16/2016 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 35: |
| A1601056 | 4/13/2016 | 9/20/2016 | 573 | 910 | 182 | 183 |
| A1601861 | 7/8/2016 | | 682 | 1,083 | 217 | 21 |
| A1601593 | 6/15/2016 | 10/21/2016 | 1,109 | 1,760 | 352 | 35: |
| A1601592 | 6/15/2016 | 11/23/2016 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 35: |
| A1602619 | 8/31/2016 | 12/12/2016 | 254 | 403 | 81 | 8: |
| A1602867 | 10/3/2016 | 12/12/2016 | 962 | 1,526 | 305 | 30! |
| A1601996 | 8/3/2016 | 12/12/2016 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 35: |
| A1600476 | 3/15/2016 | 12/13/2016 | 1,105 | 1,753 | 351 | 35: |
| A1600756 | 3/31/2016 | 12/15/2016 | 1,088 | 1,726 | 345 | 34! |
| A1600755 | 3/31/2016 | 12/15/2016 | 544 | 863 | 173 | 173 |
| A1602130 | 7/20/2016 | 4/19/2017 | 840 | 1,333 | 267 | 26 |
| A1603967 | 1/18/2017 | 4/20/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 35: |
| A1603968 | 2/2/2017 | 4/21/2017 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 35: |
| A1700087 | 2/2/2017 | 5/1/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 35: |
| A1604445 | 2/2/2017 | 5/11/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 35: |
| A1603927 | 12/29/2016 | 5/23/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 35: |
| A1700354 | 2/22/2017 | 5/24/2017 | 928 | 1,472 | 294 | 29 |
| A1700741 | 4/10/2017 | 5/31/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 35: |
| A1700741 A1700780 | 4/5/2017 | 6/2/2017 | 670 | 1,063 | 213 | 21: |
| A1700788 | 2/2/2017 | 6/8/2017 | 803 | 1,273 | 255 | 25 |
| A1700739 | 4/5/2017 | 6/13/2017 | 737 | 1,170 | 234 | 23 |
| A1700733 A1700783 | 4/5/2017 | 6/13/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 35 |
| A1700783 A1700782 | 4/5/2017 | 6/15/2017 | 365 | 579 | 116 | 11 |

Table B.7
Emission Reductions from Solar Panel Projects at Tulare County Dairies

| Permit # ⁽¹⁾ | Permit Issue Date | Permit Finaled Date | Size (kW) | 5-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | Annual GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | CY 2021 GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|--|---|
| A1604446 | 2/2/2017 | 6/15/2017 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 351 |
| A1700859 | 4/5/2017 | 6/15/2017 | 1,111 | 1,763 | 353 | 353 |
| A1700593 | 3/7/2017 | 6/15/2017 | 1,101 | 1,747 | 349 | 349 |
| A1701020 | 4/5/2017 | 6/15/2017 | 180 | 285 | 57 | 57 |
| A1700857 | 4/5/2017 | 6/15/2017 | 928 | 1,473 | 295 | 295 |
| A1700740 | 4/10/2017 | 6/16/2017 | 556 | 882 | 176 | 176 |
| A1701277 | 5/10/2017 | 6/22/2017 | 678 | 1,075 | 215 | 215 |
| A1600425 | 4/25/2016 | 8/9/2017 | 1,100 | 1,745 | 349 | 349 |
| A1603456 | 11/8/2016 | 12/7/2017 | 1,116 | 1,771 | 354 | 354 |
| A1702954 | 10/24/2017 | 12/14/2017 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 351 |
| A1701786 | 7/3/2017 | 12/19/2017 | 653 | 1,036 | 207 | 207 |
| A1700781 | 4/5/2017 | 4/5/2018 | 522 | 829 | 166 | 166 |
| A1800879 | 4/12/2018 | 10/22/2018 | 1,107 | 1,756 | 351 | 351 |
| A1802264 | 8/20/2018 | 11/5/2018 | 582 | 924 | 185 | 185 |
| A1802149 | 8/28/2018 | 11/7/2018 | 1,069 | 1,696 | 339 | 339 |
| A1801463 | 7/25/2018 | 11/7/2018 | 376 | 597 | 119 | 119 |
| A1801464 | 7/25/2018 | 11/7/2018 | 376 | 597 | 119 | 119 |
| A1801196 | 6/14/2018 | 11/20/2018 | 790 | 1,253 | 251 | 251 |
| A2000718 | 4/20/2020 | 6/15/2020 | 771 | 1,224 | 245 | 245 |
| A2000454 | 4/1/2020 | 11/9/2020 | 1,085 | 1,722 | 344 | 344 |
| A2000293 | 4/30/2020 | 11/24/2020 | 1,084 | 1,720 | 344 | 344 |
| A2001542 | 7/14/2020 | 12/23/2020 | 1,086 | 1,724 | 345 | 345 |
| A2002448 | 10/28/2020 | 4/1/2021 | 1,070 | 1,698 | 340 | 255 |
| A2002832 | 12/1/2020 | 9/13/2021 | 1,080 | 1,714 | 343 | 103 |
| A2002928 | 12/1/2020 | 9/28/2021 | 620 | 984 | 197 | 51 |
| A2001506 | 7/14/2020 | 10/12/2021 | 1,080 | 1,714 | 343 | 76 |
| A2101157 | 5/19/2021 | 11/5/2021 | 1,094 | 1,735 | 347 | 54 |
| A1500379 | 3/17/2015 | 3/30/2022 | 1,109 | 1,760 | 352 | 0 |
| A2103468 | 11/3/2021 | 4/6/2022 | 1,077 | 1,710 | 342 | 0 |
| A2103756 | 12/21/2021 | 5/6/2022 | 1,025 | 1,627 | 325 | 0 |
| A2102830 | 10/8/2021 | 7/12/2022 | 1,091 | 1,730 | 346 | 0 |
| A2202410 | 9/16/2022 | 9/21/2022 | 350 | 555 | 111 | 0 |
| A2202405 | 9/16/2022 | Pending | 1,455 | 2,308 | 462 | 0 |
| A2202402 | 9/16/2022 | Pending | 580 | 920 | 184 | 0 |
| A2101515 | 6/17/2021 | Pending | 1,055 | 1,674 | 335 | 0 |
| A2002999 | 12/1/2020 | Pending | 1,004 | 1,592 | 318 | 0 |
| Solar Projects Ope | | 70 | 63,434 | 100,648 | 20,130 | 19,099 |
| All Existing and Fut | | 79 72,18 | | 114,524 | 22,905 | 19,099 |

- 1. Source for project list: Tulare County RMA. Building Permits Running List for Dairy Solar Projects 2-6-2023.xlsx.
- 2. GHG reductions were estimated by the applicants using CARB's Benefits Calculator Tool for the Low-Income Weatherization Program: Single-Family Energy Efficiency and Solar Photovoltaics Multi-Family Energy Efficiency and Renewables.
- 3. The calendar year 2021 emission reductions for projects that started full operation in 2021 were prorated by the number of days remaining in 20

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.8
Emission Reductions from Solar Thermal Hot Water Systems at Tulare County Dairies

| Facility Name ⁽¹⁾ | Permit # | Permit Issue Date | Permit Finaled Date | 5-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO₂e) | Annual GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | CY 2021 GHG Reduction (MT CO₂e) ⁽³⁾ |
|--|----------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Tiemersma Dairy | A1700139 | 2/2/2017 | 2/9/2017 | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Manuel Leal & Son Dairy | A1700140 | 2/2/2017 | 3/3/2017 | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| John Mendoca & Son Dairy | A1700667 | 3/13/2017 | 3/16/2017 | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Black Road Ranch | A1700522 | 3/6/2017 | 3/22/2017 | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| 29800 Road 60 VISALIA, CA 93291 | A1701022 | 4/6/2017 | | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| 30030 Road 60 Visalia , CA 93291 | A1701023 | 4/6/2017 | | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Tipton Dairy | A1701220 | 5/10/2017 | 5/16/2017 | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| FM Ranch #1 | A1701222 | 5/10/2017 | 5/26/2017 | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Nunes and Sons Dairy | A1702065 | 7/12/2017 | | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Souza Dairy | A1702083 | 7/12/2017 | | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Aveline Partners Dairy | A1702084 | 7/12/2017 | | 19.9 | 3.99 | 3.99 |
| Solar Projects Operating in 2021 | 11 | | | 219.2 | 43.8 | 43.8 |
| All Existing and Future Solar Projects | 11 | | | 219.2 | 43.8 | 43.8 |

- 1. Source for project list: Tulare County RMA. Building Permits Running List for Dairy Solar Projects 2-6-2023.xlsx.
- An average annual GHG reduction rate of 3.985 MT CO₂e/year per "Commercial/Multifamily Residential" system in Tulare County
 was obtained from California Solar Initiative (CSI)-Thermal Program Data, "Presented Data".
 Website: http://www.csithermalstats.org/download.html. Accessed March 10, 2023.
- 3. All systems were installed prior to 2021 and therefore produced full year reductions in 2021.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.9
Emission Reductions from Digester Projects at Tulare County Dairies

| Facility ID | ductions from Digester Project Facility Name ⁽¹⁾ | Project Title | Location | Start of Full Operation | 10-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | 5-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ | Annual GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ | CY 2021 GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽⁴⁾ |
|-----------------|---|---|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| 246 | GJ TeVelde Ranch | Te Velde Tipton Dairy Digester | Tipton | 6/5/2017 | 189,080 | 94,540 | 18,908 | 18,908 |
| 358 | Circle A Dairy | Circle A Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline | 11275 Road 96, Pixley, Tulare County | 9/1/2018 | 138,745 | 69,373 | 13,875 | 13,875 |
| 265A | R Vander Eyk Dairy | R. Vander Eyk Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline | 9993 Road 80, Pixley, Tulare County | 12/1/2018 | 132,586 | 66,293 | 13,259 | 13,259 |
| 241 | Legacy Dairy | Legacy Dairy Biogas | 20385 Road 36, Tulare, Tulare County | 1/1/2019 | 207,209 | 103,605 | 20,721 | 20,721 |
| 256 | Van Beek | Van Beek Brothers Dairy Digester | Tipton | 1/7/2019 | 106,240 | 53,120 | 10,624 | 10,624 |
| 313 | Cornerstone Dairy | Cornerstone Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 8769 Avenue 128, Tipton, Tulare County | 4/1/2019 | 185,238 | 92,619 | 18,524 | 18,524 |
| 236 | Sousa & Sousa Dairy | Sousa & Sousa Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 13510 Road 72, Tipton, Tulare County | 7/1/2019 | 68,700 | 34,350 | 6,870 | 6,870 |
| 330 | Vander Poel Dairy | Vander Poel Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 19493 Road 140, Pixley, Tulare County | 8/1/2019 | 290,060 | 145,030 | 29,006 | 29,006 |
| 346 | Hilarides | Hilarides Dairy Digester Renovation | Lindsay | 8/30/2019 | 564,000 | 282,000 | 56,400 | 56,400 |
| 326 | K&M Visser Dairy | K&M Visser Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline Project | 9279 Avenue 96, Pixley, Tulare County | 9/1/2019 | 205,553 | 102,777 | 20,555 | 20,555 |
| 328 | Riverview Dairy | Riverview Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 9599 Avenue 88, Pixley, Tulare County | 11/1/2019 | 90,093 | 45,047 | 9,009 | 9,009 |
| 218 | 4K Dairy | 4K Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 5147 Avenue 228, Pixley, Tulare County | 1/1/2020 | 192,143 | 96,072 | 19,214 | 19,214 |
| 40 | Little Rock Dairy; Blue Moon Dairy | Little Rock Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 13955 Road 80, Tipton, Tulare County | 2/1/2020 | 146,839 | 73,420 | 14,684 | 14,684 |
| 118 | Hamstra Dairy | Hamstra Dairy Biogas | 7590 Avenue 260, Tulare, Tulare County | 9/1/2020 | 205,115 | 102,558 | 20,512 | 20,512 |
| 298 | Moonlight Dairy | Moonlight Dairy Biogas | 5061 Avenue 280, Visalia, Tulare County | 9/1/2020 | 154,834 | 77,417 | 15,483 | 15,483 |
| 226 | S&S Dairy | S&S Dairy Biogas | 5311 Avenue 272, Visalia, Tulare County | 9/1/2020 | 167,417 | 83,709 | 16,742 | 16,742 |
| 185 | FM Jerseys Dairy | FM Jerseys Dairy Digester Virtual Pipeline Project | 11595 Avenue 164, Tipton, Tulare County | 3/1/2021 | 161,960 | 80,980 | 16,196 | 13,578 |
| 50 and/or 61 | Aukeman Dairy | Aukeman Dairy Biogas | 17993 Road 96 and/or 17297 Road 96, Tulare, Tulare County | 4/1/2021 | 207,701 | 103,851 | 20,770 | 15,649 |
| 245 | Double J Dairy | Double J Dairy Biogas | 6656 Avenue 328, Visalia, Tulare County | 4/1/2021 | 285,496 | 142,748 | 28,550 | 21,510 |
| 323 | Dykstra Dairy | Dykstra Dairy Biogas | 6801 Avenue 176, Tulare, Tulare County | 4/1/2021 | 265,936 | 132,968 | 26,594 | 20,036 |
| 336 | Horizon Jersey Dairy | Horizon Jersey Dairy Biogas | 8798 Avenue 160, Tipton, Tulare County | 4/1/2021 | 335,398 | 167,699 | 33,540 | 25,270 |
| 261 | Rob Van Grouw Dairy | Rob Van Grouw Dairy Biogas | 32843 Road 76, Visalia, Tulare County | 4/1/2021 | 140,442 | 70,221 | 14,044 | 10,581 |
| 33 | Bos Farms Dairy | Bos Farms Dairy Biogas | 20395 Road 152, Tulare, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 168,398 | 84,199 | 16,840 | 11,303 |
| 139 | Rancho Teresita Dairy | Rancho Teresita Dairy Biogas | 21744 Road 152, Tulare, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 236,251 | 118,126 | 23,625 | 15,858 |
| 63 | Jacobus De Groot #2 Dairy | Jacobus De Groot #2 Dairy Biogas | 14275 Avenue 228, Tulare, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 61,616 | 30,808 | 6,162 | 4,136 |
| | Mellema Dairy | Mellema Dairy Biogas | 9420 Avenue 320, Visalia, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 152,057 | 76,029 | 15,206 | 10,207 |
| | Mineral King Dairy | Mineral King Dairy Biogas | 33803 Road 108, Visalia, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 194,751 | 97,376 | 19,475 | 13,072 |
| 36 | Rancho Sierra Vista Dairy | Rancho Sierra Vista Dairy Biogas | 32866 Road 108, Visalia, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 172,958 | 86,479 | 17,296 | 11,610 |
| | Riverbend Dairy | Riverbend Dairy Biogas | 20799 Road 132, Tulare, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 245,930 | 122,965 | 24,593 | 16,508 |
| 19 | Udder Dairy | Udder Dairy Biogas | 28723 Road 56, Visalia, Tulare County | 5/1/2021 | 135,706 | 67,853 | 13,571 | 9,109 |
| 255 | El Monte Dairy | El Monte Dairy Biogas | 10410 Avenue 160, Tipton, Tulare County | 6/1/2021 | 118,903 | 59,452 | 11,890 | 6,971 |

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.9
Emission Reductions from Digester Projects at Tulare County Dairies

| Facility ID | Facility Name ⁽¹⁾ | Project Title | Location | Start of Full Operation | 10-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | 5-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ | Annual GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ | CY 2021 GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽⁴⁾ |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| | Scheenstra Dairy | Scheenstra Dairy Biogas | 16800 Road 96, Tipton, Tulare County | 6/1/2021 | 220,360 | 110,180 | 22,036 | 12,920 |
| 359 | Decade Dairy; Richard Westra Dairy | Decade Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 3313 Avenue 256, Tulare, Tulare County | 7/1/2021 | 192,558 | 96,279 | 19,256 | 9,707 |
| 299 | Northstar Dairy | Northstar Diary Digester Pipeline Project | 12718 Road 144, Tipton, Tulare County | 8/1/2021 | 170,658 | 85,329 | 17,066 | 7,154 |
| 121 and/or 122 | I Lottings Dairy Farm | Hettinga Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 13400 Avenue 120, Pixley, Tulare County | 10/1/2021 | 167,339 | 83,670 | 16,734 | 4,218 |
| 342 | Schott Dairy | Schott Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 13602 Road 96, Tipton, Tulare County | 10/1/2021 | 129,082 | 64,541 | 12,908 | 3,254 |
| 360 | Pixley Heifer Ranch | Pixley Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline Project | 7105 Avenue 84, Pixley, Tulare County | 11/1/2021 | 215,321 | 107,661 | 21,532 | 3,599 |
| 215 | Ribeiro Dairy | Ribeiro Dairy Biogas | 17983 Road 128, Tulare, Tulare County | 11/1/2021 | 132,348 | 66,174 | 13,235 | 2,212 |
| 213 | Rib-Arrow Dairy | Rib-Arrow Dairy Biogas | 18287 Road 136, Tulare, Tulare County | 1/1/2022 | 76,343 | 38,172 | 7,634 | 0 |
| 50 | Elk Creek Dairy | Elk Creek Dairy Biogas | 18035 Road 96, Tulare, Tulare County | 2/1/2022 | 59,555 | 29,778 | 5,956 | 0 |
| 219 | JR Dairy | JR Dairy Digester Project | 13202a Road 104, Tipton, Tulare County | 4/1/2022 | 191,049 | 95,525 | 19,105 | 0 |
| 11 | Gerben Leyendekker Dairy | Gerben Leyendekker Dairy Biogas | 8676 Avenue 360, Visalia, Tulare County | 5/1/2022 | 85,419 | 42,710 | 8,542 | 0 |
| 97, 231, | Mario Simoes Family Dairy; | | 13185 Avenue 136, Tipton, and 13585 Road 136, Tipton, Tulare County | 8/1/2022 | 161,275 | 80,638 | 16,128 | 0 |
| 76 | Art Leyendekker Dairy | Art Leyendekker Dairy Biogas | 8651 Avenue 388, Dinuba, Tulare County | 2023 | 77,697 | 38,849 | 7,770 | 0 |
| 352 | Dairyland Farms Dairy | Dairyland Farms Dairy Biogas | 15920 Road 152, Tipton, Tulare County | 2023 | 177,475 | 88,738 | 17,748 | 0 |
| | Friesian Farms Dairy | Friesian Farms Dairy Biogas | 5593 Avenue 176, Tulare, Tulare County | 2023 | 63,145 | 31,573 | 6,315 | 0 |
| 289 | Rio Blanco Dairy | Rio Blanco Dairy Biogas | 5041 Avenue 192, Tulare, Tulare County | 2023 | 100,886 | 50,443 | 10,089 | 0 |
| | De Boer Dairy | De Boer Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 14799 and 14976 Avenue 168, Tulare, Tulare County | 2024 | 191,647 | 95,824 | 19,165 | 0 |
| 337 | Fern Oaks Dairy | Fern Oaks Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | 17001 Avenue 160, Porterville, Tulare County | 2024 | 169,370 | 84,685 | 16,937 | 0 |
| 56 | Curtimade Dairy | Curtimade Dairy Biogas | 18337 Road 24, Tulare, Tulare County | 2024 | 174,734 | 87,367 | 17,473 | 0 |
| 324 | Elkhorn Dairy | Elkhorn Dairy Biogas | 10400 Avenue 368, Visalia, Tulare County | 2024 | 211,940 | 105,970 | 21,194 | 0 |
| 165 | LegenDairy Farms | LegenDairy Digester Project | 14685 Road 96, Tipton, Tulare County | 2025 | 113,934 | 56,967 | 11,393 | 0 |
| | Lerda-Goni Farms | Lerda-Goni Farms Biogas | 18797 Road 142, Tulare, Tulare County | 2025 | 45,677 | 22,839 | 4,568 | 0 |
| | P&M Dairy | P&M Dairy and VP Farms Biogas | 9535 Avenue 160, Tipton, Tulare County | 2025 | 154,656 | 77,328 | 15,466 | 0 |
| | Top O' the Morn Farms | Top O' The Morn Farms Biogas | 17324 Road 136, Tulare, Tulare County | 2025 | 132,103 | 66,052 | 13,210 | 0 |
| | jects Operating in 2021 | 38 | | | 7,155,021 | 3,577,511 | 715,502 | 552,845 |
| | and Future Digester Projects | 55 | | | 9,341,926 | 4,670,963 | 934,193 | 552,845 |

- 1. Source for project lists: California Department of Food and Agriculture. Dairy Digester Research and Development Program. Projects Selected for Award of Funds. Dairy Digester Project List For Tulare County.xlsx provided by the Tulare County RMA.
- 2. The 10-year GHG reductions were estimated by the applicants using CARB's California Climate Investments (CCI) DDRDP Benefits Calculator Tool.
- 3. 5-Year and annual GHG reductions were scaled from the 10-year reductions by the number of years.
- 4. The calendar year 2021 emission reductions for projects that started full operation in 2021 were prorated by the number of days remaining in 2021. Start of operation was not provided and was assumed to be the same as the end of construction.

Tulare County Annual Report of Dairy and Feedlot GHG Emissions in 2021

Table B.10
Emission Reductions from Alternative Manure Management Projects at Tulare County Dairies

| Facility ID | Facility Name ⁽¹⁾ | Project Title | Start of Full Operation | 5-Year GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽²⁾ | Annual GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽³⁾ | CY 2021 GHG Reduction (MT CO ₂ e) ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---------------------|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|--|---|
| 25 | Milk River | Milk River GHG Reduction Project (conversion from flush to scrape; solar drying) | 5/20/2019 | 16,012 | 3,202 | 3,202 |
| 58 | SBS AG | Solid Separation (conversion from settling ponds to processing pit and separating system) | 8/29/2019 | 7,887 | 1,577 | 1,577 |
| 104 | Henry A. Garcia Dairy | Flush to scrape; solar drying | 2/4/2020 | 25,720 | 5,144 | 5,144 |
| 64 | Sierra View Dairy | Sierra View Dairy AMMP Grant (pasture based management; conversion from flush to scrape; solar drying) | 3/30/2020 | 35,050 | 7,010 | 7,010 |
| 294 | Creekside Dairy | Solid separation | 1/5/2021 | 9,150 | 1,830 | 1,810 |
| 20 | Jesse & James Jongsma Dairy | Solid separation | 1/15/2021 | 7,193 | 1,439 | 1,383 |
| 133 | James Jongsma Dairy | Solid separation | 12/23/2021 | 2,719 | 544 | 13 |
| 315 | Tri Palm Dairy | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | 12/31/2021 | 4,545 | 909 | 2 |
| 194 | Rainimaid | Compost bedded pack barn | 5/31/2022 | 8,930 | 1,786 | 0 |
| 144 | Westwood Farms | Compost bedded pack barn | 5/31/2022 | 20,422 | 4,084 | 0 |
| 28 | A&L Dairy | Solid separation | 5/31/2022 | 2,620 | 524 | 0 |
| 135 | Tony & Julie Jorge Dairy | Flush-to-Scrape | 9/30/2022 | 8,558 | 1,712 | 0 |
| 210 | Backroad Ranch | Compost bedded pack barn | 1/31/2023 | 13,639 | 2,728 | 0 |
| 190 | Brian James Jongsma Dairy | Solid separation | 1/31/2023 | 4,988 | 998 | 0 |
| 350 | South Creek Dairy | Solid separation | 1/31/2023 | 16,197 | 3,239 | 0 |
| 292 | Cross Creek Dairy | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | 2024 | 14,167 | 2,833 | 0 |
| 275 | D & V Dairy | Solid Separation | 2024 | 39,067 | 7,813 | 0 |
| 138 | East View Dairy | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | 2024 | 7,261 | 1,452 | 0 |
| 272 | John Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | 2024 | 5,028 | 1,006 | 0 |
| 135 | Tony & Julie Jorge Dairy | Flush-to-Scrape | 2024 | 8,516 | 1,703 | 0 |
| 134 | William Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | 2024 | 11,263 | 2,253 | 0 |
| AMMP Project | ts Operating in 2021 | 8 | | 108,276 | 21,655 | 20,143 |
| All Existing an | d Future AAMP Projects | 21 | | 268,932 | 53,786 | 20,143 |

- 1. Source for project lists: California Department of Food and Agriculture AMMP FOR TULARE COUNTY Updated 2-14-2023.xlsx provided by the Tulare County RMA.
- 2. The 5-year GHG reductions were estimated by the applicants using CARB's California Climate Investments (CCI) AMMP Benefits Calculator Tool.
- 3. Annual GHG reductions were assumed to be 1/5 of the 5-year reductions.
- 4. The calendar year emission reductions for Projects were prorated by the number of days remaining in that calendar year.

ALTERNATIVE MANURE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR TULARE COUNTY UPDATED 2/23/2022

| Dairy | Year | | | | | | | | | | | GHG Reduction (5 | | |
|-------------|---------|---------------|--|----|--------------|-----|-------------|-----|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------|
| Facility ID | Awarded | | | | | | | | | Construction | | years) (in | | Completion |
| Number | Grant | Project Title | Project Description | 1 | otal Cost | C | DFA Funding | M | atching Funds | Status | Location | MTCO2e) | Start Date | Date |
| | | | Remodel Existing Dairy, with both Open Lot corrals and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Covered milk cow Feed Lanes flushed facility to a bed- | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | pack compost barn (pasture based management) and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | collect manure from feed lanes through scraping with | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | mobile equipment with scraper (conversion of flush to | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | • | scrape). All scraped material will be dried utilizing open | | | | | | | Construction | 13376 Avenue 224, | | | |
| 64 | 2017 | Grant | solar drying. | \$ | 1,578,778.00 | \$ | 750,000.00 | \$ | 828,778.00 | Complete | Tulare County | 35,050 | 2/1/2018 | 3/30/2020 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Reducing greenhouse gas emissions by 72% by | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | introducing a vacuum scraping system into our | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | previously flushed lanes to collect lactating cow manure. This scraped product will be run through | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | screw presses to reduce the moisture content. This | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Milk River | manure will then be solar dried for future use as | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | GHG | bedding or field nutrient/amendments. This process | | | | | | | Began | | | | |
| | | Reduction | will prevent the manure from entering the anaerobic | | | | | | | operating in | 34292 Road 124, | | | |
| 25 | 2017 | Project | conditions present in the manure lagoons. | Ś | 339,881.00 | Ś | 339,881.00 | Ś | _ | April of 2019 | Tulare County | 16,012 | 2/1/2108 | 5/20/2019 |
| | | , | | , | 333,532.55 | Ť | | Ť | | | | | _, _, | 5, 25, 2525 |
| | | | Converting flush lanes to a vacuum scrape system | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | utilizing a Loewen Honey Vac. Collected manure will be | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | deposited in a newly constructed concrete bunker, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | processed through a de-watering screw press and then | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | receiving a second treatment through the existing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | sloped screen separator. Separated solids will then be | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | spread on a concrete solar drying pad for final drying | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | and stock piled and covered to prevent re-watering. By | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | reducing the organic matter entering the lagoon | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | system we will reduce our greenhouse gas emissions | | | | | | | Began | | | | |
| | | | by 79% annually. The total estimated mtCO2e | | | | | | | operating in | | | | |
| | | Henry A. | reduction over a 5 year period is 25,720 and | ١. | | ١, | | ١, | | February of | 12521 Avenue 200, | | - 4 - 4 | |
| 104 | 2018 | Garcia Dairy | reductions should continue to accumulate after. | \$ | 545,901.00 | \$ | 545,901.00 | \$ | - | 2020 | Tulare, Tulare County | 25,720 | 9/1/2018 | 2/4/2020 |
| | | | Change of Waste Water Handling and Solid Collection | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Management for the reduction of GHG produced. | | | | | | | Dono:- | | | | |
| | | | Converting from Settling Ponds to Processing pit and | | | | | | | Began | 7122 Avenue 204 | | | |
| го | 2010 | SBS AG | Separating System to capture volatile solids before the | ۲, | 122 046 00 | ۲ ا | 205 404 00 | ۲ | 20 442 00 | operating in | 7123 Avenue 204, | 7 007 | 0/1/2019 | 0/20/2010 |
| 58 | 2018 | Creekside | lagoons. | ۶ | 423,846.00 | ٦ | 385,404.00 | ş | 38,442.00 | May of 2019 | Tulare County | 7,887 | 9/1/2018 | 8/29/2019 |
| 294 | 2019 | Dairy | Solid Separation | Ś | 611,702.00 | \$ | 611,642.00 | \$ | 60.00 | Completed | Tulare County | 9,150 | 1/1/2020 | 1/5/2021 |
| 254 | 2013 | Dany | John Separation | | 011,702.00 | ľ | 011,042.00 | | 30.00 | Completed | 33640 Road 124, | 3,130 | 1, 1, 2020 | 1, 3, 2021 |
| 194 | 2019 | Rainimaid | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | \$ | 1,188,883.00 | Ś | 749,820.00 | Ś | 439,063.00 | Completed | Tulare County | 8,930 | 1/1/2020 | 5/31/2022 |
| / | | | post-control : 020 - 2000 | | , = 5,530.00 | | -,-20.00 | 1 ' | 32,230.00 | | 1 | -, | , -, | -,, - |

| 20 | 2019 | Jesse & James Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 936,266.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 186,266.00 | Completed | 6780 Avenue 144, Tulare County | 7,193 | 1/1/2020 | 1/15/2021 |
|-----|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---|--|--------|----------|------------|
| 144 | 2019 | Westwood Farms | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | \$ 1,058,201.00 | \$ 749,698.00 | \$ 308,503.00 | 50% done with construction | Tulare County | 20,422 | 1/1/2020 | 5/31/2022 |
| | | James | · | | · | | | 9229 Road 164, | | | |
| 133 | 2019 | James Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 770,511.00 | \$ 727,508.00 | \$ 43,003.00 | Completed | Tulare County | 2,719 | 1/1/2020 | 12/23/2021 |
| 28 | 2019 | A&L Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 420,189.00 | \$ 420,189.00 | \$ - | Completed & Operating | 23929 Road 48, Tulare County | 2,620 | 1/1/2020 | 5/31/2022 |
| 210 | 2020 | Backroad Ranch | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | \$ 940,800.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 190,800.00 | Haven't started construction due to material acquistion complications | 22000 Road 28, Tulare | 13,639 | 2/1/2021 | 1/31/2023 |
| 190 | 2020 | Brian James Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 911,150.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 161,150.00 | Under Construction | 16026 Road 64, Tipton | 4,988 | 2/1/2021 | 1/31/2023 |
| 135 | 2019 | Tony & Julie Jorge Dairy | Flush-to-Scrape | \$ 271,549.00 | \$ 271,549.00 | \$ 1 | Breaking ground within Q2 of 2022. | 4645 Avenue 120, Corcoran | 8,558 | 1/1/2020 | 9/30/2022 |
| 315 | 2019 | Tri Palm Dairy | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | \$ 749,894.00 | \$ 749,894.00 | \$ 1 | Completed | 2429 Idaho Avenue (Avenue 264) Hanford | 4,545 | 1/1/2020 | 12/31/2021 |
| 350 | 2020 | South Creek Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 805,144.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 55,144.00 | Under Construction | 11450 Avenue 64, Earlimart | 16,197 | 2/1/2021 | 1/31/2023 |
| 292 | 2022 | Cross Creek Dairy | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | \$ 1,736,807.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 986,807.00 | Breaking ground Q1 2023 | 10167 Avenue 352, Visalia | 14,167 | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2024 |
| 275 | 2022 | D & V Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 5,663,629.00 | \$ 749,985.00 | \$ 4,913,644.00 | | 15625 Avenue 144, Tipton | 39,067 | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2024 |
| 138 | 2022 | East View Dairy | Compost Bedded Pack Barn | \$ 912,053.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 162,053.00 | Breaking ground Q1 2023 | 10485 Avenue 352, Visalia | 7,261 | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2024 |
| 272 | 2022 | John Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 809,117.00 | \$ 749,842.00 | \$ 59,275.00 | | 15434 Avenue 192, Tulare | 5,028 | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2024 |
| 135 | 2022 | Tony & Julie Jorge Dairy | Flush-to-Scrape | \$ 600,187.00 | \$ 600,188.00 | \$ - | Breaking ground Q1 2023 | 4645 Avenue 120, Corcoran | 8,516 | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2024 |

| | | | | | | | Breaking | | | | |
|-----|------|---------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|---------|----------|------------|
| | | William | | | | | ground Q1 | 11598 Road 152, | | | |
| 134 | 2022 | Jongsma Dairy | Solid Separation | \$ 1,219,911.00 | \$ 750,000.00 | \$ 469,911.00 | 2023 | Pixley | 11,263 | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2024 |
| | | | | \$ 22,494,399,00 | \$ 13.651.501.00 | \$ 8.842.899.00 | | | 268.932 | - | |

DAIRY DIGESTER PROJECT LIST FOR TULARE COUNTY UPDATED 12/13/2022 DATA

| | | | | | | | | GHG | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|--|---|---|---|--------------|------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | How Cantured | | Dovoloper or Vender for |
| | Operation | | | | | Camatauatian | | | How Captured | | Developer or Vendor for |
| 5 | Operation | 0 | T. 10 . | 00545 !! | | Construction | | years) (in | Methane is | Year of | Project Implementation |
| Dairy No. | Name | Project Title | Total Cost | CDFA Funding | Matching Funds | Status | Location | MTCO2e) | Used | Application | and/or Operation |
| | | | | | | l | 20395 Road 152, | | | | |
| | Bos Farms | | \$ 6,699,492.00 | \$ 1,500,000.00 | \$ 5,199,492.00 | | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 33 | Dairy | Bos Farms Dairy Biogas | | | | May 2021 | County | 168,398 | RNG | 2016 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | Completed | 11275 Road 96, | | Cogeneration | | |
| | | | | | | September | Pixley, Tulare | | (ethanol) and | | |
| 358 | Circle A Dairy | Circle A Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline | \$ 2,479,744.00 | \$ 1,050,000.00 | \$ 1,429,744.00 | 2018 | County | 138,745 | RNG | 2016 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | Completed | 7590 Avenue | | | | |
| | | | | | | September | 260, Tulare, | | | | |
| 118 | Hamstra Dairy | Hamstra Dairy Biogas | \$ 8,630,543.00 | \$ 2,000,000.00 | \$ 6,630,543.00 | 2020 | Tulare County | 205,115 | RNG | 2016 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | Completed | 9279 Avenue 96, | | Cogeneration | | |
| | K&M Visser | | | | | September | Pixley, Tulare | | (ethanol) and | | |
| 326 | Dairy | K&M Visser Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline Project | \$ 3,402,047.00 | \$ 1,500,000.00 | \$ 1,902,047.00 | 2019 | County | 205,553 | RNG | 2016 | Maas Energy Works |
| | · | , | , , , | . , , | , , , | | 20385 Road 36, | , | Cogeneration | | O, |
| | | | | | | Completed | Tulare, Tulare | | (ethanol) and | | |
| 241 | Legacy Dairy | Legacy Dairy Biogas | \$ 3,437,320.00 | \$ 1,550,000.00 | \$ 1,887,320.00 | January 2019 | County | 207,209 | RNG | 2016 | Maas Energy Works |
| | -0, | | 2,121,220.00 | , _,,, | , _,, | Completed | 5061 Avenue | | | | |
| | Moonlight | | | | | September | 280, Visalia, | | | | |
| 298 | Dairy | Moonlight Dairy Biogas | \$ 7,940,123.00 | \$ 1,500,000.00 | \$ 6,440,123.00 | 2020 | Tulare County | 154,834 | RNG | 2016 | California Bioenergy |
| 250 | Duny | Woorling it Dail y Diogas | 7 7,540,125.00 | 3 1,300,000.00 | ÿ 0,440,123.00 | Completed | 7105 Avenue 84, | 134,034 | Cogeneration | 2010 | Camornia Biochergy |
| | Pixley Heifer | | | | | November | Pixley, Tulare | | (ethanol) and | | |
| 360 | Ranch | Divisor Dairy Dispostor Front Binaline Project | \$ 3,275,681.00 | \$ 1,600,000.00 | \$ 1,675,681.00 | 2021 | County | 215,321 | RNG | 2017 | Mana Engrava Marka |
| 300 | Nation | Pixley Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline Project | \$ 3,275,081.00 | \$ 1,000,000.00 | \$ 1,675,681.00 | Completed | 9993 Road 80, | 215,321 | | 2017 | Maas Energy Works |
| | D. Vondon Fulk | | | | | | | | Cogeneration | | |
| 2654 | R Vander Eyk | D. Vandan Fid. Daim. Diagratus Firel Binalina | ¢ 2.604.440.00 | ¢ 4 000 000 00 | ¢ 4.604.440.00 | December | Pixley, Tulare | 422 506 | (ethanol) and | 2016 | NA 5 NA/I |
| 265A | Dairy | R. Vander Eyk Dairy Digester Fuel Pipeline | \$ 2,604,440.00 | \$ 1,000,000.00 | \$ 1,604,440.00 | 2018 | County | 132,586 | RNG | 2016 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | 21744 Road 152, | | | | |
| | Rancho | | | | | Completed | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 139 | Teresita Dairy | Rancho Teresita Dairy Biogas | \$ 7,600,336.00 | \$ 2,100,000.00 | \$ 5,500,336.00 | May 2021 | County | 236,251 | RNG | 2016 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | Completed | 5311 Avenue | | | | |
| | | | | | | September | 272, Visalia, | | | | |
| 226 | S&S Dairy | S&S Dairy Biogas | \$ 6,516,846.00 | \$ 1,600,000.00 | \$ 4,916,846.00 | 2020 | Tulare County | 167,417 | RNG | 2016 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | 5147 Avenue | | | | |
| | | | | | | Completed | 228, Pixley, | | | | |
| 218 | 4K Dairy | 4K Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 3,656,154.00 | \$ 1,780,588.00 | \$ 1,875,566.00 | January 2020 | Tulare County | 192,143 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | 17993 Road 96 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | and/or 17297 | | | | |
| | Aukeman | | | | | Completed | Road 96, Tulare, | | | | |
| 50 and/or 61 | Dairy | Aukeman Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,837,895.00 | \$ 1,765,457.00 | \$ 3,072,438.00 | April 2021 | Tulare County | 207,701 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | 8769 Avenue | | | | |
| | Cornerstone | | | | | Completed | 128, Tipton, | | | | |
| 313 | Dairy | Cornerstone Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 2,541,716.00 | \$ 1,266,053.00 | \$ 1,275,663.00 | April 2019 | Tulare County | 185,238 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | Decade Dairy; | , 5 | | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | 3313 Avenue | , | | | 0, . |
| | Richard | | | | | Completed | 256, Tulare, | | | | |
| 359 | | Decade Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 3,949.951.00 | \$ 1,773.587.00 | \$ 2,176,364.00 | July 2021 | Tulare County | 192,558 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | , - 5,5 15,55 2100 | , _,, | , -,-,-,-,-,-, | ,, | 6656 Avenue | | 2 | | |
| | | | | | | Completed | 328, Visalia, | | | | |
| 245 | Double I Dairy | Double J Dairy Biogas | \$ 7,477,915.00 | \$ 2,426,716.00 | \$ 5,051,199.00 | April 2021 | Tulare County | 285,496 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| 243 | Double 3 Dall y | Double 3 Dail y blogas | 7 7,477,513.00 | 2,420,710.00 | 2 3,031,133.00 | 71prii 2021 | 6801 Avenue | 203,430 | MVO | 2010 | camornia biochergy |
| | | | | | | Completed | 176, Tulare, | | | | |
| 222 | Dyketra Dairy | Duketra Dairy Biogas | ¢ E E36 603 00 | ¢ 2.260.454.00 | ¢ 2.276.220.00 | April 2021 | Tulare County | 265 026 | RNG | 2010 | California Riconormi |
| 323 | Dykstra Dairy | Dykstra Dairy Biogas | ع الكون و الكون و الكون و الكون و الكون الكون و الكون | ş 2,200,454.00 | \$ 3,276,239.00 | April 2021 | rulare County | 265,936 | NIVO | 2018 | California Bioenergy |

| | | | 1 | 1 | Т | | 1 | 10410 Avenue | | | ı | |
|-----|------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|-------|------|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | Completed | 160, Tipton, | | | | |
| 255 | El Monte Dairy | El Monte Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,037,389.00 | \$ 1,010,674.00 | خ | 3,026,715.00 | June 2021 | Tulare County | 118,903 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| 233 | Li Worte Daily | El Worte Dail y Blogas | 7 4,037,383.00 | 7 1,010,074.00 | 7 | 3,020,713.00 | June 2021 | 11595 Avenue | 110,505 | MNO | 2010 | Camornia Diochergy |
| | FM Jerseys | | | | | | Completed | 164, Tipton, | | | | |
| 185 | Dairy | FM Jerseys Dairy Digester Virtual Pipeline Project | \$ 4,028,077.00 | \$ 2,010,747.00 | خ | 2 017 220 00 | March 2021 | Tulare County | 161,960 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| 165 | Daliy | Tivi Jerseys Dairy Digester Virtual Pipeline Project | 3 4,028,077.00 | \$ 2,010,747.00 | ٠ | 2,017,330.00 | IVIAI CII 2021 | 8798 Avenue | 101,900 | IIIVO | 2018 | IVIdas LIIEI gy VVOI KS |
| | Horizon Jersey | | | | | | Completed | 160, Tipton, | | | | |
| 336 | Dairy | Harizan Jarsay Dairy Biogas | \$ 6,639,614.00 | \$ 2,850,886.00 | ے ا | 3,788,728.00 | April 2021 | Tulare County | 335,398 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| 330 | Daliy | Horizon Jersey Dairy Biogas | \$ 0,039,014.00 | \$ 2,850,886.00 | Ş | 3,766,726.00 | April 2021 | 14275 Avenue | 333,390 | KNO | 2016 | California bioenergy |
| | Jacobus De | | | | | | Completed | 228, Tulare, | | | | |
| 63 | Groot #2 Dairy | Jacobus De Groot #2 Dairy Biogas | \$ 3,147,822.00 | \$ 523,736.00 | خ | 2,624,086.00 | May 2021 | Tulare County | 61,616 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| 05 | Little Rock | Jacobus De Groot #2 Daily Biogas | \$ 3,147,622.00 | \$ 525,756.00 | Ş | 2,024,080.00 | IVIAY 2021 | 13955 Road 80, | 01,010 | KING | 2016 | California bioenergy |
| | Dairy; Blue | | | | | | Completed | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 40 | Moon Dairy | Little Rock Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 4,365,473.00 | \$ 2,096,578.00 | ے ا | 2,268,895.00 | February 2020 | County | 146 020 | RNG | 2018 | Mana Francis Marks |
| 40 | WIOOH Daily | Little Rock Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 4,365,473.00 | \$ 2,096,578.00 | Þ | 2,268,895.00 | rebruary 2020 | 9420 Avenue | 146,839 | KING | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | Campleted | 320, Visalia, | | | | |
| 477 | Mallama Daimi | Mallana Daim Piana | 6 4 624 742 00 | ¢ 4 202 405 00 | ۾ ا | 2 242 220 00 | Completed | | 452.057 | RNG | 2040 | C-life mais Discourse |
| 177 | iviellerna Dairy | Mellema Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,634,713.00 | \$ 1,292,485.00 | > | 3,342,228.00 | May 2021 | Tulare County | 152,057 | KING | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | Duningt | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Project | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Cancelled at | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | the request of | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | the recipient | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | (\$198,050.77 | 24000 5 100 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | disbursed and | 34800 Road 80, | | | | |
| | Milky Way | | | | | | returned to | Visalia, Tulare | | | | |
| 67 | Dairy | Milky Way Dairy Biogas | | | | | CDFA | County | | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | l | 33803 Road 108, | | | | |
| | Mineral King | | | | ١. | | Completed | Visalia, Tulare | | 5416 | | |
| 364 | Dairy | Mineral King Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,734,379.00 | \$ 1,655,384.00 | Ş | 3,078,995.00 | May 2021 | County | 194,751 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | 32866 Road 108, | | | | |
| | Rancho Sierra | | | | ١. | | Completed | Visalia, Tulare | | | | |
| 36 | Vista Dairy | Rancho Sierra Vista Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,515,689.00 | \$ 1,470,143.00 | \$ | 3,045,546.00 | May 2021 | County | 172,958 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | l | 20799 Road 132, | | | | |
| | Riverbend | | l . | | ١. | | Completed | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 189 | Dairy | Riverbend Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,755,042.00 | \$ 2,090,404.00 | \$ | 2,664,638.00 | May 2021 | County | 245,930 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | Completed | 9599 Avenue 88, | | | | |
| | Riverview | | | | ١. | | November | Pixley, Tulare | | | | |
| 328 | Dairy | Riverview Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 2,718,420.00 | \$ 1,332,070.00 | \$ | 1,386,350.00 | 2019 | County | 90,093 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | 1 | | | | l | 32843 Road 76, | | | | |
| | Rob Van | | 1, | | ١. | | Completed | Visalia, Tulare | | | | |
| 261 | Grouw Dairy | Rob Van Grouw Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,559,769.00 | \$ 1,193,757.00 | \$ | 3,366,012.00 | April 2021 | County | 140,442 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | 16800 Road 96, | | | | |
| | Scheenstra | | | | Ι. | | Completed | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 300 | Dairy | Scheenstra Dairy Biogas | \$ 5,266,771.00 | \$ 1,873,064.00 | \$ | 3,393,707.00 | June 2021 | County | 220,360 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | 13510 Road 72, | | | | |
| | Sousa & Sousa | | 1. | l . | | | Completed | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 236 | Dairy | Sousa & Sousa Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 2,666,799.00 | \$ 886,934.00 | \$ | 1,779,865.00 | July 2019 | County | 68,700 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | | 28723 Road 56, | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Completed | Visalia, Tulare | | | | |
| 19 | Udder Dairy | Udder Dairy Biogas | \$ 3,279,615.00 | \$ 1,153,459.00 | \$ | 2,126,156.00 | May 2021 | County | 135,706 | RNG | 2018 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | 1 | | | | | 19493 Road 140, | | | | |
| | Vander Poel | | | | | | Completed | Pixley, Tulare | | | | |
| 330 | Dairy | Vander Poel Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 4,194,558.00 | \$ 1,972,485.00 | \$ | 2,222,073.00 | August 2019 | County | 290,060 | RNG | 2018 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | ı | 1 | | F t d | 1 1 | | | 1 | |
|----------------|------------------|--|---|------------------|----------|------------|----------------|-------------------|----------|-------|------|----------------------|
| | | | | | | | Expected | 0054.4 | | | | |
| | Art | | | | | | Completion | 8651 Avenue | | | | |
| | Leyendekker | | | | ١. | | Date: | 388, Dinuba, | | | | |
| 76 | Dairy | Art Leyendekker Dairy Biogas | \$ 3,685,068.00 | \$ 769,784.00 | \$ 2,9 | 915,284.00 | 3/31/2023 | Tulare County | 77,697 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | Expected | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Completion | 18337 Road 24, | | | | |
| | Curtimade | | | | | | Date: | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 56 | Dairy | Curtimade Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,773,194.00 | \$ 1,747,336.00 | \$ 3,0 | 025,858.00 | 3/31/2024 | County | 174,734 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | Expected | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Completion | 15920 Road 152, | | | | |
| | Dairyland | | | | | | Date: | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 352 | Farms Dairy | Dairyland Farms Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,900,813.00 | \$ 1,760,347.00 | \$ 3,1 | 140,466.00 | 3/31/2023 | County | 177,475 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | Expected | 14799 and 14976 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Completion | Avenue 168, | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Date: | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 60 | De Boer Dairy | De Boer Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 3,650,523.00 | \$ 1.825.261.00 | \$ 1.8 | 325.262.00 | 12/31/2023 | County | 191,647 | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| | , | , 5 , 1 2,22 | 1 | , , , , , | <u> </u> | | | 18035 Road 96, | ,- | | | 5, |
| | | | | | | | Completed | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 50 | Elk Creek Dairy | Elk Creek Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,109,208.00 | \$ 512 706 00 | \$ 35 | 596.502 nn | • | County | 59,555 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | y | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 7 312,700.00 | Ç 3,3 | 2 0,002.00 | Expected | 223, | 55,555 | • | 2313 | Samorma Biochergy |
| | | | | | | | Completion | 10400 Avenue | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Date: | 368, Visalia, | | | | |
| 324 | Elkhorn Dainy | Elkhorn Dairy Biogas | \$ 6,645,917.00 | \$ 2,125,882.00 | \$ 4,5 | 520,035.00 | 3/31/2024 | Tulare County | 211,940 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| 324 | LIKITOTTI Dali y | Likilotti Dali y Biogas | \$ 0,043,917.00 | \$ 2,123,882.00 | 7 4,3 | 320,033.00 | Expected | Tulate County | 211,940 | KNO | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | Completion | 17001 Avenue | | | | |
| | Fern Oaks | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 227 | | | 4 2 277 700 00 | 4 4 500 004 00 | | | Date: | 160, Porterville, | 460.070 | DNG | 2040 | |
| 337 | Dairy | Fern Oaks Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 3,377,788.00 | \$ 1,688,894.00 | \$ 1,6 | 88,894.00 | 12/31/2023 | Tulare County | 169,370 | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | Expected | 5502 A | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Completion | 5593 Avenue | | | | |
| | Friesian Farms | L | | | | | Date: | 176, Tulare, | | 5416 | | |
| 101 | Dairy | Friesian Farms Dairy Biogas | \$ 3,814,785.00 | \$ 639,602.00 | \$ 3,1 | 175,183.00 | 3/31/2023 | Tulare County | 63,145 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | Gerben | | | | | | | 8676 Avenue | | | | |
| | Leyendekker | | | | ١. | | Completed | 360, Visalia, | | | | |
| 11 | Dairy | Gerben Leyendekker Dairy Biogas | \$ 3,748,357.00 | \$ 845,589.00 | \$ 2,9 | 902,768.00 | May 2022 | Tulare County | 85,419 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Project | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Cancelled at | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | the request of | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | the recipient | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | (\$19,781.94 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | disbursed and | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | returned to | | | | | |
| | GP Dairy | GP Dairy Biogas | | | | | CDFA | Tulare County | | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | 13400 Avenue | | | | |
| | Hettinga Dairy | | | | | | Completed | 120, Pixley, | | | | |
| 121 and/or 122 | Farm | Hettinga Centralized Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 4,705,818.00 | \$ 2,352,909.00 | \$ 2,3 | 352,909.00 | October 2021 | Tulare County | 167,339 | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | | 12718 Road 144, | | | | |
| | Northstar | | | | | | Completed | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 299 | Dairy | Northstar Diary Digester Pipeline Project | \$ 3,152,876.00 | \$ 1,576,438.00 | \$ 1,5 | 76,438.00 | August 2021 | County | 170,658 | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | , 5 , 1 ,,11 | , | , ,, ,, ,, | | , | | 18287 Road 136, | , | | | 0, |
| | Rib-Arrow | | | | | | Completed | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 213 | Dairy | Rib-Arrow Dairy Biogas | \$ 4,175,150.00 | \$ 657,231.00 | \$ 3.5 | 517.919.00 | January 2022 | County | 76,343 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | 23, | | ,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | , 117,202.00 | - 5,5 | . ,5.00 | Completed | 17983 Road 128, | . 2,5 .5 | | | 5.5 |
| | | | | | | | November | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 215 | Ribeiro Dairy | Ribeiro Dairy Biogas | \$ 2,738,844.00 | \$ 1 12/1 962 00 | \$ 16 | 513 882 00 | 2021 | County | 132,348 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| 213 | | Institution Daily Diogas | 7 2,730,044.00 | Y 1,124,302.00 | 1,0 | 213,002.00 | 2021 | County | 132,340 | 11.10 | 2013 | Camornia bioenergy |

| | | 1 | 1 | | | | | Expected | | | 1 | I | |
|-------------|-----------------|--|----------|---------------|---|------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|-------|------|----------------------|
| | | | | | | | | Completion | 5041 Avenue | | | | |
| | Rio Blanco | | | | | | | Date: | 192, Tulare, | | | | |
| 289 | Dairy | Rio Blanco Dairy Biogas | 5 | 2 550 915 00 | \$ 1,002,797.00 | \$ | 2,556,018.00 | 3/31/2023 | Tulare County | 100,886 | RNG | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| 209 | Daliy | RIO BIAIICO DAII y Biogas | ٦ | 3,336,613.00 | \$ 1,002,797.00 | Ş | 2,556,018.00 | 3/31/2023 | 13602 Road 96, | 100,886 | NNO | 2019 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | Completed | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 342 | Schott Dairy | Schott Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | Ś | 2 889 184 00 | \$ 1,444,592.00 | خ | 1,444,592.00 | • | County | 129,082 | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| 342 | Scriott Bully | Schott Daily Digester ripeline Project | 7 | 2,003,104.00 | \$ 1,444,332.00 | 7 | 1,444,332.00 | October 2021 | 13185 Avenue | 123,002 | IIIIO | 2013 | Widds Ellergy Works |
| | Mario Simoes | | | | | | | | 136, Tipton, and | | | | |
| | Family Dairy; | | | | | | | | 13585 Road 136, | | | | |
| 97, 231, 23 | | | | | | | | Completed | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 233, and/or | | Simoes Centralized Digester Pipeline Project | Ś | 4.072.920.00 | \$ 2,036,460.00 | Ś | 2.036.460.00 | August 2022 | County | 161,275 | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | - Section Appendix Ap | <u> </u> | .,,. | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | Ť | _,, | | ., | 202,210 | - | | |
| | | | | | | | | No longer | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | listed on CDFA | 24643 Road 36, | | | | |
| 151 | Clearlake Dairy | Clearlake Dairy Digester Pipeline Project | | | | | | Digester List | Tulare County | | RNG | 2019 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | | | 13202a Road | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Completed | 104, Tipton, | | | | |
| 219 | JR Dairy | JR Dairy Digester Project | \$ | 3,173,859.00 | \$ 1,300,000.00 | \$ | 1,873,859.00 | April 2022 | Tulare County | 191,049 | RNG | 2020 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | | Expected | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Completion | 14685 Road 96, | | | | |
| | LegenDairy | | | | | | | Date: | Tipton, Tulare | | | | |
| 165 | Farms | LegenDairy Digester Project | \$ | 5,140,407.00 | \$ 1,200,000.00 | \$ | 3,940,407.00 | 12/31/2024 | County | 113,934 | RNG | 2022 | Maas Energy Works |
| | | | | | | | | Expected | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Completion | 18797 Road 142, | | | | |
| | Lerda-Goni | | | | | | | Date: | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 110 | Farms | Lerda-Goni Farms Biogas | \$ | 4,491,383.00 | \$ 502,448.00 | \$ | 3,988,935.00 | 12/31/2024 | County | 45,677 | RNG | 2022 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | Expected | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Completion | 9535 Avenue | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Date: | 160, Tipton, | | | | |
| 270B | P&M Dairy | P&M Dairy and VP Farms Biogas | \$ | 6,173,088.00 | \$ 1,546,564.00 | \$ | 4,626,524.00 | 12/31/2024 | Tulare County | 154,656 | RNG | 2022 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | | | | | | Expected | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Completion | 17324 Road 136, | | | | |
| | Top O' the | | Ι. | | | | | Date: | Tulare, Tulare | | | | |
| 295 | Morn Farms | Top O' The Morn Farms Biogas | \$ | | | _ | 3,923,771.00 | 12/31/2024 | County | 132,103 | RNG | 2022 | California Bioenergy |
| | | | \$ 23 | 32,365,046.00 | \$ 78,077,715.00 | \$ 1 | 154,287,331.00 | | | 8,482,606 | | | |

***RNG: Renewable Natural Gas

ATTACHMENT NO. 2

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

| _ | pt pursuant to Government Code | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| To: | Office of Planning and Rese 1400 Tenth Street, Room 12 Sacramento, CA 95814 | | | | | | | | |
| | Tulare County Clerk Room 105, Courthouse 221 South Mooney Bouleva Visalia, CA 93291 | rd | | | | | | | |
| Lead Ager | Tulare County Resource Ma 5961 South Mooney Blvd. Visalia, CA 93277 Attn: hguerra@tularecounty | | | Dated filed at Tulare County Clerk's Office | | | | | |
| Applicant | 5961 South Mooney Blvd. | nagement Ager 59) 624-7000 | ncy | | | | | | |
| Project L Project L | itle: 2022 Annual Report of total Grocation - Specific: The project word ocation - Section, Township, Range ocation - City: N/A | ld apply to the | | a of Tulare County that is zoned Agricultural. | | | | | |
| | on of Nature, Purpose, and Benefic al Report of total GHG emissions f | | | | | | | | |
| | tatus: (check one) finisterial (Sec. 21080(b)(1); 15268 eclared Emergency (Sec. 21080(b)(4) mergency Project (Sec. 21080(b)(4) common Sense Exemption: CEQA Categorical Exemption: CEQA Guide tatutory Exemptions: | 3); 15269(a)); ; 15269(b)(c)); ruidelines Secti | ion 15061 (b)(3) | | | | | | |
| This action the commenvironme effect on because proprepare a | on sense exemption that CEQA appent. Where it can be seen with cert the environment, the activity is no reparing the report will not make an | olies only to present there is subject to CI y physical character or not the Co | ojects which have the is no possibility the EQA." The use of Singe to the environmounty of Tulare is in | exempt from CEQA if "The activity is covered by he potential for causing a significant effect on the last the activity in question may have a significant Section 15061(b)(3) is applicable and appropriate lent since it only involves gathering information to a compliance with the 2017 Animal Confinement lan ("2017 Dairy CAP"). | | | | | |
| resource e Section 1: because it | valuation activities which do not a 306 is applicable and appropriate | esult in a seri- pecause prepar on to prepare a | ous or major disturbing the report will n | bance to an environmental resource. The use of not make any physical change to the environment cerning whether or not the County of Tulare is in | | | | | |
| Name of l | Public Agency Approving Project: | County of Tu | lare, Board of Superv | visors | | | | | |
| Signature: | Hector Guerra | Date: | Title: | : Chief Environmental Planner | | | | | |
| Signature: | Reed Schenke, P.E. | Date: | Title: | : Environmental Assessment Officer RMA Director | | | | | |
| | by Lead Agency | Date submit | tted to the OPR/SCH | I: | | | | | |